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FILE NO. 1-15200

SECTION NO. _/33

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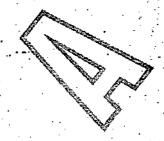
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1	LEGAL COUNSEL
	FROM: ADIC, LOS ANGELES (7-1627)
	SUBJECT: HEARNAP OO: SF
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3.20	Re: LOS ANGELES TRIAL OF WILLIAM AND EMILY HABRIS
	WILLIAM AND EMILY MARKIS
	Enclosed for each receiving Office is one copy of
	a Notice of Motion) which is self-explanatory, relating to
	captioned trial.
/ S.	The information Bureau and all receiving Offices
	SAMUEL MAYERSON, Assistant Director of Central Operations,
	Los Angeles County District Attorney's Office, has argued
	this motion before Los Angeles County Superior Court Judge
	MARK BRANDLER. Judge BRANDLER is considering the arguments of
	both the prosecution and defense, but as yet has not reached a decision. If he decides to hear testimony regarding this
5.4	motion, numerous Agents throughout the country may be subpoenaed.
	AUSA WILLIAM J. RATHJE, Los Angeles, is aware of the
	motion and will be in contact with the Department.
200	Bureau and all receiving Offices will be kept advised
	of Judge BRANDLER's decision.
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LEONARD I. WEINGLASS Attorney at Law 2025 Avon Street Los Angeles, California 90026 Telephone: (213) 748-6100

Attorney for Defendant, EMILY MONTAGUE HARRIS



SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA,

Plaintiff,

14) PATRICIA CAMPBELL HEARST, EHILY MONTAGUE HARRIS, and . WILLIAM TAYLOR & HARRIS

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27 28 Defendants.

No. A-221099 MOTION OF HORIOM AND MOTION FOR DISMISSAL, DISCOMMEN AND AN EVE-DENTIFRY HERRING ON GROUNDS OF GOVERNIFUTAL MISCOMPUCE: POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF MOTION; AFFIDAVIOS: EXHIBITS; DICLAPATIONS.

TO: THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, AND TO JOHN YAN DE KAMP, DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF LOS AMGELES COUNTY, JALIES W. BROWNING, JR., UNITED STATES ATTORNEY FOR THE MORTHES DESTRICT OF CALTRORMIA, AND CLARENCE KELLEY, THE DIRECTOR OF THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that EXILY MONTAGUE HARRIS, defendant in the above-entitled case, by and through her attorney, LEONARD I. WEINGLASS, will move the above-entitled Court in Department 134 on the 17thday of February , 1976, at 9:00 a.m. or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard,

For an Order dismissing the indictment because of gross misconduct by the Federal Bureau of Investigation and various state and local police agencies which assisted the F.B.I. in its search for Emily Hontague Harris and her co-defendants;
7-15200 _ 7598/////

For an evidentiary hearing to determine governmental responsibility for certain acts of misconduct and for dismissal if the government is found to have been responsible for said misconduct;

. For a discovery order requiring full and complete disclosure of illegal governmental actions perpetrated during the investigation of, search for, and prosecution of Emily Montague Harris and her co-defendants. Such actions would include warrantless entries, burglaries, wiretaps, the ts of papers or other effects, mail surveillance, and other unlawful activities conducted against the defendants or anyone else in the course of the government's investigation and preparation of the instant case.

The events surrounding the search for Emily Harris and her co-defendants William Harris and Patricia Hearst present a textbook case of governmental misconduct. The F.B.I.'s initial failure to apprehend the fugitives caused extreme embarassment to the government. The government's response was to intensify the search through the wholesale adoption of blatantly illegal tactics resulting in a manhunt which can only be characterized as a traesty on justice. Every force at the government's disposal was brought to bear against the defendants without the slightest regard for constitutional limits on the exercise of police power. Almost every rule intended to protect the sanctity of homes, personal effects and private communications has been flagrantly and arrogantly violated by state, federal and local government in the course of the hunt for Emily Harris and her co-defendants. The government acts were not confined to mere acts of hazassment or to a few isolated instances intolving illegal searches. The facts show a continuous, deliberate and systematic pattern of illegal government activities which were directed against the defendants

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and against those suspected of possessing information as to their whereabouts. The acts of misconduct ranged from simple harassment

a) illegal wiretapping;

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- illegal mail tampering; 🐇 b)
- unauthorized entry into private homes; C)
- đ) rifling of airline luggage;
- purposeful dissemination of false information to the e) news media:
 - death threats by government agents; f)
 - abandonment of traditional methods of arrest. g)

Each of the preceding allegations is supported by affidavits or sworn statements which are appended to the instant motion. Additional instances of misconduct are also alleged. In cases where affidavits or other supportive evidence is not readily obtainable, the defendant moves for an evidentiary hearing and/or a discovery order for the purposes of determining the validity of the additional allegations.

The many months of illegal government activity which preceded the defendant's capture was not without its victims. Six alleged members of the Symbionese Liberation Army were killed in a police action of unprecedented violence and intensity. Callous disregard for the lives of the innocent was demonstrated by the initiation of police gunfire only eight minutes after the first warning was given. The subsequent police attack was ordered with full knowledge that a female occupant of the house, Christine Johnson, was trapped inside along with the suspected fugitives. While this action might conceivably be justified in retrospect; what can be said to justify the F.B.I.'s violent entry into the 32 Alexandria, Virginia apartment of Elizabeth Norton on Narch 15,

1975? A young woman with absolutely no connection to the defendants was terrorized by shotgun-toting F.B.I. agents who broke down her door in their quest for the defendants in the instant case. Elizabeth Norton suffered severe mental distress as a result and remains under medical treatment. How can the repeated questioning of 67-year-old Louise Scott be justified? Mrs. Scott suffers from extreme hypertension and made this fact known to the P.B.I. In spite of this knowledge and despite her pleas to be left alone, the F.B.I. returned approximately nineteen times to question her about the defendants under circumstances which were Two incidents in Los Angeles. highly dangerous to her health. highlight equally outrageous government conduct. At 5:00 a.m. on May 24, 1974, Joan Schoenberger and Gerri Jones were talephoned by the Los Angeles police and told to exit their house with their hands up. They dressed quickly and walked out to face over 50 policemen armed with shotguns and tear gas rifles. This predawn raid was apparently triggered by an anonymous tip that Patricia Hearst and Emily Harris were living inside. Two months later, on July 24, Eduardo Cuenca and his wife were routed from their Los Angeles home to face nearly a hundred policemen. They were questioned for one hour by Los Angeles Police Department and F.B.I. agents while their apartment was searched. This spectacle was based on a tip that Patricia Hearst was visiting inside the building. The list of known instances of misconduct is lengthy and impressive, but it is not complete.

appears that casual sighting reports resulted in immediate and often illegal government response. The defendant is cognizant of the fact that approximately 750 reported "sightings" occurred in the Los Angeles area alone. The strong possibility of further and as yet unknown acts of governmental misconduct is raised by these

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instances of reported sightings. The defendant moves for a hearing and/or discovery order for the purposes of determining whether additional acts of misconduct occurred in connection with any one of these 750 reported "sightings," or in connection with any other tip, information or report related to the defendants in the instant case.

We call the attention of the Court to some of the highlights of government actions which form the basis for this motion:

ELIZABETH NORTON.

Elizabeth Norton was apparently suspected of harboring Patricia Hearst. Her apartment was entered by force at night by F.B.I. agents who refused her requests to shove identification under her door. Ms. Norton was never shown a search warrant or identification. These agents, wearing plain clothes and carrying shotguns, caused severe mental distress to Ms. Norton, resulting in a brief period of hospitalization and continuing medical treatment. This information is presented to the Court on information and belief of the defendant's attorney. A copy of a civil complaint filed by Ms. Norton is attached as an exhibit. A hearing is requested at which a representative of the F.B.I. can be questioned as to the details of this incident.

MICKI SCOTT.

Micki Scott was apparently suspected of harboring the Harrises and Patricia Hearst. She was subjected to repeated F.B.I. harassment, had her airline luggage rifled, and has information which strongly suggests that her phone calls were monitored by the F.B.I. On July 30, 1975, Micki Scott telephoned a record store to inquire about obtaining tickets for an upcoming musical performance During this phone conversation she told the clerk that she would

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arrive in fifteen minutes to purchase the tickets. Upon their arrival at the store, Jack and Micki Scott were met by P.B.I. agents who served them with subpoenas. This information is presented in the form of a sworn affidavit.

JACK SCOTT.

Jack Scott was also suspected of harboring the defendants in the instant case. He was subjected to continuous F.E.I. harassment which included telephone taps. In one instance he was approached by an agent who displayed a previously concealed pistol in a manner which Mr. Scott interpreted as constituting a threat. Mr. Scott's allegations with respect to phone taps are supported by impressive evidence showing the F.B.I. to have acted on the basis of information which could have been known only through monitoring his phone calls. This information is presented in state—ment form.

CASS JACKSON.

Mr. Jackson was a football coach at Oberlin College in Ohio, where Jack Scott was employed as an athletic director from 1972 to 1974. On March 10, 1975, he was approached by F.B.I. agents who questioned him for three hours. They implied that if he ever let Jack Scott into his home he might be killed. He was also threatened with prosecution as an "accomplice in the Hearst case" if he showed any further friendship toward Jack Scott or his wife Micki. This information is contained in a sworn affidavit.

5. LINDA HUEY.

Ms. Huey was visited at home and questioned at length concerning the Scotts, the Harrises, and Patricia Hearst. A strong presumption of illegal tapping of Ms. Huey's telephone is

raised by the fact that each time she telephoned a friend, an 7.3.1. visit to that friend would follow shortly thereafter. This information is presented in the form of a sworn affidavita

WALTER SCOTT.

Walter Scott is the brother of Jack Scott and States taht he has, on occasion, been a paid F.B.I. informer. He told his brother Jack that he [Walter] was offered \$25,000 to \$50,000 by the F.B.I. to entrap Jack and Micki Scott and/or their friand Bill Walton on drug charges. Walter Scott also told his Brother Jack that the F.B.I. offered him a substantial payment if he would entrap attorney William Kunstler in a similar manner. Walter Scott said that the F.B.I. offered him a new identity and a substantial amount of money if he would publicly denounce his father's remarks about F.B.T. pressure and harassment. This information is contained in an affidavit signed by Jack Scott.

JOHN SCOTT.

John Scott is the father of Jack and Walter Scott and the husband of Louise Scott. He was questioned at length by the F.B.I. about his son Jack, the Harrises, and Patricia Hearst. John Scott was offered full immunity and \$100,000 to \$200,000 for "cooperation." On Pebruary 25, 1975, John Scott received a visit at home from F.B.I. agents McKinley and Sullivan of the Iss Vegas office. These agents escorted John Scott to their car and then radiocd other agents who drove up and entered Mr. Scott's apartment without permission. In addition to having his house unlawfully entered, Mr. Scott was threatened with 10 years imprisonment if he refused to answer F.B.I. questions. When Scott managed to get back into his home he found his seriously ill wife "cornered" by two F.B.I. agents. Scott told agents to leave and that he had nothing to say to them. F.B.I. agents visited approximately 17

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i more times. John Scott details information which strongly suggests This information that his phone calls were monitored by the F.B.I. is in the form of a sworn affidavit.

LOUISE SCOTT.

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Louise Scott is the wife of John Scott. She Suffers from extreme hypertension -- a fact made known to the F.B.I., who acknowledged the information. While her husband John was away in San Francisco responding to a grand jury subpoena, she was assured by the F.B.I. that she would not be bothered. Instead F.B.I. agents subjected her to constant harassment and intimidation which included an illegal search of her living quarters. She ordered the agents not to return without a warrant. This request was ignored by the F.B.I. who continued to question her during later visits. This information is presented in the form of a sworn affidavit.

PHILIP SHINNICK.

Mr. Shinnick was visited by F.B.I. agents who alleged 20 that Jack and Micki Scott were involved in harboring Patricia Hearst and the Harrises. Shinnick refused to answer questions and was threatened with a grand jury subpoena if he continued to refuse. Mr. Shinnick has information that the F.B.I. disseminated false information alleging that his [Shimmick's] fingerprints were found at a Pennsylvania farmhouse where the Harrises and Patricia Hearst were believed to have stayed. F.B.I. agents made repeated visits to the campus where Shinnick was employed. Shortly thereafter Shinnick's job was terminated with gross irregularities in procedure. Shinnick has information which indicates that his mail was tampered with. This information is presented in the form of a sworn affidavit.

BILL WALTON.

Mr. Walton is a professional athlete and a personal friend of Jack and Micki Scott. Bill Walton was remeatedly guestioned by the F.B.I. concerning the whereabouts of the Harrises and Patricia Hearst. Evidence is presented in Mr. Walton's affidavit which suggests in the strongest terms that the F.B.I. illegally monitored his telephone conversations. In numerous instances Mr. Walton would call a friend and learn later than an P.B.I. visit to the recipient of the call was made within twenty-four hours. This and other information is presented in the form of a sworn affidavit.

11. HILDA WEINER.

Mrs. Weiner is the mother of Jay Weiner, a man who the F.B.I. apparently suspected of harboring or aiding the defendants On March 3, 1975, Mrs. Weiner was visited in the instant case. by two F.B.I. agents who told her that her son was deeply involved in "harboring, transporting or financing" Patricia Hearst, the Harrises, and possibly Wendy Yoshimura. Mrs. Weiner was also told falsely by the F.B.I. that Jack Scott was involved in bombings in California. She was told that the Scotts were "dangerous and that her son should stay/from them. This information is presented in the form of a sworn affidavit.

12. JAY WEINER.

Jay Weiner is a sports journalist and a friend of Jack and Micki Scott. Mr. Weiner was questioned repeatedly by F.B.I. agents who told him, among other things, that Jack Scott was "involved in bombings" and that it would be to his [Keiner's] "advantage" to end his personal association with the Scotts and Philip Shinnick. Agents also told him that Jack Scott's parents were involved in harboring the Harrises and Patricia Hearst.

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March 11, 1975, Jay Weiner was driving to Philadelphia on route 10. En route he was cut off by a car containing F.B.I. agents who served him with a grand jury subpoena. If . Weiner was directed to discontinue his journey and to proceed to the Security fice of Oberlin College. Inside this office F.B.I. agents threatened him with their guns and refused his repeated requests to see an attorney. Mr. Weiner was extremely frightened and finally answered the questions presented to him during this patently illegal interrogation. This and additional information is presented in the form of a sworn affidavit.

SAMUEL WEINER.

Samuel Weiner is Jay Weiner's father. Mr. Weiner was approached by F.B.I. agents on a number of occasions and told that his son was "deeply involved" in "harboring, transporting or financing" the defendants in the instant case. Mr. Meiner on one occasion refused to answer the agents' questions and asked them to leave. Before leaving. F.B.I. Agent Rack told Mr. Weiner "we have other ways of getting it out of you." This and other information is presented in a sworn affidavit.

JOAN SCHOENBERGER and GERRI JONES.

These two young women were routed from their Los Angeles home at 5:00 a.m. on May 24, 1974, by members of the Los Angeles Police Department who suspected them of being Patricia Hearst and Emily Harris. They exited with their hands up and walked out to face 60 armed police agents. The terror felt by these two women is more easily appreciated when one remembers that only a week earlier a raid on a suspected SLA hideout left six people dead. This information is presented to the Court on the information and belief of the defendant's attorneys. A hearing is requested at which representatives of the appropriate police agencies can be

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questioned as to the details of this incident,

15. EDUARDO AND KAREN CUENCA.

Mr. and Mrs. Cuenca were the victims of still another ill advised police raid on a suspected SLA hideout. On July 24, 1974, their North Hollywood apartment building was surrounded by over a hundred policemen. As Mr. and Mrs. Cuenca exited, they were grabbed by plainclothes police and F.B.I. agents who questioned them for an hour. A tactical squad entered and searched their apartment while they were being held by the agents. This information is presented to the Court on the information and belief of the defendant's attorney. A hearing is requested at which representatives of the F.B.I. and other agencies involved in this action can be questioned as to more precise details.

16. WILLIAM HARRIS.

On September 18, 1975, while being transported to an airplane boarding area at the San Francisco International Airport, William Harris's life was threatened by Sergeant Ray Callahan of the Los Angeles Police Department. This information is presented in the form of a sworn declaration.

17. EMILY HARRIS.

During the period prior to her capture, Emily Harris had occasion to write a letter to her parents containing information of a highly personal nature. Ms. Harris's parents gave the letter to the F.B.I. with the reasonable assumption that it would be handled in a confidential manner. Instead, the F.B.I. "leaked" the contents of this letter to the news media in an attempt to foster public prejudice against Ms. Harris. The F.B.I. has succeeded in this attempt. Additional information is presented which details instances of mail theft and/or tampering during her imprisonment

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in Los Angeles. Four letters mailed by Arizona Journalist John Long never were delivered to the Harrises. These letters, properly addressed and with proper postage affixed, were never returned to the sender. On another occasion, a letter placed in the custody of Los Angeles County sheriffs' deputies by Emily Harris was either stolen or confiscated. Jail regulations require that all outgoing mail he turned over to jail personnel unsealed. On one particular occasion, on or about December 1, 1975, Emily Harris enclosed a typewritten letter to William Harris's mother in an unsealed envelope in which Mr. Harris was also sending a letter. letter written by Ms. Harris was removed and never returned or replaced. William Harris's mother received only her son's letter. This and other information is presented in the form of a sworm declaration.

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John Long is an editorial writer for the Arizona Daily Star. Mr. Long, several years ago, had traveled in Europe with the Harrises. In mid-May, 1974, he was visited at his Tucson home by P.B.I. agents Echman and Christiansen. During the course of their questioning, F.B.I. agents informed Mr. Long that "their [the Harrises'] comrades had died in L.A. a few days earlier because they wouldn't give up," and "the same ending may be true at [his] house if they came and he didn't cooperate." Mr. Long's wife was expecting a child in two weeks and was present when the agents made the foregoing remarks. This information is presented in the form of a sworn affidavit.

MARK ROSENBAUM. 19.

Mr. Rosenbaum is an attorney for the American Civil 31 Liberties Union and has filed a civil suit on behalf of the Harrise The complaint in this suit details the malicious "leaking" of

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highly prejudicial information, leads and false cossip to members of the press and other media by local, state, and federal law enforcement agencies. A copy of the civil complaint is attached exhibit.

20. DOUGLAS R. BAILEY.

On May 28, 1974, Douglas R. Bailey was arrested in San Prancisco and charged with violating Penal Code Sections 4571 and 4570.5. Mr. Bailey was handcuffed and taken to the San Francisco Hall of Justice for questioning. Without an attorney present, despite his repeated requests for an attorney, Ir. Bailey was Without an attorney present, and questioned for nearly an hour concerning the whereabouts of SLA fugitives. During this interrogation he was told that his parole would be violated and that he would be imprisoned as retaliation for his refusal to cooperate. When Mr. Bailey would not respond to his interrogators' questions he was slammed repeatedly against a wall. This beating continued until one of his interrogators signaled the end by holding an empty gun to Mr. Bailey and pulling the trigger. Mr. Bailey was then subjected to highly irregular procedure and flown to a county jail in the Morthern California town of Visalia. Here he was placed in a twelve-man tank with prisoners who had been informed ahead of time of police and F.B.I. suspicions concerning Bailey's SLA affiliations. These prisoners threatened mass sexual assault on Bailey. Bailey managed to avoid a violent conflict and was later told by his fellow inmates that guards had informed them prior to his arrival that the SLA was connected to the "Zebra" killings of white people in San Francisco. The next morning Bailey was put on another plane and flown south to San Luis Obispo where the original complaint had been filled, 3 Charges were eventually dropped and Dailey was released from jail on September 13, 1974. His ordeal lasted approximately four months. This information is presented in the form of a sworn

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21. THE MAYFIELD FAMILY.

The Mayfields' first contact with the F.B on March 7, 1974. The purpose of this initial and all subsequent contacts was to elicit information from the Mayfields concerning the background and possible whereabouts of SLA fugitives. On Apeil 1, 1974, while the Mayfields were out of town, their house was set afire. The Oakland Police Department intelligence unit suggested to them that arson was involved. On April 17, 1974, the Mayfields' insurance agent rented two adjoining suites for them at the Jack Bondon Inn in Oakland? Shortly after their arrival at the Inn, the maid service which had been provided by the general crew_of Black maids was replaced by two white women who serviced only the Mayfields' rooms and a room directly across the hall. The room across the hall was occupied by two men whom the maids referred to as friends of the manager. Later, in October, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 2518 (8) (d), the Mayfields received an inventory signed by Federal Judge Alfonso Zupoli. This document indicated that "electronic interception of oral communications" had been ordered and that conversations taking place in rooms 436 and 438 (their two suites) of the Jack London Inn had been monitored during a period from April 20, 1974 to May: 14, 1974 (see photocopy of document appended to Mayfield declaration, filed herewith).

On May 14, 1974, at 7:45 a.m., F.B.I. Agents Patton and Echols appeared at the Mayfields' door. The agents were asked to leave but refused. After it became clear to the agents that the Mayfields would not cooperate, a small suitcase was opened to reveal bundles of currency. Agent Patton told James Mayfield that the suitcases contained \$100,000 and that more money was available

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to secure their cooperation. The Mayfields again refused to ensuer questions. At this point one agent asked James Mayfield how he would feel if something were to happen to his wife and children "tomorrow morning." Outraged at this threat, Mr. Mayfield ordered the agents out and they left.

A constant pattern of harassment including photo surveillance is outlined in the declarations of James, Norma and 9] Kim Mayfield. In one particularly offensive incident, F.B.I. 10 agents attempted unsuccessfully to intimidate the Mayfield children into allowing them to enter the family home at 1102 San Pablo in Albany, California. This and additional information is presented in the form of sworn declarations.

This motion will rely on the attached Memorandum of Points and Authorities and the affidavits, declarations and exhibits served and filed herewith. Ample factual basis for this 13 motion has been shown and the Court should order accordingly.

DATED: . February 9 , 1976.

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WEING: Attorney for Defendant **EMILY MONTAGUE HARRIS**

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

THE DEFENDANT IS ENTITLED
TO A DISHISSAL OF THE
INDICTMENT.

It goes without saying that laws without sanctions are worth little more than the paper upon which they are written. Nost laws address the conduct of Ordinary citizens. Each day the courts of this state try hundreds of cases in which individual defendants stand accused of violating these laws. It is easy, in light of the foregoing facts, to overlook a body of law directed towards those who are charged with law enforcement. Regulation of police power is a fundamental concept in the American legal system. Our Federal Constitution and a number of its subsequent amendments are addressed specifically towards limiting the exercise of police power. There is no question that these constitutional limitations sometimes hamper the efficiency of law enforcement. A police force given free reign to burglarize, threaten, and eavesdrop would certainly capture more suspected violators than a simi-Tar force operating within the boundaries of the Constitution. It is, however, a basic tenet of our legal system that efficiency is at all times subordinate to the protection of individual rights. The responsibility for protecting these rights rests with the judiciary. In 1955, in People v. Cahan, 44 C. 2d 434, the exclusionary rule was chosen as a judicially declared rule of evidence in California. In discussing the necessity for what was, at that time, a rather drastic change in state law, the Cahan Court stated (at 445-447):

> *Today one of the foremost public concerns is the police state, and recent history has demonstrated all

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from lawless although efficient enforcement of the law to the stamping out of human rights.

[10] ther remedies have completely failed to secure compliance with the constitutional provisions on the part of police officers with the attendant result that the courts under the old rule have been constantly required to participate in, and in effect condone, the lawless activities of law enforcement officers.

Courts which regularly concern themselves with imposing sanctions on individual violators must be equally vigilant when confronted with instances in which the government has violated the law. It is well established that the courts are vested with the power to dismiss an indictment as a sanction for governmental misconduct. United States v. Heath, 260 F. 2d 623 (1950); United States v. Nardolillo, 252 F. 2d 755 (C.A. 1 1958); Cf. Kahn v. Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare, 53 F.R.D. 241, 244 (D. Mass. 1971); United States v. Seafarers International Union, 343 F. Supp. 779, 784 (E.D.N.Y. 1972).

While the majority of the reported cases involve misconduct during the prosecutorial phase, there are recent cases in which governmental misconduct during the investigatory phase contributed heavily to a basis for dismissal. In the Pentagon Papers case (United States v. Russo, No. 9373-CD-MAB C.D. Cal. [1973]), the Court ordered a dismissal based on government misconduct which

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included the pretrial burglary of a doctor's office by agents of the federal government. The District Court in United States v.

Banks, 383 F. Supp. 389 (D.C.S.D. 1974), dismissed the case against the defendants on the basis of governmental misconduct which included the covert and illegal use of military personnel and material at Wounded Knee. In discussing the military involvement the Banks Court addressed the key question of whether the government had engaged in a deliberate attempt to "cover up" this illegal activity:

The information detailing the extent of military involvement at Wounded Knee was not immediately available to either the F.B.I. or the prosecutor's office. Mevertheless, taking this fact into consideration, it is my feeling that the prosecutor was either deliberately or negligently dilatory in searching for such information and providing it to defense counsel." Banks, supra, at 396.

The clear implication from the <u>Banks</u> opinion is that the prosecution is not excused from an obligation to disclose illegal activities merely because such information is "not immediately available."

In certain instances the taint of misconduct can be cured by suppression of evidence (Napp v. Ohio, 367 U.S. 643 (1961)), disclosure of illegal acts (C.S. v. Alderman, 394 U.S. 165 at 180-85), or by a proper admonition to the jury. In other instance, where the misconduct is so thoroughly woven into the fabric of the

means, dismissal is the only remedy. See <u>U.S. v. Heath, surgal</u>.

Each act of misconduct detailed in the appended affidavits and declarations involves illegal government actions directed towards the defendants in the instant case. The warrantless entries, bribe offers for entrapment, threats, and illegal eavesdropping were all perpetrated in an effort to apprehend the defendants.

These acts, committed without the slightest regard for legality and decency, are also shocking to the conscience of civilized men.

See Rochin v. California, 342 U.S. 165 (1952).

Misconduct, in the legal sense, means "reprehensible conduct" which threatens the right to a fair trial. <u>People v.</u>

<u>Ditworth</u>, 78 Cal. Rptr. 817 (1969). In cases involving far less egregious misconduct, the Supreme Court has insisted upon prompt and drastic action "to see that the waters of justice are not polluted," for "the reservoir cannot be cleansed without first draining it of all impurity." <u>Hesarosh v. United States</u>, 352 U.S.

1, 14. To uphold the indictment in the face of such blatantly "Hegal conduct on the part of the government would be tantamount to affixing a judicial stamp of approval upon these actions. See Cahan, supra, at 445. Courts have a primary duty to protect the rights of individuals against encroachment by those charged with enforcing the laws.

The facts in the instant case show a deliberate and continuous disregard for constitutional limitation on the exercise of police power. The District Court in U.S. v. Banks, subra, at 396, stated in dismissing the case for governmental misconduct that the government must not be allowed to seek convictions at the expense of justice. Dismissal is "warranted in the event that the deliberate misconduct of [the Government] -- is so outrageous as

not only to render the trial in progress unfair, but also to make a fair trial in the future impossible. In re United States, 286 F. 2d 556, 562 n. 5 (1st Cir., 1951). The acts of misbehavior are amply detailed, their illegality is obvious, and their taint of these proceedings is so thorough that remedies less drastic than dismissal are inadequate. A basis for dismissal has been established and the Court should order accordingly.

A WIDE SCOPE OF DISCOURT HUST BE ALLOWED WHERE THE DEFENDENT HAS MADE A SHOWING OF GOVERNMENTAL MISCONDUCT OF A TYPE WHICH COULD TAIM! THE PROSECUTION'S CASE AND LEAD TO A DISMISSAL.

In view of the pervasiveness of the governmental misconduct detailed in the appended affidavits and declarations, the defendant must not bear the difficult if not impossible burden of proving that it has tainted the proceeding or the indictment. The government is by far the best situated to produce the relevant evidence, see U.S. v. Crowthers, 456 P. 2d 1074 (4th Cir., 1972). The United States Supreme Court has recently reaffirmed that once defendants have raised the inference that governmental misconduct infects a criminal proceeding, the prosecution then bears the burden of showing the absence of taint. Kasticar v. U.S., 406 U.S. 441, 460 (1971).

It is beyond question, in California, that criminal defendants are entitled to discover all relevant and material evidence which will assist them in the preparation of a legally recognized defense to criminal charges. Fitchess v. Superior Court, 113 Cal. Rptr. 897 (1974); Hill v. Superior Court, 112 Cal. Rptr. 257 (1974)

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Cash v. Superior Court, 53 Cal. 2d 72, 75 (1959). The defendant has presented material, by way of declarations and afficavits, which meet her burden of demonstrating that the evidence sought to be discovered would be helpful to her defense. Pitchess v. Superior Court, suora. Additional evidence detailing the misconduct involved in the Norton, Schoenberger-Jones and Cuenca raids is in the hands of the F.B.I. and/or the Los Angeles Police Department and is highly relevant to the defense. Additional warrantless raids, wiretaps and other misconduct may have occurred in connection with other reported sightings of the defendants. The broad discovery rules established in Pitchess, supra, and recently reaffirmed in Murguia v. Nunicipal Court, 117 Cal. Rptr. 888 (1975), require that the defendant be granted the opportunity to discover information concerning such incidents since this evidence is directly relevant to a legally recognized defense based on governmental misconduct.

It is not legally sufficient for the prosecution to 19 . merely reply that it knows of no additional acts of misconduct. Banks, supra, at 396. The prosecution has been supplied with quantities of information and evidence which were collected by arious law enforcement agencies during their investigation of The defendant has made a prima facie showing of misconduct and this shifts the burden to the prosecution to establish the lack of taint. Kastigar v. U.S., supra.

An adversary hearing at which representatives of the ... 28 various law enforcement agencies could be called to testify as to acts of alleged misconduct is both appropriate and legally necessary. It is well established that defendants in a criminal proceeding must have access to any evidence or information obtained as a result of governmental misconduct. An adversary hearing, For

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the purpose of establishing or disproving taintais provided for in U.S. v. Alderman, 394 U.S. 188 (1968). The defendant's request for a broad discovery order and an evidentiary hearing have ample legal and factual bases. requested that the Court rule accordingly. DATED: February 9, 1976. LEONARD I. WEINGLASS Attorney for Defendant, EMILY MONTAGUE HARRIS 1,3 22

DECLARATION OF SERVICE BY MAIL

The undersigned declares under penalty of perjury that the following is true and correct:

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I am over eighteen years of age, not a party to the within cause, and employed in the office of Leonard I. Weinglass,
Attorney at Law, with offices at 2025 Avon Street, Los Angeles,
California 90026. On the date of execution hereof I served the
attached Motice of Motion and Motion for Dismissal, Discovery
and an Evidentiary Hearing on Grounds of Governmental Misconduct;
Points and Authorities; Affidavits; Exhibits, Declarations;
proposed Order by depositing a true copy thereof, enclosed in a
sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid in the United
States mail in the County of Los Angeles, California, addressed

16 as follows:

John Van De Kamp
District Attorney of
Los Angeles County
1800 Criminal Courts Building
210 West Temple Street
Los Angeles, Calif. 90012

James L. Browning, Jr.
United States Attorney
Northern District
Ped. Bldg., 450 Golden Gate Ave.
Box 36055
San Francisco, Calif. 94102

Clarence Kelley
Director
Pederal Bureau of Investigation
9th and Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20535

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Executed on February 9, 1976, at Los Angeles, California

Barbara Isaacson

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	24	Dumber Wexies		A-70
	25	Jay Weiner		A-71 to A-72
•	26	William Harris		A-73 to A-74
	27	Emily Harris		A-75 to A-77
7	28	Douglas R. Bailey		A-78 to A-81
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3	31	Norton civil suit comp		B-25 to B-32
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STATEMENT OF NORMA LEE MAYFIELD

I, NORMA LEE MAYFIELD, do willfully submit the following statement:

On March 7, 1974, I had my first contact with the F.B.I. This contact came in the form of a note attached to my front door at 2730-79th Avenue, Oakland, requesting my husband and me to contact them because they wanted to talk with us. We contacted the Lawyer's Listening Post for advice and were offered legal services by one Roderic Duncan, an attorney. He agreed that we could use his office to meet with the F.B.I. and find out what it was they wanted. This meeting took place the afternoon of March 6, 1974. During the discussion with Mr. Duncan, we determined and agreed that the only questions we would answer would be questions dealing with the BCA. Consequently, the first meeting dealt basically with the BCA, which was the only knowledge we had. April 1, 1974, our house on 79th Ave. was set afire. My husband and I were out of town at the time and had been for a couple days. The children were visiting relatives. The O.P.D. suggested to us that it was an arson fire and asked if we knew who might have set our house afire. We had no idea who would have wanted to do it. Later, a reporter informed our attorney that the O.P.D. intelligence unit had been investigating the fire but were called off by the F.B.I. until such time as they were finished with us. For two weeks we were without a place to live. Then, on April 17, 1974, we were contacted by our insurance agent at my brother's house in Oakland and informed that he had rented two suites for us in Jack London Inn on Broadway and New Embarcadero in Oakland. We moved in that night. Originally, when we moved in, there were about four Black maids that served the fourth floor, where we were housed. In about three days two white maids were added who appeared to take.

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care of our suite specifically. I questioned the Black maid about the change and she told me that she had been told that we and the two men who had just moved in across the corridor from us were *special service. * The two men, she said, were friends of the manager, and she didn't know why we were "special service." But, she added that the two white women were taking care of us only. Later, I had an opportunity to question one of the white maids and she explained that she had just gotten the job; that she had been called especially for the job because she was known as a good maid and that she had called the other woman (the dumber looking of the two) because they had worked together before and they worked good together. I did notice however, that, whereas the Black maid would work whether we were there or not if it was O.K. with us, the blond, more intelligent looking maid, who usually worked alone, by the way, did not like to work when we were there. She would ask if we were going to be in all day and would either come back later that day or return the next day.

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On the morning of May 14, 1974, at approximately 7:45 a.m., just after the children had left for school, someone knocked on the door of the children's apartment. I went to the door to see who was there. When I opened the door two men were standing there flashing identification cards that said F.B.I. One, an agent Patton, stuck his foot in the door and refused to move until I assured him that I would open the other door as soon as my husband and I were dressed, which we did together.

Upon entering the apartment, the two agents insisted that we close the door because they had something of grave importance to discuss with us. My husband refused to close the door despite their insistence, and they became guite antagonistic because they said they didn't want anyone else to hear our conversation. They

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proceeded to question us about the SLA. My husband asked them to leave several times and told them we were not interested in talking to them. When they became convinced that weaveren't going to close the door, they then told us that they had something to show us that we would be interested in, but that we would have to close the coor. We refused. At that point they opened a small suitcase that was filled with stacks of \$20's and \$50's. Agent Patton told us that the money amounted to \$100,000 and that they were prepared to up the offer to \$250,000 (a quarter of a million dollars) if we would cooperate. They felt sure we had information on the activities and the whereabouts of the SLA. We refused their offer. At this point, one of the agents asked my husband if he would like to see something happen to his wife and children. We saw that as a threat. When they finally left we contacted Mr. Duncan, who advised us to prepare a statement for a press conference (which he would set up) in order to make their visit public ' knowledge. He felt this would afford us a certain amount of protection. This we did the same day. (Our attorney, at first, was rather dubious about our story of the attempted bribe. However, he was later contacted by the F.B.I. in an attempt to persuade him to persuade us to talk with them. He questioned them about the money and was told that that had embarrassed them; that they (the and San Francisco offices] had attempted to dissuade the from Washington, D.C. from doing that because they felt we would not be amenable to their offer.)

On May 23, 1974, we had another meeting in our attorney's office with Mr. Magmenimum (question the spelling here) and Mr. Wallace. They questioned us about Bill and Emily Harris, Patricia Hearst and other alleged SLA members. They also questioned us about our purported activities or involvement with the SLA and showed us pictures of the Harrises, other alleged members of the

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SLA and other leftist activists. Their line of questioning inferred that we had played an active part in the activities of the SLA. For instance, they asked us if we had ever threatened to kill Colton Westbrook or any other police officer. Prior to this meeting (a day or two) my husband had taken me to my class at U.C. Berkeley, a thing he had never done before, and Mr. and Mr. Wallace were there waiting for me, along with a couple of campus cops, plain-clothed and in uniform. When I left the car and began walking toward the building they all walked toward me and surrounded me, showing identification cards at the same time. I refused to talk with them and walked back toward the car where my husband was still sitting. They, in the meantime, were attempting to ask me to help them by convincing Jim, my husband, to talk with them. They were forced to set up the May 23rd meeting. I explained that I couldn't meet until the afternoon of May 23 because I had toodo a cooking demonstration at Haste Street House. At the time of the demonstration a stranger appeared at Haste Street House where I worked -- a very straight, conservative, 50-ish white man who did not fit in with the usual kind of people who frequented Haste Street House, and who only stayed there for about five minutes, waiting in the office where I worked. I assumed him to be a cop of some kind checking to be sure I wasn't lying about the job I had to do that afternoon.

Around June 5th our attorney contacted us and asked us if we would meet once more with the P.B.I. He said that they had come up with something very important, particularly in regard to me. At this meeting, they questioned me about a gun that they claimed to have found after the fire in Los Angeles. They claimed to have traced the gun to my ex-husband who promised to give a sworn statement that he had given it (a .22) to me some years ago. They questioned us both about guns intensively and asked if we had

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supplied the SLA with guns. Our reaction was less than cordial.

However, at all these meetings, the agents were very easy, unlike
the threatening atmosphere created by agent Patton and his partner.

However, on campus, I observed many times tourist-like white men, always taking pictures whenever I was talking to my friends. Sometimes they would just off to the side of me or directly in from of me. Many times I have suggested to my friends that we move on because of these camera enthusiasts who always wanted to take pictures of things just behind me or just off to the side of me (later I found that the FBI was showing pictures of Jim and me talking to friends on campus and asking people if they knew us.)

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Just after the incident at Jack London Inn, a friend and I were discussing the incident in Sproul Plaza as far away from buildings as possible. Later, when they questioned him (they . threatened him with deportation for associating with people like us the conversation was repeated verbatin. On another occasion, a friend of mine was attempting to catch up with me and another friend as we walked out of Sproul Plaza and observed two men who were obviously following us. She became frightened and didn't say anything, although she continued to follow to see how far they would follow us. She later told me about the incident and that they followed us to where I usually caught the bus and waited until I was on the bus. This kind of thing happened many times: On several occasions, after the F.B.I. and the campus cops were waiting for me at Harmon Gym that morning, I observed that the same plain-clothes cop and several campus cops would be standing around the area I usually walked through to get to and from classes. They only spoke if I spoke to them, which I did frequently in a pleasant manner.

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To the best of my knowledge, the foregoing eight-page statement represents as complete and accurate an account as possible of the various encounters I have had with the F.B.I. and possibly other police agencies. I have made this statement voluntarily and under penalty of perjury. DATED: January 17, 1976. NORMA L. MAYFIELD Albany, California 94706 12 17 18 20 21 22 24 26 27 28

STATEMENT OF JAMES J. MAYFIELD

I. James J. Mayfield, do willfully submit the following statement:

On March 7, 1974, I had my first contact with the F.B.I. This contact came in the form of a note attached to my front door at 2730-79th Avenue, Oakland, requesting my wife and me to contact them because they wanted to talk with us. We immediately contacted the Lawyers' Listening Post for advice and were offered legal services by Roderick Duncan, an attorney. He agreed that we could use his office to meet with the F.B.I. and find out what it was they wanted. On March 8, this meeting took place. It was determined and agreed that the only questions we would answer would be questions limited to the association we had had with the BCA.

On April 1, 1974, our house was set afire. My wife and I were out of town on the date our house was set afire. I have no idea who was responsible. It was not until April 17, 1974, that our insurance agent located us a place to stay. On that date we moved into two adjoining suites at the Jack London Inn on Broadway and Embarcadero, Oakland. After we had been there less than a week, the maid service which had been provided by the general crew of Black maids on the floor we were living on was replaced by two white maids. However, the two new maids only serviced the suites that we occupied and one suite directly across the hall.

On the morning of May 14, 1974, at approximately 7:45, after our children had left for school, we heard a knock at the door of the children's room. My wife was up and went to the door. Upon opening the door she saw two men holding up F.B.I. identifications and announcing that they were F.B.I. agents and had to

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talk to us. She came back to the room I was in and dressed. After we had gotten dressed we both went to the door of our room. When I opened the door I told them that my wife and I had nothing to talk with them about. The two agents forced their way into Trefused to close the room and insisted that I close the door. the door and continuously repeated to them that I wanted them to leave and we were not interested in talking with them. ceeded to question us about the SLA. We refused to answer questions. The two agents again began to insist that we close the door saying that they had something very important to show us, something that we would be interested in. After apparently becoming convinced that we would not close the door, agent Patton opened a small briefcase he was carrying and displayed the contents which he indicated to be one hundred thousand dollars. I saw stacks of 20 and 50 dollar bills. We were told that that amount could be increased to a quarter of a million dollars if we would give them information about the SLA. My wife and I refused their offer. One of the agents, then, asked me how would I feel if something would happen to my wife and children "tomorrow morning." that they were threatening my family and became more insistent that they leave. They left and I called our attorney. He suggested calling a press conference to make the visit public knowledge. conference took place on the afternoon of the same day. (Our was dubious about the details of the visit we described. However, upon questioning one of the agents at a later date he received an apology for his clients, us, being subjected to the offering of money. The agent further stated that they were embarrassed by that and had attempted to dissuade the agents from Washington, D.C. from doing that because they felt that we would not be receptive.)

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On May 23, 1974, we had another meeting with F.B.I

agents at the office of our attorney. The agents present were Magminamin and Wallace. They questioned us about William and Emily Harris, Patricia Hearst, other alleged SLA members and the so-called people of the left. We were shown various photographs of such people. We were questioned about our activities supposedly with the SLA such as: the escape of Donald De Freeze, recruiting for the organization, harboring a fugitive, and conspiring to commit murder. We only answered questions pertaining to the purposes of the BCA.

Prior to this meeting, on May 22, my wife was stopped by two agents on the UC Berkeley campus. Just as she had gotten out of our car and started for her classroom two agents stopped her, told her that they would like to talk with her. She immediately returned to the car, where I had not yet pulled away, and the agents followed. I again informed them that we could only speak with them in the presence of our attorney.

On June 6, 1974, our attorney advised us that the F.B.I. had requested one more meeting with us. They had sounded urgent. At this particular meeting my wife was questioned about a gun that they say was found in the fire in Los Angeles on the 17th of May, 1974. The agents said that they had traced the gun through its registration to her ex-husband, Albert Shehee. They further claimed that he had stated he had given Norma the gun some years prior to the time in question. The ex-husband was said to be willing to testify to that fact. On the first Monday in November, 1974, as I approached my home, two agents intercepted me in front of the building in which I live and handed me a notice which indicated that we had been under electronic surveillance. When I entered my apartment, my children immediately related to me a story of harassment and intimidation. My thirteen year old daughter,

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which was the oldest, told me that the agents had not only knocked at the door but also had come to the windows and asked for them, the children, to let them enter. One agent, at the window, made his plea for entry by addressing my 13 year old daughter as Mrs. Mayfield. The F.B.I. was familiar with the schedules of my children, wife, and myself. We had, at that time, been under investigation and surveillance for a number of months. I am sure they knew my 13 year old daughter from my wife.

The foregoing statement made on these six pages is true to the best of my knowledge and recollection. I have made this statement voluntarily and signed under the penalty of perjury.

24 DATED: January 17, 1976.

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JAMES J. MAYFIELD Albany, California

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STATEMENT OF KIM MAYFIELD

I, KIM ANNETTE MAYFIELD, do willfully submit the following statement:

On November 3, 1974, two days after we moved here (1102 IF San Pablo, Albany, Ca.], two F.B.I. agents appeared at our door after my brothers and I came home from school. They kept knocking loudly at the door and telling us that they were the F.B.I. After noticing that we were not going to open the door, they were walking away. (We did not open the door, because we had strict orders not to answer the door when my parents were not home. This order was made long before the S.L.A. event came up.) The shade was raised about four inches from the windowsill. The two F.B.I. agents stopped by the window and started calling "Mrs. Mayfield." I was sitting at the window at the time. They kept calling to me as if I were my mother. They soon left, and went to their car where they sat until they saw my father walking down the street. They immediately got out of the car and started talking to my father.

I am presently 15 years old.

This statement is correct to the best of my knowledge.

I have given this statement voluntarily, and I sign it under
penalty of perjury.

DATED: 1/17/76.

 KIM MAYFIELD

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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR

THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA FOR AN ORDER AUTHORIZING THE INTERCEPTION OF ORAL COMMUNICATIONS

TO: Any civil officer of the United States authorized to en or assist in enforcing any law of the United States:

You are hereby commanded to serve this inventory c below-indicated persons forthwith, leaving a copy of this inv with the persons and returning this inventory to me.

INVENTORY

MR. AND MRS. JAMES JOHN AND NORMA LEE MAYFIELD Oakland, California

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 2513 (8) (d) Title 18, United States Code (USC), you are hereby advised as follows:

1. On April 20, 1974, the Honorable Alfonso J. Zir Judge, United States District Court, Northern District of California, signed an Order authorizing the electronic intercetion of oral communications for a maximum period of thirty (30 days between JAMES JOHN and NORMA LEE MAYFIELD and others, take place in rooms 436 and 438 of the Jack London Inn. 444 Embarca-West, Oakland, California.

2. On May 14. 1974, the Federal Bureau of Investigaterminated the electronic interception of oral communications

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authorized by the April 20, 1974 Order. 3. During the period of interception, oral communica-tions were intercepted at the above-mentioned address between JAMES JOHN and NORMA LEE MAYFIELD. DATED: October 25, 1974

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CYPEWKITTEN COPY APPENDED) Is, Kim Arnette Manfield de wellfully Plange peace at our close after my brothers and all come home from the contractions. They kept knocking foundly out the door and telling in that they were the F. B.I. Clitic maticing that we were not going to open the close they were working coway. (We did not open the doctor because we had strict orders not to ambien the closer when my parent were not home. 7-his croter was made long tefore the SL.A. event came up. 7-his whoch has raised about four unches from the window-sill. 7-to two 7. B. I. against stopped by the window and started southing is naylice el was sitting out the condern out the time. They kept calling to me as
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I am presently 15 years old.

This statement is correct to the best of my knowledge it have arrest this statement roductionly, and I sign it under penalty of persons.

MACRENOER Son 17, 1876.1-I, James & Wanfield, de willfully submit the Jabowing statement On Warch 7, 1979, I had my first centert with the FBI. This contract came in Ilio form of a note attached to my front door at 2730 - 19th Avenue, Oakland questing my wife and me to cantast then because they wented to telk with us. We immediately contacted The Lawyer's Listening Post for advice and were offered legal services by Rotarick Duncan, an attonney. The agreed that we could use his office to meet with the FBI and find out what it was they wanted. On March 8, this meeting look place It was determined and agreed that the only questions we would answer would be questions dimited to the association we had had with the BCA. On April 1, 1974, our shouse was set a fire. * It was not untel April 17, 1974, That our invarance agent located us a place to stay on that date we moved into two adjoining suites at the Jack London Inn on Broadway and Embarbadero, Oak. Ifthe we had been there less then a week After we had been there less them a week the maid service which had been prowided by the general crew of Black maids on the floor we were living on was replaced by two white much. However, the two new maids only serviced the

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cor 17, 1976. was carrying and displayed the contents which he indicated to be one hand red bills. I thousand dollars. The work told that that amount could be increased to a quarter of a million dollar if we would give them impormation about The SLA. My wife and I refused that offers. One of the agents, then, asked meting would happen to my wife and drildren tomorrow morning! felt that they were threatening my family and became more insistent that they deave They left and I called our attorney. The suggested calling a press conference to make the visit public knowledge. This conference took place on the afternoon of the same day. (En at-torney was Lutions about the letails of the visist we described. However, upon quesdete the received an apology for this clients, us, being subjected to The offering of money. The agent further stated that they were combancesed by that and the attempted to hunder the agents from Washington D.C. from doing that because they felt that we would not be receptive) On May 23, 1974, we find another meeting with FBI agents at the office of ods attorney. The agents present were May

The is 4 of Lit of agent 17, 1976. minumin and Wallace. They questioned us about William and Emily Harris, Patrices Hearst, other reledged SLA members and the called people of the left. We were shown various plute questioned shout our activities say posedly with the SLA such as: escape of Donald Deficeze, recruiting for the organization, harboning a fugities, and conspiring to commit mucher the Prior to this meeting, the may 22, my wife was stopped by two agents ber the UC Berkiley campers. Suit as she had gotten out of our car and started for her classeom two agents stopped her told her that they would like to talk with her She immediately re-turned to the car, where I had not yet spalled away, and the agents followed. again informed them that we could only speak with them in the spusence of our attorney. In June 6, 1974, our attorney adviced us that the FBI had requested one more moeting with us. They had sounded urgent It this particular meeting my wife was quitioned about a guar that they say was found in the fire in Los projectes on the 17th of May,

Things 5 of the pagest 17, 1976. The agents said that they had traced the gun through its rejestration to her extention to further claimed that the hed stated that he had given former the general some years prior to the time in question. The ex-husband was said to be swilling to testify to that feet. On the first Monday in November, 1874, as I approached my home two agents in-tercepted me in front of the building in which I like and handed me a notice "Tobich, indicated that we,,, had been under electronic surveillance. When I entered my apartment my dulduen immediately helated to suc a story of hurasment and intimidation. My Thirteen year old daughter, which was the oldest, told me that the agent had not only knowled at the door but also And come to the windows and asked for them, the children, to let them lester One agest, at the window, made his pla for entry by addressing The FAT was families with the the duals Hat, at that time, been under sinvest-igition and surviellance for a number of months. I am save they benew my signer of drughter from my wife.

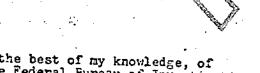
The foregoing statement mude on these sit pages is true to the lest of any knowledge and recollection. I have made this statement voluntarily and signed under the penality of sperjury

TIC ATIZONA DAIL SINE STAR PUBLISHING COMPANY P.O. BOX 26807 - 4850 S. PAIR AVE. THESON, AZ. 85726

JOHN LONG

Mr. Leonard Weinglass 2025 Avon St. Los Angeles, Calif. 90026

Dear Mr. Weinglass:



Following is a record, to the best of my knowledge, of my encounters with agents of the Federal Eureau of Investigation on matters concerning Bill and Emily Harris:

In mid-Nay, 1974 FBI agents Bill Christiansen and Jean Echman came to my home at 2220 S. Hemlock Strav. in Tucson, Arizona. There was another agent who did not enter the house, but remained in the front yard and there were other people in the back of the house(I do not know whether they were FBI agents or not, but presumed they were).

The agents came to the door within minutes after

I had returned from the dentists office and later informed me

I had been followed there. I was also informed that my home had
been under surveilance proor to the visit by the two agents.

We had two house guests who were checked-out by the FBI before
the visit.

I was asked about Bill and Emily Harris by Christiansen and when I responded that I didn't know who he was talking about he said increduously that he didn't believe it and pulled out and an FBI wanted poster with their pictures on it. When I realized who he was talking about I said I didn't know anything about them that could help ixems him, and I hadn't seen them

4-14

MIC ATIZORU DUIIN MUT STAR PUBLISHING COMPANY P.O. BOX 26807 · 4850 S. Park Ave. - Tucson, AL, 85726

in several years.

The agents told me they had discovered my name in address book of Bill's a few days earlier and since it had only taken the FBI a few hours to find my new address in a city a thousand miles away from the old one it was feasible that the Harrises could do the same__only in a little more time. Christiansen said that they were extremely dangerous, pointed out that their comrades died in aLA a few days earlier because they wouldn't give up and the same ending may be true at my house if they came here and I didn't cooperate. (By wife was expecting a child in two weeks, which was prixity obvious to the agents) They also said that I couldn't expect them to be the same people I had traveled with in Europe and as much as I might not believe it . they were armed and extremely dangerous. At ohe point they told me that my family and I would be in such jeopardy if they came to my house that it would be best if I said nothing to the Harrises and did not contact the FBI mx or do enything out of the ordinary while in their presence. They said that they would handle everything.

To the best of my knowledge the rest of our conversation centered on what I could remember about our travels and if either of the Harrises had shown traits of being revolutionaries while we were together in Europe.

State of Arizona SS: County of Pina Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of January, 1976 by John S. Long at Tucson, Arizona

John S. Long

Notary Public / Communication Courses A-15

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<u>AFFIDAVIT</u>

I, LARRY M. LEACH, do hereby swear and affirm as follows:

During the period of time William and Emily Harris were sought by the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It was questioned by the FBI on numerous occasions. On several occasions, I asked them if I was in any way under surveillance or had my phone tapped, to which I received a negative reply. However, several incidents led me to believe I was in fact under surveillance of some sort. On two separate occasions I had out-of-town visitors who were friends of both mine and William and Emily Harris. The first was Mr. Kip Kinder and the other was Mr. David Corrie. Both of these individuals live in the Chicago area and had been previously contacted in this matter. After each made a short impromptu visit with me in Denver, I received phone calls from both, as I said on two separate occasions, indicating that they had been contacted by the FBI immediately upon their return to Chicago and questioned as to whether our conversations had provided them with any insights as to the location or possible movements of the Harris'. Both individuals indicated in their phone conversations to me that they felt the only way the FBI could have obtained this information was to have had me under surveillance.

Larry M. Leach

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME this 5th day of January, 1976.

Notary Public

My Complission expires May 15, 1978

(sš. i)

RALPH BARBIERI

Being duly sworn depose and says: I, Ralph Barbieri, a freelance writer, spent from March 4, 1975 to March 9, 1975 at the residence of Eill Walton in West Linn, Oregon.

The purpose of the visit was to gather information from which I could write an article about Er. Walton and his lifestyle.

Neither Jack nor Micki Scott were present at any time during my stay. After two FBI agents arrived at Walton's home and after numerous calls were received from individuals who had been questioned by the FBI, I became aware that the FBI was apparently interested in locating the Scotts, although I had no idea why.

Approximately two weeks after I had returned to my home in Mill Valley, California, on the afternoon of March 25, 1975, two FBI agents came to my residence and questioned me for about a half an hour. A number of subjects were discussed.

I told them that, based on what I had read about the SLA and the violence associated with their actions, I would not consider myself to be one of their sympathizers. I went on to say that at no time during my visit with Bill Walton was Patty Hearst's name mentioned. I also stated that there was no discussion of the whereabouts of the Scotts.

During our conversation. one of the agents, prefacing his remarks by saying, "Now I don't want you to think that wo're trying to tell you what to do," went on to suggest that I return to Mr. Walton's home for the explicit purpose of trying to obtain "information that night be valuable to our investigation." I was told that, if I should be able to come up with any such information, it would be paid for "on a C.O.D. basis." They said that the dollar figure would be negotiable and largely contingent upon the nature of the information, but intimated that it would be a healthy sum, saying only that it would be "enough to pay the rent for a while."

When I expressed surprise at the nature of the proposition, one of the agents said. "This isn't a bribe. We just want to know that there is money available for information that can be of the use to us."

When I expressed concern over the fact that the FBI appeared to be questioning so many different people without good reason to do so, to the extent that it seemed as though they might as well go door to door, one of the agents said that going door to door "might not be such a bad idea."

Directly thereafter, the agents informed me that it would "naturally" be necessary to question the people who rented the upper portion of the house in which I lived. Their only connection with the case was that they lived upstairs from me. I didn't have to tell the agents their names, since they knew them already.

(signed)

Ralph L. Barbieri

August 11. 1975

Mill Valley California aug 11. 1975 Relytist Bahuri appeared Before me and segment the Secured and affirmed that we contint and affirmed

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State of California) County of San Diego

LYNDA HUEY being duly sworn depose and says:

I am a physical education professor, ecach athlete and writer. & personal friend and professional associate of Jack and Nicki Scott On the night of Earch 4, 1975, I returned here to my Carleind beach apartment after running errands for most of the day. I stepped inside the front door at 10:00 P.H. At 10:10 P.M. I was disturbed by a rule nounting on my door and a brick shout of "Lynda Hugy....FSI." I allowed two agents, who identified thenselves with bidges to enter my apartment and they interrogated me for the next half hour to forty-five minutes.

All of their initial questions dealt with the whoreabouts of Jack and Micki Scott, my knowledge of their previous leving quarters in Cherlin, New York City and Portland, After a half hour of questioning, they asked me the following question, "When you were in the Scotts, New York City agartment, did you ever see anyone that resembled Fatty Hearst or William and Emily Harris?"

I was stunned by the question, but answered then as I repeat now, No...not only did I never see anyone who resembled Hearst or the Harrises, but I never heard mention of them except in reference to newspaper articles that were read .

Prom the time the FEI agents visited my house until I left for the East coast on business three weeks later, I felt the presence of the 731 in my life all around me. Immediately after the questioning agents left my house, I drove to Patty Van Folyelacre's house several blocks away. Friday, March 7th. She was visited by the same two agents. The might before I had been questioned. I had visited Pam Dibble in Oceanside. That same Friday, March 7th, she was

Visited by the same two agents.
On Narch 5, 1975, I drove to Zel-Aire, California, visiting a friend who has a fairly high security network around his property. I hadn't been there over three hours before this friend received a call on this "hot line", the phone that only his close relatives and his attorney (not more than ten people) have the number to. That caller asked if Micki was there, then when answered in the negative, claimed to have dialed a wrong number. Two days later in An evening news report, my friend was implicated on the news as having a possible involvement in the Hearst case. His name was never mention, but his eminence inchis field was. Within a week after my visit, this mame friend was contacted by the FSI by phone several times, and his answering service

For the next three weeks, I received calls from friends all over the State of California and even in Karyland who had been questioned by the FSI because of their friendship with me. The pattern became quite simple. If I made a phone call to a friend, within a week, they would be calling back to tell me that they had been contacted by the FEL. I began to feel that my Phone was tapped and that my movement around southern California was being watched closely. I had never had any trouble getting a good connection to the East coast on my many phone calls, but now it was practically impossible to hear my East coast parties.

My landlords, who lived above me in the same benefitent agartment were questioned by the FBI and asked if they had seen Hearst of the Harrises coming or going from my apartment. I was asked to move cut my march 24st, 1975.

The local paper, the Blade-Tritume had an article on their front icre
Honday, March 10, 1975, maying that the fugitives Mickigand Jack Scott had been harbored in Carlstad just before their disappearance.

All of the above things definitely made my life a lot rougher than usual and certainly gave me the impression of not maintaining are personal freedom in this country. I felt trapped, watched, for something that I had absolutely no knowlege of. Salvenbed and sworn to before me this 14 day of Change 1975 Exemptor the County of Sin Diego, and State of Cabiornia OFFICIAL EDAD HOTAGY FUTURE CAUFGERIA SAM DIEGO COUNTY 1911 Third Are., Sin Diego, CA 92173

AFFI DAVIT STATE OF GEORGIA 7 55. COUNTY OF FULTON CASS YOUNG JACKSON BEING DULY SWOEN DEPOSE And Stys; Hend Golball Conch Markers Bever Cline And Friend Of and professional serocine OF MICET & JACK SCOT ON MMCH 7, 1975 TOUS AGENTS OF the PSI cine to my home M 244 N. PURESSON St. Obeclum, Ohio 44074 Where I com Assistant profession of Physical Education At Obencio Collège in Obencio, Obro. If had been brought to my Attention by Repliate Source that my hear was under Of verlance for some time. At the time I was UNAWARE OF the SURVE, bance ANLI did not understand the newson lox this. By this surver lasce I was put in a uneconfectable position in the small from of Obecin. The Los agents come to my hime on this night shoutly ACTER I had nothered have hem biseless peranice. The Coursession shocket with their edentalying themselves processe letting Hiem IV. (He hear)

The Agent came in and the Copuleration Strated Commenty Mil there I was noved when I last saw Jace + Miceis Sold the Agents All I knew which tollow Mazing on what they were tending up to. In the conversation the hope had AN Vegency in their Volces with ich miste me think that I was A suspect on something. I ASKED the Agents why they were visiting MC And they said they had echow to believe Apat Stack Micer were either in Oberein OR ON MURE WAS Thus fan Assed IF Some & Mice come to my house would I let them in the house. I fold them Yes And they then Adused Hout Phystwoold Nor be A-good idea. I hound Min If Soll and Micki Were in house and Were they changed with ingthing. The agent SAID THAT THEY WELL CHANGEROUS AND THAT IL they came I should try to Kely them in the house And get in fouch with Their Chapate) I Askad Hier if I let them in whit would happen the said that it I did Twould or could be consider & Accomplice in the the self Cold I intend destinated I could be represent to apple and the

what were at could happen. I asked them If they ment ANOTHER LOS ANGERES TIMES. They SAID: Well you know what you've getters Into. AT they left no doubt that my life And well being was in danger if & showed may Parendship what soucher to Spece of Mickey They Buil IF Showor Mich had hear IN Obecijn med I Smovel And they puted for a daje. At the beginning I could wor come up with Adore. They restly junes a goin then I remembered a Goothan gime we had that day on a told them. They the mide me feel reliend when they tolk me they wase glad I som the light dore heave that Was when they thought A CAll come to my hime from lathy Hepert From Un Veget It was then that they told me they And subgreved Affin the phone bill from house. 3 Loven Mores thingeing Remarkand that Inuci PARINES Were in LAS Vegos and And they called white Mice was there. ATTER VISITIE ME MONTES MY 70 years old mother in Son Jue, Callvain who does wor even trace the Scotts. My while I've regard to a horiently policy of the fact of the Both the said

I thought it was over when I went to home for a summer racinor. Indicate the following doing the fall of the fall see me Again-CASS JACKON

AFFIDAVIT

State of COLORADO (881)

NANCY KENNEDY RECOYESY

Being duly sworn, deposed and says:

I. Nancy Kennedy Meggyesy, have been living in Mayday. Colorado for the last two years with my husband and my three children. My primary occupation has been taking care of the home and children.

I have known and have had a friendship with Micki and
Jack Scott for about five years; starting in 1969 when
they opened their hore to us when we moved to California.
This friendship has continued to this day.

One day in early Harch. 1975 as I was leaving home to drive into town two men, who identified themselves as F.B.I. agents arrived. They asked if I knew Jack Scott. Micki SCott and the Harris's, if I knew their whereabouts and/or Patty Hearst. I told them of course I knew Jack and Micki but that I didn't know and had never met any of the other persons they asked about. I also told them I didn't know the whereabouts of any of the persons they asked about including Jack and Micki.

They then asked me if I did mecelve any information about the people they inquired about would I tell them.

Page 2 Nancy Konnedy Reggyesy I answered no. They then asked if I were to be given a sum of money, would I be willing to give them information. I answered no. They then mentioned that they sometimes have people, who for money will cooperate and give the F.B.I. information. They then left and said they would return when my husband would be home. Maney Kennedy Missyl 8-12-25 Clary But am exp Job 251978

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

RE: GRAND JURY INVESTIGATION: No. 4541 MCD

State of New York)
) ss.:
County of New York)

JACK SCOTT, being duly sworn, deposes and says:

- 1. I am the witness herein and I am making this affidavit in support of a motion to quash the within subpoens on the ground that its issuance is part and parcel of an illegal, unlawful and unconstitutional governmental scheme to harass, intimidate, terrorize and punish me and members of my family.
- 2. On August 6, 1975, I met with my brother, Walter Scott, from 2:15 to 4:50 p.m. in the lobby of his hotel, the New York Hilton. This meeting was arranged at his request and his reasons for so doing, as explained to me, were as follows:
- a. He was planning to write a book exposing various illegal activities of the FBI, and he wanted my advice as to how to obtain a contract to do so.
- b. He wanted to make an affidavit detailing numerous illegal FBI activities against me, my wife, my parents, my friends and my attorneys.
- 3. At the start of our meeting he told me that two FBI agents had visited him around noon and warned him that he was under constant surveillence. They then asked him publicly

to denounce our father's remarks regarding FBI pressure and harassment made at a press conference at the Diplomat Hotel in New York City on August 5, 1975. He was assured that he would be furnished with "a new identity and all the money you need" if he would cooperate fully.

- 4. He also stated that FBI agents had visited him on August 4, 1975, the day before the aforesaid press conference, and warned him not to participate in it unless he was prepared to live in a constant state of fear because of Bureau repraisals. Parenthetically, he did not appear at the press conference.
- ments made by our father at the press conference, and that the \$100,000 to \$200,000 promised by the FBI was on a COD basis. He said that the FBI had asked him to inform me that all members of our family would be granted immunity and paid the money in question when I had furnished the Bureau with information leading to the location of Patricia Hearst. In addition, he was told that the promised immunity might be available if I agreed to collaborate even if my collaboration did not result in the "delivery of the body," but that the payment of the money was contingent upon the "delivery of the body."
- 6. He further confirmed my father's statement that Bill Jansen, an FBI agent, had stated in his presence and that of our parents that he would just as well prefer that Ms. Hearst be delivered full of bullet holes because it would make things easier for everyone.
 - 7. He also told me that, on numerous occasions during

he had spent with the FBI this past spring, various agents had advised him that our parents' telephone as well as mine in Oregon had been and were being tapped. He recalled that one agent had related to him the substance of a heated telephonic argument between my wife and me during the third week of February, 1975. This conversation took place while my wife was working on a book in San Diego, California, while I was at our home in Oregon. The agent remarked that "your sister-in-law sure knows how to curse."

- 8. My brother also stated that, in early February of 1975, he had been offered \$25,000 to \$50,000 if he would fly out to Portland "wired for sound" and attempt to entrap Bill Walton, my wife and my in a compromising position with drugs or engaged in any other illegal activities.
- 9. When the FBI learned that my brother intended to travel to New York City for the aforesaid press conference, two agents asked him to try to get close to William M. Kunstler, my attorney, in order to entrap him. "If you can get something on Kunstler," he was told, "the Bureau will make sure you never have any financial worries and we can easily arrange a new identity for you if you feel you need one."

execute an affidavit confirming the above and other information, my brother told me that he wanted to call David Rack, his contact agent at the FBI, to let him know that he was disassociating himself from the Bureau. When he returned, he said that he would have to call back in fifteen minutes since Mr. Rack was on his way to Harrisburg, Fennsylvania. He

called back in fifteen to twenty minutes, and, when he returned to our table, he was ashen faced and shaking badly. He said that he now needed more time to decide whether he would be able to execute the aforesaid affidavit.

12. I then told him that he should not permit himself to be intimidated from speaking out, but that he should not do anything he wasn't fully prepared to do, since the FBI would probably attempt to discredit him as it has done with other persons who have chosen to speak out. He then removed a bottle of sleeping pills and a bottle of codine tablets from his suitcase. Five minutes later, while we were discussing dinner plans, he excused himself to go to the bathroom. When he did not return for a considerable period of time, I searched the entire floor looking for him. When I failed to locate him, I took his suitcase and joined my wife at our lawyer's office.

JACK SCOTT

Sworn to before me this day of August, 1975.

NOTARY PUBLIC

#FFIDAVIT State of Monday County of Clark) JOHN J. SCOTT, Laine dely Repose and prips: Sand the fother of frek the July 17 1975 E.B. I agent Devid Rack Su Bill procent and or David The Byreach pride and image had Lein tremendation damages he are inability transice or the one that me and ple rately , Later.

wante latty and you all all alle numbered of your family have chalited Jack to talk filly and openly with ac' Falter may have explained me are prepared to jour for your the to ace mendered of June family. The anote! then Discussed pure parying deceribed him the money would deliques to us. I am blengered of age ord have here! here! accepted at convoted of a crime. Felinge Blreen's Donnetigation about the activities of any member

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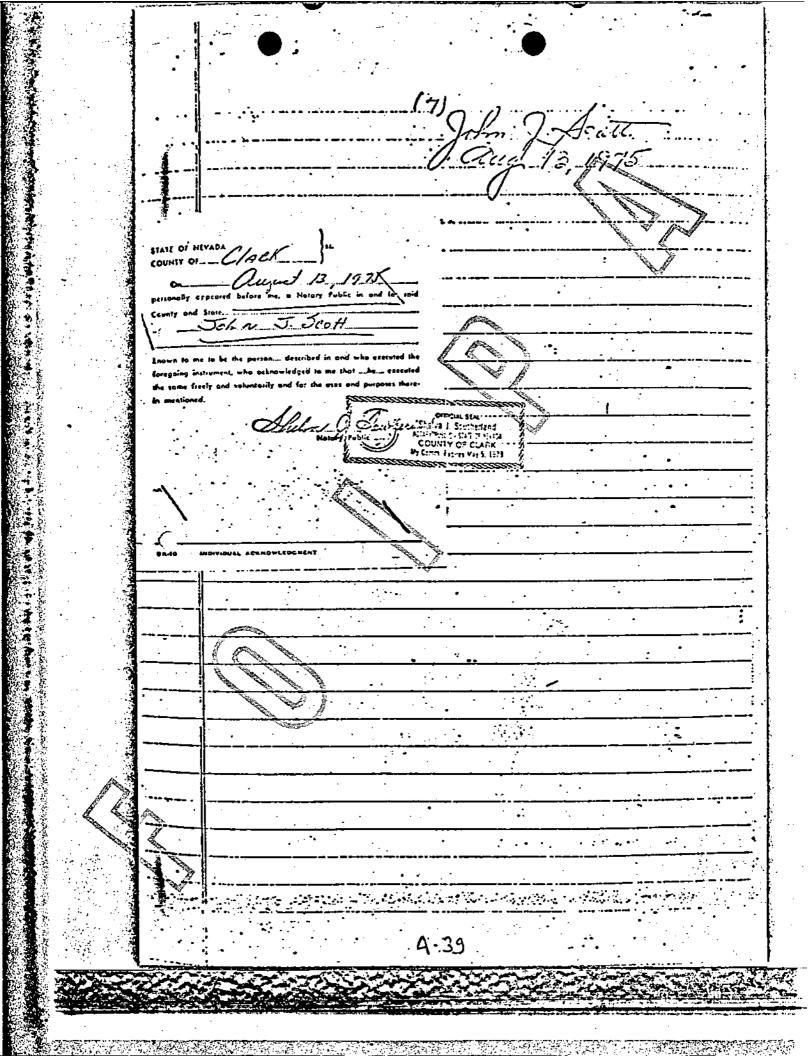
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STATE OF HEVADA Stubre of Air History Steles I. Schrobad Enviscontribution County of Change Refer from the J. 182 PERSONAL ACKNOWLESSEST

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF PEHRSYLVANIA

RE: GRAND JURY INVESTIGATION: No. 4541 MCD MICKI MC GEE SCOTT

State of New York) : ss.:
County of New York)

MICKI MC GEE SCOTT, being duly sworn, deposes and says:

- 1. I am the subpoenace in the above-entitled matter and I am making this affidavit in support of my motion for a stay.
- have been subjected to interference with our telephone tonversations since approximately January of 1975. At that time Bill Walton, my husband and I moved into a new home in West Linn, Oregon, where we shared a telephone. There, I installed our electronic answering machine which we had owned and used for six or seven years without any trouble whatever. Besides experiencing difficulties with conversations fading out and/or being cut off completely, the majority of calls answered by our electronic answering device were intercepted by a recording saying, "Your call cannot be completed as dialed." We had never previously had this kind of difficulty with the machine. It was at this time that we were first visited by agents of the FBI with regard to the Patricia Hearst, Emily and Bill Harris case.
- California, where I stayed with a friend with whom I was writing a book. My husband called me almost daily from our home in West Linn during the period of time that I was gone. On February 25, Jack traveled to Las Vegas to visit with his parents. He called me in Carlshad from the Las Vegas uirpert on the evening of Politicary 26.

San Diego (about a 1/2 hour drive) and pleked him up. We drove back to Carlshad, dropped my husband's bags off at my friend's house and went back out. At this time we noticed several ears parked close to my friend's house with a couple of men sitting in each car. These cars began following us around for the rest of the evening until we returned to my friend's house to sleep. In the morning, my friend drove us to the San Diego airpoint where we caught a flight to San Francisco, and these cars followed us to the airport. I believe that my friend's phone had been monitored during my conversation with my husband when he was in Las Vegas because to my knowledge there was no other way for the FEI to know about his arrival in San Diego.

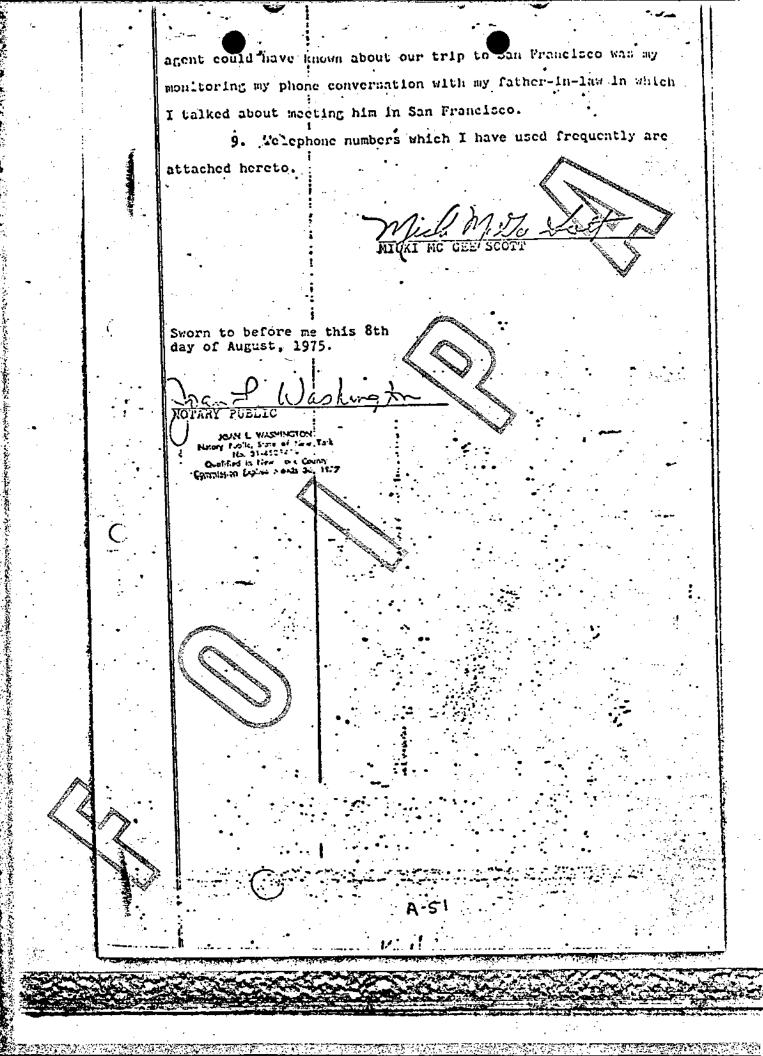
by the FBI and, beginning on February 27 until April 10; 1975, we stayed in places where the FBI was unable to find us. When we returned home in April, Bill Walton told us that many of his friends whom he had called from our telephone had been visited by the FBI during March and early April inquiring as to our whereabouts. We also learned from friends we had called from our phone before February 27 that they had been visited by the FBI during this same period of time.

ceived a phone call from a friend who was calling from Los Angeles This friend told Bill he was headed north and would be coming to Portland. Shortly after the call was made and Bill's friend had left Los Angeles, FBI agents arrived at the house in Los Angeles from which the phone call to Bill had been made. They asked the residents for a place at which they could contact the person who had made the call to Oregon and were given an address in Oakland, Colifornia. FBI arents arrived at the Oakland address, naked

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- 6. In June, 1975, Bill, my husband, and I moved to a house in Portland where we had a new telephone installed. I did not bother hooking up the answering machine, but we noticed the same difficulties of conversations fading out and frequently being disconnected altogether.
- 7. On July 30, 1975, I made a call to a local record shop inquiring about tickets to a concert. The clerk informed me they had only a few tickets left, so I told them my husband and I would be right down to pick them up. We arrived at the record shop about fifteen minutes after I had called. As we approached the store, we noticed two cars double-parked up the street from the store. We pulled into a parking space across the street from the store and the two cars that had been double-parked pulled up -one slightly behind our car and the other one right next to us. My husband got out of the car and several federal agents approached him and served him with a subpoena. I started to get out of the car, and several more agents approached me and served me with a subpoena. To the best of my knowledge, these agents did not follow us to the record store -- they were waiting there for us when we arrived. I believe that the only way they could have known where we were going was to have monitored my telephone conversation with the salesperson at the record store. ..
- Scott, in Las Vegas to discuss plans for meeting each other in San Francisco the following evening. I suggested to him-that he check into the San Francisco Downtown Hilton and my husband and I would call him there when we arrived: He later told me that, after my call, an FBI agent visited him and his wife in Las Vegas. The agent asked my mother-in-law if she was going with her husband to San Francisco to meet us. I believe that the only way the



STATE OF HEW YORK

25.

Hicki Mence Scott, being duly sworn deposes and says:

I am one of the movants herein and ha such I make
this affidavit in support of the motion to quash the subpocanes
herein.

On the morning of January 16, 1975, two agents of the BI (I don't recall their names) came by the house I was sharing with my husband and Bill Walton in West Linn, Oregon. They asked me first if Bill Walton was home, and when I told them he was on a road trip, they asked to see my husband. My husband had gone cut for the morning, and when I told them that he was not home either, they asked to talk with me.

In 1969 my husband was writing for RAMPARTS Magazine and he told me he was visited by federal agents who agreed to take him from our home in Oakland, Calif., to the offices of RAMPARTS Magazine in San Francisco, where he would talk to them in the presence of an attorney. However, instead of taking him to San Prancisco, the agents drove him around in their car for nearly three hours, refused to let him out of the car and hadgered him with questions. Remembering my husband's frightening encounter with federal agents and knowing I had a right to refuse to talk with them, I politely told them that I had nothing to say to them. The agents immediately changed from a friendly demeanor to one of suspicion and said that they hadn't expected to meet with such hostility. I explained to them that I wasn't being hostile, but that I simply knew that I had a right to refuse to talk with them and that I was choosing to exercise that right. They continued to try and question me for ten to fifteen minutes, saying that if I

When my husband returned home later that morning, I old him about the visits from the PAI. He telephoned Charles sarry, an attorney we knew in San Francisco, who advised him to cell the agents to contact him. Mr. Garry informed us that he did speak with agents from the FBI who told him they were interested in talking to us about Patricia Hearst, and Bill and Emily Harris. He told Kr. Garry that we had nothing to talk to the FBI about, and he communicated that to the FBI.

It was at this time (early in January of 1975) that sill Walton, my husband and I began having difficulty with our telephone. Our conversations were frequently interrupted with voices fading out and/or being completely cut off. There were loud clicking noises and we had difficulty in getting a dial tone. Additionally, I had installed an electronic answering device that my husband and I had owned and used for a six or seven year period with no trouble chatsoever. However, at this time, we began having a great deal of difficulty with the machine and incoming calls were frequently interrupted by a recording saying, "Your call cannot be completed as dialed."

When Bill Walton returned home around the third week in January from a road trip he had been on with the Portland Trailblazers professional basketball team, he told my husband and me that agents from the FBI had visited him on January 15, 1975 in his hotel room in Cleveland, Ohio, shortly before a game. He said they had questioned him extensively about my husband's and my activities and told him that we had given aid to Patricia Hearst Emily and Bill Harris. My husband and I had not known Bill Walton personally before August 1974, and we had been living with him since Cetober, when we moved to Oregon from Hew York City. Besides developing a personal friendship with Bill Walton, my husband and I were also developing a professional relationship with him with the extraction.

reaples, and the Fill's haransment and mentioning of Bill Unition is well as their leveling accumutions at us when we were nother indicted for any orime nor under any subposes at that time, seriously Jeopardised, both our personal and professional resulting ship with him.

After the FBI's initial visit to our home in West Line Dregon, my husband and I began noticing a few automobiles unfamiliar to our neighborhood frequently parked around our none. Since we lived in a semi-rural area, new people or new cars in the neighborhood were quite apparent. Sometimes the cars parked around our house were empty and sometimes there were one or two men sitting in them.

Also in January, by husband's parents began calling us from their home in Las Vegas, telling us that they were receiving calls from their older son, Walter, who had recently moved from their home in Las Vegas to the East Goast to look for a job. Walted told his parents that the government had told him, while checking for a job security clearance, that they had information limiting my husband and me to Hearst and the Harrises. My husband's brother has subsequently revealed to us that he was held in FBI custody for a period of eight weeks during the early part of 1975 and that he has worked with various governmental intelligence agencies, including the FBI, during the past ten years.

Subsequent to the FBI's visit to our home in West Lin and my husband's refusal to talk with them, federal agents began visiting my husband's parents, John and Louise Scott, in Las Vegas where they live. My in-laws are retired with no income other than social security "benefits." To supplement their income, they are employed as managers of an apartment complex in Las Vegas, Hevado, and receive a rent-free apartment as part of their remuneration. The manager's office is attached to the front of their apartment. The FBI's frequent visits to them (they have been at my in-laws

confor of various temants in the gratuent complex newtown; propardized both their employment and their emotional well being. ly mother-in-law is in very delicate health, and although various ments of the FBI have acknowledged that they had an understanding of the possible consequences to her health -- including her death-or their harassment, they have continued to but a great deal or strain and tension on her by repeatedly visiting her wome. ay husband and I are very close to his parents and would be financially responsibile for them should they lose their jobs, the FAL' harassment of them has put us under a great deal of tension and pressure to talk with them.

In June 1974 I had agreed to help a woman athlete, Lyn Huey, write a book about her experiences and take photographs for the book. A contract for the book was signed in July, and we began working on the book in New York City. At the end of the summer, Ms. Huey moved to Carlsbad, California, where she had a job as a coach and teacher at a junior college. We agreed to star in close contact and once I moved to Oregon, we began seeing one another periodically - sometimes at my home in Oregon and sometime at her home in California -- in order to continue working on her b

Around the middle of February, 1975, I flew to south ern California to spend ten days with Ms. Huey at her home in Carlsbad to begin the final stages of writing and editing. We have a Harch 15th deadline from our publisher, Quadrangle Books. My husband was planning on flying to southern California to meet me and we planned to travel leisurely up the coast back to Gregon, taking a short vacation before beginning the final stages of work on a book about sports that he was completing for William Horrow.

During the time I spent in Carlsbad, my husband and I were in almost daily telephone contact, and he told me he though he was being followed around the Portland area. We made no month on the telephone that I can especially of his gilly to leve to

Andrew Law J.An. 55 Chair

erved by Cather-in-law with a subpossa to appear before a federal grand jury in San Francisco.

My husband left has Vegas on the evening of the Mah. calling me. .t. Hs. Huey's home from the Las Vegas airport to tell me when he would be arriving at the San Diego attoort. I borrowed is. Huey's car and picked my husband up at the san Diego airport later that evening. We immediately returned to Ma Mucy's residence bropped off my husband's luggage, and went out to make a phone call nt a pay station. Ms. Huer was talking on her phone and my humband had a telephone call to make. As we approached a phone booth about 1/2 block from Hs. Eucy's apartment, my husband and I noticed several cars parked along the street with one or two men sitting in them. We were in a residential area and the number of cars parked in the area with men sitting in them seemed peculiar. My husband made his call and then we walked across the street to another phone booth to see how the men in the parked cars would react. A few of the cars started up and one of the cars pulled up right next to the phone booth in which both my husband and I were standing. One of the men, dressed in slacks and a sportscoat, approached the phone booth, and while standing close to the door of the booth pulled back his jacket to reveal to us that he was: carrying a pistol in a shoulder holster. He stood there and stars: atous for several seconds -it seemed like a long time to me-- and then returned to his car without identifying himself or saying anything to us.

Hy husband and I were extremely frightened by this : man's behavior and at a loss as to what we should do in response. We walked back to Ms. Ener's apartment, borrowed her car again, and drove away from her home, hoping to keep her from becoming involved in whatever was happening.

As my husband and I drove north from Carlahad, has

me of the cars would pull up right along side of us, and the man in the car would drive along staring at us for a few minutes become iropping back behind us again.

Eventually we pulled into a bowling alley in Occannida, California, figuring we were cafest in a public place. While sitting at the lunch counter having something to drink and eat, the man behind the cash register pointed at Jack —he didn't call him by name—and said there was a call for him. He pointed to a telephone on the wall where Jack could take the call. Jack answered the call, and the person on the other end of the line said, "Do you know that there are at legat tix carloads of FBI and San Diego police following you?" My husband responded that he was aware that some people were following him but that he hadn't known their identity.

The unidentified caller then said he had just wanted to let Jack know what was happening and hung up. Jack returned to the counter and then he went to pay the check, he realized that he had left his wallet in Ms. Muey's car outside the bowling alley. He walked outside to the car to get his wallet and at least two of the men who were following us followed him out. I noticed that several others remained inside with me.

When Jack returned we decided to pass some time by bowling. While we were bowling, the same man called again and this time told Jack that he was a person who owned a citizen's band radio and monitored police calls. He said, "Your name is Jack and you're bowling on lane 16 with a dude named Mickey(sic). The police and FBI are searching your car right now and they have your house surrounded. I don't know what you've done, but be careful." Jack thanked him for the information and hung up.

the best thing for un to do was fly to San Prancisco in the nomini and see on autoroug whose for instand break to distribute the see that the second was fly to San Prancisco in the nomini and see on autoroug whose for instand break to distribute the second seed on the second seed of the second seed on the second see

into her apartment, and may that there were a lot of care and can parked outside. We become extremely frightened at this potate, remembering reports of the scene in Los Angeles less than a year before where the police shot into and burned down a house in white they thought Patricia Hearst might be.

We were relieved when the morning that and he left of the San Diego airport. I noticed that many of the same cars that had followed us the night before were still parked around the line apartment in the morning and followed us to the airport. Defore boarding the plane in San Diego, I arranged a copy of the manuscript deep working on in a slightly out-of-order fashion in my suitease and checked it at the counter. Unen we arrived in San Francisco and I retrieved my suitease. I found that the pages of the manuscript were put back in order, indicating that semeone had got through my baggage and examined the manuscript.

on the airplane to San Francisco a man sat directly across the aisle from my husband, "reading" a copy of the book how is originally open the book, which appeared to be new, to a page the middle and never turned a page for the entire trip of approximately 1 and 1/2 hours. He also lit a digarette even though he was sitting in the "no smoking" section of the aircraft and when isked him to please put the digarette out, he told me to "mind my bown god damn business."

When we arrived in San Francisco, we rented that in agency close to the airport and drove to Oakland, California to see an attorney. As we pulled away from the car rental accord, by husband and I noticed at least two cars with two for in them all in behind us. My husband was driving very carefully since he not want to give the people following us any province that have is we approached a traffic signal in Berkeley it turns willow. It was any province the serious of the serious through the yellow light, but the serious and the serious and the serious through the yellow light, but the serious and the

nighan ande a right tuen and drove for few blocks, issle a few? sore turns, all within the speed limit, before pulling over he the curb and stopping. We walted there for about ten minutes to need to the non who had been following us were going to find us, and when they didn't, we drove to a parking lot in downtown Oakland, where we left the car. We then took a cab to the office of ir. Seral, an attorney my husband knew easually. We waited all afternoon for ir. Segal, but he never returned to his office. While wastern for him, my husband and I discussed what we should do and came to the conclusion that we were being set up for some sort of violent confrontation and that we should do whatever we could to remain cut of sight from the FBI. Our decision to avoid our home, family, and friends was a difficult one to make, but it was made-out of an intense fear for our lives. We came to believe that our fear was not unfounded when, a few weeks after we had dropped out of sight, stories began appearing in newspapers all around the country connecting my husband and me with alleged members of the SLA and claiming that we had lost an PBI tail in a high speed chase through the streets of Berkeley. I also heard that one newspaper in Cleveland, Ohio ran a headline, "Scotts Armed and Dangerous." These stories and headlines were reportedly obtained from FBI sour

My husband and I remained out of the FBI's sight from February 27, 1975 until April 9th. During this time, we were constantly fearful for our own safety and angered and frustrated by the reports of constant and heavy-handed FBI harassment of our friends and Jack's parents. It appeared that we were being tried in the press, having been frightened into hiding, with no opportunity to respond in our defense.

The period of time that my husband and I were forced to remain out of sight seriously disrupted our lives and jeopardiced our means of making a living. The book I was working on with Ms. Lynda Buey had to be finished by another person, resulting it is the sight of the sight of

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to regularillly to complete the book with Ma. Rucy, and I in his has drreparably damaged by reputation as a journalist, by husbands work on a book he was writing was disrupted to the entiret. what he had been forced to cancel the centract and return the advise soncy already paid. This has also injured his reputation as a west

Upon my husband's and my return Momerin April 1975 we began learning the extent to which the FRI had gone to find us. Desides all the incidents documented in the various affiday submitted to the court, there was another case of mail interference which was related to me by John Hurst, a professor of education at the University of California at Berkeley, my husband's Ph.D. advise and a personal friend. While Ar. Hurst was on a trip in March, a friend of his who lived in Colorado and whom he hadn't seen or hear from in seven years, sent him a letter with her return address on the envelope. Within a few days after the letter arrived at Hr. Furst's home, the PBI visited his friend at her home in Colorado. Fir Hurst was angered by this invasion of his privacy and told me that there was no way the PBI could have known about this friend or could have found her whereabouts except by intercepting his mail. He had not written or telephoned her in seven years and didn't even mow her current address, himself.

Since my husband and I have returned to our home in Pertland Oregon, the FBI has continued to harass Jack's parents ith continued frequent visits to their Home in Las Vegas. Their tivities created and maintained a great deal of pressure on us nd have made it extremely difficult to continue our work as journal ists and photographers.

On July 30, 1975, my husband and I were served with subpocuas to appear before a federal grand jury in Harrisburg, Pa. by subpoena was returnable on August'7th. I contacted an attorney, largaret Ratner, and arranged to meet with her in New York City on Juguat 3rd. On Auguat 7th we traveled to Harrichurg and appeared wh

A-60 proximuance was granted. As we were granteding one papers and below

attin nuntration, they be a facilities

ings in the countroom, the lights were shub-off, making it topolished or us to get everything together. Later and day I went to the U. . Attorney's office in the Harrichurg Wederal Courthouse to collect w travel money. Er. Cottone informed me that I could not be paid for travel since I did not appear before the grand jury. I pointed but that I had responded to a subpoena that demanded that I he in jarrisburg on August 7th and that there was no other conceivable reason why I'd be on the east coast from my home in Portland on other than to answer the subpoena.

While working hard to prepare our legal case An the short period of time the court gave to us, my husband, his parents, our attorneys, and I were subjected to still another form of harase ment by the FBI. They called a press conference late on the evening of August 13, 1975 during which Welter Scott, Jack's older brother and an FBI informant, made some outrageous and untrue allegations about Jack, his parents, and me. These statements caused a tresendous response in the media and we were flooded with calls, makin it extremely difficult to continue our legal preparation uninterrug ca.

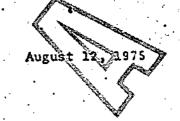
I believe the FBI was aware of the consequences of. their actions and that there has been a continual pattern of FBI harassment and intimidation to which my husband, our friends and family, and I have been subjected.

Micki McGce Scott

Sworn To Before He This 14th Day of August, 1975

NOTE WASHINGTED

State of New Jersey Middlesex County Highland Park



I, Phillip Shinnick, under penalty of perjury declare the following:

On March 4, 1975 two FBI agents (Peter Barnes and an unidentified agent) visited me and in the course of the conversation associated Jack and Micki Scott with criminal conspiracy in relationship to the Hearst case and fugitives from justice.

On March 7, 1975 the same two agents visited me in HighlandPark and after I told them that the American Association of University Professors advised me not to talk they asked me how would I like to be subpossed before a Grand Jury if I didn't cooperate.

On March 19, 1975 two agents, Peter Barnes and Thomas Burleson, visited my home again and asked if there were anything that I had to say to them. I said that I had nothing to say and they then handed me a subpoena.

On March 21, 1975 Peggey Engel from the Lorraine Journal in Ohio called and asked me if it were true as the TBI told Harold Connolly in Santa Monica that the TBI had finger prints of mine in a farm house in South Caneen, Penn. I have never been in the farm house and to my knowledge visited the

The FBI came on campus at least three times according to individuals that contacted me. They visited the Regristar, Ken Geigel, the director of the College Center and were seen by Angelo Figueloa in the school pub. The girls who lived upstairs to my current address reported to have seen agents parked down the block and in the school parking lot. On June 30, 1975 I was terminated from my job as Asst Prof with gross irregularities in University procedures and my salary for the coming year (my last) decreased \$3,000.

Linda Gonzalves' mother who lives in Merced , California was visited by agents of the FBI and told that they had reports that Patty Hearst was seen with a Johnny Gonzalves (Linda's brother, Es Gonzaves' son). Linda Gonzalves resides in the same address as me.

on Friday March 21, 1975 I telephoned the the Recreation Director at Livingston College, James Smith, from 201 246-8557 to 201 359-7528 and heard over the phones numerous clicks and irregularities. On about the same fate I telephoned Cathy Breslin, a New York writer, and heard the same disturbances. This went on from March 19-23 1975. The last week-end of March I visited Elinor Gersman (my superior at Livingston for the first semester) on Nantuckett. Two weeks later Br. Gersman told me that the local minister was told by the local police that the State police and FBI had been doing wire taps the week-end of my visit on Nantuckett. During my stay Dr. Gersman's phone kept ringing but when answered it i continued to ring and made strong noices the three days of my visit. Dr. Gersman said that this was an exception and had never happened before.

At the end of March I received a letter from my sister which seemed to have been opened and about that time Brian Blake (ex-Director of the College Center and student at Marvard), said he had received a note from me which seemed to have been opened.

In late April I met with a Nutrition expert at Cornellin Highland Park to discuss athletics and health. Dr. Clancey-Hopburn was visited at her office in Cornell the next Monday by the FBI.

Phillip K. Shinnick, Phd August 12, 1975

States new Juddenser Grandy Hiddlesser Flaviolet L. Willie

Notary Pulves of them Jersey

State of Pinney Jones) Douglas County > BILL WALTON being duly Swown depostered Says that I Sill Whill Well Portled Trillier of the NEA and a flow member of a collective of which Jackens Scott are also, members, feel that the out indignities this the FET fee feeled against our constitutional entered mights during the investigation" of the whomas to of Can only budger to one disjure. That is one of ofall level extress against The ission of an injunction against FRI setiming the from Leading the Scotle, the Patricia Heart Brown Criminele must not be allowed to use their military powers to fliery destry to lives of thet, peroful jugh. En will stow who the criminal see will allow you to see all the produce The one judgement this is often to you. Jonasen 16, 1975 contro FBI quite co. to visit me in Chelent, this where I was for the trilly up, they were contistion! , would to Venewif I the knothing of Petty of the puis undercosouto . I told them I did into . They Kan worth wheat Sura and Hack, hoopen

mentile. They were morty interested. names and dates and sines & don't wind a practice of calindary and agreemationes that I could Upon Caring A toll The File The westimulation the win V From that point on for the rests from the I was subjected to the investment to the of the Jamous FBI which consider how Of lesting tomy the fire converting to les about my, Judes and Michio actions The reasons why I feet my place was tig uns because of the towards of friend here thousand the country, the only one who est world and inthrugated by this who the one that I call on my or who celled me, whath the Isteen my friends who are considered from lis societ, and who the melix appoint of our selftisustip to raw to be friend of mine, because, & ten that developed was that were within twenty four lours of a, congrate over my Some plane, the other for that Emercation was vicited by FBI and till that I was not a gree percon to be a friend of and that abudy an sing freens had - Continue before. Cu

well determine there with the design com apriette and sont to mentaline Total of This files sulling The two mass of the stamples of the tep ocame with commention with long time friends, Tommy Canto and Thresch "Towny and & Sunt veresting in the part month when for me he called from Lo anche and in a very the conversion Suit to was coming to see me Postland sight away Will Commy got to Portler The dip theter but it was me a direct tro. To BI went to the when the place cell who ? comen histo of Commy list These) and on Tommy for women Sied thets Police to vicit me but they then be could be reached in south in Saland ? FBI locatel tomory and asked him to come of to the station for questioning, Out laster Reporting 6 hours of which time to BI Toll undecertally to Nanwas omme sinto believer like were Crimina While they were forterty goodperile from What they didn't rade was that it tikes a hell of a lot more thin sil Souro to ence the knowledge a blue man has germent from thing 23 years Home Educacio and I have been fu encis for year now and other on one to not

to one every and in the Solate consenting Sind, weathert your into That they were prate, mowand that he could see significantly of from some not to hunds in the Section Sun Insul Start up for the 1 den first they the mest many fine is bellauche of the pretite filled go la juras mot Server The lies of the in the least By this time the FBI wented to tell to Ine and Sucan Buth (we were living to at the time about some more for reluction we agreed but only in Calles Hally, precent four ations. time about setter to factor of any involvements of any of our, he Bece toll will the SLA the let fect fil mich were involved a led exilence to prove it by all conclude chared my andigo The first Interview and I Von on most of their information technic They kept inciding thet I know wi all that Same was know what tray were daring A-67

The Shall approchant a Calif City torce San Character gent working for justice. Letter on FIST works although 176 orecours Some minters of Swan Keille Same to consince In to the to the alone, with me or Chalo Harry promis Suis Any Magana, wis thebeling FRI would be fooled to the believe any who kint changing their stry ac Est. Such wis. the concay El To reclie that the FSI only believe who till they to information that to wanted to lear. These seents, plustothers in affection also being presented here today of which on Sull cores, have bed Ine "to The conclusion that it is the FBI mot t Scotts with Should be under investigation. it is the FBT wester dissert and dispersed for the lew this The revolutionery Situation, of which SLAis only be outgrowth that we are live in today, so is irone that we me turn to the U.S. Department of Justice for a selies of gravieres because their Dolines and actions do not seek times justice but ration the continuation of economic washer against the profit the world. A-68 BILL Win

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tate of Pennsylvania

SS.:

ountg of Thiladelphia

ilda.L. Weiner, being duly sworn, depose and says:

I am an accounts payable clerk and mother of Jay Weiner, the s a friend of both micki Scott and Jack Scott.

- 1.) On March 3, 1975, FBT agents Rack and Carroll visited our ome in Fhiladelphia. Rack did almost all of the talking. Rack said a had from a reliable source that my son, Jay, was deeply involved neither the harboring or transporting or financing of fugitives atty Hearst, Emily Harris, William Harris and, possibly, Werry Yoshing. I wondered how Jay could finance any fugitives since he has no one. Rack said Jay knows where Fatty Hearst is hack said that Jack cott was involved in bombings in California a few years back and he aid that another friend of Jay's was involved in sedition in England, mack told Jay not to associate with Jack Scott of any of Jack Scott's riends. Pack talked about the "bad influence" Jack Scott had on Jay, tack said that Jack Scott and his friends are "dangerous" and that Jay should stay away from them. He said that Jack Scott's parents were involved with Jack Scott's activities because "they died a favor to him." ie said he was sure that Jack Scott helped the fugitives.
- 2.) On March 11, 1975, PBI agents Rack and Carroll returned to our home. They didn't stay long, but they sat in the dining room. Rack told us, "We still believe that lay is deeply involved. We have new information." He asked if my husband and I knew that Jack Scott had visited Duba. We did. He asked if we knew that Jack Scott wears a red star in size.

Thousand Wane

Rilda L. Weine:

August 12, 1975

Sworn to end subscribed belond in a this ... (2015), day of (1994, 2017) and

Hetary Public, Philippiphia, Philippina Ca.

My Commission Expurs August 22, 1976

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AFFADAVIT

State of Pennsylvania)

85.:

County of Philadelphia)

Samuel Weiner, being duly sworn, depose and says:

I am a ment cutter and father of Jay Weiner, who is a friend

- 1.) On February 26, 1975 at 8:30 in the morning, FDI agents Rack and Carroll visited our home in Whiladelphia and asked to speak with my son, Jay Weiner. I woke Jay. After meeting them, he said he didn't want to talk with them, and he asked them to leave. They not up right away, but before leaving I remember Rack turned to us and said, "We have other ways of getting It out of you."
- 2.) On March 3, 1975, FBI agents Rack and Carroll visted our home again. Rack did all of the talking. Each said that Jay was deeply involved in either the harboring of transporting or financing of fugitives. Pack said that Jack Scott was involved in bombings in balifornia a few years ago and he said that another friend of Jay's. Paul Hoch, was involved in seditious activity in England. Pack toli Jay and to associate with Jack Scott or any of Jack Scott's friends. Hock Scott and his friends are "dangerous" and that Jay should stay away from them. Ho said he was sure that Jack Scott helped the fugitives.
- 3.) On March 11, 1975 FBL agents Rack and Carroll returned. They stayed for a short time, but Rack said, "We still believe that Jay is deeply involved. We have new information." He wondered if we knew that Jack Scott had been to Cuba. We knew. He said that Jack Scott wears a red star in his cap.
- 4.) On April 1, 1975, Rack left a card in the front door of our house which asked me to cell him at his office. When I called, Rack said that he wanted to "get inside Jay's brain." He said he wanted to talk with me again. I told him to call Jay's attorney. Two days later Jay was subposped again.

. Samuel Weiner

August 12, 1975

Swom to and subscribed before #6 / this ... (Affile day of a file way 18.25

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Campiting Lunies August Sa. 1576

VELYTOVALAV

State of Pennsylvania)
County of Philadelphia)

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Jay Weiner, being duly sworn, depose and says:

I am a free-lance sports journalist and a friend of both Micki McGee Scott and Jack Scott.

- 1.) On February 26, 1975, FBI agents visited my parents' home in Philadelphia, where I was then living. They called at 8:30 in the morning. I met them but refused to answer any questions. I asked the agents, Ruck and Carroll, to leave. Before leaving Ruck turned to me and my father and said. "You know what this can do to 'ay's career. You know what this can do to your family. We have other ays of getting information." I assumed "this" referred to my legal right not to cooperate.
- 2.) On February 27, 1975, during an interview with agents Rack and Carroll in their downtown Philadelphia office, agent Rack suggested that Jack Scott and Micki Modee-Scott were, in some way, connected with the assasination of Marcus Roster. In questioning me, Rack asked my feelings about violence. He then reiterated an earlier claim that "two sources" had told the FbI:that Jack Scott had harcorei, transported or financed the flight of fugitives. We said, "That Foster murder sure didn't make any sense. What do you think Jack thought of that?"
- 3.) On March 3, 1975, agents Rack and Carroll visited my parents' home in Philadelphia. At that time they questioned me about my two year ong correspondence with Willie Brandt, a political prisoner in California's Soledad Prison. Agent Rack said that Jack Scott was involved in bombings in California to which Willie was linked. Rack said, however, that "nothing was proved."
- 4.) During that same March 3 interview, after producing a photo of a house in what he said was Honosdale, Fennsylvania, agent Rack said he was "sure" that fugitives Fatty Hearst, Emily Harris and William Harris stayed at the house. He said that Jack Scott's parents were somehow involved because they owed him a favor.
- 5.) On March 3, Rack mentioned "a loose association of friends" of mine. After discussing Jack Scott, Micki Scott, William brandt, Phil Shirnich, Paul Hoon and others - all friends and/or teachers of mine - Rack said, "I suggest you not associate with these people anymore. It would be to your advantage not to."
- 6.) The agents, on March 3, called the above-mentioned friends "dangerous people".

- 7.) On the night of march 8, 1975 I received a phone call from Cass Jackson, a friend who lived in Oberlin, Chio where I has then visiting other friends. Cass invited me over to his office at Oberlin College. He said that the night before Fill agents cuestioned him for about three hours asking lots of questions, including some about ma. Cass Jackson said that he asked me over to his office because the FBI agents told him that if anybody about whom they questioned him was in his house they (the FBI agents) would consider Cass one of the "suspects" and the agents couldn't guarentee what would happen. Cass Jackson told me he believed they would shoot Micki Scott, Jack Scott, any of the fugitives and, possibly, me.
- 8.) On the night of Earch 11, 1975 I was apprehended by three FBI agents in Oberlin, Chio. I was subgonaed, denied a lawyer and directed/kidnapted to the Security Office of Cherlin College where gents threatened me with their guns. By apprehension involved the cutting off of my car in the middle of Chio Route 10 by an FBI car. Flashlinhts were shined on me and all three agents shoke at me at once, persuading me not to return to Philadelphia immediately which I said I wanted to do and not to have a lawyer which I repeatedly requested. I was told I would not incriminate myself. While the confusion graw, one of the agents (the shortest of the three who I believe is Barkley) entered the passenger seat of my Volksungen. He told me to follow the FBI car and we then proceeded to the security office. That office was apparently sealed off at the direction of agent Hirz. (The third agent's name is Bartley.) Frior to my answering any questions I continued to request an attorney. Agent Barkley stood, removed his jacket, flashing his shoulder holster and gun at ms. He smiled, pointed to his gun and said, "Does this intimidate you Jay?" Hirz, too removed his coat, showing his gun. They then started asking questions. I was terribly frightened and answered.

Jey Weiner

August 42, 1975

Swom to and substitued before the

Rotary Public, Philadelphia, Philadelphia Co. Ry Commission Express August 23, 1976

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December 15, 1975

On Wednesdry, September 18, 1975, at generoximately 10:00 PM, I was held captive in chains insid County sherriff's unmarked station waren at cisco International Airport. The exact location was te neath and below the left front of a boarding Hughes Air West flight to los angeles. At this time, shortly after arriving at the San Francisco International Aircort, I was being held in the back seat of the sherriff's car and accompanied by two San dateo County sherriff's dept. personnel, one of whom may have been the sherriff himself and the other an unidentified plainclothes officer; an unidentified plainclothes member of the los Angeles Police Department Criminal Conspiracy Section (now called the Public Disorder Intelligence Division, which is, in fact, a cumhemism for political police or red squad) and Sergeant Raymond Callahan of the los Angeles Police Department Criminal Conspiracy Section (now P.D.I.D.). The two San Mateo County sherriffs officers were in the front seat, Egt. Callahan est next to me in the back seat, and the other unidentified L.A.P.L. officer sat behind us in the rear area of the station wagon. Each of these individuals, except for myself, kere armed with hand guns. The unidentified member of the L.A.P.L. was additionally armed with a cawed-off 12 gauge shotgun, loaded with either 00 buckshot or lethal rifled elugs. Within approximately 5-10 minutes/of boarding the airplane, the above mentioned police officers, excluding Sgt. Ray Callahan, exited the station wagon and took un positions around and in the immediate vicinity of said station waron. Est. Callanan remained seated next to me in the back seat of the station wagen. During this time I was hand cuffed with my hands benind my back. Shortly be-

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fore being told to exit the station wagon and tourd the above mentioned simplane, and while I was un-armed and hand cuffed behind my back, Sgt. Ray Callahan, in the presence of no other witness, did say to me with malice, "Now listen, and listen good. If you get any more than five steps shead of me, I will kill vout" This was not said in a way of giving friendly" advice or direction regarding the imminentemove to the above mentioned simplane. Considering the massive amount of weaponry and large number of police officers present, and considering my un-armed and defenseless state, it was clear to me that this threat was unnecessary to insure my good behavior; and quite possibly was in reality a sign of Sgt. Callahan's wish or intention to shoot and all me without real prove-cation.

I, WILLIAM TAYLOR MARRIS, do swear, upon penalty of perjury, that all the above, to the best of my knowledge, is

Della Hellen Th

December 17, 1975

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DECLARATION NUMBER ONE OF EMILY HARRIS

I, Emily Harris, declare under penalty of perjury that the following is true and correct:

I am a defendant in the above-entitled case.

My parents, Frederick W. Schwartz and Emily M. Schwartz, received a personal letter from me on February 2, 1974. The nature of the letter upset them, and they sought advice from a friend who later suggested they go to the FBI. At first my parents just discussed the contents of the letter, but then for clarity's sake they allowed Special Agent Ed Kinzer to read the letter and to make copies on or about February 13, 1974.

As my father wrote me in a letter, "We were never assured of confidentiality, but we certainly expected that, because of its highly personal nature, its distribution would be limited to those who had a need to know. We certainly were shocked when extracts appeared in the press and I'm sure our local contacts were as distressed as we were by the leaking of the contents, especially verbatim."

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EMILY HARRIS

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DECLARATION NUMBER TWO OF EMILY HARRIS

I. Emily Harris, declare under penalty of perjury that the following is true and correct:

I am a defendant in the above-entitled case.

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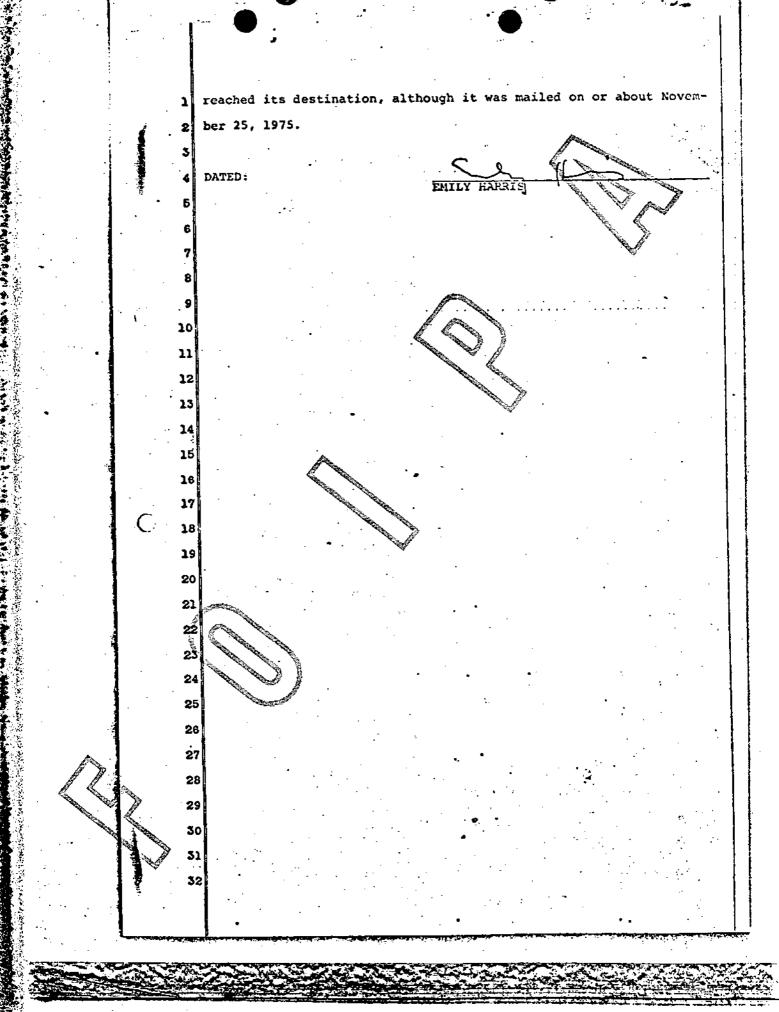
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That besides the inconvenience of our mail taking a week or more to get to us, we are outraged with several instances of outright tampering that violates our right to correspond with any person we wish. Four letters from a John Long of the Arizona Daily Star have never reached us. We do not know how many other people have also written and have not gotten through.

Another incoming letter came to us with a mysterious powder dusted over various edges of the letter. We are suspicious that this letter may have been dusted for fingerprints and that the powder is a chemical to bring out the prints. In regard to outgoing mail, I (Emily M. Harris) enclosed a typewritten letter to Bill's (William T. Harris) mother, Betty Bunnell, in an envelope in which Bill was also sending a letter. Jail regulations necessitate that all outgoing mail be turned over to jail personnel unsealed. Somewhere from the time those two letters in one envelope left Bill's hands on or about December 1, 1975, until the envelope got to his mother, the letter written by myself was removed and never put back in the envelope. All that arrived at the residence of Betty Bunnell was the letter written by Bill Harris.

In addition, at least one letter to a Jeanne Cordova never



10 11 12 Plaintiff, 13 14 EGILY LABRIS, WILLIAM MARRIS, 15 Dofendants. 16 17 STATE OF CALLFORINA 18 CITY AIR COUNTY OF SAPERANCISCO COUGLAS R. BAILEY, affiant, being first duly sworn under oath, .19 20 states the following: 21 I was arrested on May 28, 1974 on a warrant issued from San Luis wispo County by San Francisco Folice (Intelligence Division), California epartment of Justice, with the F.a.I. also present. The charges, felonies, 55 4571 and 4570.5 of the Penal Cove, amounted to trespossing on state prison rroperty 26 This arrest took place as I walked on the 600 block of Sutter

Street in San Francisco. I was handcuffed and taken directly to the San Francisco hall of Justice at C50 bryant Street. But instead of being placed in the evaluing cells of the City Prison, I was involuntarily taken to a room in the Hall of Justice for questioning, without my permission. Without an attorney present, despite my request for such attorney, was questioned for about 45 minutes by the above-mentioned state employees on the uncreabouts of the Symbionese Liberation Army and Patricia Hearst.

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Various methods were used to provoke a response from me, including friendly, meaningless questions, provoking questions, such as individuals in an organization I was a merber of were engaged in illegal activities, and that one person was stealing the organization's funds, and that the organization didn't support me. As these state employees read out loud names of women friends from my address book, they made a point of saying now ugly they thought certain women were. Hext said state employees attempted to wribe me with "more money than you can count," and release from jail, and then threatened me with a parole violation and return to prison. Said state employees also said that even if I didn't have the information they wanted, they would retalize by putting me in prison anyway. When all this oidn't produce a response from me, while still handcuffed and sitting in a chair they begen slaming me against a back wall, stopping only to click an empty can in my face, like a game of Russian roulette.

After said state employees realized that I was not going to respond to their tactics, I was led from the room to the booking area of the jail.

Ly parole officer then showed up, and a \$25,000 bail was placed on me.

tried to hold a "conversation" with me, but gave up after a few moments.

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Over a week passed, without appearing in court, and I was told that I was to be transferred to the County of San Luis Chispo about 200 miles south, where the complaint stermed from. But instead of the transfer south, I was placed in a Sheriff's plane and flown north to county jail in Visalia, California. In that county jail I was placed in actively—man tank.

Irrediately an argument broke out between myself and the other prisoners about the Syrbionese Liberation Arry and "nigger lovers." Finally, after arguing for about an hour, I was told that my fellow inmates decided not to "rat-pack" me because they respected me for speaking out. Later that night I was told by other prisoners that just prior to my being placed in the twelve-man tank, a guard had a conversation with my fellow prisoners and told them that the Symbionese Liberation Army and the "Zebra" killers are the same group, and that I was connected to the killings of Waite people, thus creating an unpredictable racial situation.

The next corning I was again put on a Sheriff's plane and flown to San Luis Obispo, and was not questioned again until after the court dropped all charges. At this time one F.B.I. agent claimed I was having sex with Emily Harris when Bill Harris wasn't there, and that I would no dow't be subposened before the grand jury (which never happened). Again I refused to answer or respond, but I was released about a week later on September 13, 1974. The above ordeal lasted for approximately four months.

Your affiant, being first duly sworn under oath, presents that inave subscribed to the above and state that the information therein is true and correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

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Executed this 10th day of January, 1970, in the City and county of San Francisco, State of California. SUSSCRIBED AND SWOME TO before he this lith day of January, 1976. **+2**3 A-81

MARK ROSENBAUM PRED OKRAND JILL JAKES MARY ELLEN GALE VIRGINIA SLOAN ACLU Foundation of Southern California 633 South Shatto Place Los Angeles, California 90005 Telephone: (213) 437-1720 LEONARD I. WEINGLASS RUTH ASTLE 2025 Avon Street Los Angeles, California 90026 Telephone: (213) 748-6100 Attorneys for Plaintiffs, ENILY MARRIS and WILLIAM HAPRIS 11 12 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 13 14 EMILY HARRIS, WILLIAM HARRIS,).€ Plaintiffs, CIVIL RIGHTS 17 COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES, INJUNC-CHARLES W. BATES, TIVE AND DECLARA-Special Agent in Charge, TORY RELIEF 19 F.B.I., San Francisco, California; DEMAND FOR JURY ROBERT E. GERHARDT, 20 Assistant Director in Charge, F.B.I., Los Angeles, California; 21 CLARENCE KELLEY, Director, F.B.I.; STEELE LANGFORD, Chief, Criminal Division, U.S. 23 Attorney's Office, San Francisco, California; JARES L. BROWNING, JR., Assistant U.S.Attorney, San Fran-25 cisco, California; ROBERT L. STEVENSON, 26 Public Relations Officer, Justice Department, San Francisco, California; ERIC A. NOBLES, Chief, Criminal Division, U.S. 29 Attorney's Office, Los Angeles, California; DEATHE REYES, U.S.Attorney, Sacramento, California; 30 JOHN HOWARD, Acting District Attorney, County of Los Angeles, June 27-October 14, 1975;

JOHN VAN DE KAMP, District Attorney of Los Angeles County; SAMUEL MAYERSON, Deputy District Attorney, Los Angeles County; WILLIAM B. SAMBE, Attorney General co the U.S January 4, 1974 - February 6, 1975; EDWARD DAVIS, Chief of Folice, Los Angeles Police Department; DONALD H. SCOTT Chief of Police, San Francisco Police Department; DON HANSEN, Assistant Inspector, Inspectors' Bureau, San Francisco Police 10 Department; GARY KERN, Inspector, Inspectors Bureau, 11 San Francisco Police Department; JOHN M. PRICE, 12 District Attorney, Sacramento County: 13 GEOFFREY BURROUGHS, Chief Deputy District Attorney, Sacramento County; GARY BRODA, JAY R. STROH, Los Angeles Police Dept.; Chief of Police, Inglewood, California; EDWARD LEVI, Attorney General of the U.S.. EARL WHITMORE, Sheriff, San Mateo County; 19 EVELLE YOUNGER, 20 Attorney General, State of California; SAMUEL WILLIAMS, 21 Commissioner, Board of Police 22 Commissioners, City of Los Angeles; 23 Defendants. 24 25 26 27 28 29 30

The plaintiffs, by and through their attorneys, allege as follows:

INTRODUCTION

1. This is a civil rights action for money damages, for declaratory and injunctive relief, and for a writ of mandamus against federal and state officials to redress the deprivation of rights, privileges, and immunities secured to the plaintiffs by the Constitution and laws of the United States. More specifically, this action seeks relief with respect to defendants past and continuing practice of releasing incriminating, strongly implicative, and highly prejudicial leads, information and gossip to members of the press and the media with the specific intent and effect of infringing plaintiffs' right to a fair trial. Further, this action also seeks relief with respect to other unconstitutional and tortious acts of harassment, intimidation, and misconduct taken by defendants against plaintiffs.

JURISDICTION

- 2. This Court has jurisdiction over this suit under 28 U.S.C. \$\$ 1331, 1343, and 1361.
- 3. This suit arises under the Constitution of the United States, particularly the First, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, and Fourteenth Amendments thereto.
- 4. This suit also arises under the laws of the United States, and particularly 42 U.S.C \$\$ 1983, 1985, 1986, and 1988, and the provisions of Title 18 of the United States Code, including 18 U.S.C. \$\$ 2510-20.
- The amount in controversy in this suit exceeds \$10,000, exclusive of interest and costs.

PARTIES

<u>Plaintiffs</u>

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6. Plaintiffs Emily and William Harris are citizens of the United States and the State of California. Plaintiffs herein wer.

named defendants with Patricia Hearst, in charges filed by way of criminal complaint on May 22, 1974, by then Los Angeles District Attorney Joseph P. Busch, consisting of eighteen felony counts including charges of assault with intent to commit murder, assault with a deadly weapon, robbery, unlawfully taking a vehicle, and kidnaping. On October 2, 1975, said charges were superseded by an eleven count indictment returned by the Los Angeles County Grand Jury charging plaintiffs with kidnaping for the purpose of robbery, assault with a deadly weapon, armed robbery, and kidnaping Defendants

- 7. .Defendant Charles W. Bates is now and has been at all times material herein Special Agent in Charge of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in San Francisco, California.
- 8. Defendant Robert E. Gebhardt is now and has been at all times material herein Assistant Director in Charge of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Los Angeles, California.
- 9. Defendant Clarence Kelley is now and has been at all times material herein Director of the FEI.
- 10. Defendant L. Steele Langford is now and has been at all times material herein Chief of the Criminal Division of the United States Attorney's Office in San Francisco, California.
- 11. Defendant James L. Browning, Jr., is now and has been at all times material herein Assistant United States Attorney in San Francisco, California.
- 12. Defendant Robert L. Stevenson is now and has been at all times material herein public relations officer for the Justice Department in San Francisco, California.
- 13. Defendant Eric A. Nobles is now and has been at all times material herein Chief of the Criminal Division of the U.S. Attorney's Office in Los Angeles, California.
- 14. Defendant Dwayne Keyes is now and has been at all times material herein U.S. Attorney in Sacramento, California.

- 16. Defendant John Van de Kamp has been District Attorney for the County of Los Angeles since October 15, 1975.
- 17. Defendant Samuel Mayerson is now and has been at all times material herein Deputy District Attorney for the County of Los Angeles.
- 18. Defendant William B. Saxbe was Attorney General of the United States from January 4, 1974 through February 6, 1975.
- 19. Defendant Edward Davis is now and has been at all times material herein Chief of Police of the Los Angeles Police Department.
- 20. Defendant Donald H. Scott is now and has been at all times material herein Chief of Police of the San Francisco Police Department.

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- 21. Defendant Don Hansen, is now and has been at all times material herein an Assistant Inspector with the Inspectors' Bureau of the San Francisco Police Department.
- 22. Defendant Gary Kern is now and has been at all times material herein an Inspector with the Inspectors' Bureau of the San Francisco Police Department.
- 23. Defendant John M. Price is now and has been at all times material herein the District Attorney for Sacramento County
- 24. Defendant Geoffrey Burroughs is now and has been at all times material herein Chief Deputy District Attorney for Sacramento County.
- 25. Defendant GARY BRODA is now and has been at all times material hereinan officer of the Los Angeles Police Dept.
- 26. Defendant Jay R. Stroh is now and has been at all times material herein Chief of Police of Inglewood, California.
- 27. Defendant Edward Levi is now and has been at all times material herein Attorney General of the United States since February 7, 1975.

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28. Defendant Earl Whitmore is now and has been at all times material herein Sheriff of San Mateo County.

29. Defendant Evelle Younger is now and has been at all times material herein Attorney General of the State of California.

30.Defendant Samuel Williams is now and has been at all times material herein Commissioner of the Board of Police Commissioners of the City of Los Angeles;

31. The defendants identified in \$5.7 through 30 above are sued herein in their official or former official and individual capacities.

32. Other officials, officers, employees, members and agents of the U.S. Attorney's Offices in Los Angeles, San Francisco, and Sacramento, the FBI, the Police and Sheriff Departments of Los Angeles, San Francisco, Sacramento, San Mateo County and Inglewood, the District Attorney's Offices of Los Angeles and Sacramento, the Department of Justice, the State Attorney General' Office, and other local, state and federal governmental agencies engaged in the conduct described hereinafter, but the plaintiffs do not know at this time their identities. The plaintiffs hereby reserve the right to amend this complaint and to make said individuals named defendants at such time as their identities are ascertained.

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FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

33. This is a cause of action to rearess the deprivation of rights, privileges, and immunities secured to the plaintiffs by the Constitution and laws of the United States.

34. This cause of action is authorized by the First, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth and Fourteeath Amendments to the Constitution of the United States, by 18 USC \$52510-2520, and by 42 USC \$1983.

35. On May 20, 1974, the office of the United States
Attorney in Los Angeles filed complaints against plaintiffs Emily
and William Harris and Patricia Hearst alleging illegal possession
of automatic weapons in connection with an alleged shootcut in
Inglewood on May 16, 1974. Said complaints have been dismissed
without prejudice, but, based upon information and belief, substantial likelihood exists that/federal charges will be refiled
against plaintiffs.

36. On May 22, 1974, plaintiffs Harris and Patricia Hearst were charged by indictment by then Los Angeles District Attorney Joseph P. Busch with eight felony counts including charges of assault with intent to commit murder, assault with a deadly wespon, robbery, unlawfully taking a vehicle, and kidnaping.

37. On September 18, 1975, plaintiffs Harris, and Patricia Hearst and Wendy Yoshimura, were arrested by agents and employees of the FBI and San Francisco Police Department in San Francisco.

counts was returned by the Los Angeles County Grand Jury charging plaintiffs Harris, and Patricia Hearst, with kidnaping for the purpose of robbery, assault with a deadly weapon, armed robbery, and kidnaping for the purpose of robbery, assault with a deadly weapon, armed robbery, and kidnaping for the purpose of robbery, assault with a deadly weapon, armed robbery, and kidnaping. This case is presently set for trial on Pebruary 2, 1976 in the courtreom of the Honorable Mark Brandler in Los Angeles Superior Court, case no. A321099.

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9. Each of the defendants, their sents and employees and those acting in concert with them participated in and/or committee caused and/or promoted the conduct set forth below under the color and pretense of federal, state and local law, to wit, the statutes, ordinances, rules, regulations, rulings, customs, usages, practices, policies and/or authority of the united States, the District of Columbia, the 50 states, particularly the State of California, the City and County of Los Angeles and/or their departments, agencies, and offices.

40.At all times material herein, each of the defendants, their agents and employees and those acting in concert with them specifically intended to and did unlawfully, wilfully, knowingly, corruptly, maliciously, discriminatorily, arbitrarily, and in bad faith abrogate, usurp and misuse the power, authority, offices resources and jurisdiction of the government of the United States, the District of Columbia, the 50 states, particularly the State of California, the City and County of Los Angeles, and/or their departments, agencies and offices.

41.At all times material herein, the defendants, their agents and employees and those acting in concert with them acted palpably and manifestly outside their lawful jurisdiction and discretion, the lawful scope of their authority and their lawful line of duty.

42.Each of the defendants, their agents and employees and those acting in concert with them participated in and/or committed, caused and/or promoted the conduct set forth below in the Central District of California or knew or reasonably should have foreseen that said conduct would take place or cause effects upon plaintiffs in the Central District of California.

43.Beginning on or about May 20, 1974 and continuing through the present, defendants and each of them, and their agents.

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employees, and those acting in concert with them, whose identities are presently unknown to the plaintiffs, did unlawfully, wilfully, knowingly, corruptly, maliciously, discriminatorily, arbitrarily, in bad faith and contrary to their own standards, guidelines, rules, and regulations release, communicate, and disseminate incriminating, strongly implicative, and highly prejudicial leads, information, and gossip to members of the press, local and national television and radio, and other media with the specific intent to infringe and impair plaintiffs' right to a fair trial.

through the present, defendants and each of them, and their agents, employees, and those acting in concert with them, whose identities are presently unknown to the plaintiffs, did unlawfull; wilfully, knowingly, corruptly, maliciously, discriminatorily, arbitrarily, in bad faith and contrary to their own standards, guidelines, rules, and regulations release, communicate, and disseminate incriminating, strongly implicative, and highly prejudicial leads, information, and gossip to members of the press, local and national television and radio, and other media which has infringed and impaired and continues to infringe and impair plaintiffs' right to a fair trial.

45. Said leads, information and gossip have been and continue to be released, communicated, and disseminated by defendants and each of them in and about the City and County of Los Angeles, as well as throughout California by means of the press, local and national television and radio, and other media including but not limited to the Los Angeles Times, Los Angeles Hearld-Examiner, San Francisco Chronicle, San Francisco Examiner, New York Times, Chicago Tribune, Time, Newsweck, and the Rolling Stone.

46. Persons in and about the City and County of Los Angeles who comprise members of the jury panel for said trial scheduled to begin February 2, 1976, and, further, who comprise members of future jury panels in any subsequent federal and state criminal

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trials taking place for which plaintiffs will be criminal defendants in the City and County of Los Angeles have read, seen, heard and been informed of said leads, information, and gossip. Consequently, plaintiffs' constitutional right to a fair trial has been and continues to be impaired and infringed in that defendants' conduct has impaired and infringed and continues to impair and infringe plaintiffs' ability to obtain an impartial Jury, a speedy trial, and a trial held in the County of Los Angeles.

47. Because of defendants desire that plaintiffs not be tried merely upon evidence properly adduced at trial, but rather as notorious figures unworthy of constitutional protections guaranteed to all citizens, because of defendants' disdain for plaintiffs' political and personal philosophies, and because of the public discredit and ridicule sustained by defendants as the result of their inability to capture plaintiffs over a period of nineteen months, defendants and each of them have released, communicated, and disseminated said leads, information and gossip with the specific intent of arousing public prejudices against plaintiffs.

48. Defendants and each of them have released, communicated, and disseminated said leads, information, and gossip with the effect of arousing public prejudices against plaintiffs.

49.Defendants and each of them have released, communicated, and disseminated said leads, information, and gossip in concert with one another.

50. Said leads, information, and gossip include but are not limited to the following news items set forth below which have been disseminated to the general public and which directly or indirectly associate plaintiffs with crimes for which they have never been formally charged or indicted:

a. The murder of LAPD officer Michael Edwards. Officers.

released or leaked information which associated plaintiffs Harris and Patricia Hearst with the May 11, 1974 slaying of LAPD officer Michael Edwards. The resulting release or leak produced news items which included a prominently carried article in the Los Angeles Times under a headline entitled "LAPD Seeks To Link SLA," Police Death: " (Exhibit A);

Defendant Bates, his agents and employees released or leaked information which associated plaintiffs Harris with the sniper murder of Union City Police Chief William Cann. The resulting release or leak produced news items which included a prominently carried article in the Los Angeles Times under a headline entitled. "Attorney Issue Delays Harrises" Arraignment. " (Exhibit B);

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- c. The shotgun murder of Myrna Opsahl, a female customer during the course of a robbery. Agents of the FBI, defendant Keyes, defendant Burroughs, and agents, officers, and employees of the Sacramento Police Department released or leaked information which associated plaintiffs Harris with the shotgun murder of Myrna Opsahl during the course of an armed robbery at the Crocker National Bank in Carmichael. The resulting release or leak produced news items which included a prominently carried article in the Los Angeles Times under a headline entitled "Patty Hid Out 3 Konths In Sacramento." (Exhibit C);
- Jackson and school teacher Sally Vote. Defendant Bates, his agents and employees, and officers of the San Francisco Police Department released or leaked information which associated plaintiffs Harris with the murders of "Popeye" Jackson, prominent prison reformer, and Sally Vote, a school teacher. The resulting release or leak produced news items which included a prominently carried article in the Los Anteles Times under a headline entitled "Direct Hearst Link To Killing Denied." (Exhibit D);

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e. The assassination of Oakland school superintendent
Marcus Foster. Defendants Bates, Keyes, Davis, Mayerson, Williams
their agents, and agents, officers and employees of the FBI, San
Francisco Police Department and Los Angeles Police Department
released or leaked information which associated plaintiffs Harris,
in part by and through their public identification with the SLA
by defendants, with the assassination of Oakland school superintendent Marcus Foster. The resulting release or leak produced
news items which included a prominently carried article in the
Los Angeles Times under a headline entitled "SLA Plan To Trade
Patty For Two Suspects Told." (Exhibit E).

f. The proposed assassination of Oakland A's owner Charles
O. Finley. Defendants Bates, his agents and employees, and
officers, agents, and employees of the San Francisco and Los
Angeles Police Departments released or leaked information which
associated plaintiffs Harris, in part by and through their public
identification with the SLA by defendants, with an alleged proposed assassination of Charles O. Finley, owner of the Oakland
A's baseball team. The resulting release or leak produced news
items which included a prominently carried article in the Los
Angeles Times under a headline entitled "Hearst Broke With SLA,
Magazine Reports." (Exhibit F).

employees and agents of the FBI and the Los Angeles Police Department released or leaked information which associated plaintiffs.

Harris, by and through their public identification with the SLA, by defendants with an alleged plot to kidnap Kathleen Brown Rice, sister of Governor Brown of California and member of the Los Angeles Board of Education. The resulting release or leak produced news items which included prominently carried articles in the Los Angeles Times and San Francisco Examiner under the headlines entitled "SLA Sympathizers Plotted to Kidnap Brown's Sister" and "Governor's Sister SLA Kidnap Target" respectively. (Exhibit G);

h. The robbery of Guild Savings and Loan in Sacramento.

Officers, employees, and agents of the FBI, the District

Attorney's Office, United States Attorney's Office, and Police

Department in Sacramento, and the San Francisco Police Department

released or leaked information which associated plaintiffs Harris

with the February 25 robbery of \$3,729 from the Guild Savings and

Loan in Sacramento. The resulting release or leak produced news

items which included a prominently carried article in the Los

Angeles Times under a headline entitled "Patty, Harrises Enrolled

In College During Manhunt." (Exhibit H);

- i. The attempted pipe bombing of a San Francisco Police

 Department patrol car. Officers, agents, and employees of the

 San Francisco Police Department released or leaked information

 which associated plaintiffs Harris with an unexploded pipe bomb

 discovered under a patrol car behind the Mission District Station

 in San Francisco. The resulting release or leak produced news

 items which included a prominently carried article in the Los

 Angeles Herald-Examiner under a headline entitled "Harris Bombs

 Same As Cop Car." (Exhibit I);
- j. 23 bombings and one arson. Officers, agents, and employees of the FBI, the San Francisco Police Department, and the US Attorney's Office in San Francisco released or leaked information which associated plaintiffs Harris with 23 bombings and one arson for which an organization knwon as the New World Liberation Front has allegedly claimed responsibility. The resulting release or leak-produced news items which included a prominently carried article in the Los Angeles Herald-Examiner under a headline entitled "SLA Bombing Links Probed." (Exhibit J).
- k. Association with person presently charged with an execution-style double murder. Officers, agents, and employees of the Los Angeles Police Department and the FBI released or leaked information and photographs which associated plaintiffs

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Harris with a person presently charged with an execution-style double murder for which a 12-1/2 hour police siege was required. The resulting release or leak produced a published photograph of plaintiffs with said person and news items which included a prominently carried article in the Los Angeles Times under a headline entitled "Two More Suspects Sought in 'Execution' Slayings." (Exhibit K);

1. 2 Pacific Gas and Electric Company bombings which blacked out 35,000 homes on two occasions in the San Jose-Los Gatos area. Officers, agents, and employees of the FBI released or leaked information which associated plaintiffs Harris with 2 Pacific Gas and Electric Company bombings which blacked out 35,000 homes in the San Jose-Los Gatos area. The resulting release or leak produced news items which included a prominently carried article in the San Francisco Chronicle under a headline entitled "SLA Suspect in PG&E Bombings." (Exhibit L);

m. The abduction of Patricia Hearst. Defendants and their agents, employees and officers released or leaked information which associated plaintiffs with the abduction of Patricia Hearst The resulting release or leak produced news items which includes a prominently carried article in the Los Angeles Times under a headline entitled "Hearst Not Coerced, SLA Papers Say."

or The branding of plaintiffs' co-defendant as a common criminal by the Attorney General of the United States. Defendant Saxbe as Attorney General of the united States publicly branded plaintiffs Harris' co-defendant as a "common criminal". The resulting branding produced news items including a prominently carried article in the Los Angeles Times.

o. The branding of plaintiffs as members of a revolutionary group which want to overthrow our government and use the weapon of violence by the Director of the Fal.

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Defendant Kelley publicly branded plaintiffs by and through their public identification with the SLA by defendants as members of a "revolutionary group which wants to overthrow our government and use the weapon of violence." The resulting branding produced news items which included a prominently carried article in the Los Angeles Times under a headline entitled "Judge Denies Bail For Patty, Cites Her Views." (Exhibit N);

p. The branding of plaintiffs as members of a terrorist organization by the Attorney General of California. Defendant Younger publicly branded plaintiffs by and through their public identification with the SIA by defendants as members of "terrorist organization." The resulting branding produced news items which included a prominently carried article in the Los Angeles Times under a headline entitled "Younger Foresees More Acts By Terrorist Groups." (Exhibit 0);

The branding of plaintiffs as members of an organization consisting of persons who turned to terror, were alienated and by personal choice outlaws, committed to violence and to provoking an official institutional counter-violence, and who initiated a selfcorrupting spiral of over simplification and polarization and violence by the President of the Board of Police Commissioners in the City of Los Angeles. At a press conference attendant to release of a police report concerning a May 19 shootout by the LAPD against alleged members of the SLA, defendants Williams and Davis and their agents and employees released documents and photographs, including a press statement by defendant Williams, branding plaintiffs as members of an organization consisting of persons who "turned to terror", were "alienated and by personal choice outlaws were "committed to violence and to provoking an official institutional counter-violence", and who "initiated a self-corrupting sprial of over-simplification and polarization and violence. The resulting branding produced news items including a prominently

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carried article by the Los Angeles Times.

51. Further, said leads, information, and gossip include but are not limited to identification of the following items set forth below which have been released, leaked or disseminated by defendant Kelley, defendant Kern, defendant Bates, defendent Browning and officers, agents, and employees of the FBI, San Francisco Police Department, and US Attorney's Office in San Francisco to the general public detailing the alleged personal effects of plaintiffs recovered by the FBI and other law enforcement agencies as the result of a search and seizure which allegedly took place within the residences of plaintiffs and their 11 co-defendant Patricia Hearst 🎘 12

- 40 pounds of black powder explosive;
- Three .30 semi-automatic carbines;
- Two automatic shotguns;
- d. Two handguns;
- Two military type bandoliers;
- f. Pipe bombs;
- Five pounds of gunpowder;
- A half-dozen key-wound alarm clocks, four large batteries, and six foot-long lengths of two-inch pipe threaded at both ends, some of them capped;
 - Illegal firearms;
 - Two gas masks;
 - Two M-1 carbines;
 - A sawed-off shotgun;
 - Two .38 caliber revolvers; m.
 - A 9 mm. automatic pistol and two 9 mm. guns;
 - A large amount of ammunition:
 - A ski mask;
 - Three books from the University of California The Science of High Explosives, Explosives and Fuels, Explosives and Dyestuffs;

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r. An FBI publication titled The Science of Pinger-

s. A page from a notebook entitled 'Savings and Loun' and containing addresses;

t. A page removed from a looseleaf notchook titled
"B of A Marysville;"

u. A page with a diagram apparently showing the interior of a bank teller's window with notations of 'window and till, coins, cash drawer;

v. An unsent communique labelled a 'death warrant' addressed to the Black Liberation Army, the Black Guerilla Army, and the Black Guerilla Family and naming Maalik el-Maalik as the 'People's Enemy No. 1;'

w. A copy of 'The Anarchist Cookbook;'

x. An unsent communique with respect to a bank robbery in Carmichael Câlifornia.

52. The resulting releases, leaks, and dissemination produced news items including prominently carried articles in the Los Angeles Times. (Exhibit P).

53. Plaintiffs Harris have never been charged with possession of any of the items set forth in paragraph 51 above.

but are not limited to contents or portions thereof/seized but are not limited to contents or portions thereof/seized writings, documents, and manuscripts allegedly authored and/or in the possession of plaintiffs Harris or Patricia Hearst of an incriminating, strongly implicative, and highly prejudicial, nature. Said contents or portions thereof have been released, leaked, or disseminated to the general public by defendant Kelley, defendant Kern, defendant Bates, defendant Browning and officers, agents, and employees of the FBI, San Francisco Police Department, and United States Attorney's Office in San Francisco (Exhibit C).

55. Further, said leads, information and gossip includes but are not limited to gossip concerning the alleged

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personal philosophics and life styles of plaintiffs, and persons and groups such as the SLA, with which plaintiffs have been publicly identified by defendants. Said gossip has been released leaked, or disseminated to the general public by defendants, their agents, employees and officers. The resulting releases, leaks, and dissemination produced news items including prominently carried articles in the Los Angeles Times. (Exhibit R)

56. Said gossip described in paragraph 55 above includes but is not limited to prejudicial alleged photographs of plaintiffs, the dissemination of which was ordered by agents, officers and employees of the FBI. Said gossip also includes private correspondence from plaintiff Emily Harris to her parents, which was leaked and disseminated by agents, officers and employees of the FBI.

57. Further, said leads, information, and gossip include but are not limited to the contents or portions thereof of investigative reports, memoranda, and documents prepared by defendants, their agents and investigators with respect to plaintif and the alleged acts and events which will form the basis for the criminal charges for which plaintiffs are now scheduled to begin trial on February 2, 1976. Said contents or portions thereof were presented in sum or substance to the grand juries which returned indictments against plaintiffs, and should not have been disseminated to the public. Said contents or portions thereof, if in fact true and admissible at trial as porperly adduced evidence, should not have been disseminated prior to trial to members of the public from which plaintiffs' jury will ultimately be selected.

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58. Said contents or portions thereof described in paragraph 57 above have been released, leaked, or disseminated to the general public by officers, agents, and employees of the FDI, Los Angeles Police Department, Ingelwood Police Department, the Los Angeles District Attorney's Office, and the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department. The resulting releases, leaks, and dissemination produced highly prejudicial and incriminating news items to plaintiffs including prominently carried articles in the Los Angeles Times. (Exhibit S).

59. Defendant Bates publicly deplored said leaks described in paragraphs 57 and 58 above.

District Attorney's Office and investigators, officers and employees of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, in San Francisco and Los Angeles, Los Angeles Police Department, and Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department, released or leaked information to the general public which stated that between 12 and 20 witnesses [would] be called before the Grand Jury including William Buett. three of his employees, Thomas Dean Matthews, and Frank Sutter. The resulting release or leak produced news items including a prominently carried article in the Los Angeles Times under a headline entitle "LA Jury Indicts Patty, Harrises on 11 Counts" which quoted and summarized the alleged statements given to defendants and their investigators by said witnesses. (Exhibit T).

published in the Rolling Stone on October 25, 1975 entitled
"The Inside Story" was "essentially correct." (Exhibit U) Said
article strongly incriminated and prejudiced plaintiffs with
respect to the alleged criminal conduct for which plaintiffs
have been indicted with respect to their alleged personal
philosophies and life styles. Said statement produced news
items including a prominently carried article in the Los Angeles



Times under a headline entitled "Story on Patty, Scott Essentiall; Correct, US says." (Exhibit V).

- 62. Defendant Bates stated publicly that said Rolling Stone article "appear[ed] to be old stuff being rewaven together." Said statement produced news items including a preminently carried article in the Los Angeles Times. (Exhibit W).
- of stories in the San Francisco Chronicle linking plaintiff
 William Harris and his co-defendant Patricia Hearst to a bank
 robbery in Carmichael, California in which a woman was killed
 and an article in the Oakland Tribune connecting one of the
 plaintiffs Harris to Hearst's Ridnaping. Said statement produced
 news items including a prominently carried article in the Los
 Angeles Times under a headline entitled "Story on Patry, Scott
 Essentially Correct, US Says." (Exhibit V).
- 64. Defendants and each of them have released or leaked, or disseminated other information similar in character to the information described in paragraphs 43 through 63 above.
- 65. Defendants and each of them took the following actions against plaintiffs Harris:
- a. Subjecting their property, papers and effects to unreasonable searches and seizures, without warrants therefor:
 - b. Theft of their property, papers, and effects:
- c. Subjecting them to annoying and unnecessary surveillance;
- d. Subjecting them to unreasonable electronic surveillance, including interception of their telephone conversations and the bugging of their residences;
- e. Subjecting correspondence and mail addressed to them, addressed by them, sent to them, and sent by them to unreasonable search, seizure, and inspection while it was in transit in the United States mails;

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f. The compilation of information concerning them into dossiers maintained within the files of governmental departments, agencies, and offices, and the use of said information for purposes unrelated to legitimate governmental functions;

g. The implementation of Counterintelligence programs against plaintiffs, including but not limited to the FEI Cointelpro programs.

66.The conduct described in paragraphs 43 through 65 has irreparably injured the plaintiffs in that it has deprived them of rights secured to them by the United States Constitution and the laws of the United States.

67.By virtue of said conduct, and because the defendants promoted, encouraged, ordered, solicited, condoned, and ratified said conduct, the agents and employees of the United States government, of local Police Departments, and of local District Attorney Offices have been led to believe that they may engage in said conduct against plaintiffs with impunity and without fear of arrest, prosecution, conviction, discipline, or other unfavorable consequences.

68.Unless this Court declares that such conduct is unlawful and restrains the defendants, their agents, employees, successors, privies, and all persons acting in concert with them, from engaging in, promoting, soliciting or conspiring to commit such conduct or similar conduct against the plaintiffs, they will continue to suffer immediate and irreparable injuries for which they have no adequate remedy at law.

69. The plaintiffs are informed and believe that the allegations contained in paragraphs 39 through 68 are true, and they make said allegations on the basis of said information and belief.

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SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

70. This is a cause of action to redress a conspiracy and/or conspiracies to deprive the plaintiffs of rights, privileges and immunities, including the equal protection of the laws and equal privileges and immunities under the laws secured to them by the Constitution and laws of the United States.

71. This cause of action is authorized by the First, Fourth Pifth, Sixth, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth and Fourteenth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States, by 42 U.S.C. §§ 1983, 1985 and 1988 and by 18 U.S.C. \$\$ 2510-20.

72. During the period from on or about May 20, 1974 to the present in the City and County of Los Angeles, in San Francisco, in Sacramento, the defendants and each of them, and their agents and employees and those acting in concert with them, whose identities are presently unknown to plaintiffs, did unlawfully, wilfully, knowingly, corruptly, maliciously, discriminatorily, arbitrarily and in bad faith, combine, conspire, confederate and agree, together and with each other, to deprive the plaintiffs and each of them of the rights, privileges and immunities secured to them by the Constitution of the United States including the First, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth and Fourteenth Amendments thereto, and by the laws of the United States, including 18 U.S.C. \$5 2510-20, and of the equal protection of the laws and equal privileges and immunities under the laws, by means of the conduct and for the purposes described above in paragraphs 39 through 68 herein incorporated, all/the specific intent to do so.

73.As part of and in furtherance of said conspiracy, and for the specifically intended purpose and with the effect of achieving its objects, one or more of said defendants, their agents and employees and those acting in concert with them, acting separately and in concert in the City and County of Los Angeles in San Francisco, in Sacramento, and elsewhere,

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unlawfully, wilfully, knowingly, corruptly, maliciously, discriminatorily, arbitarily, and in bad faith and without probable, reasonable or any legitimate cause therefor committed, aided and abetted, caused, ordered, authorized, financed, solicited, encouraged, approved, consented to, condoned and/or otherwise promoted, with specific intent to do so, the conduct set forth above in paragraphs 39 through 68, among others.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

74. This is a cause of action to redress neglect and refusal to prevent a conspiracy to deprive the plaintiffs of their rights secured to them by the Constitution, including the equal protection of the laws and equal privileges and immunities under the laws, and by the laws of the United States, and to prevent the degrivation of such rights.

75. This cause of action is authorized by the First, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution, by 42 U.S.C. \$\$ 1983, 1985, 1986 and 1988, and by 18 U.S.C. \$\$ 2510-20

76. The plaintiffs reallege and incorporate by this reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 39 through 68 of the First Cause of Action and paragraphs 70 through 73 of the Second Cause of Action.

27. The defendants each had knowledge of said conspiracy and each had the duty and the lower to prevent or aid in preventing said wrongs and acts that were the objects of the conspiracy.

78. Said defendants and each of them, each unlawfully, wilfully, knowingly, corruptly, maliciously, discriminatorily, arbitrarily and in bad faith neglected and refused to prevent craid in preventing the commission of said wrongs and acts.

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79. Defendants and each of them did act with flagrant, wanton, and malicious disregard for the rights of the plaintiffs and in doing did deprive and deny the plaintiffs of their constitutional rights under the First, Pourth, Fifth, Sixth, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, and Fourteenth Amendments all to plaintiffs damage in a sum not capable at this time of being fully calculated, but not less than \$15,000,000 and further entitling plaintiffs to punitive and exemplary damages of \$15,000,000.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the plaintiffs pray for judgment as follows:

- 1. That defendants be summoned to appear and answer herein and that plaintiffs have judgment for their damages, costs of suit and each other and further relief as they may show themselves justly entitled to receive:
- 2. For a declaration that the defendants engaged in the conduct alleged in this complaint against the plaintiffs, and that such conduct was and is unlawful and unconstitutional.
- 3. For a permanent injunction restraining the defendants, their agents, employees, successors, privies and all persons acting in concert with them, from engaging in any way in the conduct set forth in this complaint or conduct similar thereto against either of the plaintiffs.

DATED: January 5, 1976.

Respectfully submitted,

MARK ROSENBAUM
FRED OKRAND
JILL JAKES
MARY ELLEN GALE
VIRGINIA SLOAN
LEONARD I. WEINGLASS
RUTH ASTLE
Attorneys for Plaintiffs, EMILY
HARRIS and WILLIAM HARRIS

By: MARK ROSERBAGH

Plaintiffs hereby demand a trial by jury.

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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE
EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA

Alexandria Division

ELIZABETH ANN NORTON
2238 Market Street
Wheeling, West Virginia 26003,

Plaintiff

v.

JOHN TURNER and One Other Unknown Alexandria Police Detective Alexandria Police Department Alexandria, Virginia

SERVE: John Turner
Alexandria Police Department
Alexandria, Virginia

Chief of Police,
City of Alexandria
Alexandria Police Department
Alexandria, Virginia
On Behalf of Unknown
Police Detective

and

ROBERT O'BRIEN and Three Other Unknown Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation Alexandria Field Office Alexandria, Virginia

SERVE: Robert O'Brien
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Alexandria Field Office
300 North Lee Street
Alexandria, Virginia

Director, Alexandria Field Office
Federal Bureau of Investigation
300 North Lee Street
Alexandria, Virginia
On Behalf of Three Unknown
Agents of the Federal Bureau
of Investigation

and

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

SERVE: United States Attorney
for the Eastern District of
Virginia
Office of the United States Attorney
Alexandria, Virginia

CIVIL ACTION NO.

COMPLAINT

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

ALLANGO, VINGINIA 233
ALLANGO, VINGINIA 233
WARNINGTON, D. C. POSSS
YEL 624 2333

Attorney General of the United
States
Department of Justice
Washington, D.C.
By Registered Mail,

Defendants.

I. JURISDICTION

1. Jurisdiction of this Honorable Court is attained pursuant to the Fourth, Fifth, Ninth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution, 42 U.S.C. \$1983, and 28 U.S.C. \$51331, 1332, 1343, and 1346(b). Pendent jurisdiction is also attained under state law. The amount in controversy exceeds \$10,000.00.

II. PARTIES

- 2. Plaintiff Elizabeth Ann Norton is now a resident of Wheeling, West Virginia and a citizen of the United States. At the time of the events complained of below, she was a resident of Alexandria, Virginia, the situs of the actions complained of.
- 3. John Turner is a Detective in the Alexandria Police Department. He, and another member of the Alexandria Police Department, whose name has not been ascertained at this time, participated in the events described below. Both police agents are sued in their individual capacities for actions committed under color of state law.
- A. Robert O'Brien and the three unknown Federal agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation are the four agents known to have participated in the events described below. Except for defendant O'Brien, their exact identities are not known at this time, but upon ascertainment pursuant to discovery will be supplied. They are sued in their individual capacity as agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, an agency of the United States.

5. The United States is a Federal sovereign amenable to suit pursuant to the Federal Torts Claim Act, 28 U.S.C. \$2675, et seq., as amended, and for illegal actions committed in violation of the Constitution of the United States.

III. NATURE OF ACTION

Plaintiff brings this action for monetary and declaratory relief in order to redress injuries suffered by her as a result of the grievous and wanton conduct of the aforenamed defendants in illegally breaking into plaintiff's apartment in a search for the then fugitive Patricia Hearst. The defendants involved in the actual break-in were acting upon unreliable and sketchy information. The entry into plaintiff's apartment by the defendants involved was performed without proper identification, without a warrant, with excessive force, with wanton disregard for the safety and well-beling of the plaintiff, all of which were motivated in part by the Pederal Bureau of Investigation's continuing embarrassment over its failure to apprehend Patricia Hearst. As will be described in the following, these actions violated plaintiff's rights under the Fourth, Fifth and Ninth Amendments to the United States Constitution as well as under 42 U.S.C. \$\$1983, 1985, and the Virginia Constitution and State

IV. CAUSES OF ACTION

7. At approximately 10:10 o'clock P.M. on March 15, 1975, plaintiff, a single woman, who, because of her roommate's absence was at the time living alone, heard a knock at her Alexandria, Virginia apartment door and the voice of a male demanding entrance and claiming to be from the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Plaintiff then requested the following information from the person or persons at the door:

ALCANDRIA, VINGINIA 23313 ALCANDRIA, VINGINIA 23313 185 WARHINGTON SVILCING, N. V. WARHINGTON, D. C. 20005 asked for a warrant, that identification be placed under the door, and that a telephone number be given to verify the fact that the individual or individuals were who they said they were. These requests were refused.

- 8. Plaintiff then moved to the telephone which is approximately five (5) feet from the door in order to call the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Plaintiff had the telephone number of the Federal Bureau of Investigation next to her telephone because just the week before a Federal Bureau of Investigation agent had visited her apartment concerning her roommate's husband. Plaintiff also responded that without identification she would not let the agents in.
- 9. Someone responded by saying, "Knock it down," and someone started to pound on the door. Plaintiff became hysterical and unlocked the door.
- 10. Six to eight men dressed in plain clothes came through the door with riot guns and other weapons. Some of the weapons were directed at plaintiff. Some of the men wore suits, some sport shirts and slacks, and some were dressed as "hippies." Plaintiff again requested a warrant. There was no response to her request.
- the apartment opening cupboards, drawers, and going into the bedroom and bathroom. During this period, plaintiff noticed two men by the door at all times with riot guns and one man stood by her at all times, blocking her exit.
- 12. Finally, an agent asked, "Where is he?" Plaintiff was hysterical and could not respond. She thought that the man meant her roommate's husband about whom she was questioned the week before.
- 13. After searching the apartment, all the agents gathered around plaintiff in a menacing and threatening manner

and told her then that they had a report that Patricia Hearst was in the apartment and further inquired whether plaintiff knew it was a felony to harbor a known criminal.

- 14. About fifteen (15) minutes after the men entered the apartment, badges were flashed, but despite a request no warrant was shown her. The agents continued to ask plaintiff questions about Patricia Hearst, the SLA and plaintiff scroommate They demanded that she produce a picture of her roommate which she did. The agents did not take the picture.
- asked her more questions about male and female visitors including boyfriends. She was asked about the criminal records of various parties. She was also asked about the previous Federal Bureau of Investigation's investigation concerning her roommate's husband. One agent went through the desk which was in the living room.
- 16. After some time, two other men entered the apartment ment relating that they had interviewed people in the apartment building, particularly one tenant. The agents asked plaintiff about previous trouble she had with that tenant. The agents then left the apartment without attempting to settle plaintiff, who remained hysterical throughout this whole process, and without apologizing.
- 17. The raiding party upon the apartment included the four Federal Bureau of Investigation agents referred to above as well as the two Alexandria Police officers named as defendants in this matter.
- 18. The above-described entry was made by the police officers involved without proper investigation of the occupants of plaintiff's apartment. Further, the Federal Bureau of Investigation knew, or should have known, the identity of the



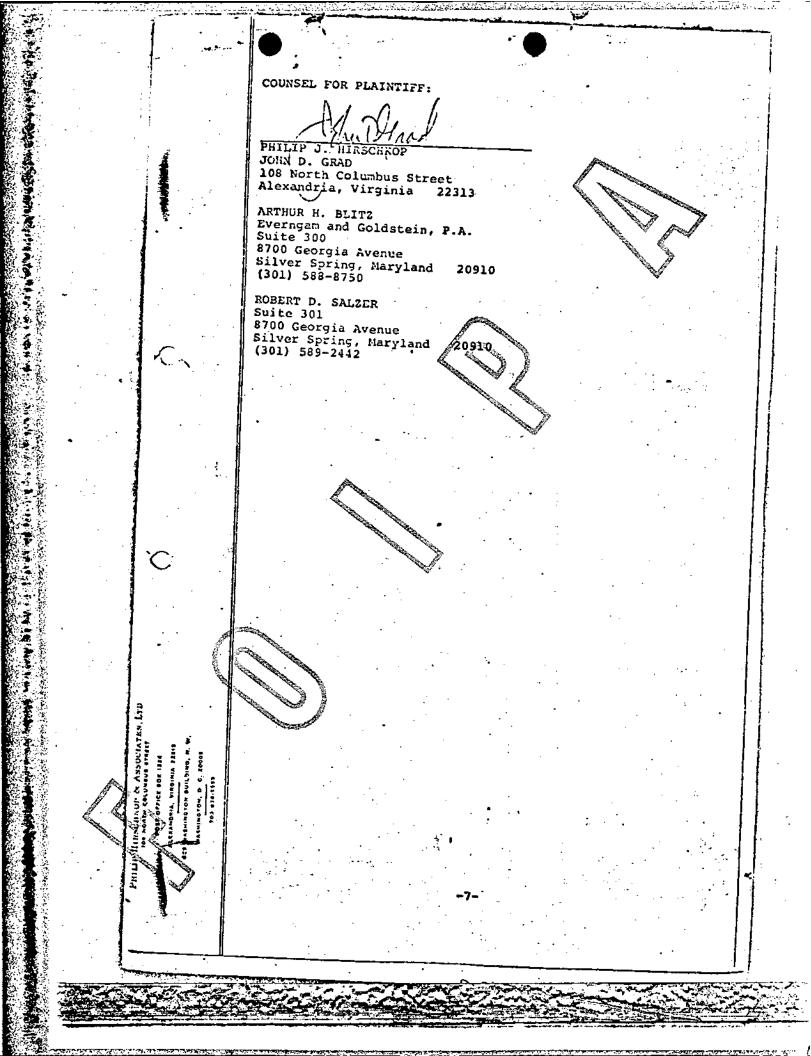
occupants of that apartment as they had been there one week before on another matter.

- 19. The afore-described events, including entry and search without a proper warrant, use of force, brandishment of weapons, failure to properly identify themselves and the unlawful detainment of plaintiff violated plaintiff's right to freedom from unwarranted intrusion guaranteed her by the Fourth, Fifth, Ninth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.
- 20. The above-described actions of the officers who raided her apartment constituted false imprisonment, assault, batter and illegal entry in violation of Virginia law, Virginia Code Section 19.2-59 (1950, as amended).
- 21. The above-described actions of the Alexandria Police defendants under color of state law operated to deprive her of the rights, privileges and immunities guaranteed her by the Constitution and the laws of the United States.
- 22. As a result of the foregoing, plaintiff has suffered severe emotional distress, humiliation and embarrassment. She has also suffered physically, being unable to work, needing medical treatment and she continues to date to suffer all of the foregoing.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff prays for the following relief:

- 1. Compensatory damages in the amount of ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND (\$100,000.00) DOLLARS.
- 2. Punitive damages in the amount of TWO HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND (\$250,000.00) DOLLARS.
- 3. Judgment of the Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §2201 declaring the aforestated actions complained of to be illegal and in violation of plaintiff's Constitutional rights.
 - Respectfully submitted,

 ELIZABETH ANN NORTON,



TELEVAL CURTAU OF INVESTIGATION -Dop.-A.D.-Adm. COMMUNICATIONS SECTION Dep.-A.D.-Inv. Asst. Dir.: FFB 25 1978 Admin. Comp. Ext. Aft IR 805 PH CODE Gen. Inv 3:50 PM NITEL FZB. 25, 1976 JER 4 Idesa Inspection Intelle TAIRE OF UR (7-15200) Laboratory Plan. & Eval. 4N /FRANCISCO - (7-655) Spec. Inv. -Training FROM: PALADELPHIA (7-1299) (SQ9) (P) Legal Coun. Telephone Rm. Director Sec'y ATTN: .GID-INTD, EXTERNAL AFFAIRS HEAR HAP OU : SAN FRANCISCO UN FEBRUARY 25, 1976, U.S. ATTORNEY (USA), JOHN S. COTTUNE, MDPA., SCRANTON, PA., ADVISED RE IS EXTREMELY DESIR OUS OF CETAINING "EVERY WORD SAID UNDER WATH" BY PATRICIA LEARST DURING HER BANK ROBBERY TRIAL AT SAN FRANCISCO. USA CUTTONE STATED THIS INFO WILL BE USED TO FURTHER THE HARBORING ASPECT AGAINST JACK AND MICKI SCOTT. SAN FRANCISCO AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.: WILL ATTEMPT TO CETAIN TRIAL TRANSCRIPT RE LEARST'S TEST MONY AND FORWARD TO PHILA. CA-110 1-15200-7599 Sec. EAD SJP FBING CLR FAR Z MAR 2 1976

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SF 7-855 MAH:LMR 67C

The enclosed letter is being furnished to the Bureau in the event they should receive similar letters from this individual.

An information copy is being furnished Los Angeles inasmuch as is in their Division.

Er. Clarence M. Helley Director Er. Charles Bates Special Agent in Charge F.W.I. San Francisco, California

Dear Wr. Helley Dear Wr. Bates:

RE: FBI Special Agents JOHN J. SCHREIBER, JAHES C. ECHOLE. LAURENCE LAULER, ROBERT V. SPENCER II, MONTE HADE & Others Unline

COMPLAINT Against JOHN J. SCHREIBER, and Others Unknown: MONTE HAIL, ROLERT V. SPENCER II - San Francisco FEI Agents.

on reb. 10th, 1976, these 5 above hamed FBI agents, and others, appeared in the Department 134 courtmoon of Los Angeles Superior Courtudge Mark BRANDLER. They were ceated in the hallway, or standing which is on the 15th floor of the L.A. Criminal Courts Bldg., Temple and Broadway. Other newsmedia personnel, and L.A. County Sheriff's deputies were also present.

There 5 PBI agents testified during pretrial motions in the case of WILLIAM HARRIS and RULLY MARRIS.

I am a Los Angeles based freelance newswriter, and I had occasion to ask Agent ECHRETELR just exactly how he spells his name. "Shat's yours?" agent SCHRETELR said rudely. I told him my name was and he asked for newsmedia identification. I pulled out a Hollywood Press identification card which included my photograph a name. He looked it it, and he gave me a dirty look, and then he and another FBI agent walked off down the hall. I told him that I worked to write to FBI Director CLARENCE RELLEY and complain about his but he indicated he didn't care.

Another rode individual in this group is ROBDET SPENCER.
SPENCER tostified he was ROBERT (Something) SPENCER II. I asked
Er. SPENCER, a male, cauc. with reddish hair, if he said his middle
name was "B as in BANER" or "V as in VICTOR"? "Can't you hear well'
SPENCER said rudely.

SFENCER testified that he is normally assigned to "applicati" investigations, and had not been on the Patty HLARST squad. If this i what is investigating applicants, then I suspect the applicatints of the worst quality are going to be cleared.

What I don't like about HALL is that he gave me's threatening look when I took a picture of h an individual emerging from the controom. INTEXEN HALL said he is against photographers taking his picture, even though he is appearing in a newsworthy setting and was a newsmaker.

7-15200 - 7600

 Williams of photographed, and if he as, it was only his - backside and bald, head.

On Jan. 20th, 1976, in Dept. 134, in that same hallway and in that same courtroom, towards the end of the JOSEFH REMIRO and RUCL BITTLE trial, before Judge A. ROGE BIGELOW, I ran into cimilar "dirty looks" from persons affliated with the SLA membership.

Just as MALL and SPENCER complained about my camera, so did ROLLER HOOD of Caklard, and STUART HANLON, the "logal runner" for LITTLE and REMIRO.

There were also two girls, who appeared to be friends of HANDCH-they sat in Seat No. 26 and 27 on Jan. 20th in the afternoon (the Sheriff's keep a log of all persons coming into the hearing as well a photographing them) -- and these girls disliked my taking their picture

It seems as though the newsmakers in the SLA case, whether friemenployees of the z Central Intelligence Agency on the left (SLA) or the right-wing (FBI) don't want to be photographed.

Prior to seeing a camera, Agent HAEL had been much nicer than SCHREIBER, and SCHREIBER's friend, and SEENCER.

Agent LAMMER did not behave in a unprofessional manner; nor did Special Agent JAMES C. ECHOLS, who appears to be the brightest of the fabulous 15.

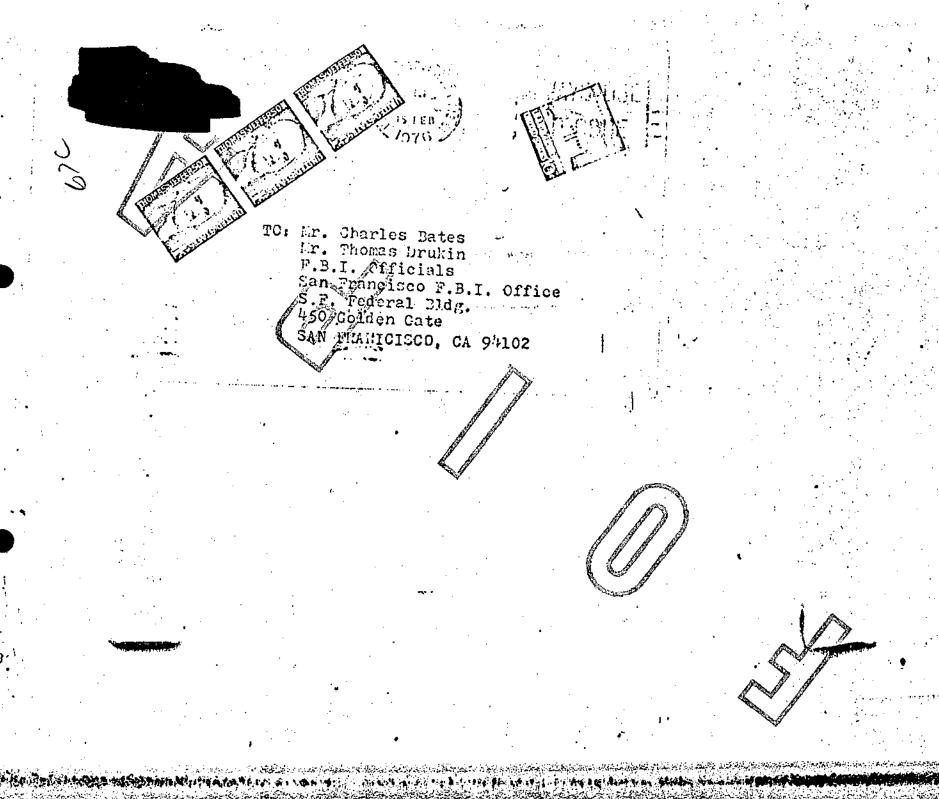
Questions that were asked of the FBI agents, of which they said nothing, were:

- -What do you think of the fact that SARAY MOORE was taken to the John Birch gun dealer by Special ATF agent Charles SARAMAT, and that the ATF helped SARA get out of jail after Secret Service-FBI-SFFD were on to her?
- -What do you think of the fact that Lee HARVEY COWALD appears to reported to Special FBI Agent WARREN C. DuBREYS of the Counterintelli Division 5. anti-Castro unit for several years prior to the 11/22/03 assassination of Pres. HENNEDY.
 - -What do you think of the possibility that SIRMAN B. SIRMAN reported to Special FBI Agents WAYNE SRAW, TED A'MERN, RICHARD BLOSSE and RICHARD SURRIS prior to the June, 1968 assassination of BOSEY LEW (No personal attack is meant against these agents, but facts are fact

-And, what about EDMARD BIRCH, the mysterious former FBI agent who was identified in a book, THE GLASS HOUSE TAPES, by Donald Freed and others, of having planned sabotage as part of Squad 19 at the 1972 Democratic Mational Convention. BIRCH now works for Occidental Perpoleum, despite the fact that the Justice Department is prosecutive ARIAND HASTER for various crimes.

In any caco, Mr. HELLEY/BATES, I don't feel that SCHREEER and particularly SFEMCED Jr. exemplified the high standards that FEI Agents in Los angeles, such as brave special agent JACH BLAIR of the Department's organized crime section, show when dealing with the public.

SIGNED



BACE, Los Angeles - Enc." Sacramento - and Philadelphia - Mag. Sen Francisco Portland - Inc.

Director, 881 7-15200-7600

рожо. 3/6/76

Inclosed for your office is one copy of Department of Justice monorandum dated 2/19/76 requesting electronic surveillance information in accordance with appointe questions set forth in the enclosed mesorandum

conduct check in order to acress specific constions in exclosed mecoration and Criminal Division memorandum. 4/15/45, farmished field 5/2/69. May answers to correspond with quastions A through F. If results reveal positive inforwation, insure playephone sources mentroring individuals involved are identified to the Eureau.

Recolving Offices check captioned individual. satel your response to reach mirona by COS 3/8/76. positive, submit logs and partiment documents by sirtal. JLB:bkh ROOM 3067

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TELETYPE UNIT

Memorandum

: Director Federal Bureau of Investigation DATE: February 19, 1976 RLT:ALH:GLG:DHH:mlm

Richard L. Thornburgh Assistant Attorney General Craminal Division

SUBJECT: Ja Weiner

TO

Jay Weiner has been subpoenaed to appear before the United States District Court for the Northern District of California to testify for the prosecution in the case of United States v. Patricia Campbell Hearst. under the provisions of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 6002 and 6003, will be granted the witness; it is considered likely that a motion claiming illegal electronic surveillance will be filed on his behalf.

In order to meet this challenge it is essential we be furnished with all electronic surveillance available to you regarding Jay Weiner. Therefore it is requested that we be advised if he has been overheard on any electronic surveillance or if any premises known to be owned, leased, or licensed by him have been monitored during the course of any electronic surveillance conducted by your Service. This information should include any surveillance where he may have consented thereto, as well as any surveillance conducted pursuant to Title III of Public Law 90-351.

Mr. Weiner, born July 2, 1954 at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, resides at 1102 Elbridge Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Please address your response to Mr. Alfred L. Hantman, Acting Chief, General Crimes Section, Criminal Division, Attention: Mr. David H. Hopkins. In view of the time limits involved, it would be appreciated if you would telephonically contact Mr. David H. Hopkins, 739-4439, upon completion of your response so that arrangements can be made for a messenger to pick up the response from your bureau.//

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DIRECTK (7-15200)

WEW YORK (7-1976)

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ATTN: INTO AND GID

·HEARNADO UU: ST.

Paul Kenneth Hoch, Aka, en - Sla.

RE-SAN FRANCISCO TELETYPE TO BUREAU AND NEW YORK,

FEBRUARY TO, 1976, AND SAN REANCISCO TEL CALL TO NEW YORK,

FEBRUARY 19, 1976.

RE: TESTIMONY OF PATRICIA HEARST. A BY TELETY PE DATED 2/19/76, FBI SAN FRANCISCO ADVISED: USA BROWNING TODAY QUESTIONED PATRICIA HEARST

REGARDING THE LOCATION OF THE FAMHOUSE AT JEFFERSONVILLE,

NEW YORK. HEARST STATED THEY WENT TO THIS FARNHOUSE FROM THE

FARMHOUSE AT HUNESDALE, PENNSYLVANIA, IN WENDY YOSHIMURA'S CAR.

THE FARMHOUSE AT JEFFERSONVILLE WAS RENTED BY MICKI SCOTT AND

IS "NEXT TO JEFFERSONVILLE, NEW YORK." ACCORDING TO PATRICIA

HEARST THE FARM WAS A CREAMERY AND APPARENTLY THE OWNER BUILT A

ONE ROOM NEW FARMHOUSE ON THE PROPERTY. IT IS NOT BELIEVED THAT

THE CREAMERY WAS ALTERED, BUT THIS IS NOT KNOWN. ACCORDING

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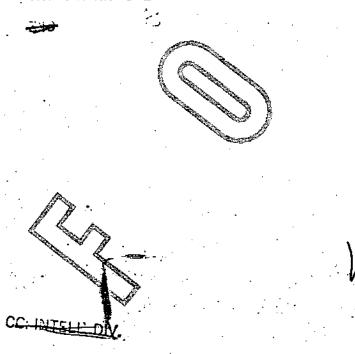
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TO THE TESTIMONY, THEY STAYED THERE FOR TWO MONTHS, AND THEN
RETURNED TO THE HONESDALE FARMHOUSE FOR TWO WEEKS. AT THAT
TIME PATRICIA HEARST, JACK SCOTT, AND SCOTT'S DOG LEFT IN A VAN
FOR LAS VEGAS, THIS TRIP LASTING THREE OR FOUR DAYS. HEARST STATED SHE MET
PAUL HECK

IT MAY BE NOTED THAT THE CAR PROBABLY SEING OPERATED BY WENDY YOSHIMURA DURING THE PERTINENT PERFOD IS A 1966 RED VOLKSWAGEN AND AT THAT TIME IT PROBABLY HAD NEW JURSEY PLATES VRM 867.

FOLLOWING HEARST'S TESTAMONY, AGENTS DISCUSSED THIS
MATTER WITH HER ATTORNEYS WHO ADVISED THEY DID NOT KNOW WHERE
THE FARMHOUSE WAS AND DOUBTED IF PATRICIA HEARST COULD FIND
THE FARMHOUSE.



PERSONAL GROWAU DE INVESTIGATION COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

TELETYPE

NRWSINY CODE ON NY825

1:08AM URGENT FEBRUARY 20. P976 GAB

TO: DIRECTOR, FAI AND SAC'S

NEW HAVEN

PHILADELPHIA

SAN FRANCISCO

FROM: ADIC, NEW YORK

HEARNAP (99: SAN FRANCISCO)

PAUL-K. HOCH SM-SLA---

REF NY TEL FEBRUARY 19. 1976 CAPTIONED PAULEHOCK AND NY TEL CALLS TO SAN FRANCISCO, PHILADELPHIA, AND NEW HAVEN.

JEFFERSONVILLE. NEW YORK WHICH IS BELIEVED TO HAVE HOUSED HEARNAP "FUGITIVES, AND "MICKY AND JACK SCOTT.

THIS FARMHOUSE IS IN A REMOTE AREA AND IS DESCRIBED AS A ONE ROOM DWELLING RECENTLY BUILT OVER A DEFUNCT MILK CREAMERY LOCATED IN MOUNTAINN OUTSIDE JEFFERSONVILLE NEW YORK. FARMHOUSE IS PRESENTLY DESERTED AND IS OCCUPIED ONLY AS WEEKEND RESIDENCE BY

AND THA NERENBERG

570

NEIGHBORHOOD INVESTIGATION ABOVE FARMHOUSE NOTES WERERBERG'S TO A TOME AS AT EAR AND NEIGHBORS IDENTIFIED RED VOLKSWAGON BELONGING TO WENDY YOSHIMURA AT ABOVE FARMHOUSE. NYO INDICES NEGATIVE NYO RECIPIENT OF NUMEROUS PRESS INQUIRES RE: LOCATION OF FARMHOUSE.

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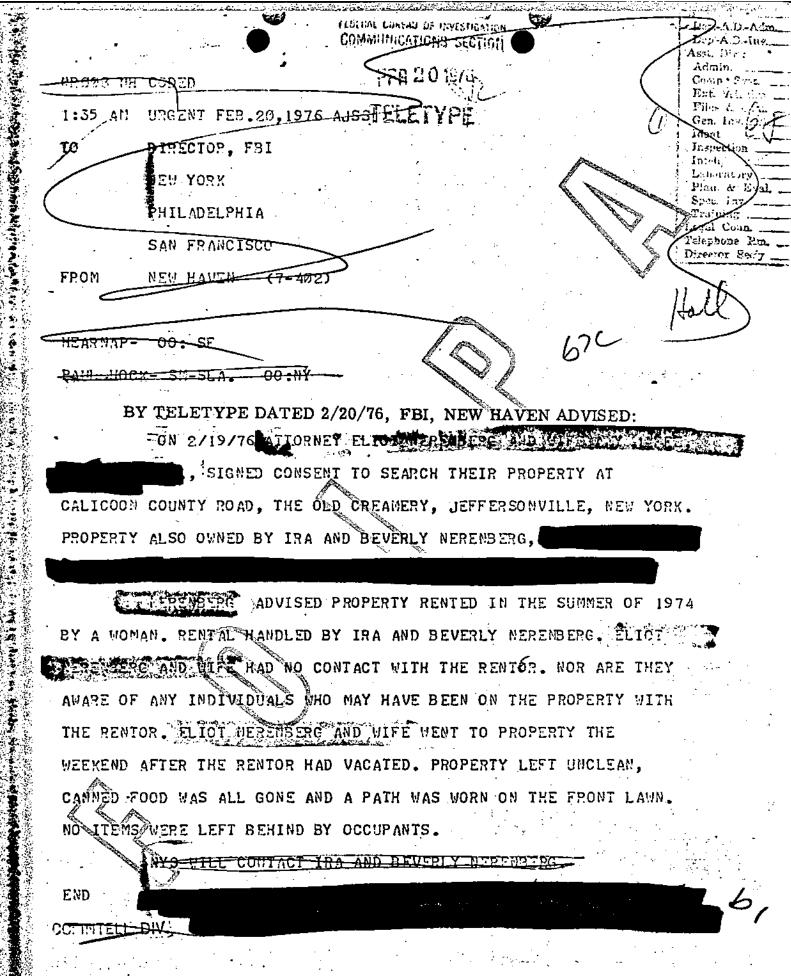
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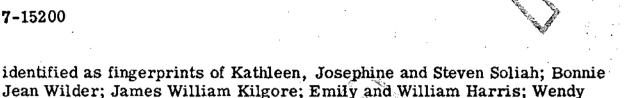


UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Memorandum Fur. Affinies MR. ASH 🔂 DATE: February 23, 1976 E F. Johnson Legal Cour SUBJECT: HEARNAP: KATHLEEN ANN SOLIAH: MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN: LATENT PRINT TESTIMONY Name of Specialist(s) Donald F. McBride & Ronald S. Hurt Los Angeles, California 🌡 <u> € Date</u> <u>2-18/</u>20-76 Location Oakland, California Testified: No (If no explain in Remarks:) IX TYes Type of Court: Federal X State Other (specify ____ Judge Lionel J. Wilson Prosecuting Attorneys Michael D. Marcus & Jeff Horner Defense Attomey Joseph Bortin (subject's father) Trial by: [X] Other (type Grand_Jury ☐ Jury [X] Judge Specimen(s) retained by court Photographs of latent prints and inked prints of Soliah To be returned by Inked prints of Soliah by Mr. Marcus TP FFF Results of Trial Still in progress at time of departure Will be advised by Mr. Marcus & Mr. Horner Date 2/21/76 Time 5:00 PM Arrived in Washington Remarks: On 2/18/76 McBride & Hurt testified before the Los Angeles County California grand jury. McBride testified that latent prints from a closet containing explosives and firearms at 288 Precita Avenue, San Francisco, California, were identified as fingerprints of Soliah. Hurt testified that latent plints developed on an Army Firearms Manual, from this same closet, were 7型5200 (CONTINUED OVER) #A-84715

Memorandum to MR. ASH

Hearman: Kathleen Ann Soliah: Michael Alexander Bortin;

7-15200



On 2-19 and 20-76 McBride and Hurt testified in Oakland. California, at a parole revocation hearing for Bortin. McBride testified that latent prints developed on numerous documents recovered from residences at 288 Precita Avenue and 625 Morse Street, San Francisco, California, were identified as fingerprints of Bortin; Hearst; both Harrises; Yoshimura; Steve and Josephine Soliah; Kilgore; Steven Doyle Murphy; and Emily J. Toback. Hurt testified that latent prints developed on a Guns & Politics Magazine, recovered from 288 Precita Avenue were identified as fingerprints of Bortin.

Masako Yoshimura; and Patricia Campbell Hearst.

The aforementioned residences were used by Hearnap subjects while in the San Francisco area.

The hearing in Los Angeles, California, for Soliah was for the purpose of obtaining an indictment on Soliah for possession of explosive devices, attempted murder and bombing of local police vehicles.



1-336 (Rev. 7-16-73) **禁**9BUREAU Washington, D. C. 20537 **REPORT** 8 DELLE IDENTIFICATION DIVISION LATENT FINGERPRINT SECTION YOUR FLE NOREC-42 7-1976 March 1, 7-15200 -FBI FILE NO. A-84715 LATENT CASE NO. SAC, New York HEARMAP RE: Airtel 2-24-76 EQUESTED BY: New York REFERENCE: EXAMINATION REQUESTED BY: Twelve sections of New York Times newspapers SPECIMENS: No latent prints of value developed on specimens. Specimens being returned under separate cover. Dap. AD Adm Dep. AD Inv. zat. Olen , Comp. Syst. Ent. Affaire - San Francisco (7-855) SA Elroy Anthony Jeh Pá Rm 5048 DFM:djm 6

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION LATENT FINGERPRINT SECTION WORK SHEET Recorded: Reference No: 1:15 p.m. ji Latent Case No. - 15200 7603 Received: Answer 0: Shu, Well York Examination requested by: Addressee 1-SA ELROY ANTHONY Copy to: 2 - SAC, SAN FRANCISCO 7-855 ROOM 5048 JEH HIARIAP Date of reference communication: Airtel 2/24/76 Specimens: 12 sections of Mer York Times" NEWSPAPERS. Al -> A/2 Liamed Suspects: DATED 7/74+ 8/74 PHUL HUCH THE SHEET JAUN SCOTT HICKI SCOTT Result of examination: Examination by: Hobride Specs proced W Faroned 2-27-76 WW Evidence noted by: No lets of value N No SN-because of age of specs-OK per GR specs ret'd NY sep cover

Examination completed $\frac{932 \text{AM}}{\text{Time}}$ $\frac{2-37-76}{\text{Date}}$ Dictated $\frac{2-27-76}{\text{Date}}$

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Dup-A.I. - Inv. Asst Rir ITRAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Admin. COMMUNICATIONS SECTION Contp. Sest FFR 24 1970 LA CZE TELETYPE Lab critory NRALOCS LA 1 Plan & Eval 3:47 PM NITEL 2-24-76 JMG DIRECTOR (7-15205) Director Sec'y SAN FRANCISCO (7-855) LOS ANGELES (7-1627) (P) ATTH: GID, INID & OFFICE OF LEGAL COUNSELS HEARNAP . OO: SAN FRANCISCO. LOS ANGELES TRIAL OF WILLIAM AND EMILY HARRIS A PRE-TRIAL MOTION HAS BEEN FILED BY EDWARD A . RUCKER . PUBLIC DEFENDER, AND ADVISOR FOR WILLIAM HARRIS, TO SUPPRESS IN-QUET IDENTIFICATION. HARRIS HAS MOVED THE COURT TO SUPRRESS THE TESTIMONY OF ALL EYEWITNESSES ON THE GROUNDS THAT SUCH TESTIMONY WAS TAINTED BY A PRESTRIAL PHOTOGRAPHIC PROCESS WHICH DEPRIVED HIM OF DUE PROCESS OF LAW AS GUARANTEED BY THE FIFTH AND 14TH AMENDMENTS SAMUEL MAYERSON, ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL OPERATIONS LOS ANGELES COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY S OFFICE, HAS REQUESTED THAT SA GERALD A. THIEL, LOS ANGELES, TESTIFY AT A HEAR LES MARCH 1, 1976, BEFORE LOS ANGELES SUPERIOR COURT JUDGE DA BRANDLER . SA THIEL .S TESTIMONY WILL RELATE TO HIS INTERVIEW WITH THOMAS DEAN MATTHEWS, WHO WAS KIDNAPED BY THE HARRISES MAR 2 231976

PAGE TWO (A 7-1627)

BEARST DUE NG THE EVENING OF MAY 16, 1974.

ASSISTANT U.S. ATTORNEY WILLIAM J. RATHJE, LOS ANGELES ADVISED THAT HE HAS CONTACTED THE DEPARTMENT REGARDING SA THIEL'S TESTIMONY AND THAT THE DEPARTMENT HAS NO OBJECTIONS.

RATHJE WILL BE IN COURT DURING TESTIMONY OF SA THIEL .

WACH, SA THIEL WILL TESTIFY.

FND.

ac legal com

that aren't COMMUNICATIONS SECTION Admin. FFR 2 6×976 SF NX 370 TELETAPE MR WED SF CODE Ident. Inspec Wallyd WITAL FELRUARY 25, 1976, MJE DIRECTUR, FEI (7-15200) SF ADVISED BY
PHONE-BY SA GILLHAM LOS ANGELES. Telephone Ru. OF LAB- OF LEPS "SAN FRANCISCO (7-305) Director Sec'y FRUM: + AVAILABILITY 2 - 37-76. ATTU: FBI LABORATORY; INTO; GID. FURTHER ACTION NECESSARY HEARNAP. RE EXPERT TESTIMONY NEEDED FOR GOVERNMENT RESULTAL CASE. RE SAN FRANCISCO NITEL TO SUREAU FEBRUARY 24, 1976. IN ADDITION TO FINGERPRINT EXPERT ON TIEN QUEGO THE OFFICE OF THE USA INDICATED THIS DATE THAT IT WOULD NADDITIONALLY REQUIRE EXPERT TESTIMONY REGARDING ITEM Q2165, YELLOW SPIRAL HOTEBOOK, SHEET OF PAPER FROM LABORATORY ON WHICH WRITING REFERS TO THE BULIVIAN CONSULATE, DOCUMENT REGARDING SEXISM IN THE SLA. EXPERTS REGARDING THESE ITEMS SHOULD SIMILARLY BE AVAILABLE FOR CONFERENCE WITH USA BROWNING SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 29, 1976, IN THE EACHY INTERNUON AS INDICATED 7-15200-7605 A IN REWITEL. LED TO 3 17 VH 3 4 1976 END. PFCFIME **8 4** Mar 2 2 1976

Re E. Lee

Assistant Attorney General, Civil Division By: J. Charles Kruse, Acting Chief, Torts Section

Administrative Claim of Bernadine Davis Federouch in the amount of \$10,000.00 arising out of an incident on March 15, 1975, in Alexandria, Virginia, regarding the search for Patricia Hearst

Attn: AUS4 James Hubbard

In accordance with your conversation with Mr. Farley on February 26, 1976, enclosed is a copy of the letter denying the administrative claim of Bernadine Davis Federouch. We have enclosed for your information a copy of the letter from her attorney demanding \$5,000.00 in settlement.

Enclosures

cc: 写irector -Federal Bureau of Investigation (W/cpy. of Atty's. letter)

ENCLOSURI

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

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TO DIRECTOR, FBI (7-1508%)

SAN FRANCISCO (7-855)

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MR. 05g LA PLAIN

FROM LOS ANGELES (7-1627) (P)

ATTN: GID, INTD, OFFICE OF LEGAL COUNSEL

HEARNAP ,00: SAN FRANCISCO.

EL - SE LOS ANGELES TRIAL OF WILLIAM AND EMPLY HAPRIS.

- RE LOS ANGELES TELEYIPE TO BUREAU AND SAN FRANCISCO

REBRUARY 17, 1976.

WITHIN SCOPE OF DEPARTMENTAL ANTHORIZATION IN PRETRIAL
HEARING IN CAPTIONED MATTER.

TESTIMONY IDENTIFIED CARTHARD MAURICE EDWARD PERRY.

AKA ED RIGGS, AS FORMER INFORMANT OF LOS ANGELES DIVISION;

THAT FORMER INFORMANT HAD BEEN FURNISHED PHOTOGRAPHS OF

FUGITIVES, WILLIAM AND EMILY HARRIS, FOR INFORMANT DIRECTION;

WHEN IT WAS LEARNED TO CONTACTED LOCAL PRESS, EFFORTS

WERE MADE TO RETRIEVE PHOTOGRAPHS EPOM HIM AND SOME WERE

RETRIEVED; AND HE WAS TERMINATED AS INFORMANT MARCH 31, 1975;

THAT NO DIRECT AUTHORIZATION OR CONSENT WAS EVER GIVEN FOR

PERRY TO CIVULGE, RELEASE OR PUBLICIZE ANY PHOTOGRAPHS BY

ANY METROD.

LEB 51 3 TEM MAR'E 4 1976

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8 4 MAR 2 2 1976

PAGE THO (14 7-1627)

ON DELENSE MOTION, JUDGE ORDERED PRODUCTION OF ANY REPORTS FROM INFORMANTS FILE RELATING TO CAPTIONED MATTER AUSA WILLIAM JOHN BATHJE, PRESENT IN SUPERIOR COURT, OF OPINION DOCUMENTS SHOULD BE PRODUCED. RATHJE IS CONTACTING U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE REGARDING THIS MATTER.

REVIEW OF INFORMANT'S FILE DISCLOSES ONE INFORMANT
REPORT ON JUNE 16, 1974, SET OUT ON BOND PAPER AND SIGNED
BY FORMER SOURCE'S CODE NAME "OTHFLLO" WHICH MENTIONS
EMILY AND WILLIAM HARRIS.

SAID REPORT IS QUOTED AS FOLLOWS: "ON JUNE 26, 1974, SOURCE ADVISED THAT MC NEAL NELSON HAS STATED TO SOURCE THAT HE, NELSON HAS FURNISHED IMPORMATION TO SPECIAL AGENTS OF FBI ABOUT CONTACTS BY SYMBIONESE DIBERATION ARMY (SLA) FUGITIVES, WILLIAM AND EMILY HARRIS, AT YOGA CENTER IN SOUTH CENTRAL LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA. SOURCE ADVISED HE KNOWS A FEMALE LEADER OF YOGA CENTER NAMED KRISHNI. KRISHNI AND OTHER PERSONS IT OGG CENTER WERE ONCE ASSOCIATED WITH

PAGE THREE LA 7-1627)

NC NEAL NEEDON AND HIS COMMUNITY FREEDOM SCHOOL (CFS).

NELSON IS BLACK SEPARATIST AND DOES NOT BELIEVE IN INTEGRATION.

HE, KRISHNI AND OTHERS OF YOGA CENTER SPLIT OVER ISSUE OF

SEPARATISM. YOGA CENTER NEMBERS ARE "THIRD WORLD ORIENTED"

MEANING THEY BELIEVE IN REVOLUTIONARY CHANGE BUT BELIEVE

IN ALLOWING ALL BACES TO PARTICIPATE. BOURCE ADVISES NELSON

IS BITTER AND DISLIKES PEOPLE PUNNING YOGA CENTER AND

MANTS. "TO PUT HEAT ON THEM." IT IS SOURCE'S OPINION NELSON

HAS NO CONTACTS OR INFORMATION THAT SLA FUGITIVES HAVE

CONTACTED YOGA CENTER IN SOURT CENTRAL LOS ANGELES. "CALIFORNIA"

IF DEPARTMENT AUTHORIZES PRODUCTION OF THIS DOCUMENT OF WILL BE FURNISHED IN COURT, MACB, ON THESDAY, MARCH 2, 1976.

UNITED STATES OVERNMENT -Dep. AD Adm. 💆 Memorandum Dep. AD Inv. 1 - Mr. Cochran 1 - Mr. Boyd Ent. Affairs J. Cochran, Jr то DATE: 2/27/76 T. Boyd 🐠 HEARNA! Last evening Chicago polygraph examiner SA Herbert Briick telephonically advised us that he may be called as a defense witness in the prosecution of Patty Hearst. He received this word from Leonard H. Harrelson, President. Leonarde Keeler, Incorporated, Chicago. The Keeler establishment is a prominent polygraph school and F. Lee Bailey early in his career was on its staff. It appears that Harrelson was in San Francisco conversing with Bailey on the matter of admissibility of polygraph evidence in the Hearst case and Bailey indicated that he desired to issue a subpoena to a Government polygraph examiner who would be used for the sole purpose of explaining the polygraph/ technique to the court. Harrelson apparently prevailed upon Bailey not to issue the subpoena until he, Harrelson, had had the opportunity to discuss the matter with Briick. Briick has advised Harrelson that he definitely does not favor his being called as a witness in this matter. Brick, by teletype, is advising the Bureau and San Francisco concerning this matter. Briick was telephonically contacted this morning at which time he advised that he intends to call Harrelson this morning and will immediately provide us with the contents of that conversation. Supervisor Anthony of the General Investigation Division has been advised of this matter. MAR 2 1976 ACTION: None. For information. **7-**15200) Mr. Adams - Mr. Tenkins - Mr. Gallagher (Attn: Mr. Anthony 1- WERKSUNST B:bms RYAR 23 1976

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Reporting Office	Office of Origin	Date 7 2/20/76	Investigative Period 11/14/73 - 1/30/7	6
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One copy of report being furnished USSS locally.

Two copies of FD-376 stapled to report.

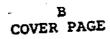
Enclosed for Sacramento and Cleveland Divisions are photos depicting BORTIN, STEVEN, KATHLEFT, and JOSEPHINE photos depicting BORTIN, STEVEN, KATHLEFT, and JOSEPHINE SOLIAH, PAT JEAN MC CARTHY, PATRICIA HEARST, WILLIAM and SOLIAH, PAT JEAN MC CARTHY, PATRICIA HEARST, WILLIAM AND FMILY HARRIS, WENDY YOSHIMURA, STEPHANIE JONES, and RUDY HENDERSON.

For the information of the Bureau, no information was developed during the period of late 1973 through early 1975 that BORTIN was engaging in subversive activities. Subsequent to that period, the Bureau has been continually advised of all pertinent details of the HEARNAP investigation through SF 7-855 (Buffle 7-15200). Extensive and vigorous investigative attention has been afforded MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN.

Subsequent to 7/73. MTCHAFL ALEXANDER PORTIN was an ADEX subject of the San Francisco Division, in view of his conviction in Alameda County, California, for an attempted bombing of the Naval Architecture Building, University of California, Berkeley.

As result of information furnished by Philadelphia source 4389-PCI in early 1975, an investigation was conducted by the San Francisco Division to determine those phone toll calls registered from the personal phones of sports activist JACK SCOTT in Oberlin, Ohio, and SCOTT's father, JOHN SCOTT, in Las Vegas, Nevada. It is noted that both of these in Las Vegas, Nevada. It is noted that both of these individuals have been implicated in the flight and harboring of former fugitive heiress, PATRICIA HEARST. Investigation set forth in the details of this report at 4740 gation set forth in the details of this report at 4740 Balboa, San Francisco, Apartment 211, is the result of this phone toll information.

For the information of the Bureau, BORTIN's utilization of the identification of a dead infant, LOWELL GALE LAWSON, was initially investigated by the San Francisco Division as part of the false identity program (Bufile Division as part of the false identity program (Bufile Department of 100-46765). It is noted that the Department of Motor Vehicles, State of California, Division of Compliance, P. O. Box 689, Sacramento, California, phone number 916-322-4387, is currently attempting to obtain process (felony warrant) for BORTIN's California driver's license fraud.



Alamed authorities are planning to introduce this California driver's license evidence in court2/19/76 in an effort to revoke BORTIN's probation. It is noted that jurisdiction for this driver's license prosecution lies in the district where application was made, San Francisco. State efforts are continuing to secure felony warrant from District Attorney, San Francisco.

For the information of the Bureau and Cleveland Divisions, Cleveland lead set forth in referenced San Francisco letter, 6/19/75, was prompted by information furnished by BORTIN's probation officer. It is noted that was in no way cooperative with either the FBI or Alameda County authorities during the various HEARNAP inquiries, despite the fact that information incriminating to MICHAEL BORTIN, sufficient to warrant the revocation of his probation was made known to

Revocation proceedings were initiated instead by the office of the District Attorney, Alameda County, who was obliged to contact the director of Adult Probation, Alameda County, to effect the revocation. During the revocation proceedings, the probation file compiled by regarding BORTIN was reviewed by Alameda County authorities and reflected an inadequate record of supervision by

This review also disclosed that BORTIN had indicated to that he, BORTIN, was to visit at 18 me, Mansfield, Ohio. This information is contrary to the information previously furnished by

San Francisco indices disclose that a pro-Maoist is the subject of an RUC file, 12/65, There is no indication that the individual is identical to the possibly fictitious name furnished by BORTIN to probation officer

San Francisco Division is continuing attempts to determine BORTIN's associations with fugitive

COVER PAGE

57C

SF 100-65576 LFC:ekf

JAMES WILLIAM KILGORE, STEVEN, KATHLEEN, and JOSEPHINE SOLIAH, and former common law wife, PATRICIA JEAN MC CARTHY, all of whom are implicated in HEARNAP (SF 7-855) matters.

For the information of the Bureau, regarding the 1965 Valiant, California license TMS 100, registered to a RUDY HENDERSON, no latent prints identical to those of MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN were determined on the notice of transfer for the vehicle registration card. This examination was conducted by the California Department of Motor Vehicles, Technical Division.

San Francisco Division has requested personal data regarding BORTIN's U.S. Passpor by submission of FD-356 to WFO.

On 10/2/75. U.S. Coast Guard,
San Francisco, telephone 556-1220, advised that U.S. Merchant
Marine Identification "Z" Card, number 558-78-4647,
which had previously been issued to MICHAEL ALEXANDER
BORTIN, reflected no record of usage in continental
United States.



on 10/3/75, SC St. Louis Division, advised that no record identical to BORTIN was determined through a search of the U.S. Military and Civilian Personnel Records at St. Louis. These records also disclose no record of Federal employment by BORTIN.

Information copies of this report are being furnished to the Sacramento and Los Angeles Divisions inview of their prosecutive interest in alleged Symbionese Liberation Army (SLA) members. Philadephia Division is being furnished an information copy in view of BORTIN's association with JACK SCOTT. It is noted for the information of Philadelphia, that information furnished by Philadelphia source, PH 4389-PCI, was

COVER PAGE

670

SF 100-65576 LFC:ekf

directly responsible in developing BORTIN's connection with HEARNAP. Previous investigation by Alameda County authorities at the time of BORTIN's arrest in 1972, indicate that BORTIN was an associate of JACK and MICI SCOTT

For the information of all receiving offices, MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN is now on probation following his conviction for possession of explosives on 8/2/72. BORTIN served approximately one year in a correctional facility and was then placed under the supervision of the Alameda County, California, Probation Department for a period of four years. His probation is scheduled to expire 8/28/76.

Thads

CLEVELAND

SAN FRANCISCO

to identify and interview not further described,

ASILY Fickory Laner Alameda County Probation records reflect
that BORTH recuested permission to visit this person during early
1975 and not ""IVE WARMIN" as previously set forth. Corroborate
dates and reason for trip as well as knowledge of BORTIN.

SACRAMPNOO

AT BFAR VALLEY, CALIFORNIA: Display enclosed photos to Denuty Sheriff Bear Valley Sub-Station.

Denuty Sheriff Bear Valley Sub-Station.

Deartial owner of the Tamarack Ski Lodge located at Rear Valley, and to HANAN ALTSCHULFR, prior owner of the 1960 Valiant driven by SLA associates BORTIN and PAT JEAN MC CARTHY. Determine if any of the individual depicted were observed at Bear Valley during early 1975, and circumstances surrounding sale of 1960 Valiant.

AT DALY CITY, CALIFCRNIA: (1) Will display photo spread containing photos of both MICHAEL BORTIN and younger brother. JFFFERY BORTIN to the residents of 400 block of Irvington Street. Palv City area, who inferred that an individual resembling MICHAEL BORTIN was representing himself as "JEFFERY".

(2) Will recontact
who currently owns property at
266 Carl Street, San Francisco, to determine the owner of

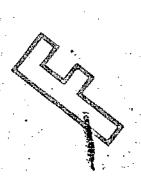
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the property during March 1975. It is noted that during March 1975, a vehicle driven by BORTIN was sold to a PUDY PREDERSON, 266 Carl Street. As DMV procedure necessitates mailing of the registration to that address, it is plausible that someone residing therein received same and may be involved in SIA harboring. Photos of all known SIA members and supporters will be displayed to the tenants and owner of that property during March 1975.

AT BERKFLEY, CALIFORNIA: Will attempt to reinterview RUDY HENDERSON, 2510 Bancroft May, Berkeley, Apartment 307, former employer of deceased SLA member NANCY LING PERRY. He has publicly displayed sympathy for the SLA subsequent to the Los Angeles shootout. It is noted that a 1960 Valiant, California license TMS 100, registered to BUDY HENDERSON. 266 Carl, San Francisco, had been driven by Subject, BORTIN.

(2) Attempt to interview STEPHANIE JONES, 1235 Bonita, who has visited WENDY YOSHIMURA while she was incarcerated at the Santa Rita, California, Correctional Facility on 11/9, 19, 30/75. JONES is the owner of a 1965 Ford, California license 092 PCC, in which MICHAFL BORTIN was cited 9/10/74.

AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA: Will follow and report results of BORTIN's probation revocation bearing, scheduled for 2/19/76.





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535 February 20, 1976

Director
United States Secret Service
Department of the Treasury
Washington, D. C. 20220

in Raply, Please Refer to File No. 100-460999

RE:

MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN

Dear Sir:

The information furnished herewith concerns an individual or organization believed to be covered by the agreement between the FBI and Secret Service concerning protective responsibilities, and to fall within the category or categories checked.

1. [\supset	Threats of	r actions	against	persons	protected	by Secret	Service.
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- Attempts or threats to redress grievances.
- 3. Threatening or abusive statement about U. S. or foreign official.
- 4. Participation in civil disturbances, anti-U. S. demonstrations or hostile incidents against foreign diplomatic establishments.
- 5. X Illegal bombing, bomb-making or other terrorist activity.
- 6. Defector from U. S. or indicates desire to defect.
- 7. Potentially dangerous because of background, emotional instability or activity in groups engaged in activities inimical to U. S.

Photograph | has been furnished | enclosed | is not available.

Very truly yours,

Clarence M. Kelley Director

Special Agent in Charge (Enclosure(s))
U.S. Secret Service, San Francisco

Enchsure(s) (2)

PD-201 (Rev. J-3-59)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 - Secret Service, San Francisco

1 - USA, San Francisco AUSA DAVID P. BANCROFT) (ATTN

Office: San

Report of: Date:

February 20, 1976

Field Office File #:

100-65576

Bureáu File #:

100-460999 7-15200

rrancisco.

California

MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN Title:

> - SYMBIONESE LIBERATION ARMY EXTREMIST MATTER

Character:

During the period 11/14/73 through 1/75, MICHAEL BORTIN's probationary status reported by Alameda County Adult Probation Officer as satisfactory, inspite of BORTIN's unwillingness to with a true place of residence. furnish same, allegedly based on BORTIN's contention that he is the victim of harrassment by law officers. On 3/17/75, BORTIN declined interview with the FBI and telephonically denied any knowledge of the whereabouts of PATRICIA HEARST or WENDY On 9/18/75, HEARST, YOSHIMURA, and STEVEN SOLIAH were arrested at 625 Morse Street, San Francisco, California, WILLIAM and EMILY HARRIS were arrested on same date at 288 Precita: On 9/22/75, BORTIN, utilizing fictitious name, JOHN is determined to have secured employment for STEVEN. KATHERINE, and JOSEPHINE SOLIAH as well as JAMES WILLIAM The SOLIAHS and KILGORE were working in Pacifica, California, up to the time of HEARST's on 10/15/75, certified complaint filed by USA, San Francisco, charging BORTIN's associate, JAMES WILLIAM KILGORE, with violation title 26, USC, Section 5861D and 5871 for possession of an unregistered bomb device. Complaint filed as result of investigation conducted which indicated that KILGORE was the person contracted to move personal belongings and explosive devices from 401 Irvington Street, Daly City, California to 123 Lyon Street, San Francisco, on 9/21/75. During neighborhood investigation, conducted by the FBI in the vicinity of 401 Irvington, three youths identified BORTIN as identical to an individual purporting to be "JEFFERY" frequenting 401 Tryington in the company of individuals identified as PATRICIA HEARST, WENDY YOSHIMURA, STEVEN SOLIAH, and WILLIAM and EMILY Analysis by the FBI Lab, Washington, D.C., deter-

S. COVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE : 1810 O - 404st to be distributed outside your exency.

mined latent prints identical to those of MICHAEL BORTIN to be found on certain items inventoried at 625 Morse 288 Precita, and 401 Irvington. Additionally, a California driver's license inventoried at 288 Precita was determined through FBI investigation and DMV experts to be issued to a dead infant in the name LOWELL GALE LAWSON, latent prints identical to those of MICHAEL BORTIN determined on application for same driver's license. On 11/12/76, results of FBI investigation furnished to Alameda County District Attorney's (DA) Office for prosecutive interest. On 11/17/75 DA's Office, Alameda County, California, notified Alameda County Probation Department of prosecutive complaint concerning BORTIN. Upon receipt of this information, Alameda County Probation authorities revoked BORTIN's probation and a bench warrant for BORTIN was issued. After telephonically notifying his probation officer that he would not surrender, inspite of bench warrant, BORTIN voluntarily surrendered to Alameda County Judge SPURGEON AVAKIAN. On 12/23/75, BORTIN was restored to probationary status and a hearing was granted for Hearing commenced 1/30/76. Under penalty of perjury, BORTIN deposed that he had no knowledge whatsoever of certain allegations and challenged authorities to prosecute him for the California driver's license allegation. Hearing continued until 2/19/76. DA, San Francisco, furnished with totality of evidence determined by FBI and DMV authorities regarding aforementioned California driver's license which was applied for in San Francisco, California. Francisco anticipates charging BORTIN with felony for fraudulent driver's Ticense, prior to 1/19/76 prosecution, in Alameda.

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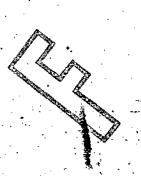




SF 100-65576 LFC: 1mk

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DETAILS:
Investigation in this matter was initially
predicated upon receipt of information indicating that
MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN was engaged in activities which
could involve violations of Title 18, United States Code (USC)
Section 2383 (rebellion or insurrection), 2384 (seditious
conspiracy), and 2385 (advocating overthrow of the United
States Government).

During the period from November 14, 1973, through January 1975, perodic and regular contact was maintained by various agents assigned to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) in San Francisco (California, with Department of Adult Probation, County of Alameda, 545 East 14th Street, Oakland, California 94606, telephone number 415-874-6966. Commencing June 4, 1973, supervised the probationary activities of MICHAEL BORTIN, in connection with BORTIN's conviction in August 1972 for possession of explosives. -Throughout this period, consistently assured contacting FBI Agents that BORTIN was exemplary in his deportment and apparently rehabilitating satisfaction. During the period of himself to June 1973 to approximately September 1974 Dadvised that BORTIN was residing at 1535 Addison, Berkeley, California, and was employed as a bartender in the Trident Restaurant in Sausalito, California. BORTIN was also allegedly selfemployed as a house painter. Effective approximately September advised that BORTIN was residing at 2419 Mc Gee, Berkeley, California.

On September 11, 1975, advised that he had been maintaining close contact with BORTIN. Stated that BORTIN had changed his radical views considerably, and was no longer, in the pinion, a threat as a perpetrator of bombing or other extremist type activities. Advised at this time that he was not certain as to whether BORTIN would be amenable to an interview by Bureau Agents. No attempt was made at this time by the FBI, San Francisco, to interview BORTIN.

In January 1975, information was received by the Philadelphia Division of the FBI that WENDY MASAKO YOSHIMURA, one of BORTIN's codefendants during his 1972 trial and subsequent conviction, had been in the company of PATRICIA CAMPBELL HEARST and BILL and EMILY HARRIS in western Pennsylvania. HEARST, and the HARRISes were

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renowned Federal fugitives and alleged Symbionese
Liberation Army members. YOSHIMURA's whereabouts had been
unknown up to this time. On March 15, 1975, SA

telephonically contacted the BORTIN residence in an
attempt to locate and interview MICHAEL BORTIN. This call
was received by an individual stating that he was MICHAEL
BORTIN's brother. BORTIN's brother stated that MICHAEL
does not reside at 45 Rockaway but "drops by occasionally
for his mail".

On March 17, 1975, JOSEPH L. BORTIN, Attorney at Law, 310 Sansome, Suite 800, San Francisco, California, telephone 415-986-8500, evenings 530-7581, telephonically and inquired as to the FBI's interest in advised SA his son, MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN. JOSEPH BORTIN was advised that this inquiry was directed to his son. JOSEPH BORTIN stated that he would advise his son that to speak with him. Within one month of that date, attempted to contact BORTIN by way of telephone, to determine if BORTIN would submit to interview by the FBI regarding the whereabouts of PATTY HEARST, WENDY YOSHIMURA and any affiliation which they may have with sports writer JACK SCOTT. that time, MICHAEL BORTIN refused an "in person interview" and stated he did not know the whereabouts of PATTY HEARST or the SCOTTS. BORTIN also commented to at that time that he had met WENDY YOSHIMURA only once, and that was before he was arrested. BORTIN offered no further comment at this time.

On April 10, 1975, Probation Officer advised SA that during the period January 9, 1975 to February 9, 1975, MICHAEL BORTIN had visited a MIKE MARTIN, 48 1/2 Hickory Lane, Mansfield, Ohio.

On April 17, 1975,

advised that from approximately September 1974 through December 1974 apartment 211 at this residence had been rented by a MIKE BORTIN.

described BORTIN as a house painter by trade, having short reddish-blond hair.

It is noted that records of the California Bureau of Investigation, the California Department of Motor Vehicles, and

any record identical to ALEXANDER BERKMAN. This search met with negative results.

On June 19, 1975, FBI, San Francisco, requested that the FBI, Cleveland, conduct appropriate investigation to determine the residence of 48 1/2 Eickory Lane, Mansfield, Ohio. This address, allegedly that of MIKE MARTIN, was the address furnished by BORTIN to Probation Officer as a point of destination for a trip during the period January 19, 1975 to February 9, 1975.

Investigation conducted by the FBI, Cleveland, disclosed the following information:

The owner and occupant of the residence at 48 1/2 Hickory Lane, Mansfield, Ohio, determined to be was an employee of

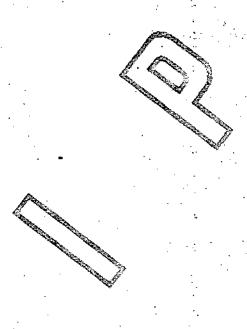
No record identical to MICHAEL MARTIN,
48 1/2 Hickory Lane was determined through record checks
of

Richland County Sheriff's Department, or U.S. Postal Service, Mansfield, Ohio.



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Investigation conducted by the FBI, San Francisco, determined that during the months of July or August, 1975, MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN had been contracted to paint an apartment complex located on Gateway in Pacifica, California.





FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 9/19/75

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of the official identity of the interviewing Agents and of the nature of the interview, after which he furnished the following information:

of the apartments located at the above address, he had had an occasion to hire a painter. He said that a review of the newspaper advertisements reflected a painter, who he later came to know as JOHN HENDERSON who he hired. JOHN HENDERSON is described as follows:

Race
Sex
Hair
Weight
Build
Characteristics

White Male Red 160 pounds Medium Pronounced freckles

He stated that HENDERSON employed with him an individual who knows by the name of STEVE SOLIAH. When HENDERSON completed the initial painting roject, he told that the check to be used for payment should be made out to MIKE BORTIN and should be mailed to 45 Rockaway Avenue, San Francisco. HENDERSON told that he wanted the check to go to BORTIN because he owed BORTIN some money. The reviewed his records and determined that the check had been sent to MIKE BORTIN, 45 Rockaway Avenue, San Francisco, telephone 664-5861. Stated that he never personally observed MIKE BORTIN and that he does not know him.

was asked if he knew how to recontact
HENDERSON, to which he replied that HENDERSON told him he
could be reached through telephone 564-1827 which HENDERSON
advised is the phone number for HENDERSON's sister.
Asked HENDERSON, "What do you do when it's raining

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Wien you can no longer paint?" to which HENDERSON replied,
"I go to Mexico".

HENDERSON recently but that his painting is being handled
by STEVE SOLIAII, the working mate of HENDERSON. At this
point, photographs of STEVE, KATHLEEN and JOSEPHINE SOLIAH
were exhibited to positively identified
STEVE and JOSEPHINE SOLIAH as being painters who are
presently working for him. He stated that the photograph
of KATHLEEN SOLIAH was familiar but that he could not
positively identify her as working on the present painting
crew. He did state, however, that STEVE normally employees
two female painters with him. He also stated that an
individual who he knows only as GENE (last name unknown)
comes periodically with STEVE or in his place and he, GENE,
appears to be the boss as he handles most of the dealings with

advised that he expects the painters to come today, September 15, 1975, to complete an apartment which they had been painting on previously. He further advised that he had four or five more apartments which needed painting and that he expected them to be working on these apartments for the next couple of weeks:

advised that he expected them to be working on these apartments for the next couple of weeks:

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On the same date was telephonically contacted and he advised that STEVE had not shown up but that GENE (last name unknown) had arrived to do the painting. He advised that the vehicle they had arrived in bears California license UKD 726 and is parked in the parking lot at the rear of the apartments.



phone number 415-564-1827 was subscribed to by BETTY BORTIN, 1318 La Playa, San Francisco, California.

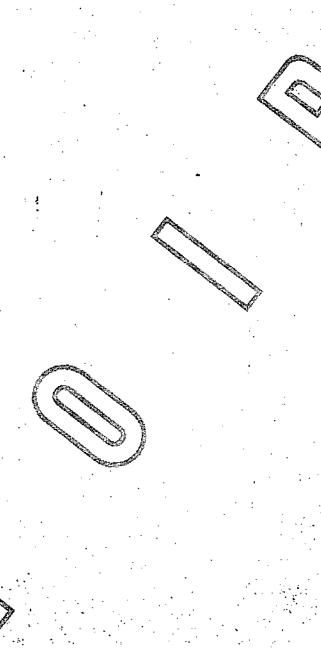
Investigation by the FBI, San Francisco, determined that the occupant of the residence at 1318 La Playa during the month of August 19, 1975, was BETTY CLAIRE BORTIN, date of birth September 4, 1949, the sibling sister of MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN.

Records of the California Law Enforcement Teletype System (CLETS) were checked for the owner of a 1967 Ford, black over tan, California license UKD 726. This search disclosed that on April 29, 1975, EUGENE CURRY, 9533 Pershing Avenue, Orangeville, California, sold this vehicle to JOHN MATHEWS, 2312 H Street, Sacramento, California.

Investigation by FBI, San Francisco, California, could determine no record of California driver's license issued to any individual known as JON MATHEWS, and that the residence 2312 H Street, had been vacant for approximately four years. FBI, Sacramento is continuing attempts to interview CURRY who may now be residing in Orangeville.



On September 18, 1975, fugitives PATRICIA HEARST, WINDY YOSHIMURA, and WILLIAM and EMILY HARRIS were apprehended by Agents of the FBI, San Francisco, California. HEARST and YOSHIMURA were apprehended at 625 Morse Street, San Francisco, and the HARRISes were apprehended at 288 Precita, San Francisco.



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date of transcription September 23, 1975

While SA
Robbery Detail, San Francisco Police Department (SFPD), covered the front door at 625 Morse Street.

Robbery Detail, SFPD, and SA
Steps across an open area onto a porch at 625 Morse Street.

On arriving at the back door, SA
dow was open and that the door was locked.

Two females were observed, and it appeared that they were just starting to get up from a table. One was a white female recognized as PATRICIA CAMPBELL HEARST. The second, an Oriental female, appeared to be identical with WENDY YOSHIMURA.

The two females were told by SA "FBI, freeze." They were told to "freeze" a second time and, although YOSHIMURA complied, HEARST continued to move, at which time HEARST was told that if she did not "freeze, I'll blow her head off," referring to YOSHIMURA. At this point HEARST complied, and both females raised their hands above their heads.

YOSHIMURA was ordered to move across the room and to open the door which she did, while HEARST continued to hold her position near the north door of the kitchen area.

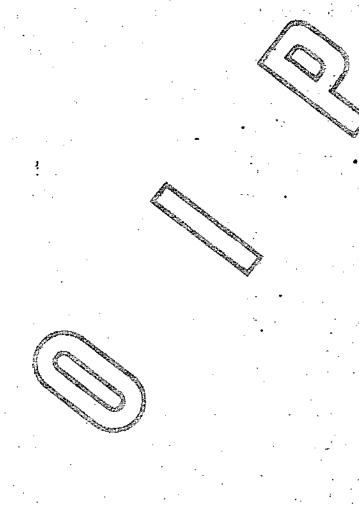
The officers entered and handcuffed both females, and both acknowledged their identities as WENDY YOSHIMURA and PATRICIA HEARST. They were both asked if there were any other persons on the premises, and they stated there were not. They were asked if there were any explosives in the residence, and they stated that there were none. As they were moved through the premises to verify the fact that there was no one else present, they were asked if there were any weapons on the premises, and HEARST volunteered there were two carbines in the west closet off the front bedroom. When SA was unable to observe these weapons, HEARST advised that they were hanging under the clothing. At this point the two carbines, loaded with banana clips with no rounds in the chambers, were located.

Interviewed en 9/18/75	San Francisco	o. California File # SE	7-855 - 2224/
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by SA	sac.	Date dictated —	_5//5///5

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They were then asked again if there were any other weapons on the premises, and WENDY YOSHIMURA volunteered there was a shotgun in the rear bedroom and thereafter pointed out the location under some clothing in a bin in approximately the middle of the west wall of the rear bedroom, from which location a sawed-off shotgun was recovered. Weapon had no round in the chamber, however, four live rounds were located in the magazine.



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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STEVEN FREDERICK SOLIAH was observed by undersigned Agents entering the residence located at 625 Morse Street. SOLIAH was approached and requested to identify himself, at which time he produced a temporary California Drivers License with the name of STEVEN F. SOLIAH thereupon and then advised Agents that he was STEVEN FREDERICK SOLIAH. At this point, SOLIAH was placed under arrest, advised of the identities of the arresting Agents and that he was being charged with harboring and concealing persons that are being sought as Federal fugitives.

SOLIAH was advised of his rights by having them read to him from an Interrogation. Advice of Rights form by Special Agent SOLIAH advised he could read and write, that he understood his rights as explained to him, and then signed the form.

SOLIAH advised that he did not wish to speak to anyone concerning this matter until he had time to talk with an attorney.

SOLIAH was then transported to the San Francisco FBI Office by Bureau vehicle where he was photographed and fingerprinted.

SOLIAH was then transported to the San Francisco Police Department City Jail where he was held for safe keeping and for pending arraignment proceedings.

The following is a description of SOLIAH as obtained from observation and interview:

Name
Race
Sex
Date of Birth
Place of Birth
Height
Weight

STEVEN FREDERICK SOLIAH White Male August 21, 1948 Fargo, North Dakota 5'8"

160 pounds

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Complexion
Hair
Eyes
Social Security
Account Number
Marital status
Residence

Occupation Arrest record

Relatives Father

Mother

Sisters

Brother

Light Light brown Blue 549-70-1823

Single
Declined to give a place
of residence
Painter, currently unemployed
Arrested for Possession of
Marijuana in Arcadia, California,
1971; disposition - one year
probation; charge - expunged

MARTIN SOLIAH

38865 Fox Holm Drive
Palmdale, California
ELSIE SOLIAH
Same address as above
KATHY SOLIAH
Same address as above
MARTHA SOLIAH
Address unknown
JO SOLIAH
Address unknown
LANCE SOLIAH
Address unknown



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

<u>9/23/75</u> Date of transcription.

A surveillance in the vicinity of 288 Precita was initiated at 8:10 A.M., September 17, 1975.

At 10:10 A.M., two white females exited from the stairway of 288 Precita and proceeded diagonally across Precita out of view. The two white females were immediately recognized by the surveilling Agents as being identical to JOSEPHINE and KATHLEEN SOLIAH.

They were next observed at 10:16 A.M. as they turned west off of Folsom on to Precita in a 1967 Ford, four-door, brown over tan, bearing California License UKD 726. They were last observed going north on Shotwell towards Army Street.

At 10:30 A.M., a white female, approximately 20 - 25 years of age, 5'6" - 5'7", 120 - 130 pounds, dishwater blond hair, wearing light blue pants, a dark blue sweater, carrying a brown purse with a shoulder strap and wearing oval glasses with wire frames, was observed to exit 288 Precita and walk west on Precita out of view.

At 10:50 A.M., a white male American who closely resembled WILLIAM TAYLOR HARRIS was observed to exit 288 Precita and walk in a easterly direction towards the corner of Folsom and Precita. He is described as having a dark beard with mustache, wearing glasses, brown pants, black and tan horizontal striped pullover shirt, 5'6" -5'7", approximately 155 pounds. The individual resembling HARRIS was observed to walk near some parked cars near the previously described intersection, and to pick up from the road bed what appeared to be small rocks or other items which he would then place in his hand and examine. The individual resembling HARRIS, after approximately five minutes in the road, was observed to re-enter the premises.

At 10:30 A.M., an individual resembling HARRIS and a white female who closely resembled EMILY MONTAGUE HARRIS were observed exiting 288 Precita and proceeding east turning south on Folsom out of view. The individual

.or San Francisco, California File # SF-7-*9/17-18/75.*

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SF 7-855 JBM/kdn

resembling HARRIS was wearing the previously mentioned black and tan horizontal striped shirt with gym trunks. The individual resembling EMILY HARRIS is described as wearing gym trunks and a green top. She is further described as a white female American, approximately 5'5", blond curly hair, 120 pounds, and wearing glasses. After approximately twenty minutes duration, individuals resembling BILL and EMILY HARRIS were observed to re-enter 288 Precita.

At 12:15 P.M., individual resembling BILL HARRIS was observed to exit the premises and travel east on Precita returning approximately two minutes later with a newspaper. Four photographs of HARRIS were taken during his return trip to the apartment.

At 1:20 P.M., a white female, who is identical to the white female who exited at 10:30 A.M., was observed to return and enter the premises.

At 1:30 P.M., a white female who was previously sighted at 10:30 A.M. and 1:20 P.M., was observed to exit the premises. This white female looked identical to the other two sightings with the exception that she was now carrying a green Army colored bag over her right shoulder, as well as a purse. She was observed to exit eastbound on Precita, turning south on Folsom out of view.

At 4:35 P.M., individual resembling WILLIAM TAYLOR HARRIS was observed in purple gym trunks and a blue pullover type shirt, to exit the premises eastbound turning south on Folsom out of view. He was observed to be carrying what appeared to be a laundry bag.

At 4:40 P.M., individual resembling WILLIAM HARRIS returned to the premises without the above mentioned laundry bag.

At 5:03 P.M., individual resembling WILLIAM HARRIS exited the premises, travelling eastbound on Precita and southbound on Folsom out of view.

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At 5;12 P.M., individual resembling WILLIAM HARRIS returned to premises with a laundry bag.

At 5:45 P.M., individual resembling WILLIAM HARRIS exited the premises eastbound on Precita, southbound on Folsom.

At 5:55 P.M., individual resembling HARRIS returned to the premises.

At 6:15 P.M., individual resembling EMILY HARRIS left the house, east on Precita, south on Folsom out of view.

At 6:20 P.M., individual resembling EMILY HARRIS returned to the premises.

At 7:10 P.M., a 1967 Ford, black over tan, bearing California License UKD 726, arrived in front of premises and JOSEPHINE and KATHLEEN SOLIAH entered the residence.

At 7:20 P.M., individual resembling EMILY HARRIS left the house going east on Precita, south on Folsom out of view.

At 7:30 P.M., individual resembling EMILY HARRIS returned to the premises.

At 9:15 P.M., KATHLEEN and JOSEPHINE SOLIAH were observed going westbound on Precita and then walked out of view.

At 9:40 P.M., a white female, approximately 5'3", having dark hair, a green or dark colored sweater, entered the premises coming west from Folsom.

At 11:28 P.M., KATHLEEN and JOSEPHINE SOLIAH were observed returning to the premises.

At 11:33 P.M., all lights were out in the house and no one was visible on the street.

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At 10:00 A.M., September 18, 1975, a station wagon, bluish-gray in color, bearing California License MXC 350, arrived in front of 288 Precita. The driver of the vehicle was STEVEN SOLIAH.

At 10:02 A.M., KATHLEEN and JOSEPHINE SOLIAH exited the premises, proceeded directly across Precita and joined SOLIAH in the previously mentioned vehicle. The vehicle then travelled westbound on Precita out of view.

At 10:30 A.M., a Negro male was observed to enter the premises.

At 10:32 A.M., individual resembling WILLIAM HARRIS and the previously mentioned Negro male exited the premises and proceeded to a white van, bearing California License 068 32X, where HARRIS was observed to examine fish. HARRIS was then observed to return to the residence.

At 12:50 P.M., individuals resembling WILLIAM and EMILY HARRIS were observed to leave the premises westbound on Precita in jogging attire and they then jogged out of view.

At 1:12 P.M., WILLIAM and EMILY HARRIS were observed jogging eastbound on Precita, to discontinue jogging at the intersection of Shotwell and Precita and then walk on the south side of Precita toward the residence, where they were then placed under arrest by FBI Agents.

Surveillance discontinued at time of arrest.



Date of transcription _____ 9/22/75

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265 Gateway, Pacifica, California, business telephone 355-1944, home telephone was advised of the official identity of the interviewing agent and the nature of the interview after which he provided the following:

He stated that STEVE SOLIAH, KATHLEEN and JOSEPHINE SOLIAH, and JIM had arrived at approximately 10:30 a.m. further stated that they were presently in the process of painting apartments 105 and 147. stated that STEVE SOLIAH had come to him at approximately 2:15 p.m. on the same date and had inquired about getting some assistance in cashing a \$2,300 check which had been paid to him for painting services performed at 265 Gateway. that he had informed STEVE SOLIAH that there was not anynoted that STEVE thing he could do to help him. | SOLIAH was not wearing the white painting coveralls which he normally had on anytime after he started painting. approximately 2:25 p.m. went to apartment number 105 and noted that the apartment was vacant. On further viewing, he noted that the radio, which the painters had on, was not there and that the back windows were open and immediatly went to apartment number screens were ajar. 147 and observed that it was also vacant. He stated that in both apartments it appeared to him that the painters had left rather hastily. At approximately 2:30 he had received a call from JOHN HENDERSON who wanted to get in touch with STEVE SOLIAH regarding an automobile. told HENDERSON that the painters were presently out of the apartments and that he did not know their whereabouts. The caller immediately hung up.

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Date of transcription 9/22/75

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265 Gateway, Pacifica, California, business telephone number 355-1944, home telephone was advised of the official identities of the agents and the nature of the interview. Stated that approximately two months ago he had met with an individual known to him as JOHN HENDERSON. That not seen HENDERSON since that time but has since dealt with STEVE SOLIAH and a man named JIM.

Photographs depicting the following individuals were simultaneously displayed to in an effort to determine the identity of JOHN HENDERSON. The identities of those depicted were not revealed to



PETER FITTAPALDI date of birth May 15, 1953

MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN, Berkeley Police Department number 28453

BORTIN and stated that this individual was identical to a person known to him as JOHN HENDERSON.

Interviewed on 9/22/75	_ o Pacifica. C	alifornia	##_#	SF	7-855	أددوو
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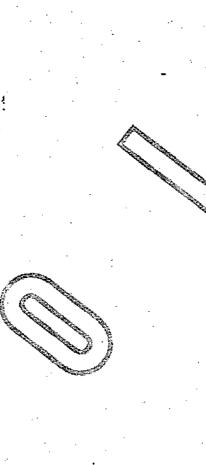
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	telanhone	355-1944, home	telephone	as advised of the
	official i	dentities of the	telephone was warded was a sent of the provided the following agents.	and the nature of
	the interv	iew after which	he provided the follo	wing:
			•	
	•	He stated that	JOHN HENDERSON had int	troduced him to
	an individ	<u>lual named "JIM"</u>	. He advised that when	n first interviewed
	by SA	on	September 15, 1975, 1	ne had mistakenly
	told	that the fri	end of HENDERSON's to	whom he had been
	introduced	was "GENE". He	reiterated that upon	thinking about the
	introdutio	n that the Irle	nd of HENDERSON's was	named of the
	described	"JIM" as follow Height:	Approximately 5'	ın"
		Weight:	175 pounds	
	•	Hair:	Reddish, medium	Length
	•		slightly wavy.	
		Characteristics	: Occasionally wear	rs glasses, clean .
	-		· shaven	
		Age:	Approximately 25	years old.
			• •	
		On this same da	te photographs depict	ing the
	following	individuals wer	e simultaneously disp	rayed to
		ine identities o	f those depicted were	Not levealed
	to		And the second second	
				·
٠				
	•			
		JAMES W. KILGOR		
•		ssan 558-68-062		700004
		San Francisco P	olice Department numb	er 190994
		\$4 miles 200		
•				
ക.		Unknown Male		
À	>	San Francisco E	Police Department numb	er 250208
€,		<u> </u>		
100	9/2	2/75 of Pacific	a. California File#	SF 7-855 -0390A
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į		V.	Date dictat	ed 9/22/75
			•	

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extracted the photograph depicting JAMES W. KILGORE, and advised that this individual was identical to the man known to "JIM", a friend of JOHN HENDERSON.



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The following investigation was conducted by at San Francisco, California:

On September 22, 1975, records of the CLETS were searched for any record identical to California license TMS 100. A 1960 Valiant bearing this license plate was observed parked in front of 45 Rockaway, San Francisco, which is the known address of MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN. This search disclosed that this vehicle had been sold on March 16, 1975. The previous owner of this vehicle was registered as HANAN ALTSCHULAR, P. O. Box 111, Bear Valley, California. The new legal owner of this vehicle was registered as RUDY HENDERSON, address 266 Carl Street, San Francisco, California.

On this same date,
San Francisco Police Department, Traffic Warrant Division,
phone number 558-4882, furnished the following information
regarding those traffic citations of BORTIN:

On January 21, 1974, BORTIN was cited at the corner of Van Ness and Jackson Streets, San Francisco, for improper turns. At the time of the citation, BORTIN was driving a 1963 Rambler sedan, license JUR 469. The sole owner of this vehicle, which was dismantled on March 12, 1975, was JERRY DEWANE or VICKY MAE JACKMAN, address 89 Maitland Drive, Alameda. The vehicle had been dismantled by Bayside Auto Truck Sales, 55 Napolean Street, San Francisco.

On March 16, 1974, BORTIN was cited while operating a bicycle at the corner of Church and 26th Street, for an arterial violation. At the time of this particular violation, BORTIN furnished a phone number of 647-6109.

On April 10, 1975, BORTIN was cited at the corner of Dubose and Market Streets for an improper turn. At that time BORTIN was driving a 1960 Valiant, California license TMS 100, which is registered to RUDY HENDERSON, 266 Carl Street, San Francisco.

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On September 24, 1975, records of the CLETS were searched for any record identical to RUDY HENDERSON, 266
Carl Street, San Francisco. This search disclosed that a RUDY HENDERSON, 2510 Bancroft Way, Berkeley, California, was the registered owner of a 1975 Chevrolet, license RHI or RHII. The actual owner of this vehicle is HILDRED RUDOLPH HENDERSON, who does live at 2510 Bancroft Way, Apartment 307, Berkeley, California. HENDERSON is a Negro male adult, date of birth November 2, 1926. This individual is also known as "FRUITY RUDY", and was the owner of a fruit juice stand located in Berkeley on Telegraph Avenue. It is noted that no record identical to RUDY HENDERSON, 266 Carl, was determined by a search of the CLETS.

On September 25, 1975.

advised as follows:

months. He managed these apartment for approximately three another advised that the occupants of number 266A are as follows:

The occupants of Apartment 266B, Carl Street. are two sisters, one of which was identified as vised that he is totally unfamiliar with the name bortin or henderson. Photographs depicting MICHAEL BORTIN and the SOLIAH sisters were displayed to who advised that he is totally unfamiliar with these individuals.

On September 26, 1975, Department of Motor Vehicle Investigations, Fell Street, San Francisco, phone 557-1144, advised that a possible violation of Section 20 of the Penal Code of Vehicle Code, may have been effected if the registered owner of the vehicle does not in fact reside at the address set forth in the registration papers. Then instituted a search of the Department of Motor Vehicle records for comparison purposes of the handwriting on the original registration forms.

SF 100-65576 SF 7-855 LFC/kdn

INFORMATION REGARDING CALIFORNIA LICENSE 092 FCQ. VEHICLE IN WHICH MICHAEL BORTIN WAS CITED ON SEPTEMBER 10, 1974

A search of the California Law Enforcement Teletype System regarding vehicle registration reflects that from September 18, 1973 until the present, California License 092 FCQ has been assigned to a 1965 Ford, registered owner STEPHANIE LEE JONES, address 1235 Bonita Street, Berkeley, California 94709.

A search of California driver's license information contained in the files of the California Law Enforcement Teletype System disclosed that STEPHANIE LEE JONES had been issued Driver's License Number R0935154. This driver's license issued briver's License Number R0935154.

Date of Birth
License Issued
Expiration
Endorsements
Restrictions
Abstracts

November 1972
October 16, 1972
Birth date, 1976
Two wheel motorcycle
Must wear corrective lenses
Violation, date December 10, 1972,
conviction date December 26, 1972,
Section violation 22356 of the
Vehicle Code, Docket Number 5257,
Court - Coalinga Justice, Fresno
County, Vehicle License 092 FCQ

Violation date July 14, 1975, conviction date August 7, 1975, Violation 21457A, Vehicle Code Docket Number K919681 Court - San Francisco Municipal Vehicle License ZJY 330

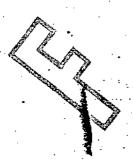
Records of the Alameda County CORPUS disclosed the following information regarding STEPHANIE L. JONES:

Sex Race Date of Birth Place of Birth Height Weight Female
White
November 17, 1948
Utah
5'4"
120

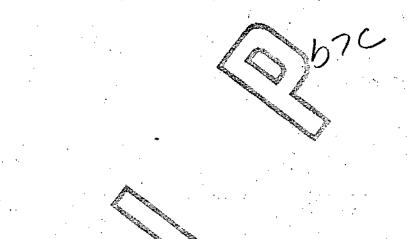
2 SF 100-65576 SF 7-855 LFC/kdn

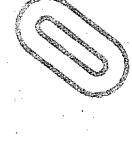
Hairi Eyes CII Number Red Blue 03893603

On November 12, 1975, visual observation of the address 1235 Bonita, Berkeley, disclosed that a 1973 Volkswagen License 386 JUC was parked in front of said address. Since October 5, 1973, the registered owner of this vehicle has been RICHARD LYMAN ROBINSON or MARIAN SCHOULER, 1235 Bonita Avenue, Berkeley. The legal owner is the University Campus Credit Union, 2440 Bancroft Way, Berkeley, California.



On September 21, 1975, General Works Detail, San Francisco Police Department (SFPD), furnished the following information which is set forth in official San Francisco Police Department report form investigated by Officers









FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

3	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.
×	Deleted under exemption(s) 67D with no segregable material available for release to you.
	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
	Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies), was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.
	Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.
·	Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
	For your information:
Ø	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 7-/5260-WR (SF Report 2-20-76)

XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX

Date of transcription	9,	/30,	/75
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LUCAS KLAAS KIERS, 188 winfeeld state to a change of San Traces and California, telephone 415 285 54 was advised of the identities of the interviewing Agents by a show of credentials and then furnished the following information about himself and a man known to him as "PAUL",

On September 20, 1975, KIE'S advised that his wife MARGARET told him that she had been called by a man who wanted KIERS to move his furniture and household items from one residence to another. WEERS advised that during the evening of September 20, 1975, the man called him, restated the request for moving services and said he would appear at Winfield about 10:30 a.m. on September 21, 1975.

at 10:30 a.m., September 21, 1975, identified himself as "PAUL and handed "AS two sets of keys, one for his apartment at 401 Irvington Street, Daly City, California, and the other for his new apartment at 123 Lyon Street, San Francisco.

27 years of age, about 5'9" or 5'10" tall, with brown hair, wearing a golf hat with a 360 degree brim in the style of a sailor hat, light blue slacks, neatly pressed light sports shirt and appearing very "clean-cut."

1975, as he entered the premises of 401 Irvington Street,
Daly City, the telephone rang and "PAUL" made additional
requests of the at that time over the phone. Stated
that "PAUL" asked to move a box of books which were
beside the bed in the bedroom, a box at the foot of the bed
with papers in it, and then stated that there was one other
item which he wished to be moved to his grandmother's house
at 1837 San Jose Avenue, San Francisco. He indicated that
it was a basket with a sleeping bag and another box. He then
advised it that his grandmother would probably not be there
at the time but just to set the box over the fence by the back
gate.

Interviews	9/24/75	San Francisco, California	# SF 7-855+227/
	SA	by 7C	9/29/75
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mother's house, the house appeared to him to be completely vacant. At that time he looked into the basket and observed what appeared to him to be a bomb. That is, there was a pipe with a clock taped to it and wires connected from the clock into a hole in the pipe. Also in this basket was a leather case which looked like a binoculars case and inside this case was a .38 revolver which TERS could see was loaded with bullets.

helpers, they decided to continue moving the rest of the items. They noted, however, that when they arrived at 123 Lyon Street, the landlady would not permit him to unload the items inasmuch as the occupants of that address to which the furniture and household items were destined had been evicted by her.!

KIERS then returned to his residence, with all of the household items.

him again to inquire if he had any difficulty in moving the items. It is advised PAUL that they had delivered the basket to the grandmother's house and had left it inspite of the fact that no one appeared to be home. He then advised "PAUL" that the landlady at 123 Lyon Street would not permit them to unload the other household items, so he had brought them back to the landlady it is stated that "PAUL" did not appear to be concerned, upset, or even nervous with this turn of events. It is did not at that time advise PAUL that it is also had already called the police and had returned to the grandmother's house and delivered the bomb and the basket's other contents to the police.

himself and his family because he had called the police and the police had leaked his name, address, and telephone number to the press and the press had printed all the above in a story about the bomb. KIERS then stated that he was leaving within the next day or two for and could be reached in emergency through telephone number SF 7-855 MAH/crv

KIERS then advised that he was extremely aggravated and angry with police agencies in general because of their handling of this incident.

KIERS viewed photograph of the individuals depicted in photographs numbered 1 through 47, with the exceptions of numbers 4, 9, 24, 25, 26 and 33, and identified JAMES WILLIAM KILGORE as the person known to him as "PAUL".

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- PAT JEAN MC CARTHY
- 2. KATHLEEN SOLIAH
- 3. JAMES KILGORE
- JEAN WAH CHAN
- 5. MIKE A. BORTIN
- 6. WILLIAM TAYLOR HARRIS
- 7. JACK and MICKIE SCOTT
- 8. MARGARET MARY TURCICH
- 9. PAUL LEONARD HALVERSON
- 10. Unknown bank robber from robbery of Wells Fargo Bank, 36. 447 Sutter Street, San Francisco, November 8, 1974
- 11. EMILY MONTAGUE HARRIS
- 12. PETER FITTIPALDI
- 13. WILLIAM T. HARRIS
- 14. WENDY YOSHIMURA
- 14a. WILLIAM and EMILY HARRIS
- 15. JOSEPHINE MARIE SOLIAH
- 16. WILLIAM TAYLOR HARRIS
- 17. JAMES WILLIAM KILGORE
- 18. PATRICIA CAMPBELL HEARST
- 19. JAMES KILGORE
- 20. ANNA LINDENBERG
- 21. PATRICIA C. HEARST
- 22. EMILY HARRIS and Negro Male
- 23. WENDY YOSHIMURA
- 24. WILLIAM HARRIS
- CYNTHIA ANN GARVEY

- ₹26. KAREN SUSAN GERWITZ
 - RICHARD HARPER GRAHAM
 - WENDY YOSHIMURA
 - EMILY and BILL HARRIS
 - JAMES KILGORE
- 31. STEVEN FREDERICK SOLIAH
- 32... EMILY HARRIS
- 33. DAVID WILLIAM GUNNELL
- 34. EMILY (J.) TOBACK
- 35. JAMES KILGORE
- EMILY HARRIS
- 37. STEVEN SOLIAH
- 38. EMILY HARRIS
- 39. PATRICIA C. HEARST
- 40. WILLIAM HARRIS
- 41. BONNIE JEAN WILDER
- 42. WILLIAM HARRIS
- 43. JOSEPHINE SOLIAH
- 44. WILLIAM HARRIS
- 45. WILLIAM HARRIS
- 46. JOSEPHINE SOLIAH
 - 47. WILLIAM HARRIS

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The following description of KIERS was obtained through observation and interview:

Race Sex Date of Birth

U.S. Army Reserve Number Caucasian
Male
February 8, 1941,
Holland, The Netherlands

KIERS advised that he was fingerprinted in connection with his enlisted reserve duty and that he believes his fingerprints are maintained at the Army Reserve Center at Oakland, California.

Date of transcription 9/30/75

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188 Winfield Street, Apartment 5, San Francisco, California, telephone (415) 285-5463, was advised of the identities of the interviewing Agents and thereafter furnished the following information about himself and a man known to him as "PAUL":

advised that he resides with LUCAS KIERS at the above address and is employed by KIERS as a helper in KIERS' moving company. advised that on September 21, 1975, at approximately 10:45 a.m., he returned to 188 Winfield and observed a white male adult standing in the kitchen speaking with KIERS regarding movement of that individual's household items later that day. This white male introduced himself as "PAUL" and described him as being approximately 5'9" or 5'10" tall, about 27 to 28 years of age, brown hair, wearing light blue slacks, very neatly pressed sports shirt, some type of a cap and, according to was "very clean cut and 'straight' looking."

advised that as he and KIERS arrived at 401 Irvington Street, Daly City, the telephone rang and it appeared to be "PAUL" with additional requests for items to be moved from 401 Irvington Street to 123 Lyon Street and one other address not known to

advised that KIERS spoke with "PAUL" on the then stated that they loaded the household items phone. in KIERS' truck and they proceeded to 1837 San Jose Avenue, San Francisco. At that address, stated that, according to KIERS, they were to leave a basket which appeared to contain a sleeping bag and a box with a lid on it. advised that 1837 San Jose Avenue was obviously a vacant house and so they looked into the box and discovered what appeared to him to be a bomb. described the device as a pipe, approximately two to three inches thick and approximately a foot or so long, to which was taped a clock which had wires running from the clock and into a hole in the pipe. Stated that KIERS then jerked the wires out of the pipe and after some dis-

ZX	9/24/75	San Francisco,	California File#	SF 7-855 - 22577
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cussion they called the police, who thereafter took possession of the bomb.

then said that he and the others proceeded to 123 Lyon Street to unload the rest of the furniture and household items, but that the landlady at that address would not let them. The landlady stated that she had evicted the occupants to whom the household items were destined.

stated that he and the others involved in this move were extremely agitated at "PAUL" because he had not told them about the bomb. He then stated that had "PAUL" first asked them to move the bomb, they might have, but they did not like being unwitting victims.

then viewed photographs of individuals, depicted by number 1 through 47, with the exception of numbers 4, 9, 25, 26, 27 and 33. He identified the photographs of JAMES WILLIAM KILGORE as the man who identified himself as "PAUL".

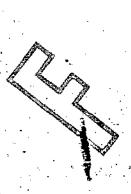
- l. PAT JEAN MC CARTH**Y**
- 2. KATHLEEN SOLIAH
- 3. JAMES KILGORE
- 4. JEAN WAH CHAN
- MIKE A. BORTIN
- WILLIAM TAYLOR HARRIS
- JACK and MICKIE SCOTT
- 8. MARGARET MAY TURCICH
- 9. PAUL LEONARD HALVERSON
- 10. Unknown bank robber from robbery of Wells Fargo Bank, 447 Sutter Street, San Francisco, November 8, 1974
- 11. EMILY MONTAGUE HARRIS
- 12. PETER FITTIPALDI
- 13. WILLIAM T. HARRIS
- 14. WENDY YOSHIMURA
- 14a. WILLIAM and EMILY HARRIS
- 15. JOSEPHINE MARIE SOLIAH
- 16. WILLIAM TAYLOR HARRIS
- 17. JAMES WILLIAM KILGORE
 - PATRICIA CAMPBELL HEARST
- 19. JAMES KILGORE
- 20 ANNA LINDENBERG
- 21 PATRICIA C. HEARST
- 22. EMILY HARRIS and Negro male

- 23. WENDY YOSHIMURA
- 24. WILLIAM HARRIS
- 25. CYNTHIA ANN GARVEY
- 26. KAREN SUSAN GERWITZ
- 27. RICHARD HARPER GRAHAM
- 28. WENDY YOSHIMURA
- 29. EMILY and BILL HARRIS
 - 30. JAMES KILGORE
 - 31. STEVEN FREDERICK SOLIAH
 - 32. EMILY HARRIS
 - 33. DAVID WILLIAM GUNNELL
 - 34. EMILY (J.) TOBACK
 - 35. JAMES KILGORE
 - 36. EMILY HARRIS
 - 37. STEVEN SOLIAH
 - 38. EMILY HARRIS
 - 39. PATRICIA C. HEARST
- 40. WILLIAM HARRIS
- 41. BONNIE JEAN WILDER
 - 42. WILLIAM HARRIS
- 43. JOSEPHINE SOLIAH
 - 44. WILLIAM HARRIS
 - 45. WILLIAM HARRIS
- 46. JOSEPHINE SOLIAH
 - 47. WILLIAM HARRIS

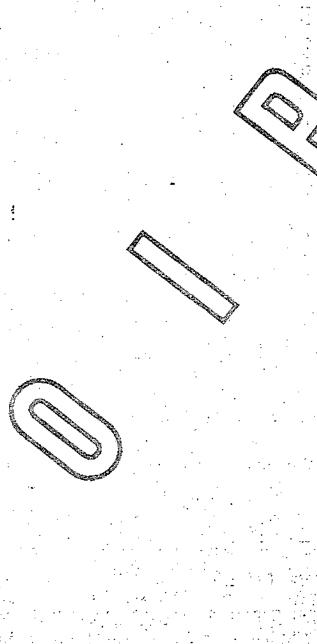
3 SF 7-855 MAH/crv 50

The following description of FLURRY was obtained through observation and interview:

Race Sex Date of Birth Caucasian
Male
December 5, 1942,
Lamar County, Alabama



On September 25, 1975, the FBI, San Francisco, conducted a neighborhood investigation in the immediate vicinity of 401 Irvington Street, Daly City, California. The following individuals were interviewed:



Done of transcription September 29, 1975

Daly City, was interviewed regarding his knowledge of the recent residents of 401 Irvington Street, Daly City, California.

was shown photographs number 1 through 47 and 62 with the exception of 4, 9, 25, 26, 27, and 33. He identified photos 24 and 45 (WILLIAM HARRIS), photo 31 (STEVE SOLIAH), photo 5 (MIKE A. BORTIN), photo 34 (EMILY TOBACK), photo 15 (WENDY YOSHIMURA), photos 18 and 62 (PATRICIA HEARST). advised that he had observed the above-identified individuals in an old white car in the vicinity of 401 Irvington and that on several occasions had played football with the individual identified in the photos as WILLIAM HARRIS. could not furnish dates of these observations.

The following are the photographs shown to DENNIS

PEREZ:

- 1. PAT JEAN MC CARTHY
- 2. KATHLEEN SOLIAH
- 3. JAMES KILGORE
- 5. MIKE A. BORTIN
- 6. WILLIAM TAYLOR HARRIS
- 7. JACK and MICKIE SCOTT
- 8. MARGARET MARY TURCICH
- 10. Unknown bank robber from robbery of Wells Fargo Bank, 447 Sutter Street, San
 - Francisco, November 8, 1974
- 11. EMILY MONTAGUE HARRIS
- 12. PETER FATTIPALDI
- 13. WILLIAM T. HARRIS
- 14. WENDY YOSHIMURA
- 14a. WILLIAM and EMILY HARRIS
- 15. JOSEPHINE MARIE SOLIAH
- 16. WILLIAM TAYLOR HARRIS
- 17. JAMES WILLIAM KILGORE
- 18. PATRICIA CAMPBELL HEARST
- 19. JAMES KILGORE
- 20. ANNA LINDENBERG

- 21. PATRICIA C. HEARST
- 22. EMILY HARRIS and Negro male
- 23. WENDY YOSHIMURA
- 24. WILLIAM HARRIS
- 28. WENDY YOSHIMURA
- 29. EMILY and BILL HARRIS
- 30. JAMES KILGORE
- 31. STEVEN FREDERICK SOLIAH
- 32. EMILY HARRIS
- 34. EMILY (J.) TOBACK
- 35. JAMES KILGORE
- 36. EMILY HARRIS
- 37. STEVEN SOLIAH
- 38. EMILY HARRIS
- 39. PATRICIA C. HEARST
- 40. WILLIAM HARRIS
- 41. BONNIE JEAN WILDER
- 42. WILLIAM HARRIS
- 43. JOSEPHINE SOLIAH
- 44. WILLIAM HARRIS
- 45. WILLIAM HARRIS
- 46. JOSEPHINE SOLIAH

9/25/75 . Daly City	', Calliornia en en 5r /-855

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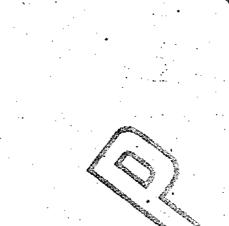
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9/26/75

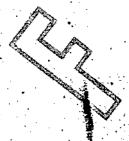
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SF 7-855 JWH:sac

47. WILLIAM HARRIS 62. PATRICIA HEARST







Date of transcription September 29, 1975

On September 25, 1975,

Daly City, California, was interviewed jurding his knowledge of the recent residents of 401 Arvington Street, Daly City, California.

was shown photographs number 1 through 47 and 62 with the exception of 4, 9, 25, 26, 27, and 33. From these photographs, he identified photo 14 (WENDY YOSHIMURA), photos 13, 14a, 24, 29, 40, 44, 45, and 47 (WILLIAM HARRIS) whom he knows as DAVE, photo 31 (STEVE SOLIAH), and photos 18 and 62 (PATRICIA HEARST).

According to he first observed these individuals unloading an old gray station wagon. At one period during this moving of articles into the residence of 401 Irvington, he observed the individual which he identified in photo number 18 (PATRICIA HEARST) as being alone in front of the residence with a ten-speed bicycle which he described as being white in color and having reflectors on it. This individual was wearing a red shirt and striped pants.

On a later occasion, observed the individual identified in photo 14 (WENDY YOSHIMURA) and photo 18 (PATRICIA HEARST) at a nearby laundromat.

On a third occasion, after the previously mentioned occasions, observed the individual in photo 5 (MIKE A. BORTIN) in the vicinity of 401 Irvington. He talked to BORTIN who identified himself as JEPFREY (phonetic).

was unable to furnish dates but is positive of the identifications made through the photographs.

The following are the photographs shown to

- 2. KATHLEEN SOLIAH

PAT JEAN MC CARTHY

- JAMES KILGORE
- 5. MIKE A. BORTIN

- 6. WILLIAM TAYLOR HARRIS
- 7. JACK and MICKIE SCOTT
- 8. MARGARET MARY TURCICH
- 10. Unknown bank robber from

Interviewed of	9/25/75	Daly City,	California	File#_	SF 7-855	
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> robbery of Wells Fargo Bank, 447 Sutter Street, San Francisco, November 8, 1974

- 11. ÉMILY MONTAGUE HARRIS
- 12. PETER FITTIPALDI
- 13. WILLIAM T. HARRIS
- 14. WENDY YOSHIMURA
- 14a.WILLIAM and EMILY HARRIS
- 15. JOSEPHINE MARIE SOLIAH
- 16. WILLIAM TAYLOR HARRIS
- 17. JAMES WILLIAM KILGORE
- 18. PATRICIA CAMPBELL HEARST
- 19. JAMES KILGORE
- 20. ANNA LINDENBERG
- 21. PATRICIA C. HEARST
- 22. EMILY HARRIS and Negro male
- .23. WENDY YOSHIMURA
- 24. WILLIAM HARRIS
- 28. WENDY YOSHIMURA
- 29. EMILY and BILL HARRIS
- 30. JAMES KILGORE
- 31. STEVEN FREDERICK SOLIAH
- 32. EMILY HARRIS
- 34. EMILY (J.) TOBACK
- 35. JAMES KILGORE
- 36. EMILY HARRIS
- 37. STEVEN SOLIAH
- 38. EMILY HARRIS
- 39. PATRICIA C. HEARST
- 40. WILLIAM HAKKIS
- 41. BONNIE JHAN WILDER
- 42. WILLIAM HARRIS
- 43. JOSEPHINE SOLIAH
- 44. WILLIAM HARRIS
- 45. WILLIAM HARRIS
- 46. JOSEPHINE SOLIAH
- 47. WILLIAM HARRIS
- 62. PATRICIA HEARST



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Date of transcription 9/29/75

Daly City, telephone number was advised of the identities of the interviewing agents by a show of their credentials and he thereafter furnished the following information regarding himself and the occupants of 401 Irvington, Daly City:

advised he was born

advised that approximately mid May, 1975, he became acquainted with a white male adult who is known to him as "DAVE". described DAVE as being in his early 30's about 5'5" tall, about 140-150 pounds, with dark brown curly hair and full beard and mustache. further advised that bave always wore glasses, had no noticeable scars or marks, usually wore blue jeans and a cordurely jacket, and always carried a shoulder bag. The advised that because of the way DAVE was dressed, believed DAVE to be a school teacher.

advised that DAVE was away from his apartment, 401 Irvington, during the mornings, but was always around the house in the afternoons and evenings.

noted that he and his frie ds acked DAVE to play football with them almost every afternoon and that DAVE usually would unless he was working with a friend on that friend's car. It described the friend as a white male, about 34-35 years of age, about 5'8-9" tall, slender build with brown hair and a beginning mustache. It advised that this friend usually wore sweatshirts or sweaters and blue jeans. It described the friend's auto as a Ford LTD about a 1968 model and a light color, possibly light green or beige. It noted that DAVE and his friend were usually working under the car's hood or underneath the car.

described a woman who also lived at 401 Irvington Street with DAVE as a white female, in her late 20s, about 5'4", slender build, dark brown hair, who always wore slacks

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Interviewed on 9/25/75	,Daly City,	California	File# S	F 7-855	
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and sweatshirt, particularly a faded pink sweatshirt or sweater with several other colors in it. observed that this woman "stoops a lot and was always washing dishes".

described a second female who resided at that address as an Oriental female, in her late 20s, about 5'2½", who had long brown hair, generally wore blue jeans and a sweatshirt.

advised that on two or three occasions he had observed a U-Haul truck and a light colored station wagon pulling a U-Haul trailer at the 401 Irvington Street address. He observed that the activities of the occupants seemed to him to be unusual, in that as they would take things from the house to put into the trailer, they would remove other things from the trailer and put them in the house. Advised that he observed this activity on two or more occasions.

then stated that on one or more occasions, he had observed a white female riding alone on a white 10-speed bicycle. He described this female as approximately 5'2" tall, blond hair, very slender and in her early 20s.

viewed photographs of the following individuals number 1-62, and was able to identify the following individuals as having been in or near 401 Irvington Street, Daly City, California:

Numbers 18, 21, 39, 62 of PATRICIA CAMPBELL HEARST as the girl on the white 10-speed bicycle.

Numbers 6, 13, 14a, 16, 24, 29, 42, 44, 45, 47 of WILLIAM TAYLOR HARRIS as the man known to him as DAVE.

Number 5 of MIKE A. BORTIN, known to him as JEFFREY (phonetic).

Numbers 31 and 37 of STEVEN FREDERICK SOLIAH as DAVE's friend with whom DAVE worked on the friend's LTD.

Number 20 of EMILY MONTAGU HARRIS as one of the individuals observed by during the moving processes.

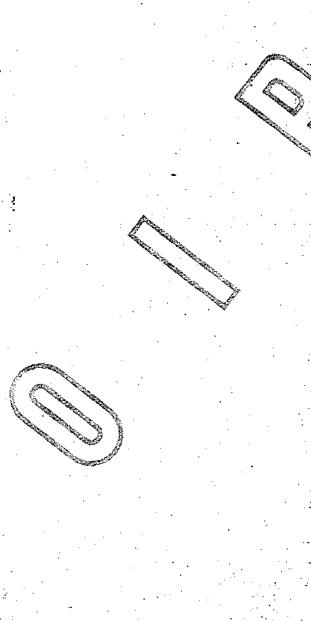
	•	
1.4	PAT JEAN MC CARTHY	22. EMILY MONTAGU HARRIS and N
2.	KATHLEEN SOLIAH	23. WENDY YOSHIMORA
3.	JAMES WILLIAM KILGORE	24. WILLIAM TAYLOR HARRIS
4.	JEAN WAH CHAN	25. CYNTHIA ANN GARVEY
5.	MIKE A. BORTIN	26. KAREN SUSAN GERWITZ
6.	WILLIAM TAYLOR HARRIS	27. RICHARD HARPER GRAHAM
7.	JACK and MICKIE SCOTT	28. WENDY YOSHIMURA
8.	MARGARET MARY TURCICH	29. EMILY and BILL HARRIS
9.	PAUL LEONARD HALVERSON	30. JAMES WILLIAM KILGORE
10.	robbery of Wells Fargo Ba	31. STEVEN FREDERICK SOLIAH
•	447 Sutter Street, SF 11/8/74	32. EMILY MONTAGU HARRIS
· 11.	EMILY MONTAGU HARRIS	33. DAVID WILLIAM GUNNELL
12.	PETER FITTAPALDI	34. EMILY J. TOBACK
13.	WILLIAM TAYLOR HARRIS	35. JAMES WILLIAM KILGORE
14.	WENDY YOSHIMURA	36. EMILY MONTAGU HARRIS
14a	WILLIAM and EMILY HARRIS	37. STEVEN FREDERICK SOLIAH
	JOSEPHINE MARIE SOLIAH	38. EMILY MONTAGU HARRIS
16.	WILLIAM TAYLOR HARRIS	39. PATRICIA CAMPBELL HEARST
17.	JAMES WILLIAM KILGORE	40. WILLIAM TAYLOR HARRIS
	PATRICIA CAMPBELL HEARST	
√ \ 19.	JAMES WILLIAM KILGORE	42. WILLIAM TAYLOR HARRIS
20	ANNA LINDENBERG	43. JOSEPHINE SOLIAH
2	PATRICIA CAMPBELL HEARST	44. WILLIAM TAYLOR HARRIS
•		

- 45. WILLIAM TAYLOR HARRIS
- 46. DOSEPHINE SOLIAH
- 47. WILLIAM TAYLOR HARRIS
- 48.
- 49.
- 50.
- 51. REESE WILLIAM ERLICH
- 52. ROBERT WILSON HOOD
- 53. RAY NELSON HOFSTETTER
- 54. RAY NELSON HOFSTETTER
- 55. ROBERT WILSON HOOD
- 564
- 57.
- 58.
- 59.
- 60.
- 61. KATHERINE FRANCES MOYNIHAN
- 62. PATRICIA CAMPBELL HEARST





On September 25, 1975, FBI investigation determined that MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN had been contracted to paint a commercial property located at 1998 Union Street, San Francisco. The owner of this establishment was interviewed as set forth.



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Date of transcription_

JACK SCHAFER, co-owner, SHE Women's Apparel, 1998 Union Street, San Francisco, telephone (415) 921-0520, who resides at

was interviewed at his place of business.

SCHAFER was advised that this inquiry concerned the identity
of a painter who had recently painted the establishment at
1998 Union Street. SCHAFER furnished the following concerning
this individual:

Approximately two weeks prior to this date, SCHAFER answered an ad which had been carried in the weekend edition of a newspaper, possibly the "San Francisco Chronicle-Examiner." The ad, which had been featured under the caption "Home Services", set forth a telephone number that SCHAFER personally contacted. The recipient of this call identified himself as MICHAEL BORTIN and advised SCHAFER that he and "his partner" would accept the job. On Wednesday of that week, possibly September 17, 1975, an individual identifying himself as MIKE BORTIN appeared at 1998 Union Street, alone, to commence painting the interior of the store. On the morning of September 19, 1975, SCHAFER received a telephone call from an unknown party, possibly a male, who advised that BORTIN was sick at that time and would complete the job at 1998 Union Street when BORTIN recovered from his sickness.

On September 23, 1975, BORTIN returned to the store and completed the job. On the same day, SCHAFER paid BORTIN for services rendered by check dated September 23, 1975, payable to MIKE BORTIN for \$105.00. This check, #843, was issued by the Bank of America, 286 Union Street. During the period that BORTIN was working at the business establishment, 1998 Union Street, BORTIN orally expressed to SCHAFER some concern and interest regarding the capture of PATRICIA HEARST. BORTIN was observed by SCHAFER to purchase several newspapers which he perused while working, commenting on "PATRICIA HEARST" related articles.

Throughout the duration of the job, BORTIN worked alone. On September 24, 1975, at approximately 4:00 p.m.,

SF 7-855
Interviewed on 9/25/75 of San Francisco, California ile # SF 100-65576

SA

by SA

Date dictored -9/25/75

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SF 7-855 SF 100-65576 LFC/sjc

BORTIN again telephoned SCHAFER and advised SCHAFER that he had left certain painting items in the basement of the establishment at 1998 Union Street and would return to pick them up on the 24th or 25th of September. During the course of the conversation, BORTIN mentioned to SCHAFER that his personal car was being repaired, necessitating the use of his sister's car for picking up the aforementioned items.

SCHAFER furnished the following descriptive and personal data regarding MICHAEL BORTIN

> MICHAEL BORTIN Name: Race: White Sex: Male Hair: Red Eyes: Blue

160 pounds Weight: 518" Height:

Solid Build: Accent: Southern-sounding speech pattern

Approximately 27 Age:

Mode of transpor

tation:

Racing bicycle, green in color, possibly Nishiki brand.

A California driver's license photograph depicting MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN, date of birth July 26, 1948, was then displayed to SCHAFER who advised that the individual depicted was identical in appearance to the painter known to SCHAFER as MIKE BORTIN.



the following information regarding the individual who had painted the interior of this same establishment.

During the week of September 21, 1975, had been contracted to paint the exterior of the above establishment. During this period on several occasions observed an individual painting the interior of the establishment. Lengaged in rather limited conversation with this individual.

painter: furnished the following description of this

Race:

Sex:

Height: Hair:

Facial hair:

White Male

Approximately 5'7" - 5'9"

Bright red, curly

Small Van Dyke-type beard

On one occasion observed the above-described individual attempting to place several paint buckets in the trunk of a vehicle which the individual was driving. Identified this vehicle as a late model Crevrolet Vega, possibly dark blue or black in color.

At that time, was amused at these attempts in view of the small trunk capacity of the above-described vehicle.

A California driver's license photograph depicting MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN, date of birth July 26, 1948, was displayed to advised that the individual depicted painting the interior premises at 1998 Union Street.

Interviewed on 9/25/75 of San Francisco, California # SF 100-65576 SF 7-855

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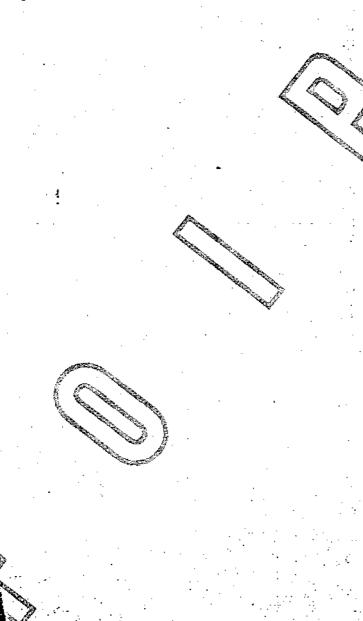
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Date dictated 9/25/75

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On October 15, 1975, SA PATRICK J. WEBB filed accertified complaint at San Francisco, California, charging JAMES WILLIAM KILGORE with violation of Title 26, United States Code (USC), 55861D and 5871 for possession of unregistered bomb device. Complaint authorized by United States Magistrate PAVID URDAN. Bond set at \$100,000 cash of corporate surety bond.



67C

On September 23, 1975, County Adult Probation Officer, 545 East 14th Street, Oakland, telephone 874-6966, advised SA that he had been in telephonic contact with BORTIN on September 22, 1975. BORTIN called on that date to request his monthly probation meeting to be set aside for later that week. BORTIN advised to schedule the meeting. BORTIN he would phone at that time that he was concerned about advised the information set forth in the newspaper which described the SOLIAHS as "Armed and Dangerous". BORTIN related to that he had been visited by one of the SOLIAHS while incarcerated, and formed a strong friendship with KATHY SOLIAH.

stated that BORTIN's concern did not appear to be for his own probation status but for KATHLEEN SOLIAM's welfare. At no time during their conversation did BORTIN mention any recent association with the SOLIAMS.

explained to SA that BORTIN's probation would be in violation if positive information was received that would implicate BORTIN in the following:

- (1) a criminal offense.
- (2) BORTIN's failure to maintain regular employment.
- (3) BORTIN's association with individuals of known criminal records
- (4) any possession of or use of explosive devices by BORTIN.

BORTIN advised that he could be reached at his mother's address 45 Rockaway, San Francisco, California, telephone 664-5861. did not request that BORTIN furnish him with his true residence.

On October 21, 1975, FBI, San Francisco, requested the the FBI, Sacramento, conduct appropriate investigation to determine the circumstances and details of the sale of a 1960 Valiant, California license TMS 100. It is noted that an inquiry with the Department of Motor Vehicles, sacramento, disclose that the 1960 Valiant, four-door edan, license TMS 100, was reported stolen March 16, 1975.

The previous owner at that time was determined to be HANAN ALTSCHULER, P. O. Box 265, Berkeley, California, effective March 2, 1972. Effective September 10, 1974, ALTSCHULER's address was in care of P. O. Box 111. Bear Valley, California, Lombarde Lane, Bear Valley, California, as previously set forth a fisur conducted at BORTIN's mother's residence, 45 Rockaway, San Francisco, disclosed that a 1960 Valiant, California license TMS 100, parked in proximity to that address was registered to RUDY HENDERSON, 266 Carl Street, San Francisco, California. Investigation at Carl Street, determined no individual identical to RUDY HENDERSON or MICHAEL BORTIN.

Additionally, MICHAEL BORTIN was cited for a moving vehicle violation while operating this vehicle on April 10, 1975.

During the early part of November 1975, SA personally contacted Probation Alameda County Probation Office. Officer that although BORTIA advised At that time, was not maintaining his residence at 45 Rockaway, San did not feel they were grounds for Francisco, revocation of BORTIN's probation. stated that in his past contact with BORTIN, it was determined that a phone call directed to 45 Rockaway was sufficient to summons BORTIN for any further probation meetings.
did, however, furnish with a business card that early in January 1975 as BORTIN had furnished proof of gainfull employment.



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SF 100-65576 SF 7-855 LFC:sac

57C

INFORMATION REGARDING A BUSINESS CARD REMANDED TO PROBATION OFFICER ALAMEDA COUNTY ADULT PROBATION, BY MICHAEL BORTIN DURING JANUARY, 1975: "ENDURO PAINTING COMPANY, QUALITY PAINTING - FREE ESTIMATES, MIKE BORTIN, 549-2107, 647-6109"

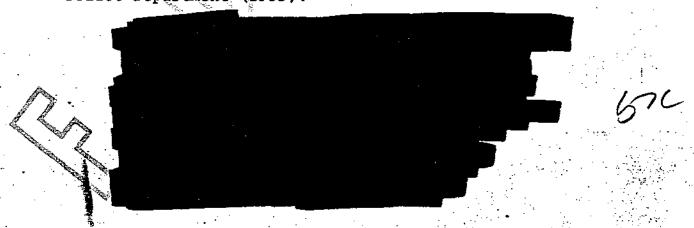
The following investigation was conducted by SA

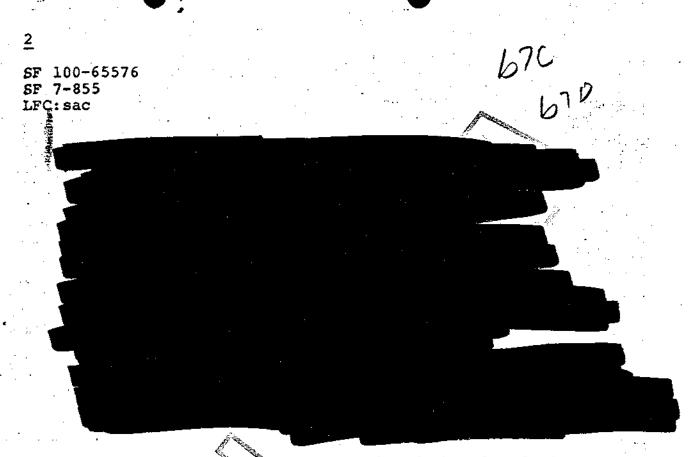
AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

5717

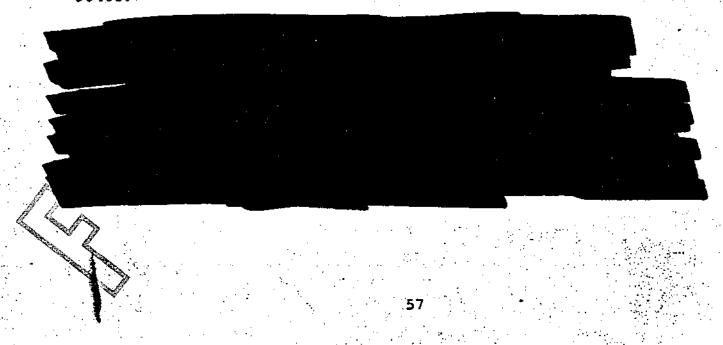
phone number 549-2107 during the period November, 1974, through April 9, 1975, was JAY MELTESEN and said phone was located at 2419 McGee Avenue, Berkeley, California.

! On November 4, 1975, records of the Alameda County
Tax Assessor's Office were caused to be searched and disclosed
that the owners of the property at 2419 McGee Avenue, Berkeley,
are FRED and GLADYS WIECZOREK, 2319 Roosevelt, Berkeley, California. An attempt was made to contact the WIECZOREKs on same
date but met with negative results at this time. On November 5,
1975, records of the United States Postmaster's Office, San
Francisco, California, were searched by and disclosed
that on April 12, 1975, JAY MELTESEN filed a change of mailing
address from 2419 McGee Avenue, Berkeley, to 2823 Cherry Street,
Berkeley, California. Additional information regarding MELTESEN
was determined by a search of the California Department of
Motor Vehicles (DMV), California State Bureau of Criminal
Investigation and Identification (CII), and San Francisco
Police Department (SFPD):





On November 5, 1975, records of the Alameda County Tax Assessor's Office were searched for the owner of the property at 2823 Cherry Street, Berkeley, California. This search disclosed that the owner of this property is LAWRENCE ARNSTEIN, address 440 Raymond, Santa Monica, California, 90405.



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The following investigation was conducted by

SA

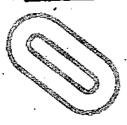
AT BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA

On November 12, 1975, occupant of 2419 McGee, Berkeley, California, advised that she had resided at that address since October, 1975. stated that she did not know the prior tenants of that address but had occasionally received mail for some unknown tenants, possibly three weeks prior to this date. stated that the names "MELTESEN," "MC CARTHY," and "KILGORE" may possibly have appeared on some of the incoming mail. stated that she definitely recalls receiving mail concerning the University of California at Berkeley, Criminology School, and also mail from the Wells Fargo Bank. Idvised that she would contact her Letter Carrier for additional information regarding this mail and also mail from the Wells Fargo Bank.

On November 12, 1975, ROBERT WEICZOREK, address 2139 Roosevelt, who is the son of the past owners of the property located at 2419 McGee, Berkeley, California, advised that he had not known the prior occupants of 2419 McGee very well. WEICZOREK stated that the occupants were two white males and one white female. WEICZOREK offered the following descriptive data concerning these individuals:

Individual #1

Race Sex Height Weight Hair Age



Individual #2

Race Sex Age Height Hair Characteristics White Male Approximately 6'1" 180 pounds Blond, curly Early twenties

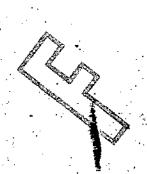
White Male Early twenties 5'9" Straight, dark; small goatee Possibly glasses; "conservative-looking fellow"

2 Sr 100-65576 LFC/kdn

Individual #3

Race Sex Height Hair Build Age Characteristics Occupation White
Female
Approximately 5'9"
Light brown
Slender, approximately 110 pounds
Approximately 25 years old
Possessed a dog named "ROGER"
Drove a taxi, a blue Nova, for a
company possibly known as Taxi
Unlimited, Berkeley based

On the same date, Mrs. GLADYS WEICZOREK was contacted regarding any knowledge she may have had concerning the prior tenants at 2419 McGee. Mrs. WEICZOREK searched her personal records but was unable to determine any rental receipts or contracts. WEICZOREK did, however, locate a notation indicating that on January 1, 1973 the rent at 2419 McGee was paid by CLARENCE R. MELTESEN and SHANNON O'REILLY. WEICZOREK advised that CLARENCE R. MELTESEN was the father of the former resident, JAY MELTESEN. A notation was made that CLARENCE R. MELTESEN resided at 1457 - 38th Avenue, San Francisco, California, 94122. WEICZOREK was unable to furnish any additional information at this time and concluded that the information furnished by her son was correct. It is noted that in the event that Mrs. WEICZOREK must be contacted again, she can be reached during the day at the California Department of Health, Berkeley, California,



Date of transcription	11/14/75	

In an attempt to locate and interview JAY XAVIER MEBTESEN, SA approached the occupants of \$2823 Cherry Street, Berkeley, California. A white male adult, approximately 25 years old, 5'7", red curly moderate length hair, medium build, wearing wire frame glasses, advised that LARRY ARNSTEIN and JAY MELTESEN resided at that address but were not at home at this time. SA then identified himself to this individual by display of official FBI credentials and requested to interview this individual.

At this point, the individual, who declined identifying himself, advised that he had nothing to discuss with the FBI as this was his "right." This individual then closed the front door.

While exiting the front porch area of the residence, observed a white male adult, approximately 25 years old, curly brown hair, wearing coveralls, approach the front door from Cherry Street. The approaching individual advised SA that he did not reside at this address and then proceeded to knock at the front door shouting, "JOHN, open up."

No further attempts were made at this time to interview the occupants of that residence.

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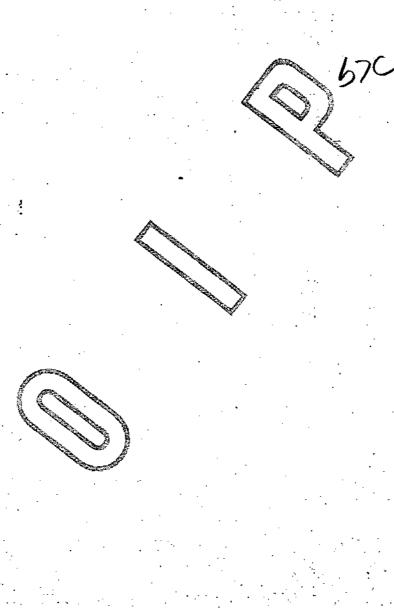
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

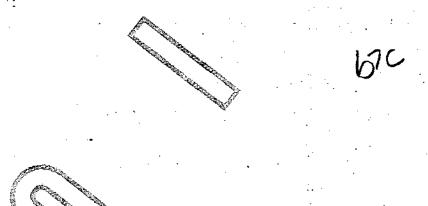
3	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.
×	Deleted under exemption(s) <u>47C</u> , <u>67D</u> with no segregable material available for release to you.
	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
	Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies), was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.
	Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies);
	as the information originated with them. You will
	be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.
 ,	Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
	For your information:
Z	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 7-/5200-NR (2.20-76)

XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX On the morning of November 14, 1975, MICHAEL BORTIN appeared unannounced at the office of his Alameda county Probation Officer and requested permission to travel to the state of Georgia. At that time BORTIN advised that the reason for leaving was to avoid "FBI harrassment".



Date of transcription ______11/18/75

is aware that MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN previously had been prosecuted in connection with the location of a cache of explosives in Berkeley, California. Within the past two years, has observed MICHAEL BORTIN on several occasions and readily recognized BORTIN on sight. The has observed MICHAEL BORTIN entering and exiting the residence at 45 Rockaway, but believes that BORTIN infrequently spends the night at that address. The last recalls obseving BORTIN at that address approximately six weeks prior to this date. At that time, BORTIN was in the company of a white female and was operating a "junky" gray Volkswagen sedan, possibly a 1965 model.



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Dote dictoted 11/18/75

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GPO : 1975 O - 566-118

SF 100-65576 LFC:ekf

Subsequent to the arrest of PATRICIA HEARST and WENDY YOSHIMURA at 625 Morse Street, San Francisco, California, and BILL and EMILY HARRIS, 288 Precita Street, San Francisco, copies of all inventories, pertinent documents, and evidence obtained pursuant to the execution of search warrants at 401 Irvington, Daly City, California, 288 Precita, San Francisco, and 625 Morse Street, San & Francisco, were disseminated to all San Francisco Bay Area prosecutors having prosecutive interest in the Symbionese Liberation Army (SLA) investigation and the WENDY YOSHIMURA case. These items were furnished to Alameda County authorities by SA LOUIS F. CAPUTO, JR., at the direction and supervision of Assistant United States Attorney (AUSA) DAVID P. BANCROFT, San Francisco. Additionally, BANCROFT authorized the release of the results of an FBI Laboratory examination of certain items inventoried during the execution of search warrants at the Precita, Irvington, and Morse Street addresses. The specific information set forth regarding fingerprint and document examination were furnished by the FBI Laboratory and have been fully substantiated by FBI Lab reports prepared by Latent Fingerprint experts FRANK LEAPLEY and DONALD MC BRIDE. Additionally, the results of FBI, San Francisco, neighborhood investigations at these areas were furnished to Alameda County authorities. The complete results of FBI Laboratory examination of those items pertinent to MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN will be set forth later in this report.

On November 17, 1975, Deputy District Attorney HORNER, Alameda County, submitted the following letter to the Alameda County Probation Department for appropriate action:



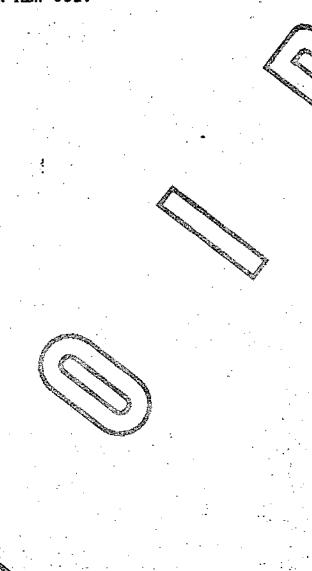


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×	Deleted under exemption(s) 670 with no segregable material available for release to you.						
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	Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.						
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Z	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 7-/.5260-NR (2-20-76)						

XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX SF 100-65576 LFC:ekf

On November 18, 1975, a bench warrant was issued by the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Alameda, charging MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN with violation of probation having been convicted and placed on probation for the offense of violation of Section 12305, Health and Safety Code. Defendant not to be admitted to bail. Warrant may be served day or night, service not limited to California. Action #52904C; PO #31536731; PFN AEW 851.



SF 100-65576 LFC:ekf by

Among the items inventoried, pursuant to the execution of the search warrant executed at 288 Precita Street, San Francisco, California, were the following items which were located in a green metal box. This box was determined to be within a locked closet that was located in a hallway connecting the two bedrooms at that residence;

- (1) California driver's license, N4820957, issued to LOWELL GALE LAWSON, address 69 1/2 Potomac, San Francisco.
- (2) One copy of a California birth certificate, record number 891, revealing that LOWELL GALE LAWSON was born at Santa Rosa, California, on September 22, 1942, father listed as RALPH LOWELL LAWSON, mother listed as MARY IRENE MC GREW.

These items were found by SAs

and

On December 10, 1975, a telephonic request was made of the California Department of Motor Vehicles, Technical Division, by SA Technical Division, to a Lowerth Application for the above described driver's determined on the Application for the above described driver's license. This driver's license was issued December 5, 1974, at San Francisco, California, to a LOWELL GALE LAWSON, date of birth September 22, 1942.

On December 11, 1975 Department of Technical Services, Motor Vehicle Division, Sacramento, California, advised that the latent prints of MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN were determined on the application for the California driver's license of LAWSON.

Investigation conducted by the Sacramento Division of the FBI determined that the time of application "LAWSON" refused to furnish a Social Security Account Number, a previous address, or a thumb print to the California Department of Motor Vehicles, which is a customary practice.

The following investigation had been previously conducted by the Sacramento Division of the FBI:

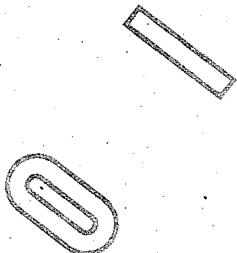
Date of transcription 9/22/75

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The records of the Registrar's Office, Sonoma County, Santa Rosa, California, were reviewed and revealed the following information regarding LOWELL GALE LAWSON, date of birth September 22, 1942.

The 1942 Birth Certificate Record, Number 891, revealed that LOWELL GALE LAWSON was born at Santa Rosa, California, on September 22, 1942, his father was listed as RALPH LOWELL LAWSON, age 18, employed by the United States Government, Hare Island, Vallejo, California, and his mother as MARY IRENE MC GREW, age 17, residence 702 Petaluma Avenue, Sebastopol.

The 1943 Death Certificate, Number 58, revealed LAWSON died of a heart disease on January 17, 1943, with the same particulars of relatives as above.



67C

# & A				
Interviewed on	9/22/75	Şan Francisco	, California Fue #	SF 7855 - 57
The state of the s	.			A Section 1
.,	SA		b 73	9/22/75
3				

this document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is looned to vour answer.

It and its contents are not to be distributed autside your agency.

b7C

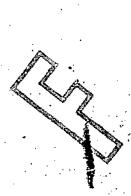
The following investigation was conducted by So

AT SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

On 11/24/75, Bureau of Vital Statistics, advised that a check of the records failed to reveal any request having been received for a copy of the birth certificate in the name of LOWELL GALE LAWSON, dob 9/22/42.

On 11/24/75 Command Center Special Services
Unit, Bureau of Identification, California Department of Justice,
advised that a check of the records failed to reveal any arrest
record in file for LOWELL GALE LAWSON, dob 9/22/42.

On 12/8/75, Driver's License Section, California Department of Motor Vehicles furnished copies of driver's license N4820957 in the name of LOWELL GALE LAWSON, 69% Potomac Street San Francisco, California. He was described as 5'7", 145 lbs., red hair, grey eyes, dob 9/22/42.



SF 100-65576 LFC:ekf 67C

On December 11, 1975,
Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV),
Sacramento, California, caused the known fingerprints of
MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN to be compared with latent prints
evident on the application to California driver's license
number N4820957, which was issued to (LOWELL GALE LAWSON,
date of birth September 22, 1942. The application form,
filed under penalty of perjury of the DMV, which resulted
in the issuance of the above described driver's license in
the name of LOWELL GALE LAWSON contains fingerprints positively
identified as those of MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN.



57C

SF 100-65576 LFC:ekf

On December 12, 1975, Deputy District Attorney

JEFFERY HORNER advised SA

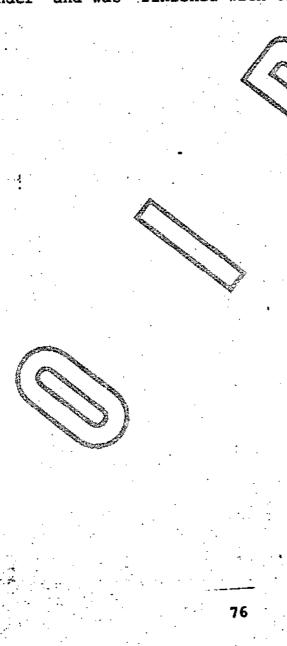
hat been contacted on this date by Alameda County Probation

Officer

advised HORNER that he

had been contacted telephonically by MICHAEL

BORTIN and advised that BORTIN was aware of the outstanding
bench warrant issued for his arrest but that he "would not
surrender" and was "finished with the system".



670

sr 100-65576 LFC:ekf

On December 16, 1975, radio station KSN-FM
94.5, broadcasted an interview of MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN
conducted by reporter DAVID MC QUEEN. Among the comments
offered by BORTIN at this time were the following:

BORTIN said he has been subjected to police and FBI "harrassment" which "accelerated greatly" after YOSHIMURA's name emerged in the SLA investigation. BORTIN said he did his best to avoid the FBI "because I had nothing-absolutely nothing-to tell them, because I knew nothing."

BORTIN continued he is the reason the District Attorney's Office is opposing any bail reduction in the YOSHIMURA case. BORTIN also added that he doubted his fingerprints were found in the SIA houses, and that "even if they were" it does not prove that he had any recent "It's a guilt by associaassociation with any of the four. tion," said BORTIN. My probation officer told me the order to revoke my freedom had to come down from way up high and that he was opposed to revocation." BORTIN contended that he has done nothing eriminal since his 1972 arrest and has been a model probation subject. BORTIN added "I'm getting a cheap railroad, " and what I am doing now is appealing to Judge WILSON to investigate and understand what the situation really is and to see to it that WENDY gets her fair share of justice." BORTIN said that he has not discounted the idea of surrendering himself "if it will get this cleared up... I really don't want to be a fugitive." He said, however, he will need assurance from Judge WILSON, who is hearing YOSHIMURA's bail motion, before he will turn himself in.

On December 22, 1976, Assistant District Attorney, JEFF HORNER, Alameda County, advised SA that as of December 22, 1975, the warrant for MICHAEL BORTIN had been dismissed. HORNER advised that BORTIN had volunhad been dismissed. HORNER advised that BORTIN had volunhad been dismissed in Alameda County Superior Court this date tarily appeared in Alameda County Superior Court this date and surrendered himself to Judge Spurgeon AVAKIAN.

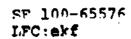
Judge AVAKIAN determined at the hearing that BORTIN did not have proper notice of the revocation hearing before Judge GOLDE. AVAKIAN set aside the revocation and recalled the bench warrant, setting January 30, 1976, for a new hearing.

SF 100-65576 LFC:ekf

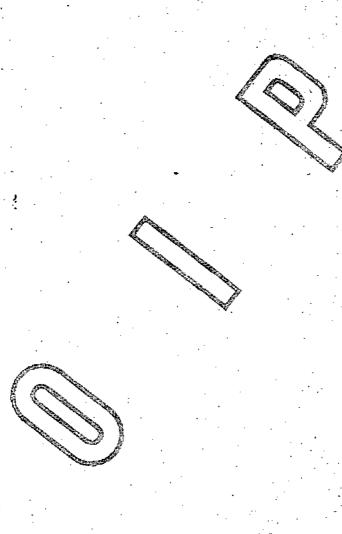
On January 30, 1976, in the courtroom of Superior Court Judge LIONELL WILSON, Alameda, County, certain items of evidence for the prosecution were introduced by various Agents of the FBI.

Included in a declaration "in deposition to revoke probation submitted to the Superior Court of Alameda County, California, District 52904, MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN deposed under penalty of perjury that he has no knowledge of the California driver's license and furthermore, BORTIN challenged the prosecution to validate this allegation by officially charging him with a violation which could be proven by "proper evidence by proper jury trial."





The following information was furnished by the Federal Bureau of Investigation Laboratory Latent Fingerprint Section:



Your File No. 7-855
FBI File No. 7-15200
Latent Case No. A-84715

November 6, 1975



Three latent fingerprints developed on the front cover of a book entitled "Guns and Politics," part of item #288-B-81, have been identified with fingerprints of Bortin.



Your File No. 7-855 FBI File No. 7-15200 Latent Case No. A-84715 November 7, 1975



RE: MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN, FBI #710110G

Nine latent fingerprints developed as follows, have been identified as finger impressions of Bortin:

One on book entitled "Guerrilla Warfare and Marxism" (part of item 401-KT-30A to 30AEEE)
Six on book entitled "America After

Nixon" (item 401-LR-39)
Two on Dutch Boy color chart 75 (item 401-LR-10A)

The above items were recovered from the residence at 401 Irvington, Daly City, California.



(b)

Your File No. 7-855
FBI File No. 7-15200
Latent Case No. A-84715

December 10, 1975



RE: MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN, FBI #710110G

Eleven latent fingerprints developed as follows have been identified as finger impressions of Bortin:

One on page 20 of copy of typewritten message entitled "IN AND BEFORE THIS HONORABLE MAGISTRATE OF THE PEOPLE," part of Q2081 (288-B-34)

One on page 4 of typewritten message beginning "For years there was a small gang..." part of Q2081 (288-B-34)

One on one page of yellow spiral notebook, part of Q2165 (625-D-FBR-21)

One on typewritten page beginning "We, of the Symbionese...," part of Q2123 (288-B-35)

One on handwritten and typewritten page beginning "Clearly we are not...," and one on handwritten and typewritten page beginning "Q. The media often presents...," parts of Q2125 (288-B-35) One on piece of paper bearing inked

One on piece of paper bearing inked drawings of two males, part of 625-C-RBR-8 Three on two pages of the ANARCHIST COOKBOOK, part of 288-B-81

One on typewritten page beginning "there was little," part of Q2155 (288-C-RBR-24C)



SF 100-65576 LFC:ekf

In addition to the latent prints of Bortin found on book entitled "America After Nixon", Item 401-LR-39, there were latent prints of the following individuals identified:

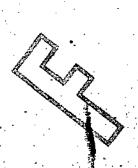
Emily Hontague Harris, FBI Number 325 804 L2 Steven Frederick Soliah, FBI Number 459 813 L9

In addition to the latent prints of Bortin found on book entitled "Guerrilla Warfare and Marxism", (part of Item 401-KT-30A to 30AEEEE) were latent prints of James W. Kilgore, FBI Number 448 488 L10.

In addition to the latent prints of Bortin found on handwritten and typewritten page beginning "Q. The media often presents ..., " part of Q2125 (288-B-35) were latent prints of Emily Montague Harris, FBI Number 325 804 L2.

In addition to the latent prints of Bortin found on page 4 of typewritten message beginning "For years there was a small gang ...", part of Q2081 (288-B-34) were latent prints of James William Kilgore, FBI Number 448 488 L10, page 1, Steven Frederick Soliah, FBI Number 459 813 L9.

In addition to latent print of Bortin found in yellow spiral notebook, part of Q2165 (625-D-FBR-21) were latent prints of Patricia Campbell Hearst, FBI Number 325 805 L10, Wendy Masako Yoshimura, FBI Number 3 754 L8, James William Kilgore, FBI Number 448 488 L10.



SP 100-65576 LFC:ekf

The following is descriptive data regarding MICHAFL

ALEXANDER BORTIN:

Date of Birth Hair Eves Height] Weight Social Security Account Number Aliases

July 26, 1948 Reddish-blond Blue 5'8" 155 pounds

558-78-4647 Mike Bortin, Red Bortin, John Henderson, Rudy Henderson, Jeffery ph), Alexander Berkman, Lowell Gale Lawson, Steven S. Markewitz, Maxey A. Bolin, Michael O'Leary 45 Rockaway San Francisco, California (parent's address) -

Mother

Residence

Father

Sister

Brother

MILDRED BORTIN 45 Rockaway, San Francisco JOSEPH LEONARD BORTIN 2925 Frye Street, Oakland Phone 530-7591 Attorney, 310 Sansome Alaska Commericial Building, Suite 800, business phone 986-8500

BETTY BORTIN,

Date of hirth September 4, 1949 1318 La Playa, San Francisco

phone 564-1827 ELISE BORTIN

2251 - 35th Avenue,

phone 665-6809

JEFFERY BORTIN phone 567-0575

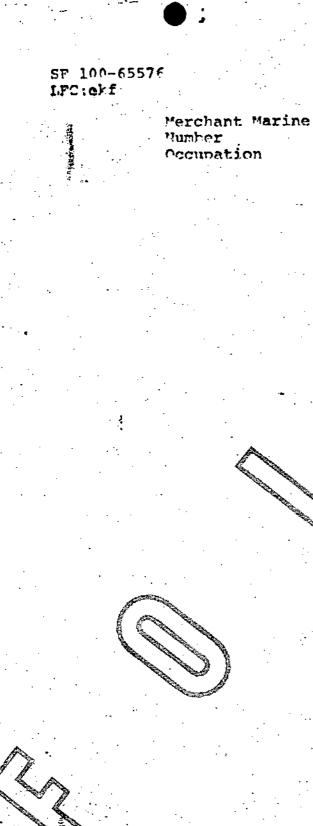
3255 Sacramento Street

San Francisco, California date of hirth February 24, 1953

BORTIN'S Residence as of January 1976

1159 Masonic, San Francisco

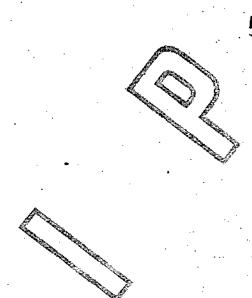


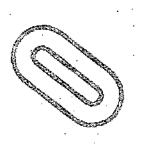


Z 558-78-4647-D1/ · Pouse Painter (Enduro Painting) phone 664-5861 SP 100-65576 LFC:erf

An Alameda County Probation Officer's report

state of California dated August 2, 1972, setting forth considerable background information regarding "ICHAPI."









FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

8	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.						
Ø	Deleted under exemption(s) 47D with no segregable material available for release to you.						
	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.						
	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.						
	Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies), was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you						
	Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.						
	Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):						
	For your information:						
□∑	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 7-15200 - NR (2.20-76)						

XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX LA**173 Comp. Syst. Ext. Affaire NR 033 LA CODE Files & CO FEBERAL BURFAU OF INVESTIGATION Gen. Inv. COMMUNICATIONS SECTION 95@PM WITEL 2/27/76 DMG Inspection. FFR 28 1936 Intell. 🏝 9 DIRECTOR . FBI (7-15200) Laborator Plan & Eval. TELETYPE 議論SAN FRANCISCO (7-855) Spec Inv. FROM LOS ANGELES (7-1627) (P) Telephone Rm. Director Sec'y ATIN: GID. INTD. OFFICE OF LEGAL COUNSEL HEARNAP JOD: SAN FRANCISCO THE LOS ANGELES TRIAL OF WILLIAM AND EMILY HARRIS RE LOS AMELES NITEL TO BUREAU AND SAMERANCISCO. FEBRUARY 26. 1976. TODAY, FEBRUARY C7, 1976, AUSA, LOS ANGELES, JOHN RATHJE .CO MIACTED RELATIVE TO PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS FROM FORMER INFORMANT FILE OF DARTHARD MAURICE EDWARD PERRY, AKA ED RIGGS. LOS ANGELES FILE 176-2658, BUREAU FILE 157-20634, IN RESPONSE TO ORDER OF LOS ANGENES COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT IN " PRETRIAL HEARING ON CAPTIONED MATTER: AUSA RATHJE STRONGLY OF OPINION THAT FD-302 OF TERMINATION INTERVIEW OF PERRY MARCH 31. 1975, BE FURNISHED TO COURT AS IT BOLSTERS AGENT'S TESTINONY TO IMPORTANT PARTICULARS, ALTHOUGH IT DOES NOT CONTAIN EXPLICIT INFORMATION WITHIN THE ORDER OF OURT FOR INSTRUCTIONS OF CONVERSATIONS ON USE OF DISPOSITION OF PHOTOGRAPHS. EX-110

都 MAR 4 1976

8 4 MAR 2 2 1976

PAGE TWO CA 7-1627) AUSA HATHJE ADVISED HE HAS OBTAINED DEPARTMENTAL APPROVAL TO MAKE AVAILABLE THIS FD -302 TO SUPERIOR COURT UACE, THIS DOCUMENT WILL BE FURNISHED IN COURT ON TUESDAY, MARCH 2, 1976. WPY OF FD -302 DATED MARCH 3L, 1975, AT LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA , FOLLOWS BY FACSIMILIE. END .

CUMMUNICATIONS SECTION 🐷 -D-n.-A.D.-141 Asst. Dir.: Transmit actualed by Fossialie . PONTEXT FEB 2 8 1976 Ext Affail TELETYPE Files & 🗘 DIRECTOR, FOT (7-15200) Gen. Inv. 🖓 Free Los Anderes (7-1627) (P) Time Transited . 95% Subject HEARNAP, OO: SAN PRANCISCO Plan. & Ev Spec. Inv. Training Legal County ATN: GID; INTD; OFF OF LEGAL COUNSEL. Telephone Riff. Fingerprint Photo Fingerprint Record Map Hewapoper clipping Photograph Director Sec Artips Cocaption Months FD 30 Special headles instructions Re LA nitel to Bu \$5.F. 2/27/74 captioned " HEARNAP, BE LA TRIAL OF WILLIAM AND Enity HARRIE." (Request to produce document in XU ** MAR 4 1976 4 MAR 2 2 1976

DARTHARD MAURICE EDWARD PERRY, 12126 Compton Boulevard, Los Angeles, California, was located at his residence, and after being advised of his rights as they appear on a standard Advice of Rights form, which he stated he understood and signed, furnished the following information:

PERRY advised that to his knowledge and the best of his information, he had never knowingly or willingly furnished any false information to the FBI.

PERRY advised that he had never revealed his name in connection with his confidential relationship to the Burcau to any outside person. He advised that he would abide by his signed statement of cooperation, dated September 19, 1974, to not publish his activities or attempt to profit from his confidential relationship with the Bureau in any way, and to maintain the confidentiality of his relationship to the Bureau.

PERRY advised he agreed to discontinue his voluntary cooperation with the Burcau, effective this date. PERRY advised that family marital problems and economic bardships demand he seek full time employment. He has accumulated numerous debts and his continued association with extremist-type people would be detrimental to his employment opportunities.

PERRY advised on Thursday, March 27, 1975, he had contacted the Harold Examiner Newspaper on a protext for the purpose of attempting to obtain a cash advanced retainer to allow him to cover expenses of traveling to San Francisco, California to cover the trial of the San Quentin Six. By obtaining such employment, PERRY intended to furnish the newspaper with legitimate news coverage from the black community standpoint, and to use the opportunity to cover and report to the FBI on extremist subjects.

PERRY advised that he did not reveal his identity to anyone and did not intend to misrepresent himself or

11.21.2		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		
3/31/75	"Los Angeles,	California -	Jos Apre	Les 170-	2658
SA WILLIAM	OTTO HEATON and			- 1916	
H GIVAD AZ	FALK/WOH/bjg 207/4	Dow direct—	3/31/75		
	tecommendations not canciustom of the FBL be distributed autide your opensy.		and to loaved to yo	7610	
		bette eret as been alles the	partition of the same		-

TA 170-2658 cause any embarrassment to the FBI PERRY advised that his common law eifc. DIANE HAYES, nee Hack, does not approve of the this this edio fects with whom source has been keeping company, and is eddition, his economic hardships require that he cease furnishing information to the Buress on a voluntary waste until auch cime as he has resolved his financial and excital difficulties. DARTHARD PERRY was described as 5122000 from observation and interview: DAR thank MAURICE Educad April 10, 1974 Date of Birth Place of Birth Columbia, Mississippi Negro Race Male Sex Height 220 p*omite*" Weight Light brown Byes : Black. Hair * 12126 Compose रूपारिश्वरचे Address los Angeles, California

FILE DESCRIPTION BUREAU FILE

SUBJECT Hearnap

FILE NO. 7-15200

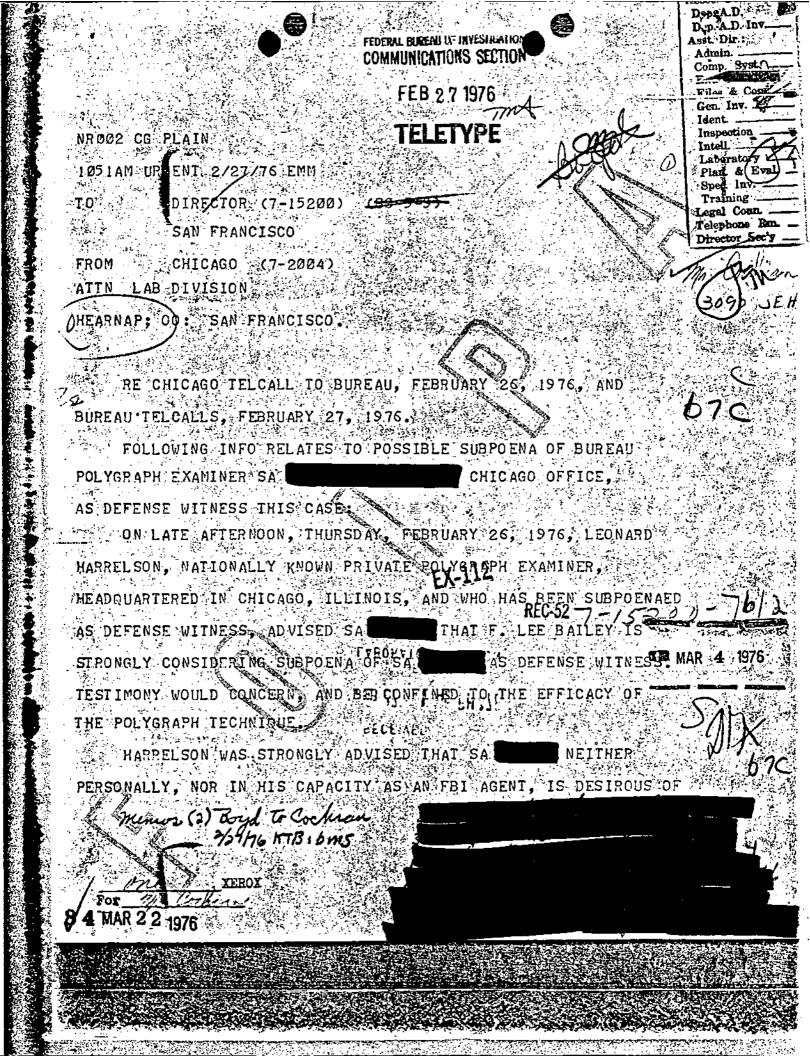
SECTION NO. 134

SERIALS___76//

to

7659

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION LAS 13. ≩FEB ⁄2 © 1976 🗟 NR 2026 LA-PLAIN Den-A D-A 7:15PM NITEL 2-26-76 DLB TELETYPE Dep. A.D.-Inv. Asst. Dir.: TO DIRECTOR (7-15220) SAN FRANCISCO (7-855) Admin. Comp. Syst. ALEXANIFIA (7-120) Ext. Afglirs CHICAGO (7-2004) CHEVEL DID (7-1894) DENVER : (7-520) INDIANAPOLIS (7-1360) LAS VEGAS (7-313) Laberatory Plan & Eval ENEUARK (7-1105) NEW YORK (7-1976) Spec. Lay. PHILADELPHIA (7-1299) PHOENIX %(7-1299) Telephone Rm Director Secy PORTLAND (7-483) SA NDI EGO (7-496) ALL OFFICES VIA WASHINGTON FROM LOS ANGELES (7-1627) 30P) ATTN: GID, INTO AND OFFICE OF LEGAL COUNSEL HEARNAP OO SAN FRANCISCO LOS ANGELES TRIAL OF WILLIAM AND EMILY HARRIS RE LOS ANGELES AIRTEL DARED REBRUARY 20, 1976, ENCLOSING OPY OF PRE-IRIAL DEFENSE MOTION ALLEGING GOVERNMENT MISCONDUCT SUPERIOR COURT JUDGE MARK BRANDLER, LOS ANGELES, HAS DENIED ABOVE MOTION. POR A VY CUESTIONS CORRECTTO NS PLEASE CONTACT THE LOS A MS ELES OFFICE REC- 85 END ## MAR 2 1976



PAGE TWO CG 7-2004
APPEARING AS A WITNESS. HOWEVER, HE WOULD HONOR SUBPCENALIF

HARRELSON WAS ADVISED BY SA THAT IF HE WERE SUBPOENAED, AND SUBSEQUENTLY APPEARED, AS WITNESS, HIS TESTIMONY WOULD BE IN TOTAL ACCORD WITH BUREAU POLICY REEFICACY OF POLYGRAPH, WHICH IS THAT THE FBL DOES NOT CONSIDER POLYGRAPH EXAMINATIONS AS SUFFICIENTLY PRECISE TO PERMIT ABSOLUTE JUDGEMENT OF GUILT OR NON-GUILT (LIE OR TRUTH); WITHOUT QUALIFICATION.

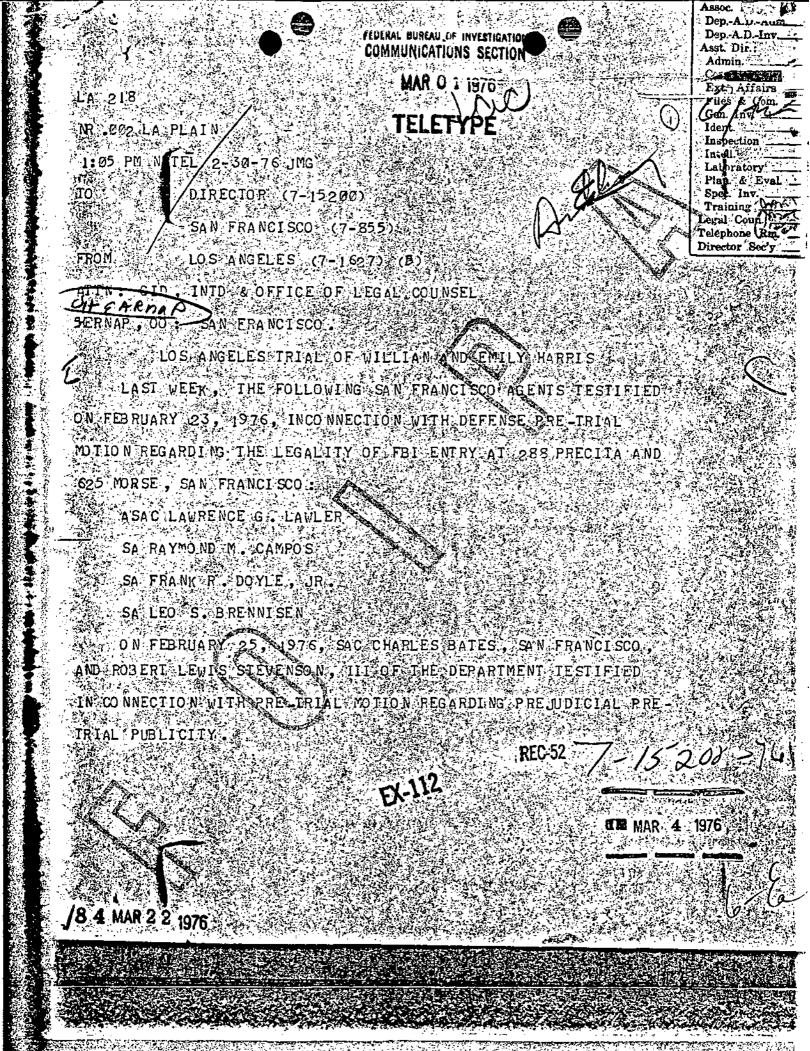
BUREAU AND SAN FRANCISCO WILL BE KEPT IMMEDIATELY ADVISED

OF ANY FURTHER INFO RECEIVED RE ABOVE.

END.

BAS ACK NRØ01 & NRØ02 FBI

cc de Ser Div



PAGE TWO 11417-1627)

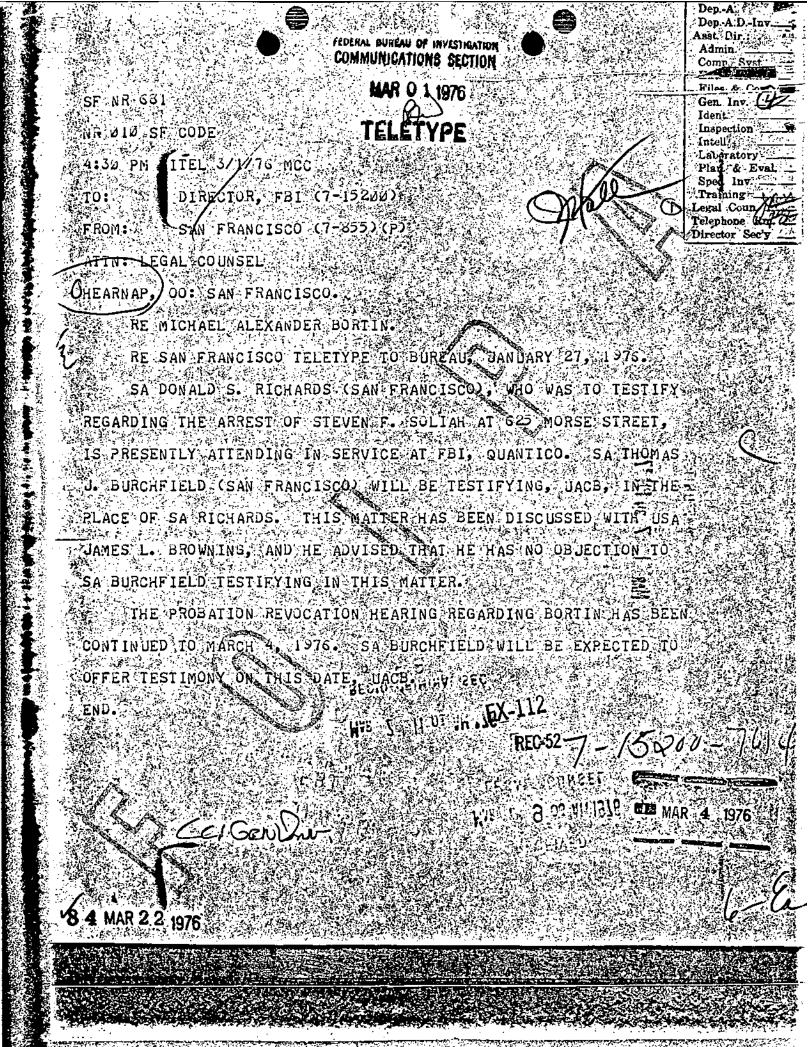
ON FERNARY 26,1976, SA WILLIAM OTTO HEATON, LOS ANGELES,

LOS ANGELES COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT JUDG MARK BRANDLER HAS

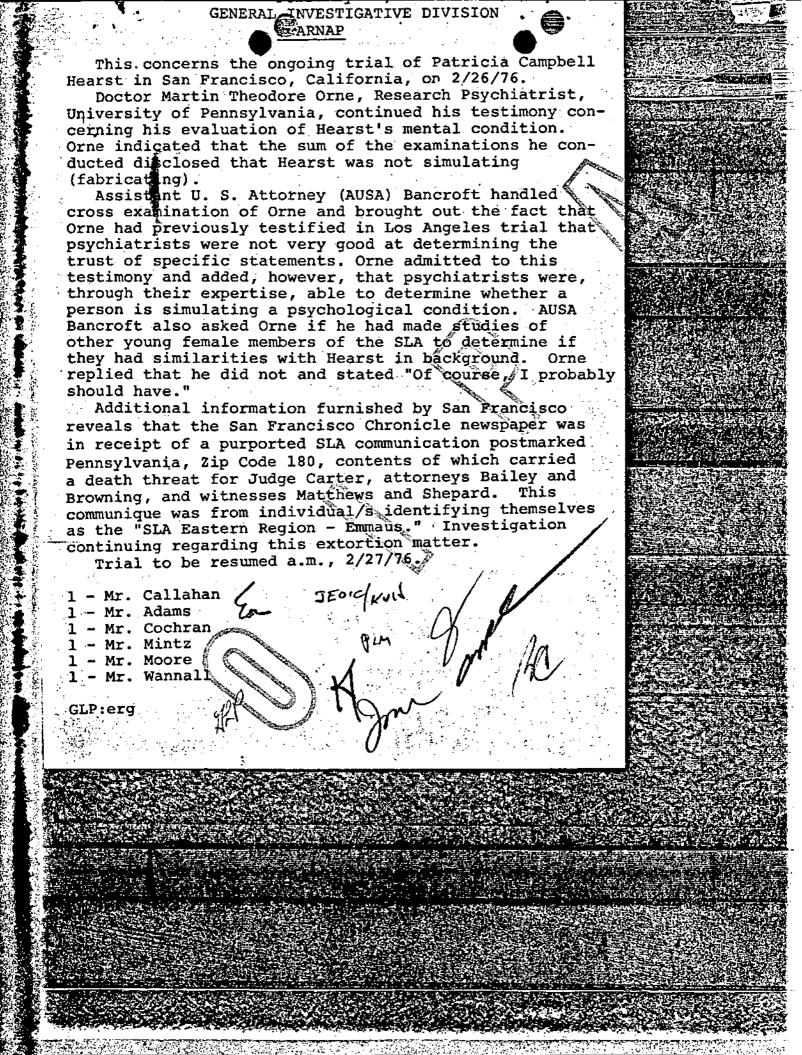
BUREAU AND SAN FRANCISCO WILL BE KEPT ADVISED OF PERTINENT

FND

Op legal cour



TELETYPE PLAINTEXT NITEL 3-1-76 TO: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (7-855) DIRECTOR, FBI (7-15200) FROM: OHEARNAR. REURAIRTEL FEBRUARY 23, 1976. LATENT PRINT DEVELOPED ON SHEET OF NOTEBOOK PAPER, Q2321, IDENTIFIED WITH IMPRESSION OF RIGHT THUMB OF MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN, FBI #710110G. LABORATORY REPORT SEPARATE. CONFIRMING. RSH: jah () 12 MAR 4 1976 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION COMMUNICATIONS SECTION



COMMUNICATIONS SECTIO **FFA 2/6 1976** SF NR 603 TELETYPE Gen. Inv. Ident. NR 029 SF CODE Inspection Intell Laboratory 39 8:34PM NITEL FEBRUARY 26, 1976, MUE Plan & Eval DIRECTOR, FBI (7-15200) Celebrane Rmo LOS ANGELES Dir Arwi Sec SAN FRANCISCO (7-855) (P) THED GID. CHEARNAP. RE TRIAL OF PATRICIA HEARST, FEBRUARY 26, 1976. TRIAL RESUMED WITH F. LEE BAILEY CONTINUING DIRECT EXAMINATION OF DOCTOR ORNE. ORNE EMPHASIZED HEARST'S TENDENCY TO RESPOND TO SITUATIONS AND QUESTIONS IN TERMS OF EFFECTS ON INDIVIDUALS. DEMONSTRATED VERY LITTLE INCLINATION TOWARD ABSTRACT THOUGHT, PRINCIPLES, IDEALS, ORNE CONTRASTED THIS TENDENCY ON MISS HEARST S PART WITH THE LANGUAGE IN THE SLATAPES AND MANUSCRIPTS WHICH IS ASCRIBED TO HER WHEREIN THE WRITER OR SPEAKER DEMONSTRATES EXTREME CONCERN WITH IDEOLOGY AND REC-52 7 /5200-7 6/10 ABSTRACT THOUGHT. HE TESTIFIED AS TO HEARST'S AMNESIA WHICH SEENED MOST MAR 4 1976 MANIFEST CONCERNING THE MOST STRESSFUL EVENTS OF HER INVOLVEMENT WITH TAPES.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

SF 7-855

THERE IS A SELF-SERVING PATTERN TO THE AMNESIA AND DETERMINED.

THAT THE E HAD NOT BEEN BECAUSE THERE WERE THINGS HELPFUL TO

MISS HEARST'S CASE WHICH HAD BEEN LEFT OUT OF INITIAL

INTERVIEWS.

ORNE INDICATED THE "TRAUMATIC NEUROSES" FROM WHICH MISS HEARST SUFFERED WAS SEEN ONLY IN RETURNING MILITARY PRISONERS OF WAR.

ORNE INDICATED HE WAS IMPRESSED BY THE TREMENDOUS IMPROVEMENT, IN MISS HEARST BETWEEN THE TIME OF HIS FIRST EXAMINATION OF HER IN MID-DECEMBER TO THE PRESENT TIME.

HE INDICATED THAT HIS EXAMINATION AND ANALYSIS OF MISS HEARST DISCLOSED THAT SHE WAS FORCED BY THE SLATO BECOME AN OUTLAW AND SEEK REFUGE FROM THE LAW WITH THE SLATER

HE PLACED SIGNIFICANCE ON THE STATEMENT OF ATTORNEY.

GENERAL SAXBE

GENERAL REGARDING HEARST BEING A "COMMON CRIMINAL".

TESTIFYING THAT THAT STATEMENT HAD A "HUGE IMPACT". IN THAT

HEARST WOULD AT THAT POINT HAVE TO KEEP UP THE HOPE THAT PEOPLE

PAGE THREE

SF 7-855

WOULD BE IEVE HER WHEN SHE CAME BACK.

ORNE CHARACTERIZED HEARST'S POSITION IN THE SLA AS THE

CROSS EXAMINATION BY AUSA DAVID P. BANCROFT ELICITED THE

MOST OF URNE'S PSYCHIATRIC LIFE HAS BEEN SPENT IN ACADEMIC PURSUITS AND PRIVATE PRACTICE. HE HAS NOT CONCENTRATED IN THE AREA OF FORENSIC PSYCHIATRY. HE TESTIFIED AS TO STATE OF MIND ON ONLY TWO OCCASIONS PRIOR TO THIS CASE.

HE ACKNOWLEDGED THAT HE DID NOT SEEK MATERIALS FROM THE PROSECUTION BECAUSE A COLLEAGUE TOLD HIM THAT IT WAS NOT GENERALLY CONSIDERED PROPER. HE ACKNOWLEDGED THAT IT WAS COMMON PRACTICE FOR A PSYCHIATRIST TO GET AS MUCH PERTINENT DATA AS PUSSIBLE. HE INDICATED THAT HE FELT HE HAD ADEQUATE DATA IN THE REPORT OF WEST AND SINGER.

BANCRUFT QUESTIONED ORNE REGARDING TESTIMONY IN A PREVIOUS CASE IN USDC OF THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA AT LOS ANGELES WHERE HE HAD TESTIFIED THAT PSYCHIATRISTS

PAGE FOUR

ST 7-855

WERE NOT VERY GOOD AT DETERMINING THE TRUST OF SPECIFIC STATEMENTS. LORNE ACKNOWLEDGED HAVING SO TESTIFIED BUT EXPLAINED THAT ALTADUGH PSYCHIATRISTS POSSESS NO PARTICULAR SKILLS WITH REGARD TO DISCERNING SPECIFIC TRUTHS, THEY WERE ABLE TO THROUGH THEIR EXPERTISE DETERMINE WHETHER A PERSON IS SIMULATING A PSYCHOLOGICAL CONDITION.

HE ACKNOWLEDGED THAT IT IS DIFFICULT TO MAKE A PSYCHIATRIC OR EVALUATION UNLESS A PSYCHIATRIST KNOWS WHAT THE SPECIFIC FACTS ARE AND HE ADMITTED THAT THERE WERE SOME SPECIFIC FACTS HIGHLY SIGNIFICANT IN HIS DIAGNOSIS FOR WHICH HE RELIED ON PATRICIA HEARST.

WHICH DEMONSTRATED PSYCHOLOGISTS, INABILITY TO DETERMINE SIMULATION OF VERIFICATION OF THE PSYCHOLOGICAL CONDITION OF HYPNOSIS. HE INDICATED THAT HE HAD BEEN SHOCKED BY HIS INABILITY TO DETERMINE WHICH INDIVIDUALS WERE GENUINELY HYPNOTIZED AND WHICH INDIVIDUALS WERE SIMULATING HYPNOSIS.

HE ADDITIONALLY ACKNOWLEDGED THAT IT WAS MORE DIFFICULT

PAGE FIVE

SP-7-355

TO DETER INE SIMULATION ON AN ACTUAL CASE BASIS RATHER THAN UNDER LA ORATORY CONDITIONS.

ORNE TESTIFIED THAT ONE OF THE CHECKS HE EMPLOYED WAS TO OFFER SELF-SERVING EXPLANATIONS FOR CERTAIN CONDUCT BUT INDICATED THAT HEARST REFUSED TO EMPLOY THE EXPLANATIONS HE SUGGESTED.

REGARDING ORNE'S DIRECT TESTIMONY THAT HE FOUND IT TO BE SIGNIFICANT THAT SHE HAD NOT REMEMBERED THE RAPE BY WILLIAM WOLFE WHEN SHE CAVE HER STATEMENTS TO WEST BECAUSE SUCH INDICATION WOULD BE FAVORABLE TO HER AND THE FACT THAT SHE HAD NOT REMEMBERED IT WHEN DISCUSSING WITH WEST HE FELT WAS AN INDICATION THAT HER PROFESSED AMNESIA WAS GENUINE.

BANCKUST POINTED OUT THROUGH QUESTIONING CONCERNING HEARST'S
TESTIMONY REGARDING THE RAPE ITSELF AND ORNE STATED THAT HE
FELT HER DENIAL OF FORCIBLE RESISTANCE OF THE RAPE DEMONSTRATED
FORDEARANCE ON HER PART TO UTILIZE A READILY AVAILABLE.
SELF-SERVING ALLEGATION WHICH COULD NOT POSSIBLY HAVE BEEN
REJECTED. BANCKOFT ASKED IF THE WHOLE ACCOUNT OF THE RAPE

PAGE SIX

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COULD HAVE BEEN A PREVARICATION, WHICH HEARST WAS RELUCTANT TO PRESENT INITIALLY BECAUSE OF I. RETAINED AFFECTION FOR WOLFE, A D 2. FEAR OF LOSING CREDIBILITY.

ORNE ACKNOWLEDGED THAT SINGLE INSTANCES COULD BE EXAMINED IN THIS WAY TO THE EFFECT THAT MR. BANCROFT PROPOSED BUT HE INDICATED THAT THE SUM OF THE EXAMINATIONS HE CONDUCTED DISCLOSED THAT SHE WAS NOT SIMULATING. HANCROFT QUESTIONED ORNE CLOSELY REGARDING HIS APPARENT LACK OF INTEREST IN THE ONE-YEAR PERIOD BETWEEN THE FALL OF 1974 AND HEARST SECAPTURE. ORNE INDICATED THAT HE DID NOT FEEL DETAILED INFORMATION REGARDING THIS ERA WAS ESPECIALLY SIGNIFICANT. ORNE THE FEIT THIS RESULTS SUBSEQUENTLY NOT PREVIOUSLY AND THAT HE FELT THIS TIME PERIOD WOULD NOT BE HELPFUL IN SHEDDING LIGHT ON MISS HEARST'S BEHAVIOR IN THE BANK; BUT BANCROFT QUESTIONED HIN REGARDING THE "URBAN GUERRILLA" BOOKING STATEMENT AND THE

PATRICIA TOBIN THAT SHE WAS "PISSED OFF" TO BE ARRESTED AND

SF 7-855

HER STATEMENT TO PATRICIA TOBIN THAT SHE WANTED TO MAKE A STATEMENT FROM A "REVOLUTIONARY FEMINIST" STANDPOINT AND ORNE THEN ACK OWLEDGED THAT THE EVENTS OF THAT ONE-YEAR PERIOD WOULD BE SIGNIFICANT IN EVALUATING THOSE EVENTS. HE STATED HOWEVER, THAT HE HAD BEEN TOO BUSY IN ATTEMPTING TO ATTAIN INFORMATION REGARDING WHAT HE CONSIDERED TO BE A MORE PERTINENT PERIOD.

FEMALE MEMBERS OF THE SLA TO DETERMINE IF THEY WERE INTERESTED IN PEOPLE RATHER THAN IDEAS AND HAD OTHER SIMILARITIES WITH A PATRICIA HEARST IN BACKGROUND. ORNE REPLIED THAT HE DID NOT AND STATED "OF COURSE, I PROBABLY SHOULD HAVE". HE INDICATED HE HAD NOT MADE ANY STUDY OF THE BACKGROUND OF WILLIAM WOLFE.

REGARDING HEARST'S INDICATION TO TOBIN THAT SHE WANTED TO MAKE A "REVOLUTIONARY FEMINIST" STATEMENT, ORNE TESTIFIED HE FELT HEARST'S STATEMENTS WERE MORE "FEMINIST THAN REVOLUTIONARY" AND WERE PATTERNED AFTER OR INSPIRED BY ACTIONS OR STATEMENTS OF PATRICIA'S MOTHER.

PAGE EIGHT

SF 7-855

BAN ROFT ASKED ORNE INCREDULOUSLY IF HE REGARDED WAS HEARS
AS A FEMINIST AND ORNE STATED THAT SOMEONE HAD SHOWN HIM A
NEWSPAPER SO INDICATING. HE LATER RETRACTED THAT SOMEWHAT
SAYING THAT PERHAPS THE MEDIA WAS WRONG, THEY UFTEN GET THINGS
WRONG.

UPON REDIRECT EXAMINATION BAILEY ELICITED FROM ORNE THE INDICATION THAT THE BEST METHOD FOR DISCERNING THE TRUTH OF SPECIFIC ALLEGATIONS IS THROUGH POLYGRAPH ANABYSIS.

BANCROFT OBJECTED AND A LENGTHY DISCUSSION ENSUED AT THE

ORNE THEN TESTIFIED THAT THAT ANSWER WAS TRUE INSOFAR AS A PROPERLY ADMINISTERED POLYGRAPH EXAMINATION IS CONDUCTED BY A QUALIFIED EXPERT UNDER PROPER CONDITIONS.

ON CONTINUED REDIRECT ORNE TESTIFIED REGARDING HIS CONFIDENCE IN THE ACCURACY OF PSYCHIATRIC TESTS FOR SIMULATION. HE INDICATED THE EXPERIENCE HE DID WITH RETURNING PRISONERS OF WAR HE WOULD HAVE BEEN SERIOUSLY IMPAIRED IN HIS EXAMINATION OF THE SUBJECT.

PAGE NINE

DIR CT EXAMINATION WAS BEGUN BY F. LEE BAILEY OF DOGTOR
ROBERT LETON OF YALE WHO LISTED LENGTHY QUALIFICATIONS AS AN
EXPERT AND A SPECIALIST IN THOUGHT CONTROL AND COERCIVE A
RERSUASION. LIFTON OUTLINED EXTENSIVE EXPERIENCE IN RETURNING
PRISONERS OF WAR AND OTHER VICTIMS OF THE ABOVE PRACTICES.

HE TESTIFIED THAT IN EARLY JUNE, 1974, WEED HAD COME TO SEE HIM REGARDING HEARST AND LIFTON INDICATED TO HIM THAT IT WAS POSSIBLE THAT THERE WAS SOME TYPE OF CUERCION EMPLOYED AGAINST HEARST. HE INDICATED THAT HE COUCHED HIS STATEMENTS IN TENTATIVE TERMS AND SOUGHT PRIMARILY TO CONSOLE OR COMFORT A VERY TROUBLED YOUNG MAN.

HE INDICATED THAT HE HAD RECEIVED A CALL FROM AUSA JERRY.
CIMMET IN APRIL, 1975, WHEREIN CIMMET EXPLORED THE PUSSIBILITY
OF HIS EXAMINING HEARST WHEN SHE WAS CAPTURED.

HE TESTIFIED THAT IN EARLY DECEMBER, 1975, HE RECEIVED A CALL FROM DEFENSE ATTORNEY AL JOHNSON AND AGREED TO COME TO SAN FRANCISCO TO EXAMINE PATRICIA HEARST WITH THE FINAL DETERMINATION AS TO HIS RETENTION TO BE MADE AFTER HIS FIRST

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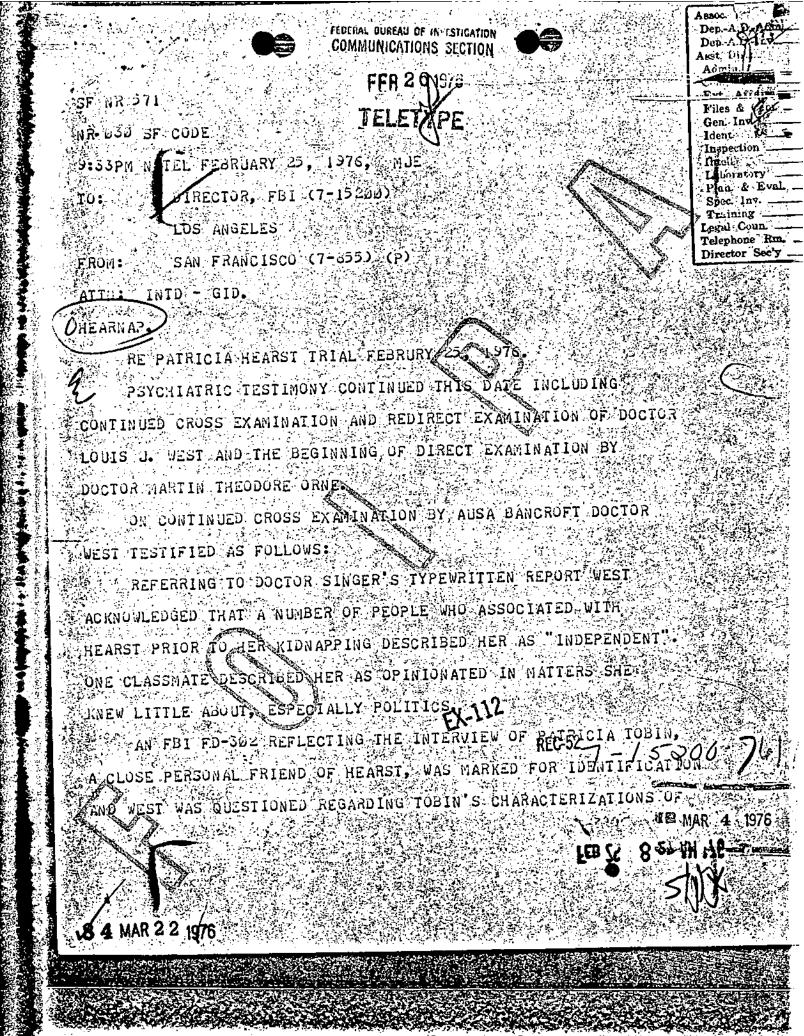
PATRICIA HEARSI FOR APPROXIMATELY FIFTEEN HOURS.

DOCTOR LIFTON ATTEMPTED TO DISTINGUISH "BRAINWASHING" AS A CATCH-ALL PHRASE NOT FAVORED BY SCIENTISTS; "THOUGHT REFORM" A LITERAL TRANSLATION OF A CHINESE TERM WHICH IS NOT USUALLY SUCCESSFUL WHEN EMPLOYED AGAINST AN ALIEN GROUP BUT MORE COMMONLY SUCCESSFUL WHEN EMPLOYED AGAINST PEERS; AND "COERCIVE PERSUASION" WHICH HAS AS A PREREQUISITE THE COMPLETE CONTROL OF THE SUBJECT'S ACCESS TO INFORMATION.

TRIAL WAS RECESSED AT APPROXIMATELY 4:00 P.M. TO BE RESUMED AT 10:00 A.M., FEBRÛARY 27, 1976.

Full:

GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION HEARNA This concerns the ongoing trial of Patricia Campbell Hearst in San Francisco, California, on 2/25/76. Doctor Louis Joylon West, Professor of Psychiatry (Chairman, Department of Psychiatry, UCLA), continued cross examination by Assistant U.S. Attorney (AUSA) Bancroft. AUSA Bancroft read from West report that Hears had "set her cap for the most attractive bachelor on the faculty and achieved that aim" taking him as her lover West acknowledged that that was his judgment. AUSA Mancroft questioned West regarding what part his knowledge of Hearst prekidnap use of marijuana, LSD, and mescaline played in his judgment regarding Hearst. West stated these drugs had been given to Hearst by Steven Weed in connection with experiments he was West acknowledged that Hearst indicated conducting. "she felt sort of trapped" regarding the prospect of fixing a marriage date with Weed. West denied that he had intended to suggest a successful (legal) defense for Hearst and indicated she had previously provided him with numerous facts independently establishing such a defense West testified that there was "no way" that Hearst could have faked the psychological symptoms that he had Doctor Margaret Singer observed. Trial to be resumed a.m., 2/26/76. 1 - Mr. Callahan 1 - Mr. Adams 1.- Mr. Mintz 1 - Mr. Moore 1 - Mr. Wannall TFM:erg



PAGE TWO

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HEARST AS SELF-MOTIVATED WITH NO NECESSITY FOR BEING SURROUNDED BY-CLOSE FRIENDS. TOBIN ADDITIONALLY OBSERVED THAT HEARST BECAME INVOLVED IN CAUSES OF OTHERS AND SHE OPINED THAT HEARST HAD JOINED THE SLA VOLUNTARILY.

WEST TESTIFIED THAT HE UTTERLY DISREGARDED SOME OF THE JUDGMENTS AND CHARACTERIZATIONS OF TOBIN AS WITHOUT ANY PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATION OR BASIS IN PERSONAL OBSERVATION.

HER CAP FOR THE MUST ATTRACTIVE BACHELOR ON THE FACULTY AND ACHIEVED THAT AIM", TAKING HIM AS HER LOVER. WEST ACKNOWLEDGED THAT WAS HIS JUDGMENT.

OVER BAILEY'S OBJECTIONS AS TO RELEVANCY BANCROFT
QUESTIONED WEST REGARDING WHAT RART HIS KNOWLEDGE OF HEARST'S
PREKIDNAP USE OF MARIJUANA, LSD, AND MESCALINE PLAYED IN HIS
JUDGMENT REGARDING HEARST. WEST TESTIFIED THAT IT WAS HIS
UNDERSTANDING THAT THESE DRUGS HAD BEEN GIVEN TO HEARST BY
WEED IN CONNECTION WITH EXPERIMENTS HE WAS CONDUCTING.
BANCROFT REFERRED WEST TO VARIOUS REPORTS WHEREIN WEED

PAGE THREE

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INDICATED HE HAD GIVEN SUCH DRUGS TO PATTY ONLY AFTER HER CONTINUE INSISTENCE.

BANGROFT ASKED WEST "IS IT YOUR VIEW THAT, IF SOMEONS WAS POLITICALLY EMBARRASSED ABOUT HER FAMILY SITUATION, HAD PARTICULARLY NEGATIVE FEELINGS WITH RESPECT TO HER PARENTS, HAD A CHARACTERISTIC MODE OF EXPRESSION OF DEEP SARCASM AND NEGATIVENESS, AND FELT DEPRESSED AND TRAPPED, SHE COULD COME SUDDENLY TO A "POLITICAL EXPRESSION OF HER OWN HOSTILITIES."

BAILEY OBJECTED THAT THERE WAS NO EVIDENCE IN THE CASE WHICH BORE OUT THE HYPOTHETICAL PREMISE UPON WHICH BANCROFT BASED HIS QUESTION. BIT BY BIT BANCROFT ENUMERATED EVIDENCE CHARACTERIZING HEARST AS SET FORTH IN HIS QUESTION AND BAILEY WITHDREW HIS OBJECTION.

DOCTOR WEST THEN SYSTEMATICALLY DENIED THE VALIDITY OF SUCH EVIDENCE WHICH PRESENTED HEARST AS SET FORTH IN THE JOUESTION.

BANCROFT ASKED WEST ABOUT A PORTION OF HIS REPORT WHEREIN-

PAGE FOUR

PARENTS. WEST STATED THAT THAT PASSAGE DID NOT MEAN THAT SHE WAS EMBARRASSED BY THE POLITICS OF HER PARENTS BUT MEANT THAT SHE WANTED TO BE AN INDIVIDUAL AND NOT SIMPLY. "THE CHILD OF HER PARENTS". BANCROFT ASKED IF WEST OBSERVED A SIMILAR DESIRE FOR RECOGNITION AS AN INDIVIDUAL IN THE CAME. AND THE "TANIA INTERVIEW" PREVIOUSLY DISCUSSED IN THE CASE. WEST ADAMANTLY REFUSED TO ACKNOWLEDGE THAT SUCH A DESIRE WAS EXPRESSED IN THESE ITEMS DISMISSING THEM AND AS REVOLUTIONARY RHETORIC SIMILAR ALMOST VERBATIM WITH STATEMENTS MADE BY

REGARDING A STATEMENT MADE BY HEARST TO DOCTOR SINGER THAT SHE WAS "REALLY DEPRESSED" PRIOR TO HER KIDNAPPING AND "COULD." I DO ANYTHING WITHOUT THINKING ABOUT HOW I COULD KILL MYSELF WHILE DOING IT", ASKING HOW WEST LATER CAME TO THE CONCLUSION HE STATED IN HIS REPORT THAT PATRICIA HAD NOT FELL PARTICULARLY DEPRESSED AT THE TIME PRIOR TO OR AT THE TIME OF HER KIDNAPPING. WEST STATED THAT POOLED TOGETHER WITH OTHER INFORMATION HE AND DOCTOR SINGER DID NOT FEEL SHE HAD BEEN PARTICULARLY DEPRESSED.

WEST ACKNOWLEDGED THAT HEARST HAD INDICATED SHE "FELT SORT OF TRAPPED" REGARDING THE PROSPECT OF FIXING A MARRIAGE DATE WITH WEED".

BAN ROFT QUESTIONED WEST REGARDING THE SIGNIFICANCE HE ATTACHED TO HEARST'S FAILURE TO SEE SHOOTING VICTIMS OR FAILURE TO RECALL HAVING SEEN SHOOTING VICTIMS WHEN SHE LEFT THE BANK.

BANCROFT ASKED IF WEST WOULD ATTACH ANY SUCH SIGNIFICANCE TO THAT FAILURE TODAY KNOWING THAT THERE WAS ONLY ONE BODY AND NOT TWO ON THE GROUND AND THE BODY WAS TO THE LEFT OF THE DOOR WHEREAS MISS HEARST TURNED AND RAN TO THE RIGHT IMMEDIATELY UPON EXITING THE BANK.

WEST ACKNOWLEDGED THAT "IF THAT'S THE WAY OF IT I WOULD HAVE MADE A MISTAKE" IN CHARACTERIZING HER RECALL FAILURE AS SIGNIFICANT.

BANCROFT ATTEMPTED TO SHOW SOME POSSIBLE IMPROPER INFLUENCE OF DOCTOR WEST DUE TO THE FACT THAT HE IS A CHAIRMAN OF THE DEPARTMENT OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA WHILE MRS. HEARST IS ON THE BOARD OF REGENTS THERE. WEST WAS

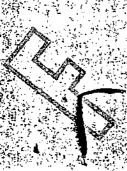
PAGE SIX

SF 7-355

ASLE TO SHOW THAT HE IS NOT FUNDED BY THE STATE. HE FURTHER POINTED OUT THAT HE HAS TENURE AS A PROFESSOR AND CAN NOT BE FIRED BY THE BOARD OF REGENTS.

BANCAUFT QUESTIONED THE PROPRIETY OF THE MODE OF WEST'S QUESTIONING DURING AN OCTOBER 3, 1975, INTERVIEW REGARDING THE MEL'S SPORTING GOODS INCIDENT WHEREIN HE SAID "YOU WERE DOING WHAT YOU HAD BEEN TRAINED TO DO AND AFTER WHICH YOU SOUGHT THEIR APPROVAL, IS THAT RIGHT?". BANCROFT SUGGESTED THAT THE QUESTION WAS LEADING AND SUGGESTIVE AND DEMONSTRATED BIAS ON THE PART OF WEST AND A LACK OF PROFESSIONAL SKEPTICISM AND AN IMPROPER WILLINGNESS TO SUGGEST DEFENSES TO HEARST AND BELIEVE SUCH DEFENSES AS SHE OFFERED.

HE REFERRED TO AN OCTOBER 4, 1975, INTERVIEW JOINTLY WITH DOCTOR SINGER WHICH TOOK PLACE SHORTLY AFTER A MEETING BETWEEN HEARST AND DEFENSE ATTORNEY AL JOHNSON WHEREIN WEST AND SINGER DISCUSSED WITH HEARST THE DEFENSE STRAGEGY IN THE CASE SPECIFICALLY INVOLVING PRETRIAL OF HEARST AS A KIDNAP VICTIM BRUTALIZED AND TERRIFIED BY HER CAPTORS WHO DID WHAT THEY A



SF. 7-855

EXPLICITLY DEMANDED HER TO DO AND BEYOND THAT DID OTHER THINGS
TO INDICAPE SYMPATHY AND IDENTIFICATION WITH THEM IN ORDER TO
PLEASE THEM AND AVOID SANCTIONS. BANCROFT READ TO WEST HIS
STATEMENT FROM THE INTERVIEW TRANSCRIPT THAT HE WAS IN.
AGREEMENT WITH THAT STRATEGY. WEST DENIED THAT HE HAD
SUCCESSFUL
INTENDED TO SUGGEST A SUBSCRIPT DEFENSE FOR HEARST AND
INDICATED SHE HAD PREVIOUSLY PROVIDED HIM WITH NUMEROUS
FACTS INDEPENDENTLY ESTABLISHING SUCH A DEFENSE PRIOR TO ANY
SUGGESTION BY HIM.

WEST ACKNOWLEDGED THAT DURING AN OCTOBER 14, 1975,
EXAMINATION OF HEARST HE TOLD HER THAT SHE WAS READILY
SUGGESTIBLE ESPECIALLY AS DEPENDENT ON SOMEONE BUT HE DENIED
AGAIN THAT HE WAS SUGGESTING A LINE OF DEFENSE TO HER.

BANCROFT REFERRED AT LENGTH TO A LETTER SENT BY WEST TO THE THE HEARSTS PRIOR TO HER CAPTURE WHEREIN WEST INDICATED TO THE HEARSTS THAT THERE WAS A HIGH DEGREE OF LIKELIHOOD THAT A PERSON WHOSE BEHAVIOR HAS BEEN DISTORTED "AS HAS PATTY'S". "CAN RETURN TO NORMAL WITH PROPER TREATMENT".

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WEST MENTIONED HISTORICAL PRECEDENT AND SPECIAL LEGAL
CONSIDER TIONS AS WELL AS POWERFUL MEDICAL AND LEGAL ARGUMENTS
WHICH COLLUBE OFFERED IN DEFENSE OF PATTY IF SHE IS RETURNED.
UNHARMED.

WEST DENIED THAT SUCH STATEMENTS IN THAT LETTER CONSTITUTED EVIDENCE OF BIAS OR PREJUDICE ON HIS PART.

ON REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY BAILEY, WEST INDICATED THAT HE SAW MEDIA TREATMENT OF THE LOS ANGELS FIRE AND OUT OF SYMPATHY FOR THE HEARSTS HE WROTE THE LETTER MENTIONED ABOVE.

REGARDING THE "TIME" ARTICLE WHEREIN WEST WAS QUOTED AS STATING THAT ONCE RELEASED HEARST COULD MAKE A HEALTHY.

ADJUSTMENT TO A NORMAL LIFE DEPENDING ON HOW CAREFULLY SHE IS HANDLED BY HER FAMILY AND THE COURTS. HE ACKNOWLEDGED THAT HE POINTED OUT HEARST'S DEPENDENCY ON THE SLA REFERRING TO HER AS A HELPLESS CAPTIVE UNDER CONSTANT STRESS BUT STATED THAT THESE STATEMENTS WERE TAKEN FROM A LENGTHY INTERVIEW WHICH DEALT PRIMARILY ON HIS EXPERIENCE WITH KOREAN PRISONERS OF WAR.

WEST TESTIFIED THAT AT THE TIME HE WROTE THE LETTER AND AT THE

SF: 7-655

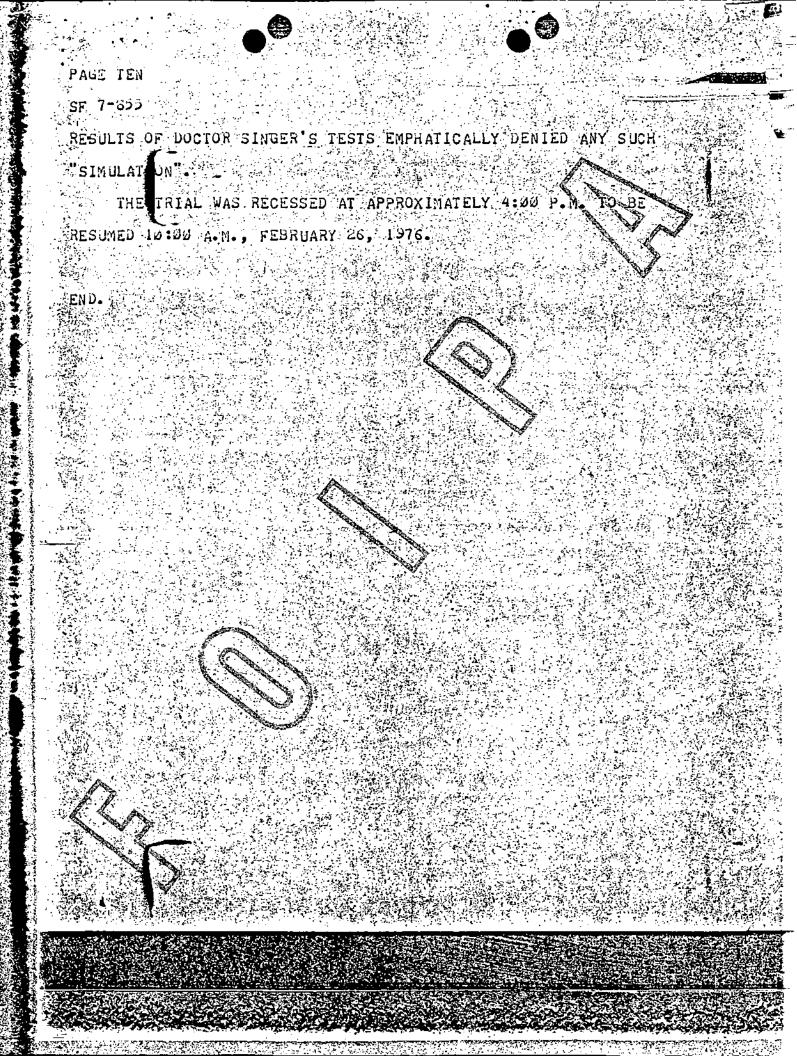
TIME HE GAVE THE INTERVIEW TO THE CORRESPONDENT HE DID NOT EXPECT ANY SUCH INVOLVEMENT IN THE HEARST CASE.

PROFESSIONAL CHARACTER OF DOCTOR MARGARET SINGER AND DESCRIBED IN DETAIL THE VALIDITY OF MEANS THEY HAD EMPLOYED TO INSURE THAT THEIR FINDINGS WOULD BE MEDICALLY AND SCIENTIFICALLY.

PACCURATE. AS IO WHETHER HEARST COULD HAVE FAKED THE PSYCHOLOGICAL SYMPTOMS HE AND SINGER OBSERVED WEST REPLIED.

"NO WAY". HE TESTIFIED THAT HE AND DOCTOR SINGER REPORTEDLY OBSERVED THAT HEARST DID NOT TAKE ADVANTAGE OF OPPORTUNITIES TO MAKE HERSELF LOOK BETTER IN THEIR EYES OR TO EXCUSE HERSELF FOR WHAT SHE HAD DONE.

ON DIRECT EXAMINATION BY BAILEY DOCTOR MARTIN THEODORE ORNE, A RESEARCH PSYCHIATRIST OF THE UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA, OUTLINED HIS EXTENSIVE QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCE IN THE BRAINWASHING FIELD. HE TESTIFIED AT LENGTH ABOUT HIS CONCERN ABOUT THE POSSIBILITY THAT HEARST WAS FAKING OR SIMULATING A BRAINWASH CONDITION. HE INDICATED THAT HIS TESTS AND THE



FEB 27 1976 Mr. Robert B. Cumnings United States Attorney Relijck: JJF 1081 Alexandria, Virginia 22313 157-16-4404 RG L. Lee As istant Attorney General, Civil Division Byt J. Charles Kruse, Acting Chief, Torts Section Administrative Claim of Bernadine Davis Federouch in the amount of \$10,000.00 arising out of an incident on March 15, 1925, in Alexandria, Virginia, regarding the search for Patricia meanst Attn: AUSA James Hubbard In accordance with your conversation with Mr. Parley on February 26, 1976, enclosed is a copy of the letter denyies, the administrative claim of Remadine Davis Federouch. We have enclosed for your information a copy of the letter from her attorney demanding \$5,000.00 in gett@ement. Enclosures cc: Director Pederal Bureau of Investigation (v/cpy. of Atty's. letter) MAR 1976 Galetkal 8 4 MAR 2 2 1976

REL:JCK:JJF:egm 157-16-4404

CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Robert D. Salzer, Esquire 8700 Georgia Avenue Perpetual Building Silver Spring, Maryland 20910

> Re: Administrative Claim of Bernadine Davis Federouch in the amount of \$10,000.00 arising out of an incident on March 15, 1975, in Alexandria, Virginia, regarding the search for Patricia Hearst

Dear Mr. Salzer:

Please be advised that the administrative claim of your client, Bernadine Davis Federouch, is denied. Therefore, we are unable to accede to your demand for settlement of said claim in the amount of \$5,000.00.

If your client is dissatisfied with our determination, she may file suit in an appropriate United States District Court not later than six months after the date of the mailing of this notice of final denial.

Yours very truly,

REX E. LEE
Assistant Attorney General
Civil Division

J. CHARLES KRUSE Acting Chief Torts Section

bc; Director

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Mr. Robert B. Cummings United States Attorney Alexandria, Virginia 22313

Attn: AUSA James Hubbard

7-15200-7618 ENCLUSURE

ttn: AUSA James nu

ROBERT D. SALZER
ATTORNEY

8700 GEORGIA AVE.
PERPETUAL BLOQ
BUITE 301

SILVER SPRING, MD. 20910 C. CIVIL

(301) 589-2442

February 18, 1976

WASHINGTON DFFICE
BUITE 200

FEDERAL BLOQ

FEDERAL BLOQ

(202) 331-0043

ASSOCIATEI
ROBERT R. REQUE
RESIDENCE:
2076 S. OCEAN DRIVE
LANDALE, FLORIDA 23000

(305) 922-7853

Chief Civil Division
Department of Justice, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20530

Attn: John Laughlin

Dear Mr. Lauchlin:

Pursuant to our telephone conversation of February 17, 1976, we hereby submit a demand of \$5,000.00 in settlement of the above referred to client.

This demand has been made in an effort to amicably resolve this matter prior to taking further action. Ms. Federouch, feeling the pressures of obscene telephone calls, the persistent pursuit of the press, and strange occurences at her apartment, believed it necessary to leave the area shortly after the incident. She left a good-paying job, incurred moving expenses, and was without further employment for several weeks.

It is our belief that the recommended settlement will compensate her for the inconveniences and mental anguish she suffered. Kindly respond by telephone or letter prior to February 28, 1976.

Sincerely,

Robert D. Salzer

Arthur H. Blitz

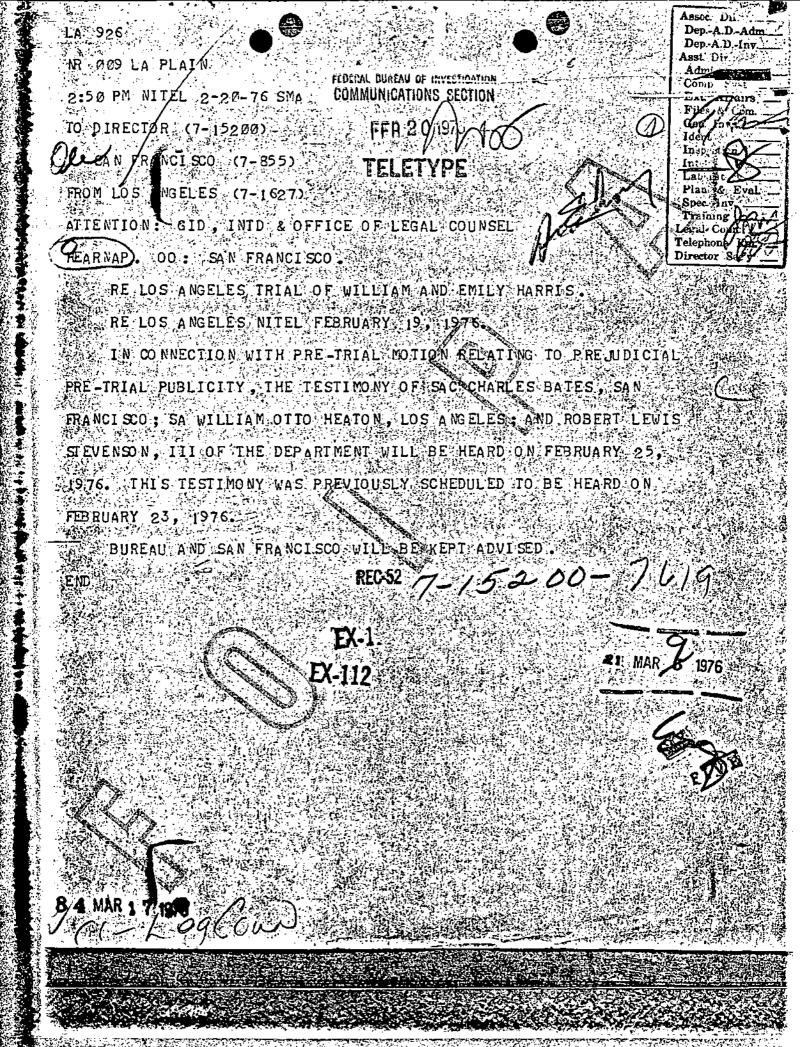
Everngam & Goldstein, (P.A

EKCLOSURE

7-15200-10

Federal Int Com Sache

Bernadine Davis Federouch / F.B.



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION #Y 2869 : COMMUNICATIONS SECTI Dep.-A.D.-Adm. Dep.-A.D.-Inv.__. NRØ4Ø, NY CODE URGENT FEBRUARY 20, 1976 GBM FFA 20 1976, 9:01PM Comp Syst TELETYPE DIRECTOR, FBI TO: MYD SACS, NEW HAVEN HILADELPHIA Plan & Eval Spec. Inv. SAN_ FRANCISCO Legal Coun. FROM: ADIC, NEW YORK Telephone Rm. Director Sec'y HEARNAP 00: SF; PAUL K. HOCH, SM-SLA, 00: NY. RENYTEL, FEBRUARY 20, 1976. SIGNED CONSENT TO SEARCH OBTAINED FROM IRA AND BEVERLY NERENBERG, 11 WEST 17TH STREET, NEW YORK CITY (NYC), AND THESE PERSONS INTERVIEWED IN DEPTH. BOTH NERENBERGS PROVIDED THE FOLLOWING: AROUND JULY 1, 1974, THEY PLACED AN AD IN THE VILLAGE VOICE NEWSPAPER, NYC, TO RENT CABIN DESCRIBED AS SECLUDED. CABIN RENTED BY FEMALE DESCRIBED AS WHITE, 5 7, THIN, BLONDE HAIR, SHOULDER LENGTH, BELIEVED UTILIZING NAME ANN BURKHARDT, WHO STATED SHE HAD JUST RETURNED FROM ENGLAND. THIS FEMALE PAID \$600 CASH FOR SIX WEEKS RENTAL THROUGH LABOR DAY, 1974 NERENBERGS NEVER SAW FEMALE PLUS \$250 SECURITY DEROFATING MAR 5_1976 8 4 MAR 1 1 1976

AGAIN OR ANY OTHER PERSONS AT CABIN. VIEWED NUMEROUS
PHOTOGRAPHS OF HEARNAP SUBJECT INCLUDING MICKEY SCOTT WITH
NEGATIVE ESULTS. NERENBERGS WENT TO CABIN AFTER LABOR DAY
TO FIND SIME VACATED AND IN DISARRAY. NO ITEMS LEFT BEHIND
BY OCCUPANTS. INVESTIGATION OF NERENBERGS' FINANCIAL RECORDS
OF CABIN CONTINUING.

NERENBERGS ADVISED THEIR CABIN HAS A TELEPHONE, NUMBER 914-482-4550, AND DURING JULY-AUGUST, 1974, SEVERAL LONG DISTANCE PHONE CALLS WERE MADE BY OCCUPANTS. ALL NUMBERS EXCEPT ONE, 212-868-3330, WERE LISTED TO VARIOUS AIRLINES IN NYC (AMERICAN, UNITED, ETC.) TELEPHONE NUMBER 868-3330 IS AN ANSWERING SERVICE AT 316 FIFTH AVENUE, NYC. INVESTIGATION REGARDING ABOVE CONTINUING.

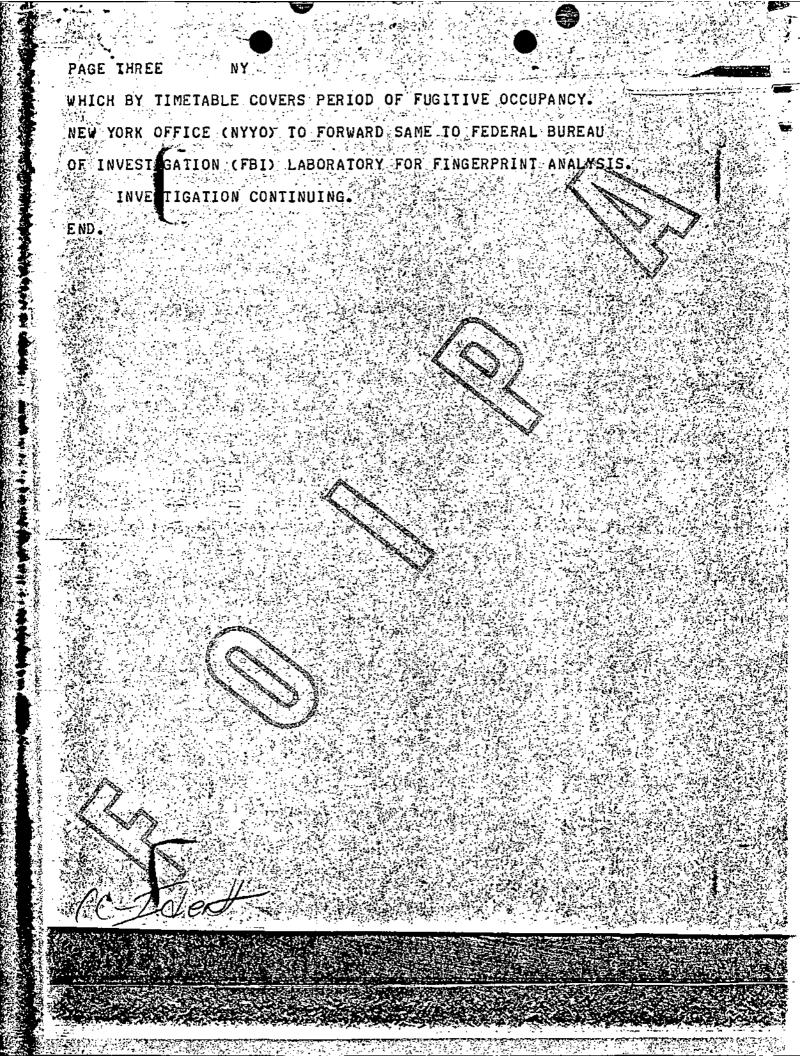
JEFFERSONVILLE FARM INCIDENT TO OWNER SIGNED

CONSENT. THIS SEARCH FAILED TO PRODUCE PHYSICAL EVIDENCE

RELATING TO HEARNAP FUGITIVE OCCUPANCY OR ANY ITEMS SUCH AS

CARTIDGE SHELLCASINGS. SEARCH DID HOWEVER, PRODUCE GROUP OF

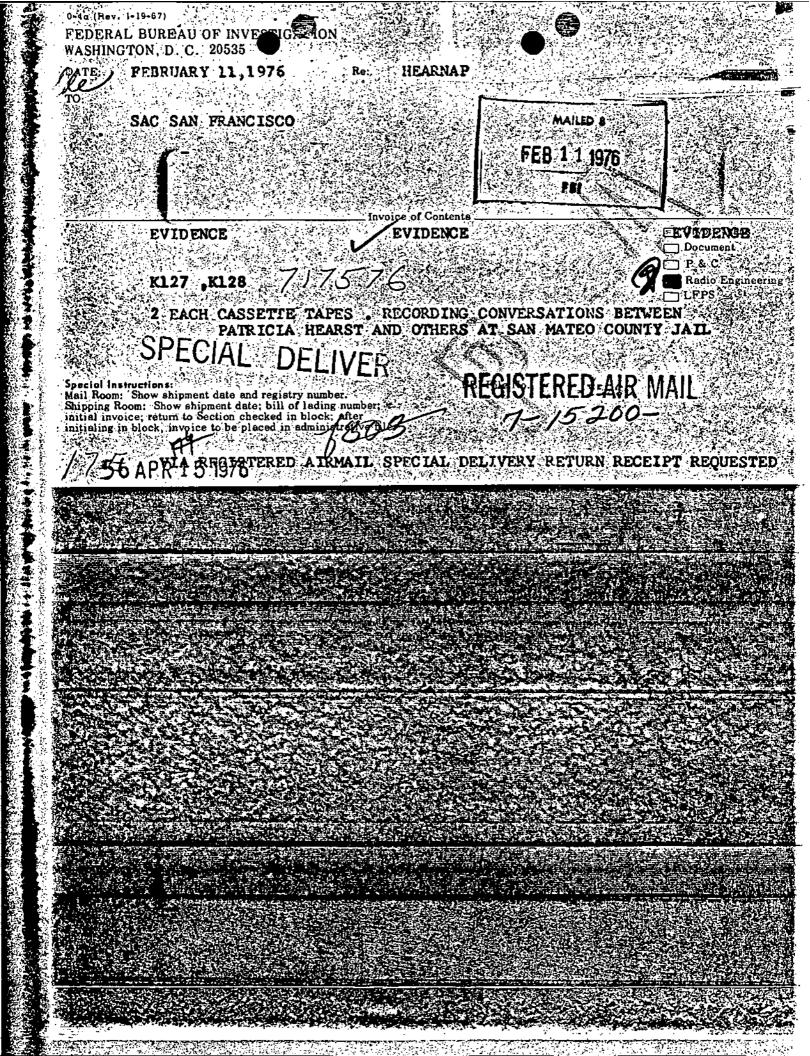
NY TIMES AND DAILY NEWS NEWSPAPERS, DATED JULY-AUGUST, 1974,



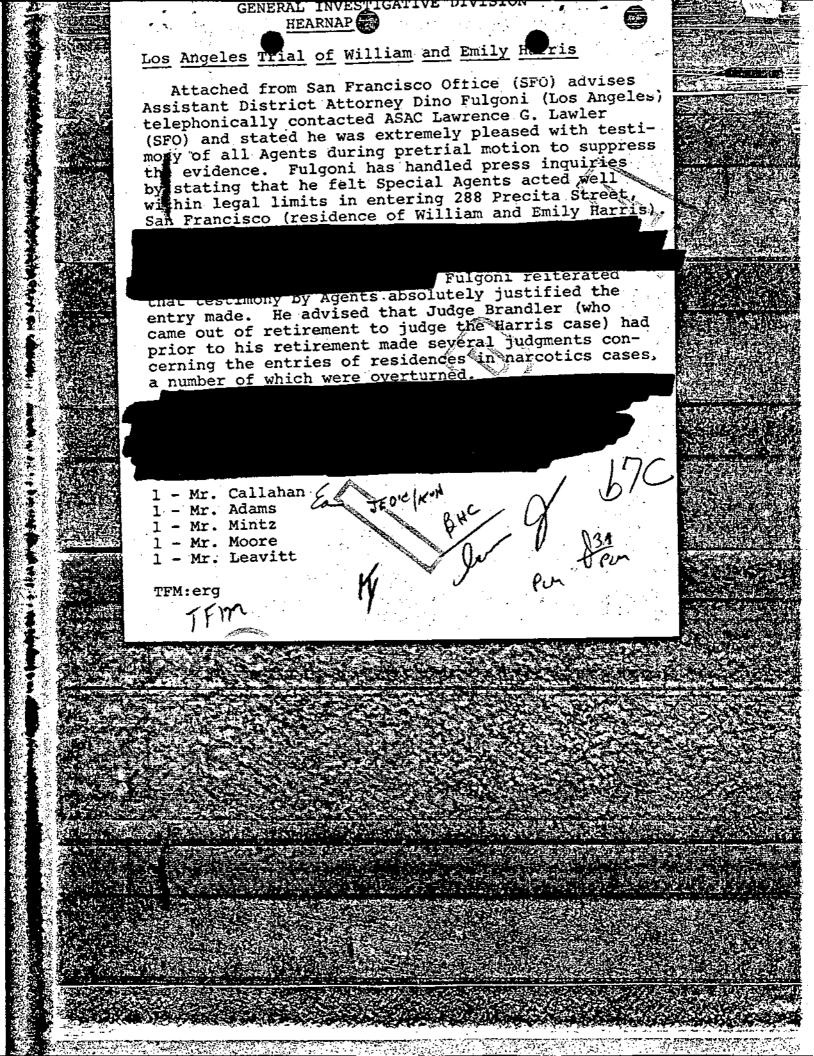
2/27/76

Transmit the following in -(Type in plaintext or code) AIRTEL (Precedence) DIRECTOR, FBI SAC, NEW HAVEN (7-402) (RUC) SUBJECT: HEARNAP (OO: SF) PAUL K. HOCH SM - SLA Re New Haven teletype to the Bureau, 2/20/76; New York teletype to the Bureau, 2/20/76; New York teletype to New Haven, 2/23/76. Enclosed for New York, Philadelphia, and San Francisco are 2 copies each of an FD-302 reflecting interview with ELIOT NERENBERG. On 2/24/76, Attorney ELIOT NERENBERG, 772 Farmington Ave., West Hartford, Conn., was informed of the identities of Special Agents conducting search of property at Jeffersonville, New York. Bureau. 2 New York (Enc. 2) 🗝 2 Philadelphia (Enc. 2) 2 San Francisco (Enc. 2) 2 New Haven HJW:eam ×(:1**(**); Special Agent in Charge

8 4 MAR 1 1 1976



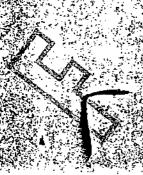
TELETYPE



Assoc. Dir. Dep.-A.D. FEUERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION COMMUNICATIONS SECTION Admir MAR 0,2 1976 SF NR 741 Files & TELETYPE NR Ø31 SF CODE 7:44PM NITEL URGENT MARCH 2, 1976. Inteli. DIRECTOR, FBI (7-15200) ADIC, LOS ANGELES (7-1627) Legal Coun Telephone Rm. FROM: SAN FRANCISCO (7-855) (P) Director Sec'y ATIN: GID 42-INID; OFFICE OF LEGAL COUNSEL. HEARNAP: 00: SAN FRANCISCO. RE LOS ANGELES TELETYPE TO DIRECTOR, MARCH 1, 1976, CAPTIONED AS ABOVE AND BUREAU TELEPHONE CALL CADIC GALLAGHER) TO SAN FRANCISCO (SAC BATES), MARCH 2, 1976. RE: LOS ANGELES TRIAL OF WILLIAM AND EMILY HARRIS. ON MARCH 2, 1976, ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY DINO FULGONI TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED ASAC LAWRENCE G. LAWLER AND ADVISED AS FOLLOWS: HE WAS EXTREMELY PLEASED WITH THE TESTIMONY OF ALL AGENTS DURING THE PRE-TRIAL MOTION TO SUPPRESS THE EVIDENCE. HE HAS RECEIVED NUMEROUS PRESS INQUIRIES AS TO WHETHER OR NOT IT WAS HIS OPINION THAT THE FBI ACTED IMPROPERLY BY ENTERING 288 PRECITA STREET, SAN FRANCISCO (RESIDENCE OF WILLIAM AND EMILY HARRIS). HE HAS RESPONDED TO THESE INQUIRIES INDICATING THAT HE FELT THAT THE AGENTS ACTED WELL BITHIN LEGAL LIMITS. MAR 10 1976 4 MAR 1 7719



DURING THE TRIAL, FULGONI ADVISED ASAC LAWLER THAT THE
TESTIMONY OFFERED BY THE AGENTS ABSOLUTELY JUSTIFIED THE
ENTRY MADE. FULGONI DID INDICATE, HOWEVER, THAT JUDGE
BRANDLER WAS BROUGHT OUT OF RETIREMENT TO JUDGE THE HARRIS
CASE AND THAT JUST PRIOR TO RETIREMENT HAD MADE SEVERAL
JUDGMENTS CONCERNING THE ENTRIES OF RESIDENCES IN NARCOTICS
CASES, A NUMBER OF WHICH WERE OVERTURNED SUBSEQUENT TO
BRANDLER'S RETIREMENT. BASED ON THIS FACT, FULGONI FELT
THAT BRANDLER WOULD BE EXTREMELY CAUTIOUS IN ADMITTING THE
EVIDENCE BUT EVEN WITH THIS IN MIND, FULGONI FELT NO
PROBLEM EXISTED.





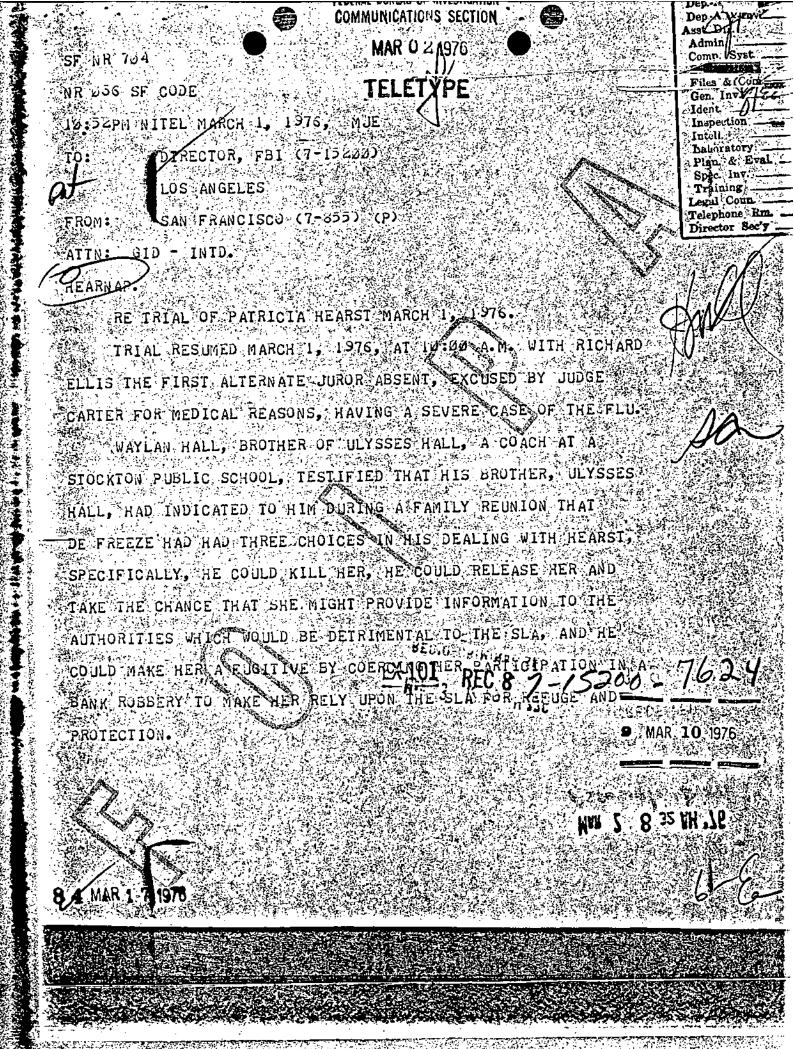
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX TWARRITATION GENERAL HE 13.44.44.42.54 This concerns the trial of Patricia Campbel 3/1/76, in San Francisco, California. Waylan Hall, brother of Ulysses Hall, testified that his brother Ulysses indicated that DeFreeze had three choices in dealing with Hearst: (1) He could kill her; (2) he could release her; or (3) he could make her a fugitive by coercing her participation in a bank robbery to make her rely upon the SLA for refuge. Upon cross examination by U. S. Attorney Browning, Hall acknowledged that his brother had been a narcotics user and that he had not been present when Ulysses talked to DeFreeze.

Defense witness Doctor Margaret Singer (University of California) attempted to prove that Patricia Hearst had not authored the language of the SLA communiques on pertinent portions in the SLA manuscripts. Judge Carter ruled that despite Singer's eminent qualifications and the fact that expert testimony in this field has never been accepted before, he would exercise his discretion to deny the admissibility of such testimony.

Defense attorney Al Johnson examined Vernon L. Kipping, Special Employee, FBI, San Francisco, regarding photographs furnished to the defense showing Camilla Hall pointing a weapon at Patricia Hearst during robbery. Kipping refuted these allegations in open court. At conclusion of Kipping's testimony, Johnson moved for dismissal based upon alleged failure to disclose exculpatory evidence (Brady versus Maryland). Judge Carter denied motion without prejudice allowing defense to urge motion at some later time. 1 - Mr. Callahan 1 - Mr. Adams 1 - Mr. Mintz 1 - Mr. Moore l - Mr. Leavitt



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HALL TESTIFIED THAT HE WAS PRESENT WITH HIS BROTHER, ULYSSES, AT A CONVERSATION WITH IRA WALSH OF THE HEARST FOUNDATION. DURING THE CONVERSATION ULYSSES NEVER MENTIONED GETTING ANYTHING FOR HIMSELF AS A RESULT OF HIS TESTIFYING.

UPON CROSS EXAMINATION BY BROWNING, HALL ACKNOWLEDGED THAT HIS BROTHER HAD BEEN A NARCOTICS USER. HE STATED THAT HE HAD NOT BEEN PRESENT WHEN ULYSSES HAD TALKED TO DE FREEZE ON THE TELEPHONE. HE DID NOT KNOW IF ULYSSES HAD BEEN IN STOCKTON WHEN HE CLAIMS TO HAVE TALKED TO DE FREEZE, AND HE DIDN'T RECALL WHETHER HALL SAID AT THE TIME OF THE REUNION THAT HE HAD TALKED TO DE FREEZE ON THE PHONE.

THE DEFENSE OFFERED TESTIMONY OF DOCTOR MARGARET SINGER, UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA AT BERKELEY, REGARDING THE SPEECH PATTERNS AND WRITING PATTERNS OF PATRICIA HEARST IN AN ATTEMPT TO PROVE THAT SHE HAD NOT AUTHORED THE LANGUAGE OF THE SLA COMMUNIQUES ON PERTINENT PORTIONS OF THE SLA MANUSCRIPTS. AFTER LENGTHY TESTIMONY BY SINGER CONCERNING

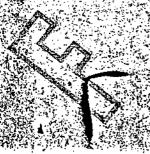
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HER METHODOLOGY AND CERTAIN OF THE CONCLUSIONS THAT SHE REACHED, TO WIT, HAT HEARST'S STATEMENTS ON SLA COMMUNIQUES 4, 5, AND S WERE SPONTANEOUS, HEARST'S STATEMENTS ON COMMUNIQUES 4, 5, AND S WERE AUTHORED BY ANGELA ATWOOD, AND HEARST'S STATEMENTS ON TAPE #7 WERE AUTHORED BY EMILY HARRIS, SINGER ACKNOWLEDGED ON CROSS EXAMINATION BY BROWNING THAT SHE HAD NEVER TESTIFIED AS AN EXPERT ON LANGUAGE STYLE ANALYSIS AND KNEW OF NO ONE WHO HAD SO TESTIFIED.

JUDGE CARTER CHARACTERIZED HIS DECISION AS ONE OF THE MOST DIFFICULT EVIDENTIARY QUESTIONS AND RULED DESPITE SINGER'S ENIMENT QUALIFICATIONS THAT BECAUSE OF THE CUMULATIVE NATURE OF SUCH TESTIMONY AND THE FACT THAT EXPERT TESTIMONY IN THIS FIELD HAS NEVER BEEN ACCEPTED BEFORE IN COURTS OF LAW DESPITE PRIOR INQUIRY, AND THE FACT THAT SUCH TESTIMONY WOULD ADD MANY HOURS TO THE TRIAL WITHOUT ADDING SIGNIFICANTLY TO PROOF, HE WOULD EXERCISE HIS DISCRETION TO DENY THE ADMISSIBILITY OF SUCH TESTIMONY.

DEFENSE ATTURNEY AL JOHNSON THEN EXAMINED VERNON (L. S KIPPING, SPECIAL EMPLOYEE, FBI, SAN FRANCISCO, REGARDING



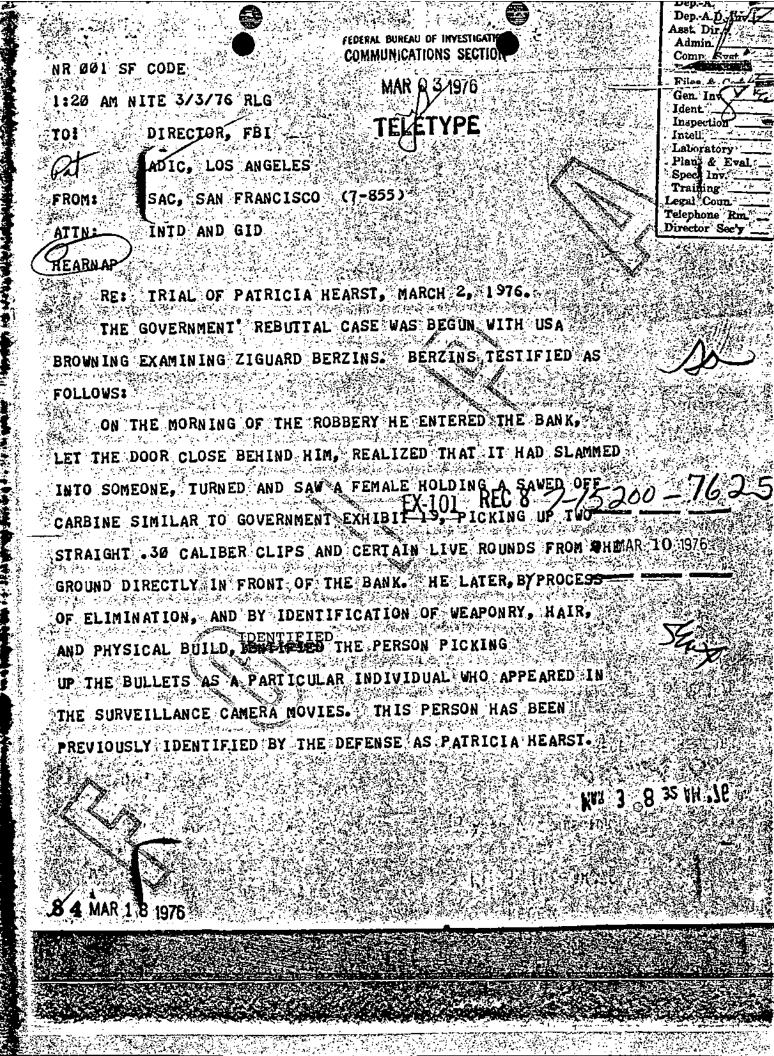
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PHOTOGRAPHS FURNISHED TO THE DEFENSE ATTEMPTING TO ESTABLISH THAT THE IMAGE OF CAMILLA HALL POINTING A WEAPON AT BATRICIA HEARST DIRING THE ROBBERY HAD BEEN DELETED FROM 5" BY 7" PHOTOGRAPHS RECENTLY FURNISHED TO THE DEFENSE.

UPON CROSS EXAMINATION BROWNING ELICITED FROM KIPPING
TESTIMONY THAT SUCH CROPPINGS RESULTED FROM THE FACT THAT
BANK SURVEILLANCE FILM OCCASIONALLY JUMPED THE TRACK DURING
ITS EXPOSURE AT THE BANK ROBBERY CAUSING PERFINENT IMAGES?
TO BE FOUND IN THE SPROCKET AREA OF THE FILM WHICH AREA IS
NOT ROUTINELY PRINTED BY MECHANICAL PRINTERS AS WERE
EMPLOYED IN PREPARATION OF THE DEST BY 7" PHOTOGRAPHS. XIPPING
POINTED OUT THAT THE S" BY 10" PHOTOGRAPHS FURNISHED TO THE
DEFENSE WHICH SHOWED CAMILLA HALL MORE COMPLETELY WERE:
CUSTOM PRINTED BY EMPLOYEES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO DIVISIONS
OF THE FBI. KIPPING ALSO TESTIFIED THAT THE WEAPON HELD
BY CAMILLA HALL IN TRESE PHOTOGRAPHS WAS POINTED MORE IN THE

PAGE FIVE SK 7-855 DIRECTION OF THE TELLERS COUNTER OR DONALD DE FREEZE THAN IN THE DERECTION OF PATRICIA HEARST. AT ME CLOSE OF KIPPING'S TESTIMONY JOHNSON MOVED FOR DISMISSAL ON CHARGES AGAINST HEARST BASED UPON ALLEGED BRADY VS. HARYLAND FAILURE TO DISCLOSE EXCULRATORY EVIDENCE CARTER DENIED THE MOTION WITHOUT PREJUDICE ALLOWING THE DEFENSE TO SEEK OR URGE THE MOTION AT SOME LATER TIME. END.

GENERAL IN TIGATIVE DIVISION ARNAP This concerns the trial of Patricia Campbell Hearst in San Francisco, California, on 3/2/76. Attached advises that the Government's rebuttal case began with U. S. Attorney Browning examining witness Ziguard Berzins who testified that on morning of the robbery he entered the bank and saw a female (eventually identified as Patricia Hearst) holding a sawed-off carbine pick up two straight .30 caliber clips and certain live rounds from ground directly in front of bank. The second Government rebuttal witness was Stephanie Marsh, San Mateo County Deputy, who booked Hearst on 9/18/75, and to whom Hearst stated she was an "urban guerrilla." Mrs. Sherry Wood, Deputy, San Mateo County Jail, testified that she informed Patricia Hearst that her medical examination determined that there was a lethal amount of potassium in her bloodstream. indicated that Hearst generally unconcerned. This testimony offered in order to discredit previous testimony that Hearst was concerned with her physical well being as a symbol of the "Survivor Syndrome." Mr. Sutter, of Los Angeles, California, testified that on 5/17/74, that he picked up is two white female hitchhikers (Hearst and Emily Harris) both of whom had hand guns and was placed in the back of his vehicle. An individual (subsequently determined to be Bill Harris) was picked up by the two white females and driven around for several hours. F. Lee Bailey, defense attorney, moved to suppress certain items in evidence at 288 Precita having learned that this address had been surveilled for some thirty hours prior to arrest of Harrises there. Judge Carter granted Bailey a hearing as to the suppression of these items which hearing is scheduled for $9:30 \text{ a.m.}, \frac{3}{3}/3/76$. General Investigative Division is following this development closely 1 -Mr. Moore 1 - Mr. Callahan 1 -Mr. Leavitt 1 - Mr. Adams - Mr. Mintz



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NEXT, AN INDIVIDUAL HE IDENTIFIED AS NANCY LING PERRY
RAN AROU D THE CROUCHED FIGURE AND ENTERED THE BANK,
ANNOUNCE G, "SLA, SLA. THIS IS A ROBBERY. EVERYBODY ON
THE FLOOR", OR WORDS TO THAT EFFECT. AFTER SEVERAL SECONDS
OF EYE CONTACT WITH THIS INDIVIDUAL, HE TRIED TO GET ON
THE FLOOR UNDER A DESK BUT WAS DIRECTED TO THE CENTER OF
THE BANK BY AN INDIVIDUAL HE RECOGNIZES IN THE FILM AS
SOLTYSIK.
PATRICIA SOLTWING.

HE LATER HEARD A SOFT, HIGH FEMALE VOICE WHICH HAD
THE SAME INFLECTION AS THAT OF PATRICIA HEARST'S ON THE SLA
COMMUNIQUES STATE, "THIS IS TANIA HEARST". HE INDICATED
THAT HE HAD SEEN SAN FRANCISCO EXAMINER AND CHRONICLES FOR
APRIL 16, 1974 AND IDENTIFIED THE PHOTOGRAPH OF PATRICIA
HEARST APPEARING THEREIN AS THE INDIVIDUAL HE SAW PICKING
UP THE BULLETS.

ON CROSS-EXAMINATION, BAILEY ELICITED FROM BERZINS TESTIMONY THAT HE EXPERIENCED A DEGREE OF TERROR WHEN HE SAW THE WEAPON, WHICH INCREASED WHEN HE LEARNED THAT THE SLA WAS INVOLVED IN THE BANK ROBBERY.

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BERZINS TESTIFIED THAT AS A COMBAT OFFICIAL HE HAD 2019年中國 **第**019年後**2019年** Trained Is soldiers to react a immediately to enemy fire. BAILEY WAS APPARENTLY TRYING TO DRAW PARALLELS TO HEARST'S REACTION UPON SEEING WILLIAM AND EMILY HARRIS BEING CAPTURED DURING THE MEL'S SPORTING GOODS INCIDENT BY CHARACTERIZING MISS HEARST'S ACTIONS AS TREFLEXIVE AND SIMILAR TO THE ACTIONS OF TRAINED COMBAT SOLDIERS.

BAILEY EXTENSIVELY CROSS-EXAMINED BERZINS AS TO HIS IDENTIFICATION OF THE CROUCHING FIGURE AS PATRICIA HEARST. HE CRITICIZED BERZINS DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURE AS FEMALE, POINTING OUT THAT HE HAD TESTIFIED THAT HE HAD ONLY SEEN THE TOP OF THE INDIVIDUAL SHEAD. BERZINS TESTIFIED THAT HIS IDENTIFICATION OF THE CROUCHED FIGURE AS A FEMALE WAS BASED UPON HAIR LENGTH, SMALLNESS OF FRAME AND THE RELATIVELY SMALL SIZE OF THE INDIVIDUAL S HANDS AND WRISTS. REGARDING BERZINS IDENTIFICATION OF THE VOICE IN THE

BANK STATING, THIS IS TANIA HEARST AS SIMILAR TO THE VOICE ON THE SLA TAPE, BAILEY ELICITED FROM BERZINS AN ACKNOWLEDGEMENT THAT HE COULD NOT IDENTIFY THE TONAL QUALITY



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OF THE VOICE DUE TO INFERIOR EQUIPMENT USED BY THE FBT TO PLAY THE TAPES WHEN HE HEARD THEM APRIL 15, 1974. (INCLUDING A SMALL SONY CASSETTE PLAYER AND AN AUTOMOBILE SPEAKER). HE REITERATED, HOWEVER, THAT THE VOICE HE HEARD HAD THE SAME INFLECTIONS.

BAILEY CROSS-EXAMINED BERZINS REGARDING THE INCONSISTANCIES 电平均分别 福州省州 经公司经济市场销售 IN STATEMENTS HE HAD GIVEN TO FBI AGENTS, INCLUDING, SPECIFICALLY, HIS INITIAL IDENTIFICATION OF A SNAPSHOT SOLTYSIK OF PATRICIA SOLEYSESK AS THE PERSON HE OBSERVED CROUCHING PICKING UP CLIPS IN FRONT OF THE BANK BERZINS EXPLAINED 医的纤维性 机氯化甲烷甲烷 医多种性 THAT THIS MISTIDENTIFICATION WAS DUE TO A DISTSIMILARITY INSTHE SNAPSHOT SHOWN TO HIM THE DAY OF THE ROBBERY AND 多。1985年1月1日 1986年1月1日 1986年1月1日 1986年1日 THE BANK SURVEILLANCE PHOTOGRAPHS SHOWN TO HIM THE NEXT \$ 1960年,1960年,1960年,1960年,1960年,1960年,1960年,1960年,1960年,1960年,1960年,1960年,1960年,1960年,1960年,1960年,1960年,1960年 day, at which time he identified the surveillance camera 声的物,影片都,操作多头物的影响 PHOTOGRAPH OF PATRICIA HEARSTS ASSTHESINDIVIDUAL PICKING TUP THE CLIPS.

BAILEY TOOK FROM EVIDENCE THE NEWSPAPER PREVIOUSLY
INTRODUCED BY BROWNING AS CONTAINING PHOTOGRAPHS BERZINS
VIEWED THE DAY AFTER THE ROBBERY AND AFTER ASKING HIM IF

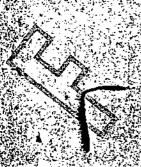
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HE HAD READ ALL OF THE ARTICLE, DIRECTED HIS ATTENTION TO STATEMEN'S IN THE ARTICLE ASCRIBED TO SOURCES CLOSE TO THE FBI ND USA'S OFFICE TO THE EFFECT THAT THERE WAS EVIDENCE WHICH INDICATED THAT PATRICIA HEARST HAD BEEN ACTING UNDER DURESS DURING THE BANK ROBBERY.

THE NEXT GOVERNMENT REBUTTAL WITNESS WAS STEPHANIE MARSH, A SAN MATEO COUNTY DEPUTY WHO BOOKED HEARST ON SEPTEMBER 18, 1975. SHE TESTIFIED THAT SHE HAD ASKED HEARST WHAT HER OCCUPATION WAS, HEARST HAD REPLIED THAT SHE DIDN'S HAVE AN OCCUPATION, SHE ASKED HEARST IF SHE WAS A STUDENT OR HAD HAD A JOB, TO WHICH HEARST HAD REPLIED THAT SHE COULD PUT DOWN "URBAN GUERRILLA".

SHE TESTIFIED THAT AFTER OBTAINING TANIA AS AN ALIAS
OF MISS HEARST'S, SHE ASKED IF HEARST HAD USED ANY OTHER
NAMES AND HEARST REPLIED, "NONE THAT I WOULD TELL YOU ABOUT".
ON CROSS-EXAMINATION BY DEFENSE ATTORNEY ALBERT JOHNSON,
MARSH TESTIFIED THAT EMILY HARRIS HAD COME UP IN THE
ELEVATOR WITH HEARST AND HAD BEEN IN THE SAME GENERAL AREA
WHILE PATRICIA HEARST WAS BEING BOOKED. SHE WAS UNABLE TO



RECALL WHETHER HARRIS WAS WITHIN EARSHOT OF HEARST DURING
THE "URBAN GUERRILLA" AND ALIAS QUESTIONS IN THE BOOKING
PROCESS.

JOHNSON ATTEMPTED BY A SERIES OF HYPOTHETICAL QUESTIONS
TO SUGGEST THAT MARSH HAD PRESSED HEARST FOR SOME ANSWER AS
TO HER OCCUPATION AND HAD HERSELF SUGGESTED "URBAN GUERRILLA".
MARSH CALMLY AND EFFECTIVELY DENIED THE OCCURANCE OF MR.
JOHNSON'S HYPOTHETICALLY-STATED INCIDENT.

MRS. SHERRY WOOD, A DEPUTY, SAN MATEO COUNTY JAIL,
TESTIFIED THAT SHE HAD INFORMED PATRICIA HEARST THAT A

DOCTOR EXAMINING THE RESULTS OF A MEDICAL EXAMINATION

CONDUCTED ON HER WHILE IN JAIL HAD DETERMINED THAT THERE

WAS A LETHAL AMOUNT OF POTASSIUM IN HER BLOODSTREAM, AND

ACCORDING TO MEDICAL INDICATIONS SHE SHOULD BE DEAD.

MRS. WOOD TESTIFIED THAT SHE OBSERVED HEARST TO BE IN AN APPARENTLY HEALTHY PHYSICAL STATE WHEN SHE REPORTED THIS INFORMATION TO HER AND HAD SMILED WHEN TELLING MISS HEARST IN ORDER TO DISCOUNT THE INFORMATION SOMEWHAT SO AS NOT TO ALARM MISS HEARST. WOOD INDICATED THAT HEARST HAD SEEMED

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GENERALLY UNCONCERNED ABOUT THE REPORTED IRREGULARITY. THIS
TESTIMON WAS OFFERED IN ORDER TO DISCOUNT TESTIMONY BY
DEFENSE BOCTORS THAT PATRICIA HEARST WAS OBVIOUSLY CONCERNED
WITH HER PHYSICAL WELLBEING AS A SYMBOL OF THE "SURVIVOR"
SYNDROME".

ON CROSS-EXAMINATION, JOHNSON WAS ABLE TO ELLICIT FROM WOOD TESTIMONY THAT ORDERS HAD BEEN GIVEN THAT NO MEDICAL TREATMENT OR EXAMINATION WAS TO BE GIVEN TO MISS HEARST EXCEPT BY HER OWN DOCTORS. JOHNSON ASKED IF THIS WAS OUT OF A CONCERN FOR MISS HEARST'S SAFETY, AND WOOD REPLIED THAT SHE HAD BEEN SO INSTRUCTED.

MR. SUTTER, OF LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, TESTIFIED
THAT ON MAY 17, 1974, HE HAD PICKED UP TWO WHITE FEMALE.
HITCHHIKERS, BOTH OF WHOM HAD HANDGUNS AND BOTH OF WHOM
POINTED THE HANDGUNS AT HIM. HE WAS PLACED IN THE BACK
SEAT OF HIS CAR AND COVERED WITH A BLANKET AFTER PICKING
UP AN INDIVIDUAL HE SUBSEQUENTLY LEARNED WAS BILL HARRIS AT
A VAN A SHORT DISTANCE AWAY.

THE RADIO WAS ON DURING THE SIX AND ONE HALF HOURS HE

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POLICE HAD SURROUNDED A HOUSE AT 84TH STREET, A SUSPECTED SLA PAD. UPON HEARING THIS, BILL HARRIS SAID, "THAT'S US.

ON CROSS-EXAMINATION, SUTTER INDICATED THAT BILL HARRIS SEEMED TO BE MAKING THE DECISIONS AS TO ROUTES, ETC. ALSO IN CROSS-EXAMINATION, SUTTER TESTIFIED THAT HE HAD BEEN IN THE CAR TWO OR THREE HOURS BEFORE HEARING ABOUT THE ALLEGED POLICE ACTIONS AGAINST SLA LOCATIONS. HE INDICATED HE HAD BEEN ABDUCTED AT APPROXIMATELY 6:50 A.M.

DETECTIVE WINGO, STOCKTON, CALIFORNIA POLICE DEPARTMENT,
TESTIFIED THAT HE HAD INTERVIEWED ULYSSES HALL IN SEATTLE,
WASHINGTON, SHORTLY AFTER HIS ARREST APRIL 24, 1974, FOR A
PERIOD OF FOUR OR FIVE HOURS. HALL INDICATED TO HIM AT
THAT TIME THAT HE HAD ARRIVED IN SEATTLE IN THE LATER PART
OF MARCH AND HAD STAYED IN SEATTLE UNTIL HIS ARREST.

HALL INDICATED TO WINGO THAT HE HAD BEEN LIVING IN STOCKTON, CALIFORNIA IN DECEMBER OF 1973 AND HAD BEEN USING NARCOTICS. BEING TOO "DIRTY" TO FACE HIS PROBATION OFFICER, HE HAD, IN JANUARY OF 1974, CHECKED INTO THE

FAIRMONT HOSPITAL FOR TREATMENT OF HIS NARCOTICS ADDICTION.

HE INDICATED THAT IN MARCH OF 1974 HE HAD GONE FROM STOCKTON

TO OAKLAND WHERE HE OBTAINED NARCOTICS WHICH HE SOLD ON THE

STREET IN SUFFICIENT QUANTITY TO EARN MONEY ENOUGH TO BUY A

PLANE TICKET TO SEATTLE.

ON CROSS-EXAMINATION, WINGO STATED THAT HALL HAD FREELY ADMITTED BEING A PAROLE VIOLATOR, HAD SAID HE HAD SOLD DOPE, AND WAS AN ADDICT. WINGO ACKNOWLEDGED THAT HE DID NOT ATTEMPT TO GET PRECISE DATES REGARDING HALL'S TRAVEL BETWEEN SEATTLE AND STOCKTON, AND DID NOT ASK HALL SPECIFICALLY IF HE HAD LEFT SEATTLE DURING THE PERIOD LATE MARCH, 1974 TO THE TIME OF HIS ARREST.

GARY ALLEN ARMSTRONG, STOCKTON POLICE DEPARTMENT,

TESTIFIED THAT HE HAD ARRESTED ULYSSES HALL FOR BEING

UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF HEROIN, JANUARY 10, 1976. PHYSICAL

EXAMINATION OF HALL DETERMINED THAT HE HAD ENLARGED PUPILS.

AND FRESH NEEDLE TRACKS. HE ASKED HALL TO SUBMIT TO A

URINE TEST WHICH WOULD DETERMINE POSITIVELY WHETHER HE WAS

UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF HEROIN, BUT HALL REFUSED TO TAKE SUCH

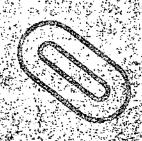
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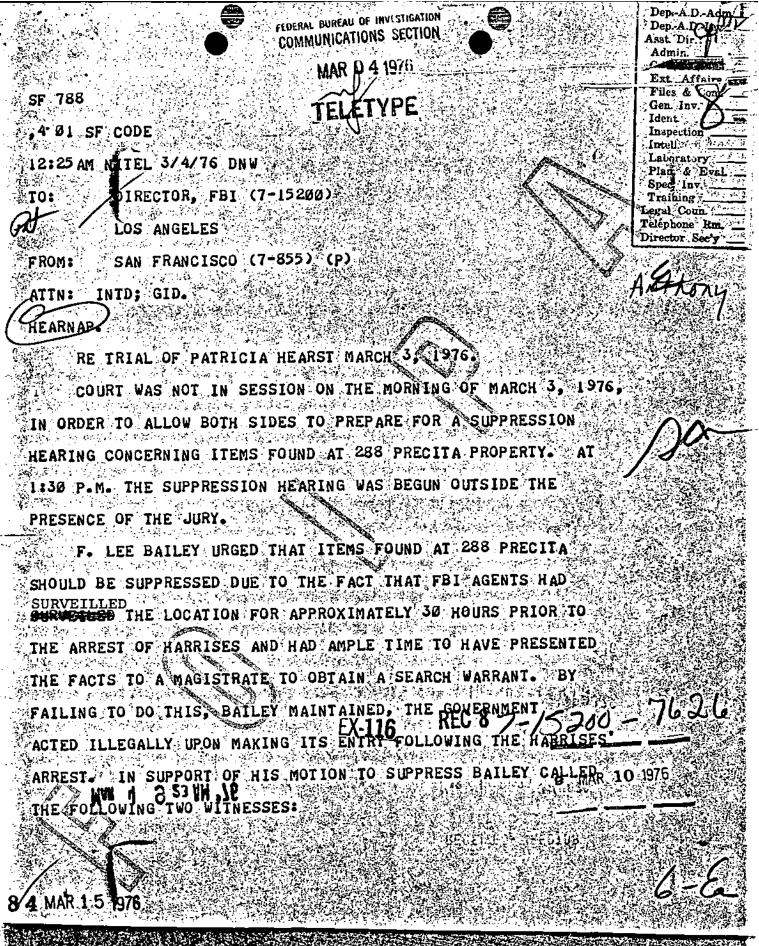
A TEST. PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN BY ARMSTRONG OF NEEDLE MARKS ON HALL'S AFI WERE ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE. THERE WAS NO CROSS-

F. LEE BAILEY MOVED TO SUPRESS CERTAIN ITEMS OF EVIDENCE SEIZED AT 288 PRECITA, CLAIMING THAT HE RECENTLY LEARNED THAT THE HOUSE AT 288 PRECITA HAD BEEN UNDER SURVEILLANCE FOR SOME THIRTY HOURS PRIOR TO ARRESTS THERE OF THE HARRISES.

JUDGE CARTER GRANTED BAILEY A HEARING AS TO THE SUPRESSION OF THESE ITEMS, WHICH HEARING IS SCHEDULED FOR 9:30 A.M., MARCH 3, 1976.



This pertuns to the trial of Patric Campbell Hearst in San Francisco, California, on 3/76. Attached advises that during suppression hearing which was conducted outside the presence of the jury, F. Lee Bailey (defense attorney) urged that items found at 288 Precita should be suppressed due to fact that FBI Agents had surveilled this location for 30 hours prior to the arrest of the Harrises and had ample time to obtain search warrant. ASAC Lawrence G. Lawler, San Francisco Office testified that no search warrant was obtained since the Agents were not sure until moments before the arrest that they were actually watching the Harrises, therefore, did not have probable cause for search warrant. ASAC Lawler testified that purposes for entry were (1) to insure that Agents would not receive fire and (2) to apprehend any fugitive who might be in the house. Special Agent Leo S. Brenneisen testified that the individuals he observed on surveillance on 9/17/75, resembled Bill and Emily Harris. Judge Carter indicated he would study evidence presented and would decide matter and rule at 10:00 a.m., 3/4/76. 1 - Mr. Callahan 1 - Mr. Adams 1 - Mr. Mintz 1 - Mr. Moore 1 - Mr. Leavitt TFM:erg

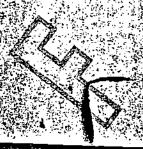


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ASAC LAWRENCE G. LAWLER, FBI, SAN FRANCISCO, TESTIFIED
THAT HE HAD PARTICIPATED IN THE SURVEILLANCE SEPTEMBER 17, 1975,
OF THE PERMISES AT 288 PRECITA AND TWO PERSONS WHO WERE
SEEN TO COME AND GO THEREFROM WHO LATER PROVED TO BE
BILL AND EMILY HARRIS.

HE INDICATED THAT DESPITE SURVEILLANCE CAMERA PHOTOGRAPHS
TAKEN OF THE INDIVIDUALS SUSPECTED OF BEING BILL AND EMILY
HARRIS, HE AND OTHER AGENTS FAMILIAR WITH THE CASE WERE UNABLE
TO POSITIVELY IDENTIFY THESE INDIVIDUALS AS BILL AND EMILY
HARRIS ON THE BASIS OF VISUAL OBSERVATION.

BAILEY ASKED LAWLER IF HE HAD PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED AT THE SUPPRESSION HEARING AT LOS ANGELES THAT HE HAD SEEN BILL HARRIS GO INTO A STORE WITH A NEWSPAPER IN HIS HAND. ASAC LAWLER CORRECTED BAILEY WHO WAS READING FROM A TRANSCRIPT SAYING THAT HE BELIEVES HIS TESTIMONY WAS THAT HE OBSERVED HARRIS COME OUT OF THE STORE RATHER THAN GO INTO THE STORE WITH A NEWSPAPER IN HIS HAND. BAILEY ACKNOWLEDGED HIS ERROR.



LAWLER TESTIFIED THAT DESPITE HIS OBSERVATIONS OF THE_
INDIVIDUALS INVOLVED AND THE OBSERVATIONS OF OTHER AGENTS
CLOSELY INVOLVED IN WORKING THE CASE OVER A LONG PERIOD OF
TIME NO FIRM IDENTIFICATION OF HARRIS COULD BE MADE BASED.
ON SURVEILLANCE AND PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE INDIVIDUALS SUSPECTED
OF BEING THE HARRISES. HE TESTIFIED THAT A SURVEILLANCE
WAS ESTABLISHED AND ORDERS WERE GIVEN THAT AGENTS SHOULD.
NOT STOP OR SURVEIL ANYONE LEAVING THAT LOCATION UNLESS IT
WAS INDICATED THAT THEY WERE PACKING AND MOVING IN WHICH
CASE AGENTS SHOULD STOP THE PERSONS RESEMBLING BILL AND
EMILY HARRIS AND REQUIRE IDENTIFICATION.

LAWLER TESTIFIED THAT IT WAS HIS BELIEF THAT THE BUREAU
IS NOT ENTITLED TO GET A SEARCH WARRANT UNTIL AFTER THE
ARREST BECAUSE UNTIL THEN THERE WAS NOT SUFFICIENT PROBABLE
CAUSE. HE POINTED OUT THAT PROBABLE CAUSE WAS GENERATED AFTER
THE ARREST AND THE SEARCH FOR PERSONS AT THE 288 PRECITA
ADDRESS. HE TESTIFIED THAT THE TWO PURPOSES FOR ENTRY BEING
MADE AT 288 PRECITA WERE: 1. TO INSURE THAT AGENTS WOULD NOT

RECEIVE FIRE FROM ANY PERSONS IN THE HOUSE, AND 2. TO

APPREHEND ANY FUGITIVES WHO MIGHT BE IN THE HOUSE. HE

ACKNOWLEDGED THAT THE FRONT DOOR HAD BEEN PADLOCKED AND

AGENTS HED CIRCUMVENTED THIS LOCK BY ENTERING A GLASS WINDOW

WHICH THEY BROKE.

HE INDICATED THAT SA JOHN J. SCHREIBER HAD BEEN PRESENT WHEN THE HASP ON THE CLOSET DOOR HAD BEEN BROKEN AND POINTED OUT THAT AGENTS WERE NOT CERTAIN AT THE TIME THEY BROKE THE HASP THAT THEY WERE DEALING WITH A CLOSET DOOR. HE INDICATED THAT CONTRABAND WAS OBSERVED IN THE CLOSET BUT WAS NOT REMOVED THEREFROM DESPITE CONTRARY FINDING OF FACT BY JUDGE BRENDLER IN THE HARRIS CASE IN LOS ANGELES.

SA LEO S. BRENNEISEN TESTIFIED THAT THE INDIVIDUALS HE OBSERVED ON THE SURVEILLANCE SEPTEMBER 17, 1975, RESEMBLED BILL AND EMILY HARRIS. HE ACKNOWLEDGED THAT HE HAD PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED THAT FBI OFFICIALS FELT ON SEPTEMBER 17, 1975, THAT IT WAS "VERY LIKELY" THESE TWO INDIVIDUALS WERE BILL AND EMILY HARRIS. HE TESTIFIED AT THIS HEARING, HOWEVER, THAT THE TERM "VERY LIKELY" IS PERHAPS TOO STRONG AND HE

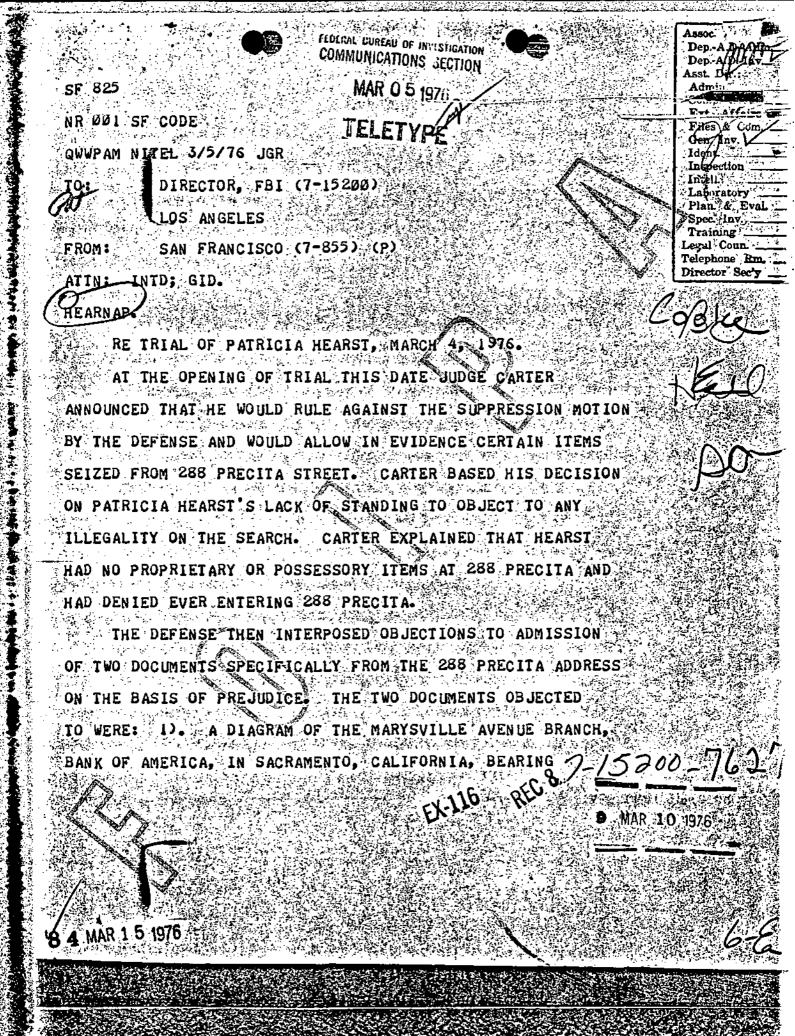
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MERELY MEANT TO INDICATE THAT BUREAU OFFICIALS HAD DETERMINED
THAT THE POSSIBILITY EXISTED THAT BILL AND EMILY HARRIS
WERE IN EACT THE INDIVIDUALS OBSERVED.

AT THE CLOSE OF TESTIMONY BY LAWLER AND BRENNEISEN ARGUMENTS BY BAILEY AND AUSA EDWARD DAVIS WERE HEARD. BAILEY CHALLENGED THE ADMISSIBILITY OF THE EVIDENCE ON THE ABOVE STATED GROUNDS. DAVIS POINTED OUT THAT PATRICIA HEARST. LACKED STANDING TO OBJECT, THE DEFENSE HAD WAIVED ANY RIGHT TO CHALLENGE THE ADMISSIBILITY OF THESE ITEMS DUE TO THE UNTIMELY OBJECTION, PUBLIC EMERGENCY IN THE FORM OF ANY POSSIBLE SHOOTOUT AND SIEGE, AND THE FACT THAT THE EVIDENCE WAS BEING OFFERED FOR IMPEACHMENT PURPOSES WHICH WOULD RENDER MOOT ANY ARGUABLE ILLEGALITY OF THE SEARCH. ALL MILITATED AGAINST THE SUPPRESSION OF THIS EVIDENCE.

CARTER INDICATED THAT HE WOULD STUDY THE EVIDENCE
PRESENTED DURING THE HEARING AND OTHER RELEVANT EVIDENCE
THEN BEFORE HIM AND WOULD DECIDE THE MATTER AND BE PREPARED TO
RULE AT 10:00 A.M. MARCH 4, 1976.
END.

GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION EARIS This concerns the trial of Patricia Campbell Hearst in San Francisco, California, on 3/4/76. Attached advises Judge Carter ruled against suppression motion by the defense and stated he would allow in evidence certain items seized from 288 Precita Street. Judge Carter based his decision on Hearst's lack of standing to object to any illegality on the search explaining that Hearst had no proprietary or possessory items at 288 Precita and had denied ever entering Defense objected to admission of two? 288 Precita. documents based on prejudice: (1) A diagram of the Marysville Avenue Branch, Bank of America, in Sacramento, California, which contained two lines of handwriting identified with Patricia Hearst, and (2) a document entitled "Bakery" comprising of a list of preparations for a bank robbery. Judge Carter concurred with defense and suppressed item number one and denied motion to suppress item number two. Doctor Rodd W. Perry, intern on duty, San Francisco General Hospital, testified he treated young lady on 🚕 🧴 8/12/75, for poison oak but was not able to identify Hearst as the person he examined on that occasion since patient's face was badly swollen. Judge Carter admitted into evidence by stipulation several items including apparent manuscripts for a book on the SLA, writings on militant feminism, shopping list for items which could constitute bomb components, and pages of political rhetoric. Judge Carter strongly urged U. S. Attorney James L. Browning, Jr., to proceed with the introduction of evidence at 9:30 a.m., 3/5/76 1 - Mr. Callahan 1 - Mr. Adams 1 - Mr. Mintz 1 - Mr. Moore 1 - Mr. Leavitt



PAGE TWO

HANDWRITTEN NOTES EVIDENTLY PURSUANT TO A CASING OF THE BANK.

AT THE BOTTOM OF THE DIAGRAM WERE TWO LINES OF HANDWRITING

IDENTIFIED WITH PATRICIA HEARST DESCRIBING THE SEVEN

EMPLOYEES, TWO MALES, ONE YOUNG AND NERVOUS, MANAGER OF

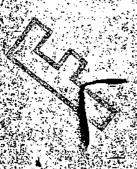
FAT BLACK; AND 2). A DOCUMENT ENTITLED BAKERY WHICH

COMPRISES A LIST OF PREPARATIONS FOR A BANK ROBBERY.

BAILEY INDICATED THAT THE PREJUDICE TO MISS HEARST FROM THOSE ITEMS FAR OUTWEIGHED ANY PROBATIVE VALUE.

CARTER CONCURRED IN BAILEY'S EVALUATIONS OF THE FIRST ITEM INDICATING THAT BECAUSE THE BANK WAS IDENTIFIED WITH SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA, AND A HOMICIDE HAD OCCURRED DURING THE ROBBERY OF A BANK NEAR SACRAMENTO RECEIVING MUCH PUBLICITY, A SERIOUS DANGER EXISTED THAT JURORS WOULD ASSOCIATE THE SKETCH IN THEIR MINDS WITH THE FEATURED SACRAMENTO AREA BANK ROBBERY.

HOWEVER, HE DENIED THE MOTION TO SUPPRESS AS TO THE LIST OF BANK ROBBERY PREPARATIONS CONCURRING WITH BROWNING'S ARGUMENT THAT SUCH A LIST COULD NOT BE LINKED WITH ANY

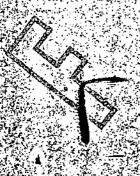


PAGE THREE

SF 7-855

PARTICULER ROBBERY BUT SHOWED PREPARATIONS TO COMMIT A BANK ROBBERY, TENDING TO NEGATE HEARST'S ALLEGATIONS OF COERCION AND TENDING TO SHOW HER PARTICIPATION IN PLANNING SUCH AN OPERATION.

DR. RODD W. PERRY, AN INTERN ON DUTY AT THE SAN FRANCISCO
GENERAL HOSPITAL, TESTIFIED THAT HE HAD TREATED A YOUNG LADY
AUGUST 12, 1975, FOR POISON OAK. ON MEDICAL RECORDS THE
YOUNG WOMAN GAVE HER NAME AS AMY ANDREWS. PRESCRIPTION
BOTTLES FOUND AT 625 MORSE STREET IN THE NAME AMY ADAMS.
PERRY INDICATED THAT HE WAS NOT ABLE TO IDENTIFY HEARST
AS THE PERSON HE EXAMINED ON THAT OCCASION AND TESTIFIED
THAT THE FACE OF THE PATIENT HAD BEEN BADLY SWOLLEN ON ONE
SIDE, DISTORTING HER FEATURES. HE INDICATED THAT THE PATIENT'S
AGE, WEIGHT, BUILD, SEX, AND RACE WERE CONSISTENT WITH
THOSE OF MISS HEARST. HE STATED THAT HIS RECOLLECTION OF
THE WHITE MALE WHO ACCOMPANIED MISS HEARST TO THE HOSPITAL
DID NOT MATCH PHOTOGRAPHS HE HAD OBSERVED OF WILLIAM HARRIS.
HE ACKNOWLEDGED THAT HEARST BEHAVED NORMALLY, DID NOT SEEM



PAGE FOUR

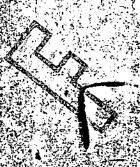
SF 7-855

WITHDRAWN OR DISORIENTED, AND GAVE APPROPRIATE ANSWERS TO THE QUESTIONS HE ASKED. HE TESTIFIED, HOWEVER, THAT SHE WAS EVASIVE HEN ASKED WHERE SHE HAD CONTRACTED THE POISON OAK.

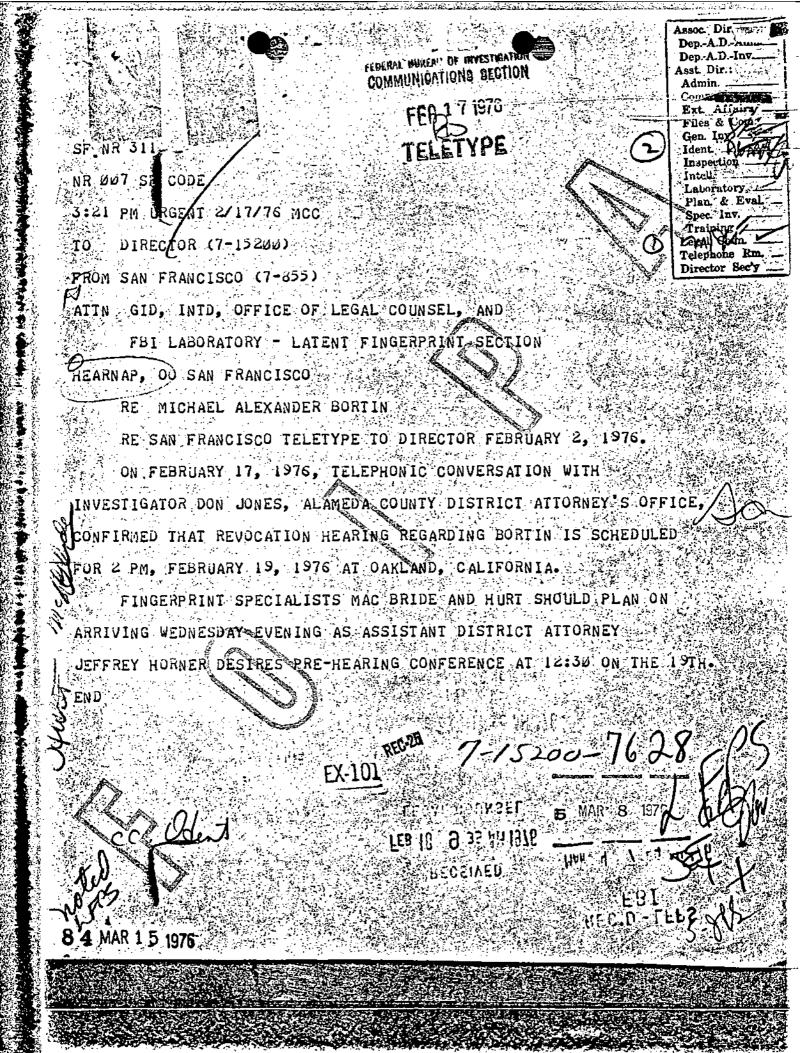
THE DOCTOR TESTIFIED THAT THE PATIENT HAD GIVEN A BAD ADDRESS ON MASONIC STREET IN SAN FRANCISCO WHICH, THE DEFENSE STIPULATED, IS A NONEXISTENT ADDRESS.

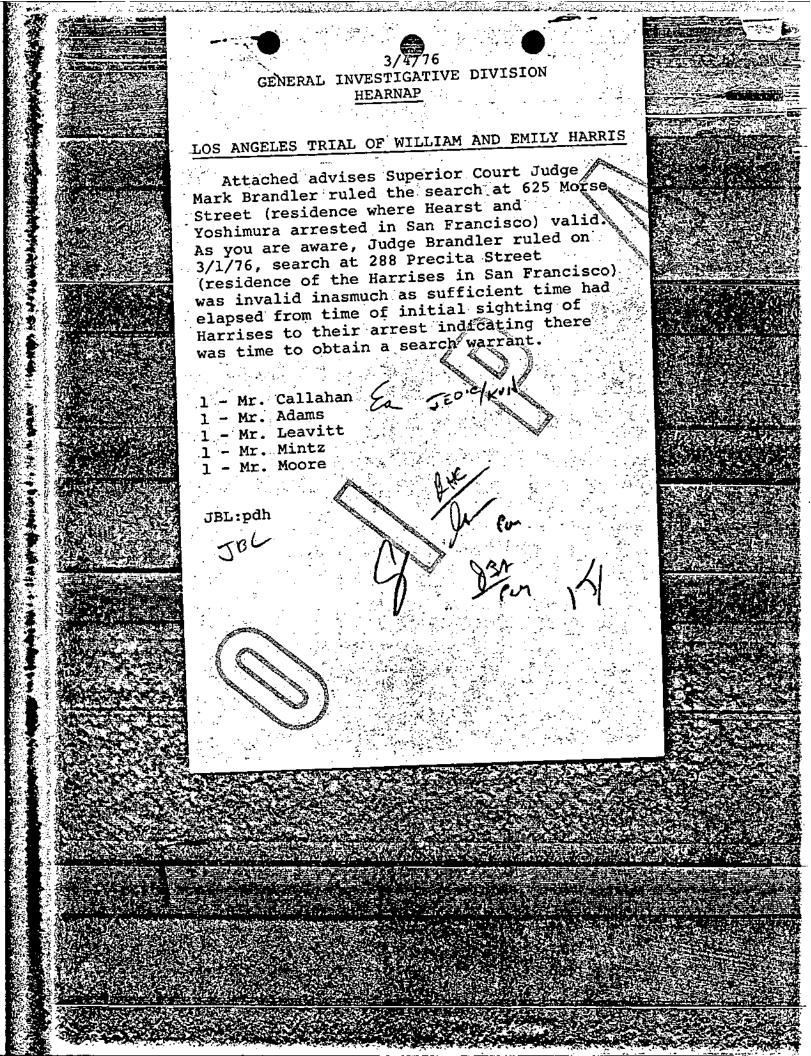
LENGTHY RECESSES WERE HELD AS ATTORNEYS DISCUSSED
STIPULATIONS REGARDING PARTICULAR DOCUMENTS WHICH CARTER
HAD RULED ADMISSIBLE. SEVERAL OF THESE ITEMS WERE ADMITTED
INTO EVIDENCE BY STIPULATION INCLUDING APPARENT MANUSCRIPTS
FOR A BOOK ON THE SLA, WRITINGS ON MILITANT FEMINISM,
SHOPPING LISTS FOR ITEMS WHICH COULD CONSTITUTE BOMB
COMPONENTS, AND PAGES OF POLITICAL RHETORIC.

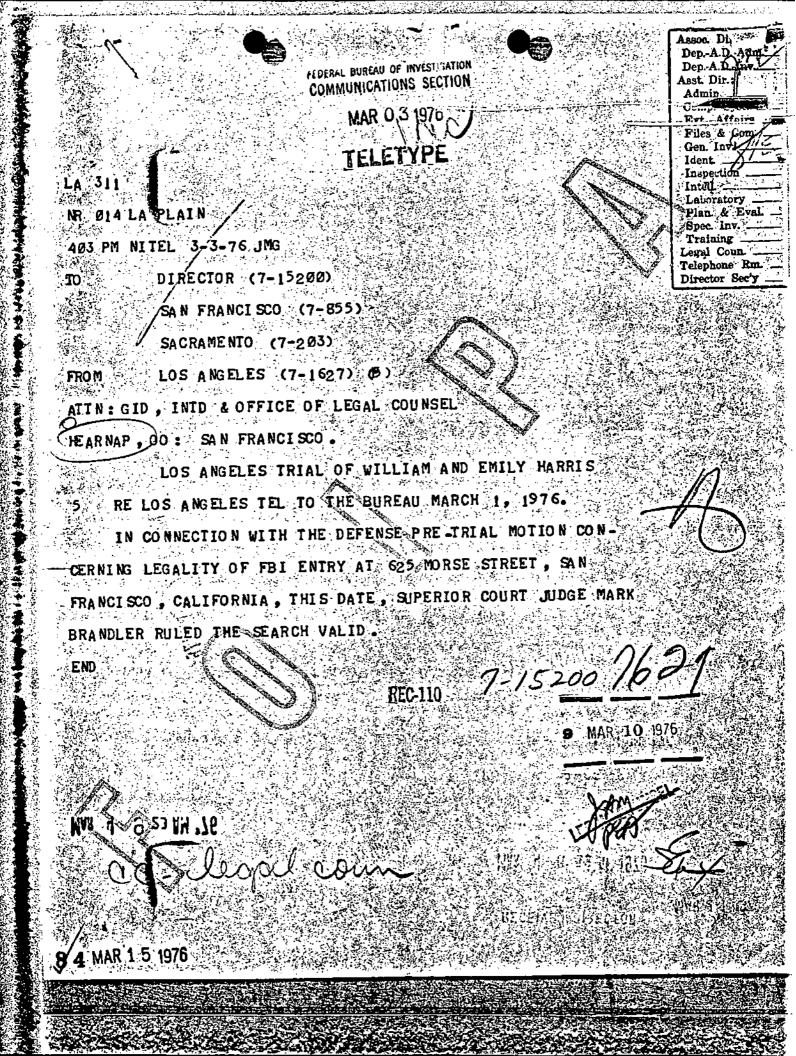
A LENGTHY HEARING WAS HELD IN THE AFTERNOON REGARDING A DOCUMENT SUBPOENAED BY F. LEE BAILEY FROM PROSECUTION PSYCHIATRIST DOCTOR JOEL FORT. DOCTOR FORT EXPOUNDED HIS VIEWS ON MEDIA EXPLOITATION OF VIOLENCE AND IMPROPER UTILIZATION OF PSYCHIATRIC TESTIMONY IN CRIMINAL CASES.

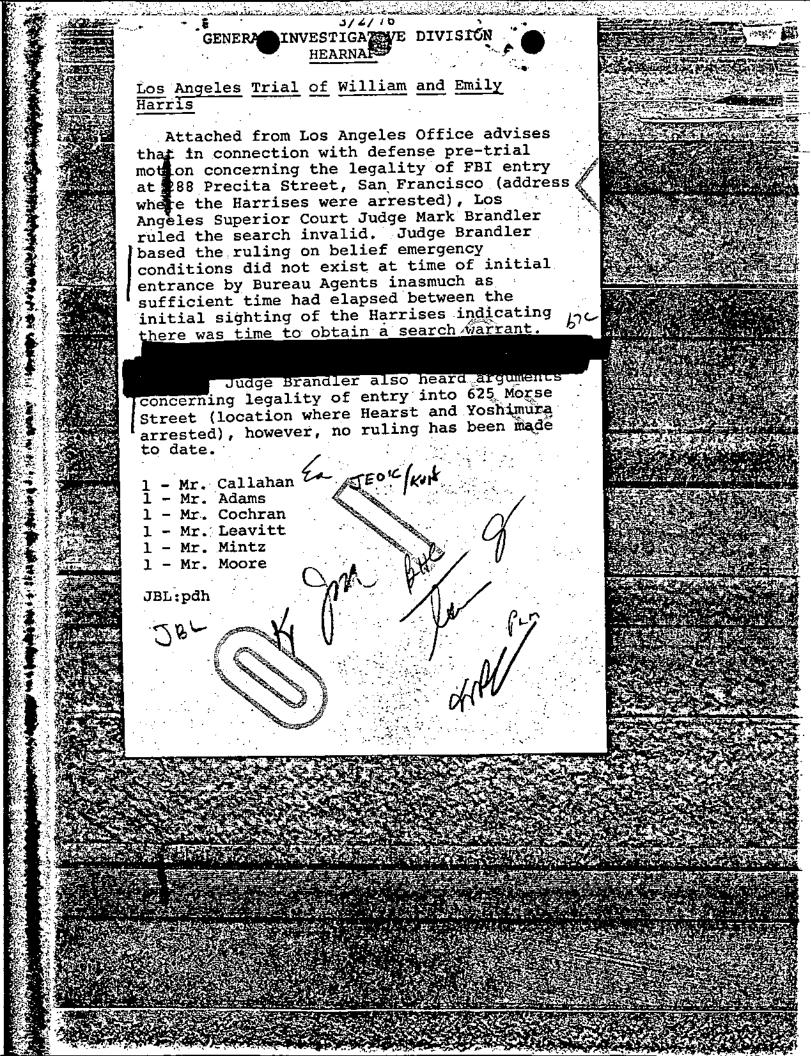


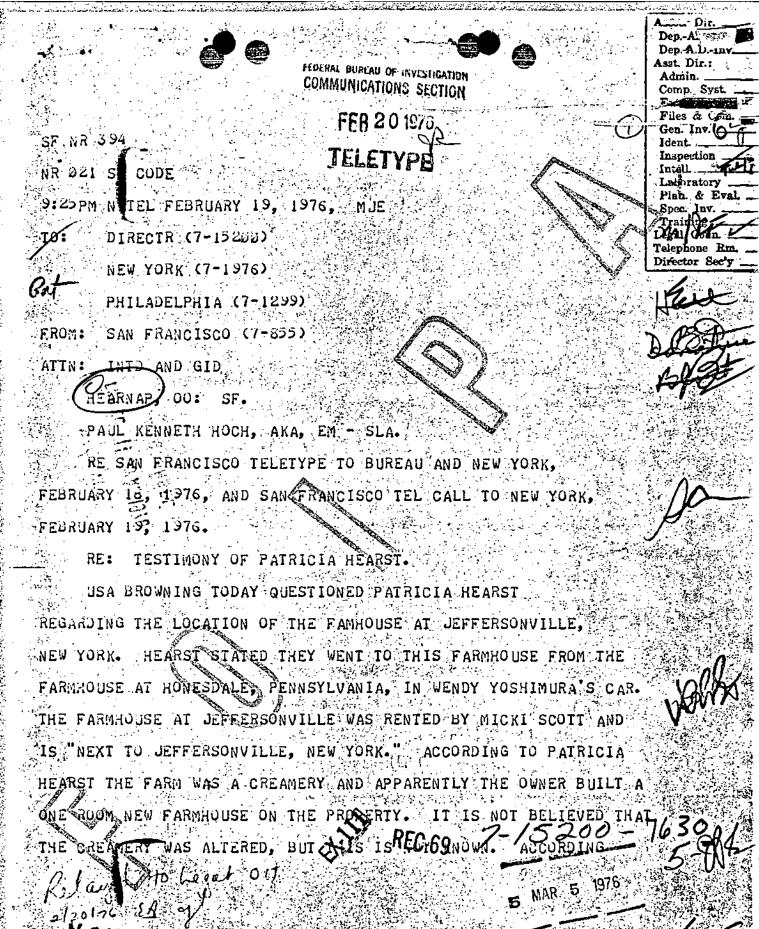
PAGE FIVE SF 7-855 AT THE CLOSE OF THE HEARING JUDGE CARTER ORDERED FORT TO PRODUCE HE ITEM SUBPOENAED BY BAILEY IF THE ITEM WAS IN HIS POSSESSION OR AVAILABLE TO HIM AND STRONGLY URGED USA JAMES L. BROWNING. JR., TO PROCEED WITH THE INTRODUCTION OF EVIDENCE AT 9:30 A.M., MARCH 5, 1976. END.











61 MAR 1 2 1976

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PAGE TWO SF 7-855

TO THE TESTIMONY, THEY STAYED THERE FOR TWO MONTHS, AND THEN RETURNED TO THE HONESDALE FARMHOUSE FOR TWO WEEKS. AT THAT TIME PATRICIA HEARST, JACK SCOTT, AND SCOTT'S DOG LEFT IN A VAN FOR LAS VEGAS, THIS TRIP LASTING THREE OR FOUR DAYS.

IT MAY BE NOTED THAT THE CAR PROBABLY BEING OPERATED BY WENDY YOSHIMURA DURING THE PERTINENT PERIOD, IS A 1966 RED VULKSWAGEN AND AT THAT TIME IT PROBABLY HAD NEW JERSEY PLATES.

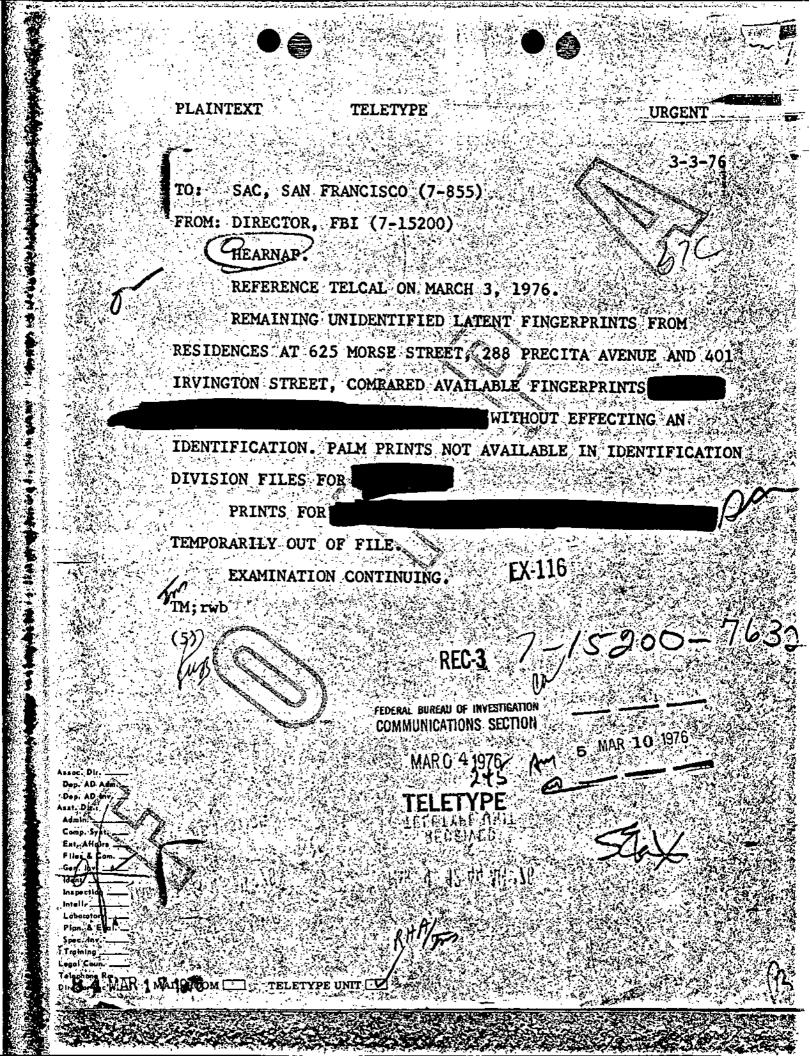
FOLLOWING HEARST'S TESTIMONY, AGENTS DISCUSSED THIS MATTER WITH HER ATTORNEYS WHO ADVISED THEY DID NOT KNOW WHERE THE FARMHOUSE WAS AND DOUBTED IF PATRICIA HEARST COULD FIND THE FARMHOUSE.

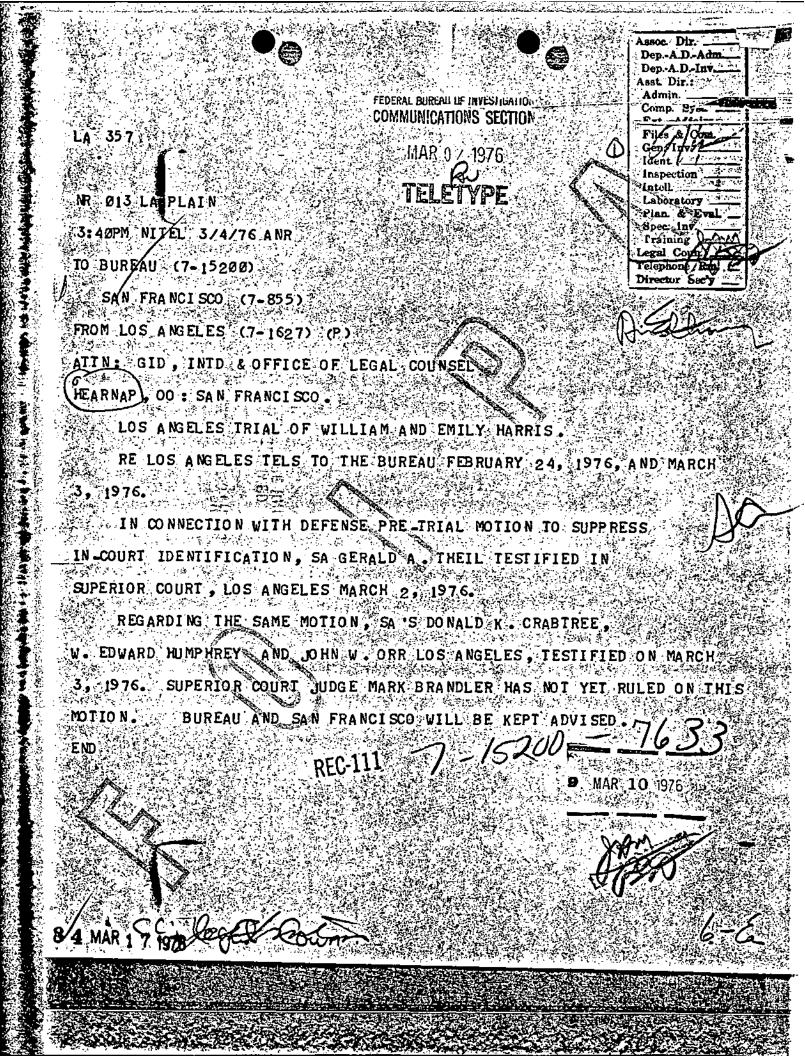
END

CC: INTELL DIV.

DERAL BUREAU OF MYESTIGATION COMMUNICATIONS SECTION La: 231 MAR 0 1 1976 NR 011 LA PLAIN 620 PM URGENT /83/01/76 SJS TELETYPE DIRECTOR (7-15200) SANATRANCI SCO (7-855) SACRAMENTO (7-203) Legal Coun. Telephone Rm. Director Sec'y FROM LOS ANGELES (7-1627) (P) ATTN: GID , INTO AND OFFICE OF LEGAL COUNSEL HEAR NAP OO : SAN FRANCISCO LOS ANGELES TRIAL OF WILLIAM AND EMILY HARRIS IN CONNECTION WITH DEFENSE PRE-TRIAL MOTION CONCERNING THE LEGALITY OF FBI ENTRY AT 288 PRECITA AND \$25 MORSE, SAN FRANCISCO, ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY DINO FULGONI, LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, ADVISED AS FOLLOWS: ON THIS DATE, LOS ANGELES SUPERIOR COURT JUDGE MARK BRANDLER HAD RULED THE SEARCH OF 288 PRECITA , SAN FRANCISCO. INVALID . JUDGE BRANDLER BASED THE RULING ON BELIEF THAT EMERGENCY CONDITIONS DID NOT EXIST AT THE TIME OF INITIAL ENTRANCE INTO THAT RESIDENCE BY BUREAU AGENTS. THAT BELIEF IS BASED ON THE FOLLOWING ACI) APPROXIMATELY ONE AND ONE HALF YEARS HAD PASSED WITHOUT INDICATION OF VIOLENCE BY HARRISES AND HEARST MAR 10 1976 MA 2 8 17 MH 16 R 4 MAR 1 8 1976

PAGE TWO 🍻 LA 7-1627 (2) PREOXIMATELY THIRTY HOURS HAD PASSED BETWEEN INTIAL SIGHTING OF WILLIAM HARRIS AT THE PRECITA ADDRESS AND SUBSEQUENT ARREST . DURING THAT TIME NO EFFORT WAS MADE, TO OBTAIN ASSEARCH WARRANT JUDGE BRANDLER HEARD ARGUMENTS CONCERNING LEGALITY OF THE 625 MORSE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO SEARCH HOWEVER NO RULING HAS BEEN MADE TO DATE END



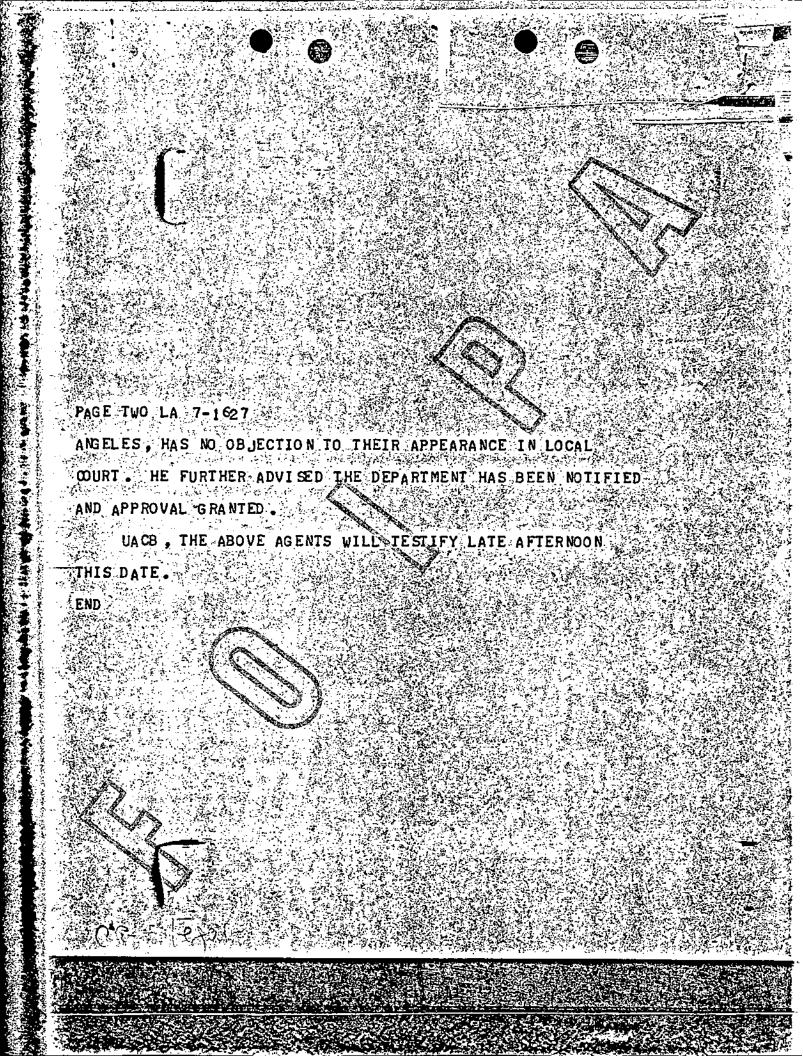


OFFIONAL FORM NO. 10 MAT 1842 EDITION GBA GEN. REG. NO. 27 UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT $\it Aemorandum$ 1 - Mr. Cochran 1 - Mr. Bovd J. Cochran, Jr. DATE: 2/27/76T. Boyd 2575 HEARNAP SUBJECT: My earlier memorandum today advised that Defense Attorney F. Lee Bailey was considering issuing a subpoena for Chicago polygraph examiner to appear as a defense witness to explain the polygraph technique to the court. This possibility was brought about through the recommendation of Leonard H. Harrelson, Director of a commercial polygraph institute. Subsequently, Harrelson telephoned FBI Headquarters to Polygraph who explained the Bureau's position in this matter Supervisor and suggested it would be advisable for Bailey to look elsewhere for a Government polygraph expert. Following this conversation Harrelson telephoned and said he would recommend to Bailey that an FBI polygraph expert not be used. He advised that he would recommend that Bailey seek the services of I will keep us advised if he receives any further word from Harrelson. No further action on our part appears necessary at this time. We will keep you advised of any further pertinent developments. 7-15200-7634 ACTION: None. For information. 7 - 15200 Mr. Adams Mr. Jenkins -Mr. Gallagher (Attn: Mr. Anthony) **8** 4 Mar 2 2 1976

FEDERAL BUREAU LE INVESTIGATION COMMUNICATIONS SECTION Dep.-A.D.-Inv Asst. Dir.y MAR 0 9/1976 LA 305 TELETYPE NR 006 LA PLAIN 2:40 PM (GENT 3-3-76 SMA Laboratory TO DIRECT R (7-15200) Plan. & Eval." 🖟 SAN FRANCISCO 🗟 (7-855) FROM LOS ANGELES (7-1627) (P) Director Sec'y ATTN: GID, INID & OFFICE OF LEGAL COUNSEL HEARNAP, DO: SAN FRANCISCO LOS ANGELES TRIAL OF WILLIAM AND EMILY HARRIS RE TELEPHONE CONVERSATION BETWEEN USA OFFICE OF LEGAL COUNSEL . THIS LOS ANGELES, AND DATE . ISSUE HAS BEEN RAISED BY HARRIS DEFENSE COUNSEL ALLEGING EYEWITNESS IDENTIFICATION AT MEL SSPORTING GOODS STORE, INGLE WOOD, CALIFORNIA, ON MAY 16, 1974, MAY BE TAINTED . IN VIEW OF THE ABOVE, THE FOLLOWING THREE LOSSANGELES AGENTS HAVE BEEN CALLED TO TESTIFY CONCERNING PHOTOGRAPH SPREADS EXHIBITED TO WIT NESSES BY THEM ON MAY 16-17, 1974: 7-15200 SA W. EDWARD HUMP HREY EX-115 Z MAR 12 1976 REC- 78 SA DO NALD K . CRABIREE SA DARRELL W. SHAVER ASSISTANT U.S. ATTORNEY AUSAD WILLIAM J. RATHJE; LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, ADVISED U.S. ATTORNEY SOFFICE, LOS

10-1

8 4 MAR 2 2 1976



MAY 1962 EDITION GEA GEN. BEG. NO. 37

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

HEARNAP

1 - Mr. Callahan -

l - Mr. Adams

DATE: 3/5/76

l - Mr. Gallagher

1 - Mr. O'Connell

1 - Mr. Cooke

1 - Mr. Anthony

1 - Mr. Mintz

Director Sec'y

Ext. Affairs

Inspection

Legal Coun

Intell. Laboratory

At 10:00 a.m. this date, Departmental Attorney Brandon Alvey telephonically notified the General Investigative Division he had just received an anonymous telephone call relating to the captioned matter. Mr. Alvey stated a male caller he estimated to be 20 years of age, stated he was calling: for Jack Scott, who wished to be contacted by the Government to discuss the Patricia Campbell Hearst trial. The caller revealed Jack Scott would be at exchange 20-246-8557 for the next few days, and terminated the call.

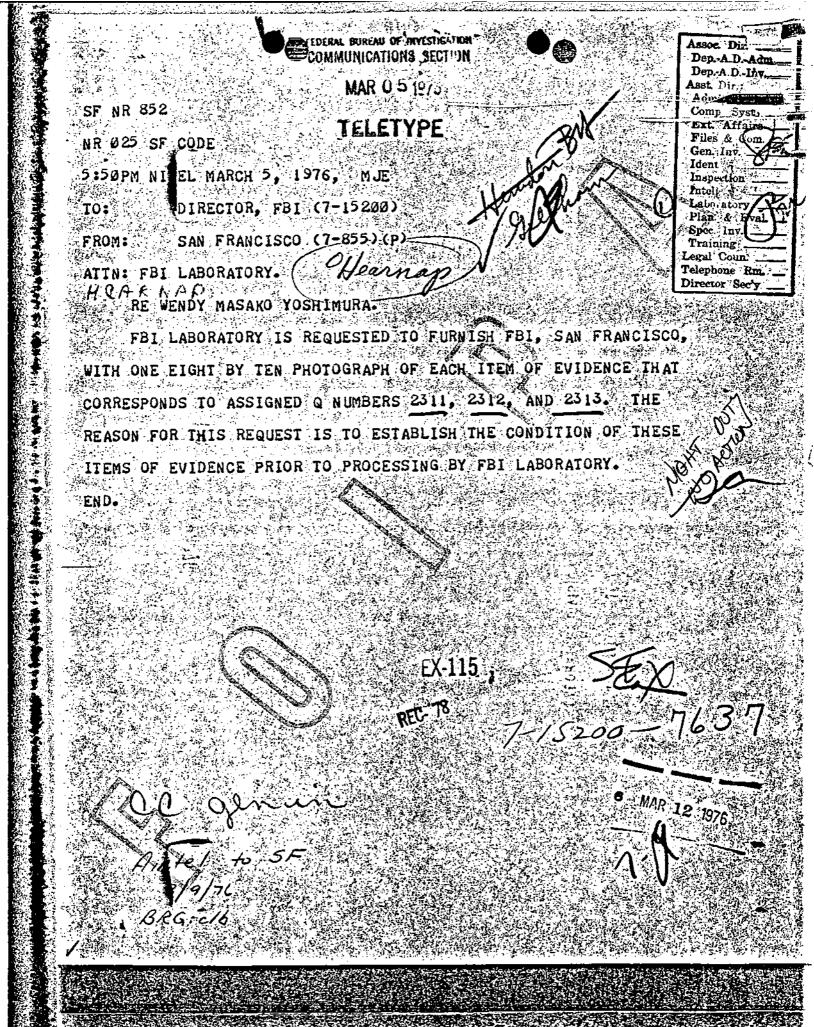
Newark Division determined the above exchange is listed to V. K. Burbank, 116 Johnson Street, Highland Park, New Jersey.

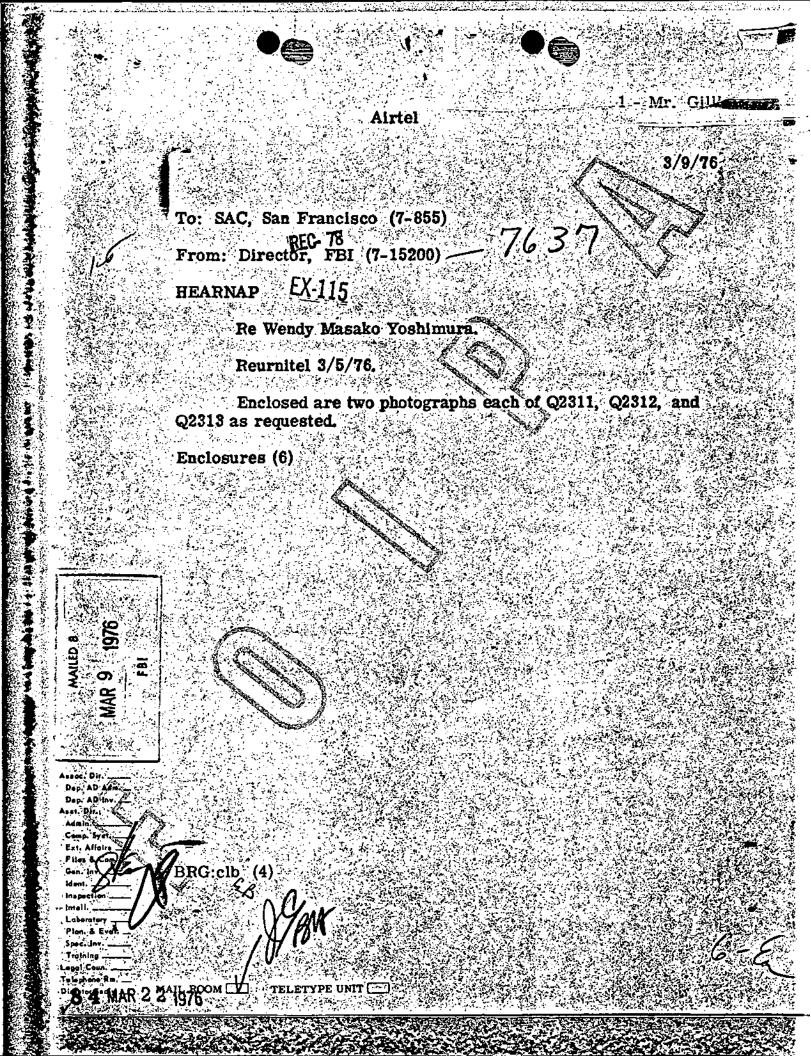
It was subsequently determined the listing was used by Phillip Kent Shinnick at the time of the check, which was 2/15/75.

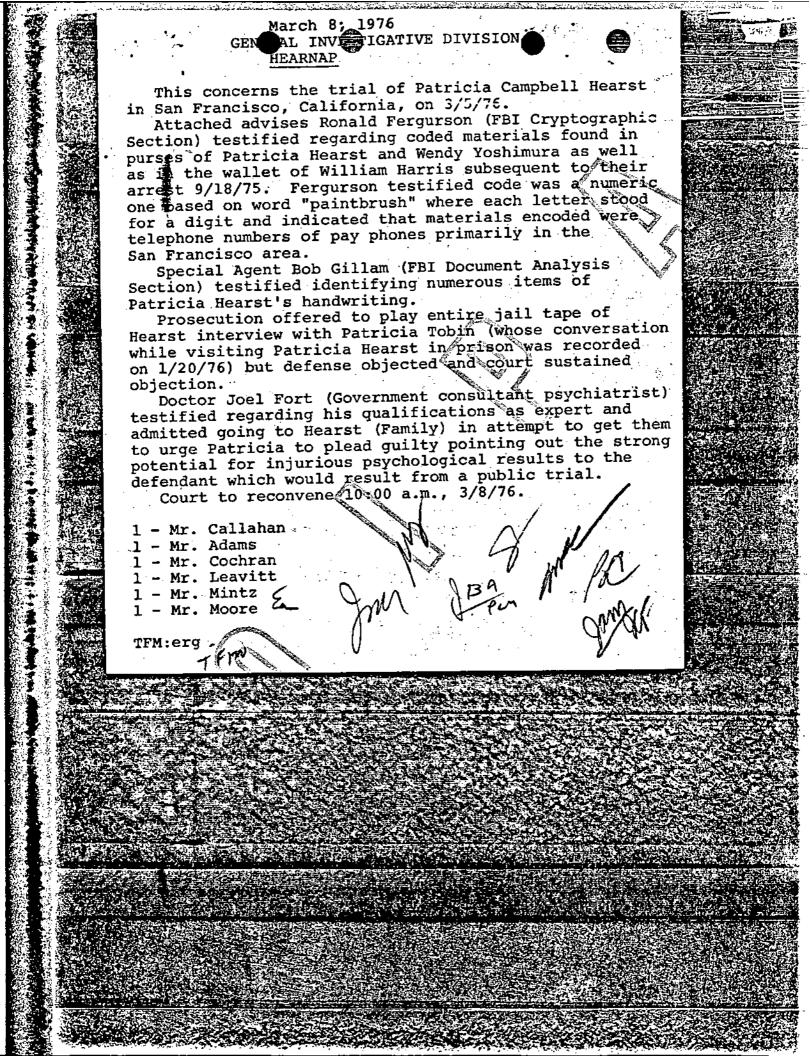
Inasmuch as Jack Scott and his wife, Micki, are currently before a Federal Grand Jury at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, Mr. Alvey was informed no attempt would be made to verify this apparent overture until the matter is fully discussed with U. S. Attorney (USA) John Cattone, Middle District of Pennsylvania. Mr. Alvey was in full agreement with this observation.

This information will be furnished to San Francisco and Philadelphia Divisions, who will be instructed to relay same to their respective USAs.

EA/brb (8)







FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

MAR 08 1976

TELETYPE

4 001 SE CODE

12:30 AM NITEL 3/8/76 JGR

DIRECTOR, FBI (7-15200) TO:

WERE THEN ENTERED INTO EVIDENCE.

ADIC. LOS ANGELES

FROM SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (7:855)

GID, INTD, OFFICE OF LEGAL COUNSEL ATIN:

HEARNAP

RE: TRIAL OF PATRICIA HEARST, MARCH 5, 1976

RONALD FERGURSON OF THE CRYPTOGRAPHIC SECTION OF THE FBI WAS CALLED TO TESTIFY REGARDING CODED MATERIALS FOUND IN THE PURSE OF PATRICIA HEARST, IN THE PURSE OF WENDY YOSHIMURA, AND IN THE WALLET OF WILLIAM HARRIS SUBSEQUENT TO THEIR ARREST SEPTEMBER 18, 1975. THE INDICATED THAT THE CODE WAS A NUMERIC ONE BASED ON THE WORD "PAINTBRUSH" WHERE EACH LETTER STOOD FOR A DIGIT. HE INDICATED THAT INVESTIGATION HAD DISCLOSED THAT THE MATERIALS ENCODED WERE TELEPHONE NUMBERS OF PAY EMPIRE PRIMARILY IN THE SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA. THE ENCODED MATERIALS

ON CROSS EXAMINATION, ALMOHNSON ATTEMPTED TO DIMINISH 6 MARV12 127 THE SIGNIFICANCE OF THE ABOVE MATERIALS BY EMPHASIZING THE UNSORHISTICATED NATURE OF THE CODE. FERGURSON ACKNOWLEDGED THAT THE CODE WAS NOT ONE OF THE MORE SOPHISTICATED ONES HE

8 4 MAR 2 2 1976

Dep.-A.D.-Inv Asst. Dir.: Admir. Gen. Inv. Ident. Inspection Iptell." Laboratory Plan & Eval Spec. Inv. Praining.

Telephone Rm

Director Sec'y

SF 7-855 PAGE TWO

HAD ENCOUNTERED, BUT STATED THAT CERTAIN "NULLS" WHICH HAD NO NUMERICAL OR OTHER SIGNIFICANCE HAD BEEN INSERTED IN THE CODE.

LABORATORY TESTIFIED IDENTIFYING NUMEROUS ITEMS OF PATRICIA
HEARST'S HANDWRITING. THE DEFENSE OBJECTED, INDICATING THAT
THEY HAD STIPULATED THAT THE HANDWRITING WAS MISS HEARST'S
AND USA BROWNING POINTED OUT THAT ALTHOUGH SHE HAD STIPULATED
THAT THE HANDWRITING WAS HERS, AT ONE TIME SHE HAD, ON CROSS EXAMINATION REFUSED TO
ERRORSEDIES ACKNOWLEDGE THAT SHE HAD WRITTEN THE
MATERIALS, TAKING THE FIFTH AMENDMENT. BROWNING STATED THAT

THIS ARGUABLY HAD THE EFFECT OF RENEGGING THE STIPULATION, AND REQUESTED THAT IN ORDER TO HAVE A SOUND RECORD HE BE ALLOWED TO PRODUCE GILLAM STESTIMONY. THE OBJECTION WAS OVERRULED.

THE PROSECUTION OFFERED TO PLAY THE ENTIRE JAIL TAPE
OF HEARST'S INTERVIEW WITH PATRICIA TOBIN, BUT THE DEFENSE
OBJECTED, STATING THAT-TAPE ITSELF COULD BE IN EVIDENCE AND
SPENDING 20 OR 30 MINUTES TO PLAY THE TAPE BEFORE THE JURY WOULD
BE UNNECESSARILY TIME CONSUMING. THE COURT SUSTAINED THE

SF. 7-855, PAGE THREE

OBJECTION POINTING OUT TO BROWNING THAT HE HAD SUSTAINED A

SIMILAR OBJECTION BY THE PROSECUTION CONCERNING DR. WEST PLAYING

TAPES OR TRANSCRIPTS OF HIS INTERVIEWS WITH PATRICIA HEARST.

DR. JOEL FORT. PREVIOUSLY RETAINED AS A GOVERNMENT CONSUL TANT PSYCHIATRIST, NOW RETAINED AS SANCEXPERT, TESTIFIED REGARDING HIS QUALIFICATIONS AS AN EXPERT. ON CROSS EXAMINATION REGARDING HIS EXPERT QUALIFICATIONS, BAILEY ASKED, DID YOU SEE IT AS PART OF THIS ASSIGNMENT TO TRY AND FIX THIS CASE BEHIND MY BACK? AFTER OBJECTION BY USA BROWNING, BAILEY ASKED FURTHER WHETHER DR. FORT HAD GONE TO THE HEARSTS IN AN ATTEMPT TO GET THEM TO URGE PATRICIA TO PLEAD GUILTY, SAYING THAT AT MOST SHE WOULD GET SIX MONTHS PROBATION. DR. FORT DID THIS, AND TESTIFIED THAT WITH THE FULL KNOWLEDGE OF AND AFTER FULL DISCUSSION WITH MR. BAILEY, MR. JOHNSON AND THE DEFENSE, USA BROWNING, AND AUSA BANCROFT, HE HAD POINTED OUT TO ALL PARTIES, INCLUDING THE HEARST FAMILY THE SIRONG POTENTIAL FOR INJURIOUS PSYCHO-LOGICAL RESULTS TO THE DEFENDANT WHICH WOULD RESULT FROM A PUBLIC TRIAL. THE FURTHER TESTIFIED THAT MR. JOHNSON SPECIFICALLY HAD COMMENDED HIM FOR HIS CONCERN AND MOTIVES, AND COMPLEMENTED

SF 7-855, PAGE FOUR HIM FOR HIS APPROACH.

ON MURTHER DIRECT EXAMINATION, DR. FORT EXPLAINED HOW HIS BACKGROUND AND EXPERIENCE WITH CRIMINAL DEFENDANTS WOULD LEAD HIM TO APPROACH THE EXAMINATION OF MISS HEARST DIFFERENTLY THAN PSYCHIATRISTS WHOSE PRINCIPAL EXPERIENCE WAS IN THE FIELD OF CLINICAL PRACTICE, THE ACADEMIC LIFE, OR THE ADMINISTRATION OF HOSPITALS OR EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS. HE, FOR INSTANCE, DID NOT REFER TO THE CRIMINAL DEFENDANT AS A PATIENT. ATTEMPTED TO GAIN AS MUCH PRIMARY SOURCE MATERIALS IN THE WAY OF REVIEWING PHYSICAL EVIDENCE, WRITINGS, TAPES, FILMS, AND PHOTOGRAPHS AS HE COULD BEFORE EXAMINING THE CRIMINAL DEFENDANT HERSELF. HE INDICATED THAT THE PSYCHIATRISTS APPROACH TO A CRIMINAL DEFENDANT SHOULD INCLUDE: OPEN MINDED SKEPTICISM. HE POINTED OUT THAT HE WOULD NEVER MAKE AN AGREEMENT TO TESTIFY AND WOULD ONLY AGREE TO BE A CONSULTANT UNTIL SUCH TIME AS HE HAD EXAMINED THE DEFENDANT AND HAD REACHED CONCLUSIONS PURSUANT TO HIS TOTAL EXAMINATION. THE SINDICATED THAT HE WOULD RATHERS BE A CONSULTANT FOR THE GOVERNMENT THAN FOR THE DEFENSE BECAUSE IF A DOCTOR WAS RETAINED BY THE DEFENSE AND CAME TO CONCLUSIONS



SF 7-855, PAGE FIVE

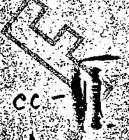
ADVERSE TO THE POSITION OF THE DEFENSE, SUCH MATERIAL WOULD NEVER BE DISCLOSED. WHEREAS IF A PSYCHIATRIST WAS RETAINED BY THE GOVERNMENT AND CAME TO CONCLUSIONS FAVORABLE TO THE DEFENSE, SUCH MATERIAL WOULD BE DISCLOSED. HE INDICATED HE VIEWED HIS ROLE AS SEARCHING FOR THE TRUTH IN A PARTICULAR CASE, AND FELT THAT WORKING FOR THE GOVERNMENT WAS GENERALLY MORE CONSISTENT WITH THIS ROLE FOR THE REASONS OUTLINED ABOVE.

DR. FORT LISTED AT SOME LENGTH THE EXTENSIVE MATERIALS
HE HAD EXAMINED AND RELIED UPON IN REACHING HIS CONCLUSIONS.

COURT WAS RECESSED SHORTLY AFTER 4:00 P.M., MARCH 5,

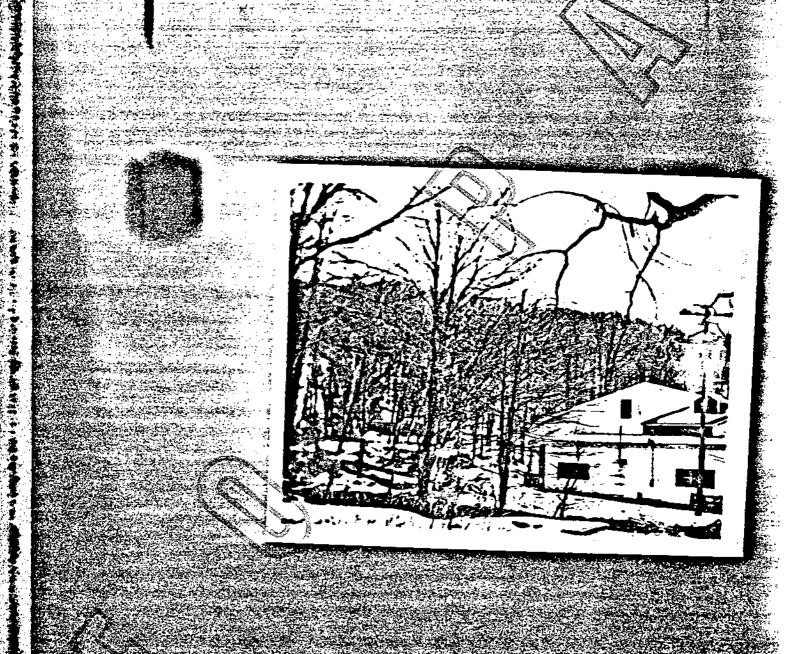
1976 UNTIL MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 8, 1976 AT 10:00 A.M.

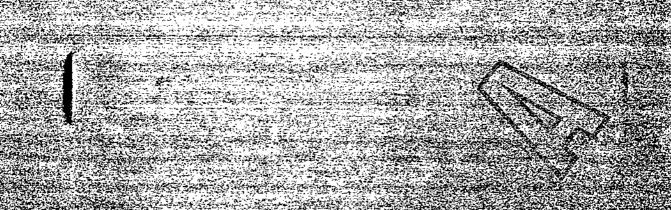
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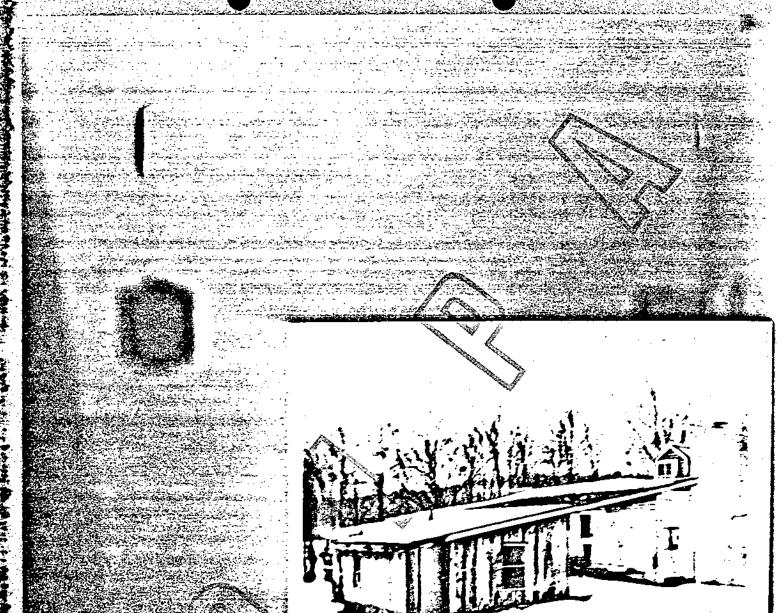


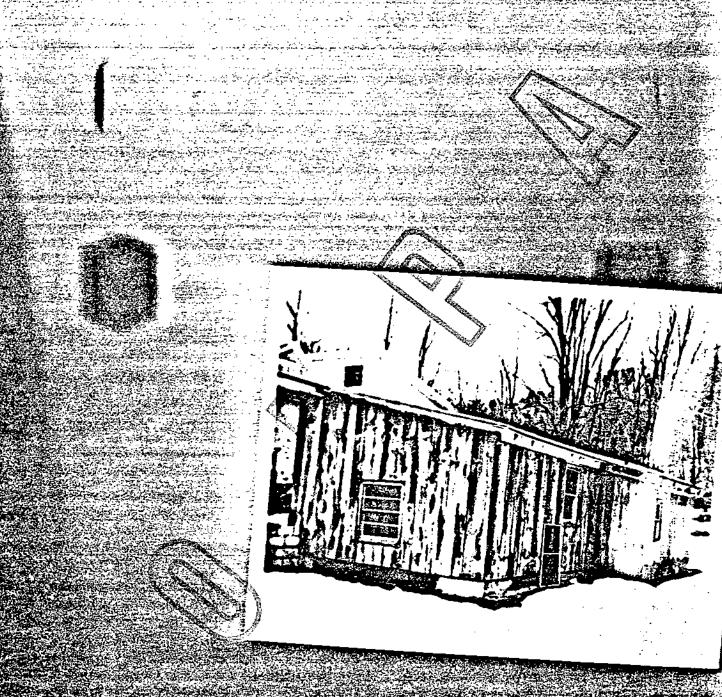
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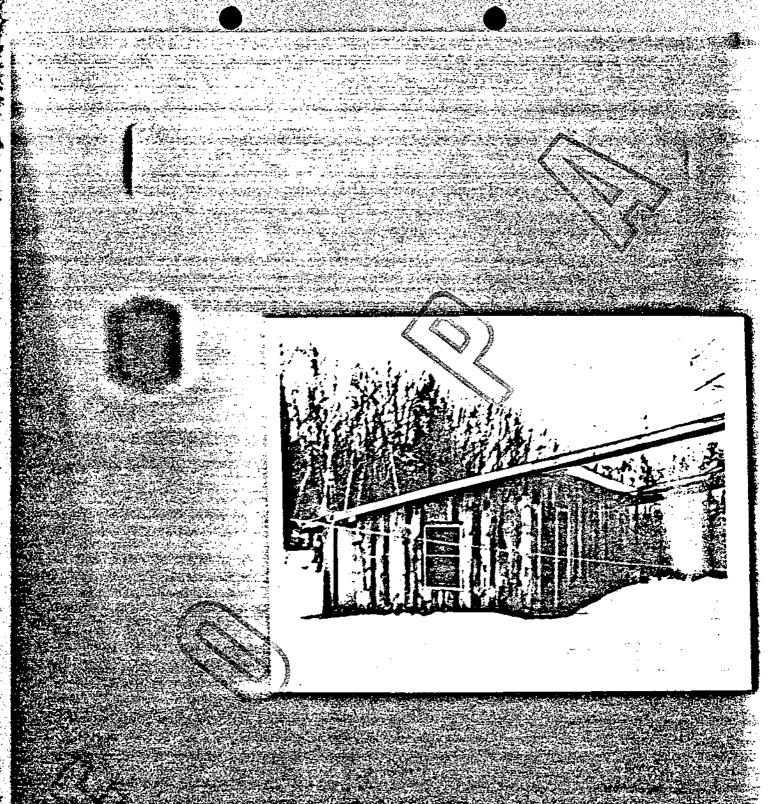




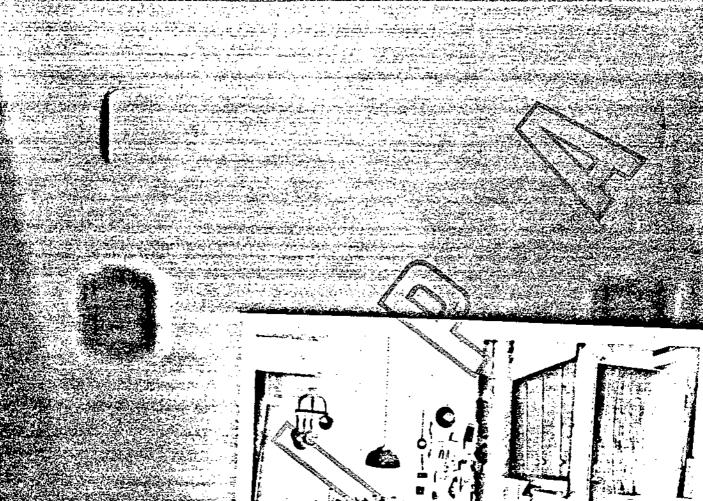








オダイ



NVESTIGATIVE DIVISION



This concerns the ongoing trial of Patricia Campbell Hearst in San Francisco, California, on 3/8/76.

Attached advises Judge Carter ruled that Doctor Joel Fort (prosecution witness who is criminologist and physician) would be allowed to testify on issue of coercion. Doctor Fort testified that Hearst, from his examination of all materials available, had voluntarily participated in the bank robbery as a member of the SLA. Doctor Fort developed comparison with religious converts finding, as Miss Hearst did in the SLA, a new meaning and significance to their lives. He examined Hearst's pre-kidnap personality and characterized her as independent, strong-willed, rebellious, and intelligent but not intellectually inclined. He mentioned her rebellion at school and the fact that she was sexually active at age 15. Her relationship with Steven Weed was one of growing dissatisfaction and recounts Hearst's thoughts about suicide when she was faced with her commitment to wed which she did not want to do. Hearst told Fort regarding her sexual contact with members of SLA that she agreed to have sex "because it would save my life." Hearst did not tell Fort that she had been raped.

Doctor Fort's study of the background of SLA members led him to conclusion that they were not sufficiently skilled, trained, or knowledgeable to utilize attitude change or coercive persuasion. Doctor Fort testified that Hearst's persuasion to the position of SLA soldier was similar to experience of converts to "hippiedom."

On cross examination, F. Lee Bailey (defense counsel) pointed out that Doctor Fort had not completed graduate work in psychology and that he was not a professor (full) of University of California although he lectured there. Bailey asked Fort about his World Health Organization 16 patient study on mind altering drugs and jails, prisons and mental hospitals expressing skepticism that such a study could be completed in only a few months.

Bailey questioned Doctor Fort regarding a press release he had made recently concerning a "frame of reference on expert testimony." Doctor Fort admitted drawing up a compilation of his concern regarding extensive media coverage which he provided to Newsweek and ten or fifteen other news persons. Bailey read Fort's "news release" before the jury over the objection by the prosecution.

Trial to be resumed at 10:00 a.m., 3/9/76.

l - Mr. Callahan

1 - Mr. Mintz ⊱

1 -/Mr. Adams

1 - Mr. Moore

Mr. Leavitt

TFM:erg

SF 928

NR Ø26 SF CODE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

MAR 69 1976

11155 PM NITEL 3/8/76-RRH

TELETYPE

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI

SAC. LOS ANGELES

FROM:

SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (7-855)

ATIN:

INTO AND GID

HEARNAP

RE: TRIAL OF PATRICIA HEARST, MARCH 8, 1976.

JUDGE CARTER RULED THIS MORNING THAT DOCTOR FORT WOULD COERCION BE ALLOWED TO TESTIFY ON THE ISSUE OF COERCION. HE INDICATED THAT DEFENSE WITNESSES HAD TESTIFIED SIMILARLY AFTER A GOVERNMENT OBJECTION AND THEREFORE THE PROSECTION WAS TO BE ALLOWED TO ELICIT SUCH TESTIMONY.

FORT TESTIFIED THAT HEARST, FROM HIS EXAMINATION OF ALL THE MATERIALS AVAILABLE, HAD VOLUNTARILY PARTICIPATED EX-115 REC 78
IN THE BANK ROBBERY AS A MEMBER OF THE SLA. 7-15200
HE OUTLINED THE RESULTS OF THE ZUMBARGO EXPERIMENT,

WHEREIN STUDENTS WERE ASSIGNED ROLLS OF GUARDS AND PRISONERS
AND OVER A PERIOD OF TIME ASSUMED THOSE CHARACTERISTICS
WHICH THEY THOUGHT TYPICAL OF THE PARTICULAR ROLLS, BASED
ON PRE-CONCEPTION AND PEER PRESSURE. DOCTOR FORT FELT

THESE STUDIES EXTREMELY SIGNIFICANT IN THIS CASE, SHOWING

8.4 MAR 2 2 976

Dep.-A.L.-Dep.-A.D.-Inv.

Aast. Dir.:

Ext. Affers

Gen. Inv.

Plan & Eval.

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Telephone <u>Rm.</u> Director Sec'y

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THE STRONG INCLINATION IN HUMAN BEINGS TOWARD SOCIAL

CONFORMITY AND OBEDIENCE. HE INDICATED THAT THESE

COERCION

MOTIVATIONS, SHORT OF LEGAL SOCIAL

TO HER PRIICIPATION IN THE ROBBERY.

HE DEVELOPED COMPARISON WITH RELIGIOUS CONVERTS, FINDING, AS MISS HEARST DID IN THE SLA, A NEW MEANING AND SIGNIFICANCE TO THEIR LIVES. HE POINTED OUT HOW CERTAIN PARTICIPANTS IN SOCIAL CHANGE, SUCH AS OTHERS WHO ADOPTED A HIPPIE LIFE STYLE OFIEN DO SO OUT OF PERSONAL ADMIRATION AND AFFECTION FOR INDIVIDUALS THAT THEY ARE ACQUAINTED WITH WHO HAVE ADOPTED SUCH A LIFE STYLE.

HE EXAMINED HEARST'S PRE-KIDNAP PERSONALITY AND INDEPENDENT, STRONG-WILLED, CHARACTERIZED HER AS AN EMBEDENDANT, STRONG-WILLED, REBELLIOUS AND INTELLIGENT BUT NOT INTELLECTUALLY INCLINED PERSON. HE MENTIONED HER REBELLION AT SCHOOL, CONFLICT. WITH NUNS OVER SUCH ISSUES AS LEAVING CAMPUS AND CURFEW. HE MENTIONED THAT SHE WAS SEXUALLY ACTIVE AT THE AGE 15 AND HAD ALWAYS HAD AN INDEPENDENT ATTITUDE TOWARD SEXUAL ACTIVITY.

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HE INDICATED A CLOSE FRIEND OF HEARST, MIMI SWANTON, HAD CHARACTERIZED HEARST AS "EMULOUS", STATING THAT SWANTON SHE DID OT AGREE WITH A LAW SHE WOULD IGNORE IT. HAD STATED THAT HEARST WOULD LIE IF NECESSARY TO GET OUT OF TROUBLE AND HAD TOLD FORT OF A SITUATION IN SCHOOL WHERE PATTY, TO AVOID TAKING AN EXAMINATION, HAD TOLD A TEACHER THAT HER MOTHER HAD CANCER. SHE SAID TO SWANTON, "NOBODY WOULD EVER CHECK OUT ANYTHING LIKE THAT. FORT CHARACTERIZED HEARST'S RELATIONSHIP WITH HER PARENTS PRIOR TO HER KID-NAPPING AS ONE OF POOR COMMUNICATION, AND AMBIVILENT FEELINGS, DISLIKE, RANGING TO HATRED, NO SHARING OF VALUES, AND A DESIRE TO DISASSOCIATE HERSELF FROM THE NAME AND ROLL OF THE HEARST FAMILY. HEARST HAD MIXED ATTITUDES TOWARD RACES, RECOUNTING A POSITIVE EXPERIENCE WITH BLACK CHILDREN WHEN IN SCHOOL AT SEASIDE. WITH REGARD TO HER SOCIAL CLASS, SHE SOMETIMES ENJOYED THE PRIVILENCES, BUT REFUSED TO PARTICIPATE IN SUCH ACTIVITIES AS THE DEBUTANT COTILLION AND DID NOT ASSOCIATE WITH THE HILLSBOROUGH SET

HER RELATIONSHIP WITH STEVEN WEED WAS ONE OF GROWING

DISSATISFACTION. SHE THOUGHT WEED WAS TOO CONCERNED WITH POSSESSIONS AND HIS ATTITUDE TOWARDS HER AS A WOMAN WERE UNACCEPT BLE, EXPECTING HER TO WAIT ON HIM AND PROVIDE UNILATER L SEXUAL AVAILABILITY. FORT RECOUNTS HEARST'S THOUGHTS ABOUT SUICIDE WHEN FACED WITH HER COMMITMENT TO WED, WHICH SHE DID NOT WANT TO DO.

FORT INDICATED THAT HE FELT CERTAIN MATERIALS IN
THE CONCORD HOUSE OF THE SLA WERE SIGNIFICANT, SPECIFICALLY,
THE SLA CODE OF WAR, WHICH FORBADE; 1) KILLING A COMRADE;
2) SURRENDER TO THE ENEMY (SIGNIFICANT RE LA SHOOTOUT);
3) SEXUAL ASSAULT ON COMRADES, THE PEOPLE, OR THE ENEMY.
ANOTHER ASPECT OF THE CODE OF WAR HE FELT WAS SIGNIFICANT
WAS THAT IF A COMRADE LOST FAITH, HE OR SHE WOULD BE
RELEASED IN A SAFE AREA. THE CODES OF WAR ALSO PROVIDED
FOR HUMANE TREATMENT OF PRISONERS OF WAR.

FORT CONTRASTED HEARST'S PERIOD OF TIME IN THE CLOSET WHERE SHE HAD A RADIO PLAYING WITH NEWS AND MUSIC, WHERE SHE WAS SHE WAS PROVIDED WITH FOOD AND BEVERAGES, WHERE SHE WAS PROVIDED WITH LIMITED HUMAN CONTACT, WHERE SHE HAD A FOAM

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MATTRESS, PILLOW AND BLANKET TO SLEEP ON, AND WHERE SHE WAS
PROVIDED WITH A READING LIGHT AND READING MATERIALS, WITH
THE EXPERIENCES OF PRISONERS OF WAR WHO WERE SUBJECTED TO
FORCED MERCHES OF 50 TO 100 MILES, PROGRESSIVE STARVATION.

ISOLATION THOUSANDS OF MILES FROM HOME SURROUNDED BY
PEOPLE OF A DIFFERENT CULTURE, SUBJECTED TO SLEEP DEFRENTION
AND OTHER HARDSHIPS. HE ALSO CONTRASTED HEARST'S EXPERIENCE
WITH THE EXPERIENCES OF PERSONS IN CONCENTRATION CAMPS WHERE
PERSONS WERE FORCED FROM THEIR HOMES AT NIGHT, HERDED ONTO
CATTLE CARS, IN EXTREME OVERCROWDED CONDITIONS, AND THEN
DRIVEN OUT OF THE CATTLE CARS WITH WHIPS AND DOGS, STRIPPED
AND FURNISHED WITH EXTREMELY MEAGER RATIONS. HE ALSO
DISCUSSED THE TERRIFYING EXPERIENCE OF CONCENTRATION CAMP
VICTIMS BEING CONSTANTLY SUBJECTED TO THE SMELL OF BURNING
FLESH AND ANTICIPATION OF EMINENT DEATH.

REGARDING HER SEXUAL CONTACT WITH MEMBERS OF THE SLA,
HEARST TOLD FORT THAT THE SUBJECT WAS BROUGHT UP AS TO
WHETHER OR NOT SHE WOULD LIKE TO HAVE SEX WITH WILLIE WOLFE.
SHE TOLD FORT SHE AGREED "BECAUSE IT WOULD HELP SAVE MY LIFE".

SHE DID NOT TELL FORT THAT WOLFE HAD FORCED HIMSELF UPON HER AND SHE NEVER INDICATED THAT SHE HAD BEEN RAPED. SHE INDICATED TO FORT THAT DE FREEZE HAD ONCE ASKED HER AND SHE HAD NAD INTERCOURSE WITH HIM WITHOUT AFFECTION. SHE HAD NEVER INDICATED THAT INTERCOURSE TOOK PLACE IN THE CLOSET.

AFTER THE NOON RECESS, DIRECT EXAMINATION CONTINUED.

FORT ACKNOWLEDGED THAT HEARST'S ATTITUDE WAS GENERALLY

COOPERATIVE BUT THAT ON A NUMBER OF POINTS SHE WOULD NOT

TALK TO FORT AND ABOUT SOME SHE CONSULTED HER ATTORNEY

BEFORE TALKING TO FORT. SHE REFUSED TO TALK ABOUT THE

TANIA INTERVIEW, THE SLA TAPES AND THE EVENTS FROM MAY 17,

1974 TO HER CAPTURE.

REGARDING OTHER SLA MEMBERS, SHE STATED, "I CAN'T BELIEVE THAT I LIKED THEM", INDICATING TO FORT THAT AT LEAST AT ONE TIME SHE HAD AFFECTION FOR THE SLA MEMBERS IN GENERAL. SHE SPOKE OF ATTENTION AND FRIENDLY CONVERSATION INCLUDING INTEREST IN HER HEALTH AND WELFARE ON THE PART OF ANGELA ATWOOD, NANCY LING PERRY AND WILLIE WOLFE. SHE REFERRED TO THE HARRISES AS A AND B AND WOULD NOT MENTION

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THEIR TRUE NAMES. SHE INDICATED THAT SHE HAD FELT MORE
SOLTYSIK,
FEARFUL OF PATRICIA SOLTISTK, CAMILLA HALL, DE FREEZE AND
A AND B. SHE STATED TO FORT THAT SHE WAS IMPRESSED WITH
THE WILL NGNESS OF THE SLA TO DIE FOR A CAUSE. THIS
CORRESPONDED STRONGLY WITH HEARST'S SEARCHING FOR A
COMMITMENT. THE SLA PROVIDED HER WITH AN EXCITING AND
ADVENTUROUS LIFE OF SIGNIFICANCE.

HIS STUDY OF THE BACKGROUND OF THE SLA MEMBERS LED FORT TO THE CONCLUSION THAT THEY WERE NOT SUFFICIENTLY SKILLED, TRAINED OR KNOWLEDGEABLE TO UTILIZE ATTITUDE CHANGE OR COERCIVE PERSUASION.

FORT TESTIFIED THAT HEARST'S PURSUASION TO THE POSITION OF AN SLA SOLDIER WAS NOT THE RESULT OF COERCIVE PURSUASION OR THOUGHT PREFORM, BUT WAS SIMILAR TO THE EXPERIENCE OF CONVERTS TO "HIPPIEDOM" OR EXOTIC RELIGIOUS CONVERTS IN THAT SHE, A STRONG WILLFULL PERSON, WAS MISSING A SENSE OF MEANING OR PURPOSE TO HER LIFE. THIS IS SHOWN BY THE SLA AS HEARST BECAME IMPRESSED BY THEIR COMMITMENT. FORT EXAMINED THE PERIOD OF MISS HEARST'S POST KIDNAPPING

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EXPERIENCE AND FOUND NO INDICATION OF MENTAL BESCHSE OR DEFECT.

FORT REVIEWED IN DETAIL THE EVENTS DETERMINING TO SHOW HEARST'S VOLUNTARY AND WHILFUL CONVERSION TO THE GOALS OF THE SIA AND THE GRADUAL REJECTION OF THE VIOLENCE OF THE SLA WHEN SHE AND YOSHIMURA MOVED AWAY FROM THE HARRISES.

FORT COMPARED HEARST'S REACTION UPON CONFRONTATION
WITH THE FBI AT THE TIME OF HER ARREST WITH THE REACTIONS
OF RECENTLY RELEASED PRISONERS OF WAR, WHO WERE USUALLY
VERY EAGER TO BE FREE AND WITH THE RESPONSES OF KIDNAP
VICTIMS WHO WOULD COOPERATE WITH CAPTORS TO STAY ALIVE BUT
NEVER CHANGE THEIR IDEALOGY.

ON CROSS EXAMINATION, BAILEY POINTED OUT THAT FORT HAD NOT COMPLETED ANY GRADUATE WORK IN PSYCHOLOGY. HE HAD FORT ACKNOWLEDGE THAT HE WAS NOT A PROFESSOR AT THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, BUT FORT EXPLAINED THAT HE LECTURED THERE ONLY PART TIME AND ONLY FULL TIME TEACHERS COULD BE PROFESSORS. HE ASKED FORT ABOUT HIS WORLD HEALTH ORGAINZATION 16 PATIENT STUDY ON MIND ALTERING

DRUGS AND JAILS, PRISONS AND MENTAL HOSPITALS. BAILEY

EXPRESSED SKEPTICISM THAT SUCH A STUDY COULD BE CONDUCTED

IN. A THOPOUGH AND MEANINGFUL MANNER IN ONLY A FEW MONTHS AND

FORT EXPLAINED THAT HE HAD WORKED L8 HOURS, 7 DAYS A WEEK

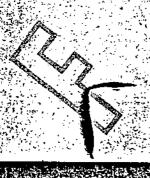
IN CONDUCTING THIS STUDY. FORT THEN OUTLINED IN RESPONSE

TO BAILEY'S QUESTIONING THE WAY IN WHICH HE HAD SERVED AS

A CONSULTANT FOR THAILAND, CANADA AND AUSTRAILIA.

BAILEY ASKED FORT IF THERE CAME A TIME WHEN HE FEARED
THAT HIS TESTIMONY MIGHT NEVER BE HEARD. FORT ANSWERED
NO, THE DIRECT OPPOSITE WAS TRUE AND HE HOPED THAT HE WOULD
NOT BE PLACED IN A POSITION WHERE HE WOULD HAVE TO TESTIFY.

BAILEY QUESTIONED FORT REGARDING A PRESS RELEASE HE HAD MADE RECENTLY. FORT EXPLAINED THAT HE HAD A REQUEST FROM NEWSWEEK FOR A FRAME OF REFERENCE ON EXPERT TESTIMONY. HE HAD DRAWN UP A COMPILATION OF HIS CONCERN REGARDING EXTENSIVE COVERAGE AND HAD PROVIDED IT TO NEWSWEEK AND TEN OR FIFTEEN OTHER NEWS PERSONS IN RESPONSE TO INQUIRIES THEY HAD MADE. BAILEY ASKED IF FORT EXPECTED THAT IT WOULD BE PUBLISHED, AND FORT INDICATED THAT NO, HE HAD ELICITED



FROM NEWSWEEK AN AGREEMENT THAT THEY WOULD NOT USE FORT'S

NAME OR PHOTOGRAPH AND WOULD NOT "DIRECTLY FROM THE MATERIALS

HE HAD FURNISHED". BAILEY ASKED FORT IF HE HAD OBTAINED

SUCH AN GREEMENT FROM THE OTHER TEN TO FIFTEEN NEWS PERSONS

TO WHOM HE FURNISHED THESE MATERIALS. FORT INDICATED THAT

UNLIKE BAILEY, HE DOES NOT CHOOSE TO HAVE DIRECT INTERVIEWS

WITH THE MEDIA. CARTER STRUCK FORT'S ANSWER AS BEING

ARGUMENTATIVE. BAILEY THEN READ FORT'S "NEWS RELEASE"

BEFORE THE JURY OVER OBJECTION BY THE PROSECUTION. HE

REFUSED, HOWEVER, TO LET THE PROSECUTION PLAY THE TOBIN

JAIL TAPE.

TRIAL WAS RECESSED SHORTLY AFTER 4 P.M. TO BE RESUMED

10 A.M., MARCH 9, 1976.

END.

GENERAL LAWESTIGATIVE DIVISION HE NAP

ampbell Hearst in

This concerns the trial of Patricia Campbell Hearst in San Francisco, California, on 3/9/76.

F. Lee Bailey (defense attorney) continued his cross-examination of Doctor Joel Fort (criminologist and physician) regarding his past testimony that he (Fort) had been qualified and called in 270 cases over the last 17 years. Bailey cross-examined Fort regarding the fees he expected to receive from the Government. Firt testified that he had "saved" Lenny Bruce from jail stating that Lenny Bruce was not a drug addict at the time Fort had examined him. Bailey attempted to discredit Fort by showing that Bruce was subsequently sentenced to ten years in prison.

Jury was excused so that arguments could be heard regarding motion to quash subpoena of Herrick Hospital records where Doctor Fort served as resident 19 years ago. Judge Carter denied admission concurring they were too remote in time to be significant. Judge Carter allowed Bailey to make an offer of proof for purpose of record and Bailey indicated such records showed allegations that Fort had "a scattered and sporatic interest in psychiatry," was an "excellent psychiatrist but lacking as a psychoanalyst," that "he attempts to manipulate the staff" and that he was "insensitive to needs of patients."

U. S. Attorney Browning pointed out numerous laudatory and commendatory entries and the fact that Fort enjoyed three years at Merrick Hospital after his internship. Bailey cross examined Fort regarding tape of lecture entitled "Minds on Trial" wherein Fort was extremely critical of American judicial system.

Fort was extremely critical of American judicial system.

Bailey asked Fort if he had been dropped from the American
Psychiatric Association and the Northern California Psychiatric
Association. Fort stated he voluntarily left both associations.

Fort testified that he was never fired by the World Health Organization and United Nations. Fort admitted being fired by San Francisco County because his views were too independent from those of the police and other health officials. Fort admitted telling the Hearst Family that some disadvantages and injuries might accrue to the defendant because of a public trial and that every possibility of avoiding a public trial should be explored. Fort was asked if he told Mrs. Hearst that she should consult a third party because Bailey wants publicity and Browning wants a judgeship. Fort indicated that he had not so stated to Mrs. Hearst and said that Mrs. Hearst herself may have said something to that effect.

Trial to reconvene at 10:00 a.m., 3/10/76.

l - Mr. Callahan 1/- Mr. Adams

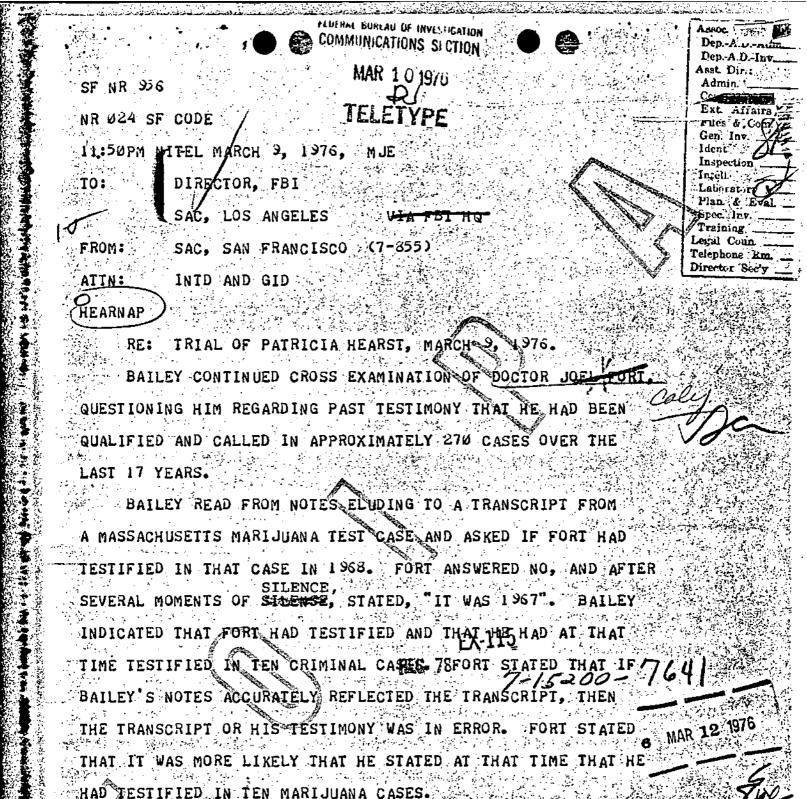
1 - Mr. Mintz

1 - Mr. Moore Ca.

- Mr. Leavitt

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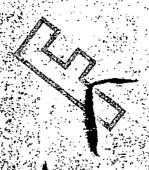


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FORT WAS CROSS EXAMINED REGARDING HIS PARTICIPATION IN STRATEGY SESSIONS REGARDING CRIMINAL CASES AS CONTRASTED WITH HIS GENERAL DENUNCIATION OF THE ADVESARY SYSTEM. FORT STATED THAT HE DID PARTICIPATE IN STRATEGY SESSIONS IN THE BROAD SENSE, SUCH AS WHETHER OR NOT THE ATTORNEY SHOULD CALL PARTICULAR EXPERTS, WHETHER OR NOT EXPERT TESTIMONY IS APPROPRIATE IN PARTICULAR CASES, AND WHETHER CERTAIN AVENUES SHOULD BE EXPLORED IN INVESTIGATION.

FORT WAS CROSS EXAMINED REGARDING THE FEES THAT HE EXPECTED TO RECEIVE FROM THE GOVERNMENT AND INDICATED THAT HE HAD BEEN TOLD BY BANCROFT THAT THE GOVERNMENT CAN NEVER PAY AS MUCH AS THE DEFENSE CAN, BEING LIMITED TO \$50 AN HOUR WITH A 160 HOUR MAXIMUM FOR PARTICULAR CASES. FORT INDICATED THAT THIS 160 MAXIMUM HAD BEEN EXTENDED TO 150 HOURS, BUT THAT HE HAD FAR EXCEEDED THAT MAXIMUM, WORKING NUMEROUS HOURS FOR WHICH HE KNEW HE WOULD NOT BE PAID BECAUSE HE FELT IT WAS NECESSARY IN THE INTEREST OF JUSTICE.

JUST PRIOR TO THE MORNING RECESS, FORT, IN RESPONSE TO BAILEY'S QUESTIONS CONCERNING AN OUTLINE WRITTEN BY AN



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INDIVIDUAL ATTEMPTING TO ASSIST FORT IN SELLING A BOOK TO A PUBLISHING COMPANY, EXPLORED THE ROLE AND LIMITATIONS OF EXPERT T STIMONY, DRAWING DISTINCTIONS BETWEEN HIS APPROACH.

WHICH INCLUDED EXAMINATIONS OF ALL OBJECTIVE MATERIAL, AS

WELL AS INTERVIEWS OF SUBJECTS AS CONTRASTED WITH THE "IVORY TOWER" APPROACH OF OTHER PSYCHIATRISTS WHO REGARD DEFENDANTS AS PATIENTS AND RELY HEAVILY ON INFORMATION FURNISHED BY THE SUBJECTS.

WHEN TRIAL RESUMED, FORT ACKNOWLEDGED A PAST ACQUAINTANCE WITH LENNY BRUCE, DECLINING TO CLAIM FRIENDSHIP WITH HIM. HE INDICATED THAT HE HAD TESTIFIED IN A CASE INVOLVING BRUCE AND HIS TESTIMONY HAD BEEN BENIFICIAL TO BRUCE. HE DENIED EVER ATTENDING A PARTY AT BRUCE'S HOUSE, STATING THAT HE HAD NEVER BEEN TO BRUCE'S HOUSE AND HAD NO IDEA WHERE HE HAD LIVED. BAILEY, READING FROM THE ABOVE OUTLINE, ASKED FORT IF HE HAD "SAVED" BRUCE FROM JAIL AS A RESULT OF HIS TESTIMONY. FORT ACKNOWLEDGED THAT HE HAD. FORT INDICATED THAT HE HAD TESTIFIED THAT LENNY BRUCE WAS NOT A DRUG ADDICT AT THE TIME FORT HAD EXAMINED HIM. BAILEY ATTEMPTED TO



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DISCREDIT FORT BY SHOWING THAT BRUCE HAD SUBSEQUENTLY BEEN SENTENCED TO TEN YEARS PRISON. FORT THEN POINTED OUT THAT SUCH SENEENCE MUST HAVE GOOGNED IN A PROCEEDING DIFFERENT THAN THE ONE HE TESTIFIED IN. BECAUSE HE HAD TESTIFIED IN A CIVIL COMMITTMENT HEARING REGARDING WHETHER BRUCE SHOULD BE COMMITTED TO THE CALIFORNIA REHABILITATION CENTER AT CORONA AND THE MAXIMUM SENTENCE FOR SUCH COMMITTMENT WAS IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD OF FIVE YEARS. FORT POINTED OUT THAT HE DID NOT "HANG AROUND" THE PROCEEDINGS AFTER HE HAD TESTIFIED AND THEREFORE DID NOT FOLLOW WHAT SUBSEQUENT PROCEEDINGS MIGHT HAVE RESULTED IN THE SENTENCE TO WHICH BAILEY ELUDED, BUT INDICATED THAT BRUCE HAD NOT RECEIVED ANY SENTENCE IN SE THE PROCEEDINGS IN WHICH HE, FORT, WAS INVOLVED IN BAILEY QUESTINED FORT REGARDING HIS 1967 INVOLVEMENT IN A MARIJUANA LANDMARK CASE. FORT ACKNOWLEDGED THAT HE HAD HELPED PLAN STRATEGY IN THIS CASE IN THE SENSE THAT HE ADVISED THE DEFENSE AS TO WHAT KINDS OF EXPERT TESTIMONY TO SEEK. BAILEY ATTEMPTED TO ESTABLISH THAT FORT'S TESTIMONY HAD BEEN INEFFECTIVE, CONTRARY TO THE OUTLINE REFERRED TO EARLIER,



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BUT FORT POINTED OUT THAT ALTHOUGH THE CASE WAS LOST AND IN THE SHORT RUN THE JUDGE HAD RULED AGAINST CHANGE, HOWEVER, TRANSCRIPT OF HIS TESTIMONY WAS LATER USED BY LEGISLATURES IN REFORMING THE MASSACHUSETTS MARIJUANA LAW.

JUST PRIOR TO THE LUNCHEON RECESS, THE JURY WAS

EXCUSED SO THAT ARGUMENTS COULD BE HEARD REGARDING A MOTION
TO QUASH A SUBPOENA OF HERRICK HOSPITAL RECORDS, WHERE
DOCTOR FORT SERVED AS A RESIDENT APPROXIMATELY 18 OR 19 YEARS
AGO. BAILEY ALLEGED THAT THESE RECORDS CONTAINED INFORMATION
CRITICAL OF DOCTOR FORT'S COMPETENCY AS A PSYCHIATRIST.
BAILEY ALLEGED THEM TO BE RELEVANT TO SHOW THAT FORT'S
DENUNCIATION OF TRADITIONAL PSYCHIATRIC TESTIMONY WAS
ROOTED IN REACTION TO PAST ALLEGATIONS THAT HE WAS NOT

AFTER EXAMINING THE MATERIALS IN CAMERA DURING THE NOON RECESS, JUDGE CARTER DENIED THEIR ADMISSION, CONCURRING WITH GOVERNMENT ARGUMENT THAT THEY WERE TOO REMOTE IN TIME TO BE SIGNIFICANT. CARTER ALLOWED BAILEY TO MAKE AN OFFER OF PROOF FOR PURPOSE OF THE RECORD AND BAILEY INDICATED THAT

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AND SPORATIC INTEREST IN PSYCHIATRY", WAS AN "EXCELLENT PSYCHOANALYST." PSYCHOANALYST." THAT HE "ATTEMPTS MORE THAN HE CAN SUCCESSFULLY ACHIEVE", THAT "HE ATTEMPTS TO MANIPULATE THE STAFF" AND THAT HE WAS "INSENSITIVE TO NEEDS OF PATIENTS", AND HAS A "REACTION APPROACH AND FAILS TO SEE THE FOREST FROM THE TREES".

USA BROWNING, FOR PURPOSE OF THE RECORD, POINTED OUT
THAT THERE WERE NUMEROUS LAUDITORY AND COMMENDATORY ENTRIES
IN THE FILE WHICH FAR OUTWEIGHED THE OBSERVATIONS WHICH
BAILEY REFERRED TO. BROWNING ALSO POINTED OUT THAT FOR
HAD ENJOYED PRIVILEGES AT HERRICK HOSPITAL FOR SOME THREE
YEARS AFTER HIS INTERNSHIP.

BAILEY THEN CROSS EXAMINED FORT REGARDING A TAPE WHICH FORT HAD MADE DURING A LECTURE IN A COURSE CALLED, "MINDS ON TRIAL", WHEREIN FORT WAS EXTREMELY CRITICAL OF THE AMERICAN JUDICIAL SYSTEM: FORT ACKNOWLEDGED THAT HE HAD ALLEGED THAT CORRECTIVE FACILITIES HAVE FAILED IN THEIR GOAL OF REHABILICORN, THAT BRIBERY, COERCION AND BLACKMAIL ARE PREVELENT





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IN THE LOBBYING AND LEGISLATIVE SYSTEM. THAT THE PSYCHIATRIC COMMUNITY CONSIDERS CENTRALLY EVERYONE MENTALLY ILL IN ONE MANNER Of THE OTHER. THAT WE SHOULD TRY TO COMMIT EGRANDIZEMENT OF PSYCH ATRY, THAT AMERICAN POLITICIANS PROVIDE ONE OF THE MOST WIDESPREAD EXAMPLES OF PSYCHOLPATHY BY BEING EXPEDIENCY ORIENTED, THAT SERIOUS PROBLEMS HAVE ARESN FROM THE ADVISARY NATURE OF OUR JUSTICE SYSTEM, THAT JURIES ARE HIGHLY UN-REPRESENTATIVE AND UNFAIR BECAUSE TOO MANY REOPLE HAVE THEMSELVES EXCUSED FROM JURY DUTY AND THAT JUDGES ARE SERVITUDE. AFTER A LENGTHY CROSS SELECTED FOR POLITICAL SERVATORS. EXAMINATION REGARDING FORT'S NEGATIVE COMMENTS ON THE AMERICAN JUDICIAL SYSTEM. BAILEY ASKED FORT IF THERE WAS ANYTHING IN HIS BOURFY MINUTE SPEECH WHICH WAS COMPLEMENTARY REGARDING THE SYSTEM.

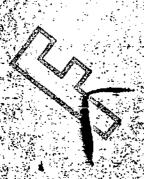
FORT BEGAN TO ANSWER BUT USA BROWNING STOOD AND OBJECTED.

BAILEY TURNED TO BROWNING AND ASKED, "MAY THE WITNESS ANSWER"

MY QUESTION "BROWNING STATED, "NO, I WANTED TO PRESENT MY

OBJECTION TO THE COURT, I BELIEVE THAT'S THE WAY OUR SYSTEM

WORKS." THE AUDIENCE LAUGHED AND BROKE INTO SPONTANEOUS



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APPLAUSE.

FORT WENT ON TO TESTIFY THAT THERE WERE THINGS HE VIEWED AS POSITIVE REGARDING THE AMERICAN LEGAL SYSTEM AND THOSE THINGS WERE EXPLORED DURING THE PANEL DISCUSSIONS AND QUESTION AND ANSWER PERIODS WHICH PRECEDED AND FOLLOWED HIS TAPED STATEMENT.

PSYCHIATRIC ASSOCIATION, AND FORT STATED THAT HE HAD DROPPED OUT VOLUNTARILY, WRITING A LETTER TO PROTEST SOME OF THE PRACTICES AT THAT TIME, SUCH AS NOT PROVIDING ADEQUATE PSYCHIATRIC CARE FOR POOR PERSONS. HE INDICATED HE HAD NEVER RECEIVED ANY CRITICISM OF HIS PROFESSIONAL PERFORMANCE FROM THE AMERICAN PSYCHIATRIC ASSOCIATION AND HAD BEEN INVITED BY THEM TO SPEAK OR PARTICIPATE IN PANEL DISCUSSIONS ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS SUBSEQUENT TO THIS. BAILEY ASKED IF FORT HAD NOT IN FACT BEEN DROPPED FOR FAILURE TO PAY HIS DUES FOR FOUR YEARS, AND FORT ACKNOWLEDGED THAT WHEN HE WROTE THE PROTEST LETTER, VOLUNTARILY DISASSOCIATION HE HAD THEREUPON CEASED THE AMERICAN PSYCHIATRIC ASSOCIATION, HE HAD THEREUPON CEASED

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TO PAY DUES.

BAILEY ASKED FORT IF HE HAD BEEN DROPPED FROM THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA PSYCHIATRIC ASSOCIATION AND FORT INDICATE HE HAD VOLUNTARILY LEFT THAT ASSOCIATION, POINTING OUT THAT HE HAD NOT BEEN ASKED TO LEAVE AND HAD NEVER RECEIVED ANY CRITICISM FROM THAT ASSOCIATION FOR HIS PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT.

BAILEY ASKED "WERE YOU FIRED FROM THE WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION". FORT STATED, "MR. BAILEY, YOU'LL STOP AT NOTHING", WHICH THE JUDGE ORDERED STRICKENED. HE THEN TESTIFIED THAT HE WAS NEVER FIRED BY THE WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION. HE WAS SOUGHT OUT BY THEM IN 1963 AND WROTE A REPORT FOR THEM WHICH THEY COMMENDATED HIGHLY AND UTILIZED AS A GUIDE IN REFORMING SOME OF THEIR PROCEEDURES. HIS PERFORMANCE FOR THE WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION WAS EVALUATED AS REGIMENTLY EXCELLENT.

BAILEY ASKED IF FORT HAD BEEN FIRED BY THE UN. FORT SAID NO, HE WORKED FOR THEM FOR 13 MONTHS AND THEY ASKED HIM TO STAY ON AND HE RECEIVED COMMENDATION FROM THEM FOR THE

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WORK HE CONDUCTED.

FORT ACKNOWLEDGED THAT HE HAD BROUGHT A LAW SUIT IN THE WORLD COURT NOT IN HIS BEHALF, BUT TO SEEK EQUALITY FOR PEOPLE FROM OTHER COUNTRIES WHO WERE EMPLOYED BY THE UN. HE INDICATED THAT THIS SUIT HAD NO BEARING WHATSOEVER ON THE WORK HE HAD DONE FOR THE UN. HE POINTED OUT THAT HE HAD WON THIS SUIT.

BAILEY ASKED FORT IF HE HAD BEEN FIRED BY ALAMEDA COUNTY.

FORT INDICATED HE HAD ORGANIZED AND ADMINISTERED AN ALCOHOLIC PROGRAM FOR THE COUNTY AND HAD RECEIVED CRITICISM, NOT FOR HIS PROFESSIONAL WORK, WHICH WAS AGREED TO BE OUTSTANDING, BUT FOR POLITICAL WORK WHICH HE PERFORMED ON HIS OWN TIME.

FORT INDICATED HE EVENTUALLY TOOK THIS ISSUE TO THE CALIFORNIA SUPREME COURT WHICH RULED UNANIMOUSLY IN HIS FAVOR AND RESULTED IN NEW LAW ALLOWING 400,000 PUBLIC EMPLOYEES IN CALIFORNIA TO ENGAGE IN POLITICAL ACTIVITIES ON THEIR OWN TIME. BAILEY ASKED FORT IF HE WAS FIRED BY SAN FRANCISCO COUNTY. FORT INDICATED HE HAD FOUNDED A CENTER FOR SPECIAL PROBLEMS INCLUDING DRUG ABUSE AND

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HOMOSEXUALITY DURING THE HAIGHT-ASHBURY ERA, AND HAD BEEN ASKED TO RESIGN BECAUSE HIS VIEWS WERE TOO INDEPENDENT FROM THOSE OF THE POLICE AND OTHER HEALTH OFFICIALS. FORT REFUSED TO RESIGN AND WAS FIRED. HE LOST AN APPEAL FOR THE CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION BY A TWO TO ONE VOTE BUT RECEIVED A STRONG VOTE OF CONFIDENCE AND ENCOURAGEMENT FROM THE CITY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS. HE INDICATED THAT THERE WAS A STIPULATION IN ALL RECORDS OF THESE PROCEEDINGS THAT HIS PROFESSIONAL COMPETENCE HAS BEYOND REPROACH. BAILEY ASKED FORT IF HE HAD READ ANY BOOKS BY DOCTOR LIFTON, A DEFENSE PSYCHIATRIST. FORT INDICATED HE HAD READ PARTS OF LIFTON'S BOOK ON THOUGHT REFORM, LOOKING FOR INFORMATION DEALING WITH PERSONS OF THE AGE AND SEX OF THE VICTIM.

FORT INDICATED HE HAD ALWAYS FELT IN THE PAST THAT

DOCTOR LIFTON WAS AN INTELLIGENT PERSON WHO WROTE WELL, BUT

STATED THAT AS HE TALKED TO LIFTON IN THIS CASE TO SEE IF

HE, DOCTOR FORT, WAS MISSING ANYTHING IN DEFENSE OF PATRICIA

HEARST, OF WHICH DOCTOR LIFTON COULD INFORM HIM, HIS OPINION

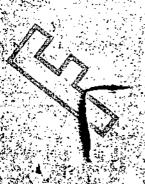
OF DOCTOR LIFTON CHANGED A BIT.

PAGE TWELVE SF 7-655

BAILEY ASKED IF THAT OPINION HAD CHANGED BECAUSE HE DISAGREED WITH DOCTOR LIFTON. FORT INDICATED THAT THAT WAS NOT SO, TE UNDERSTOOD THAT INTELLIGENT PERSONS COULD DISAGREE OVER COMPLEX ISSUES, BUT HE WANTED TO SEE HOW DOCTOR LIFTON APPROACHED THE CASE, WHETHER HE VIEWED ALL PERTINENT MATERIAL, WHETHER HE DEMONSTRATED OBJECTIVITY, AND WHETHER HE WAS INTERESTED IN MATERIAL WHICH MIGHT PROVE CONTRARY TO HIS PRELIMINARY CONCLUSION. HE INDICATED THAT HE FELT LIFTON WAS REMISS IN NOT EXAMINING SUCH EVIDENCE AS THE BANK ROBBERY FILM AND THE INVESTIGATIVE REPORTS OF THE FBI.

FORT POINTED OUT THAT HE HAD REFUSED TO HAVE ANY
DISCUSSIONS REGARDING THE CASE WITH ANY CONSULTANTS RETAINED
BY THE GOVERNMENT, BECAUSE HE WANTED TO BE UNBLASED IN
PREPARING HIS REPORT, HOWEVER, HE CONSULTED WITH SEVERAL
OF THE DOCTORS RETAINED BY THE DEFENSE IN ORDER TO CONSIDER
AND EVALUATE THEIR OPINIONS AND CONCLUSIONS REGARDING THE
CASE SO AS TO SEEK OUT EVERY POSSIBLE VIEWPOINT BENEFICIAL
TO THE DEFENDANT

BAILEY ASKED FORT IF HE HAD SPOKEN TO BROWNING ABOUT

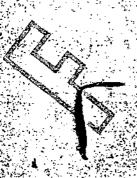


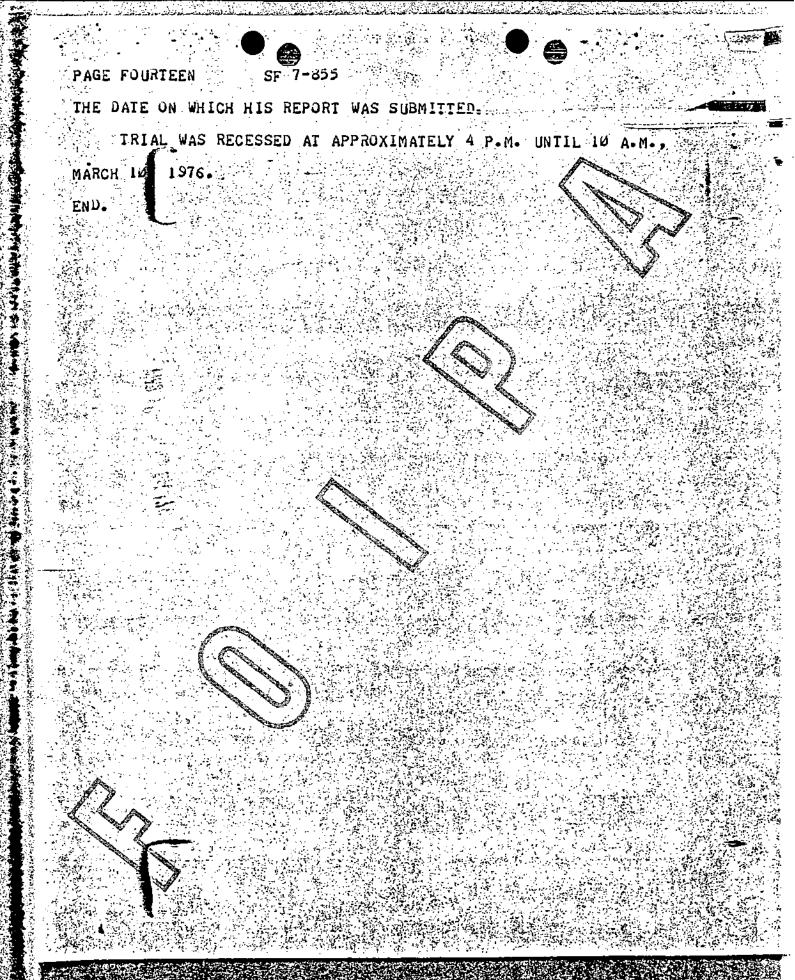
PAGE THIRTEEN

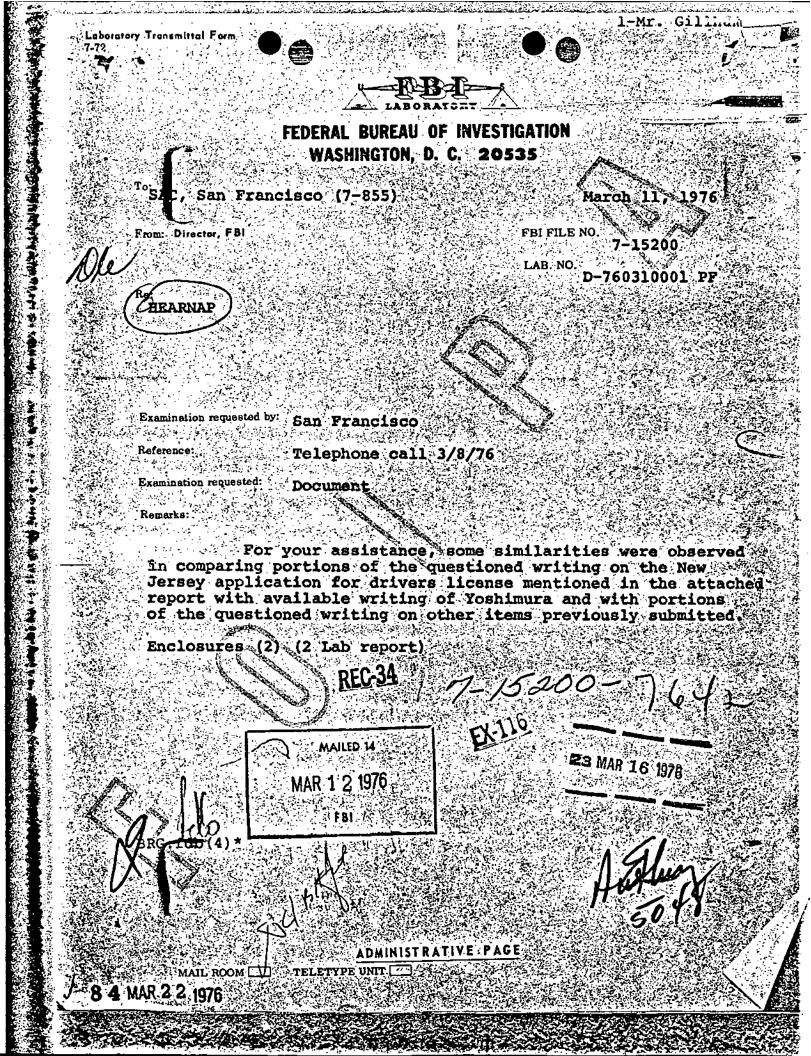
SF 7-855

THE POSSIBILITY OF GOING TO THE DEFENDANTS FAMILY TO DISCUSS THE MATTER OF A POSSIBLE MEANS OF AVOIDING A PUBLIC TRIAL. FORT ANSTERED THAT HE HAD TOLD BROWNING HE WAS GOING TO POINT OUT TO THE FAMILY THAT SOME DISADVANTAGES AND INJURIES MIGHT ACCRUE TO THE DEFENDANT BECAUSE OF A PUBLIC TRIAL, AND EVERY POSSIBILITY OF AVOIDING A PUBLIC TRIAL SHOULD BE EXPLORED. FORT WAS ASKED IF HE HAD TOLD THE HEARSTS , MR. BROWNING SAID IT'S OKAY AS LONG AS IT'S" .100 PER CENT MY IDEA AND NOT HIS". FORT INDICATED THAT HE MAY HAVE SAID TO THE HEARSTS' THAT THE IDEA TO CONTACT THEM WAS HIS ALONE, AND TESTIFIED THAT HE COULD UNDERSTAND GOT SUCH A STATEMENT COULD'S BE MISCONSTRUED AS ABOVE. FORT WAS ASKED IF HE HAD TOLD MRS. HEARST THAT SHE SHOULD CONSULT A THIRD PARTY BECAUSE BAILEY WANTS PUBLICITY AND BROWNING WANTS A JUDGESHIP. FORT INDICATED THAT HE HAD NOT SO STATED TO MRS. HEARST AND SAID THAT MRS. HEARST HERSELF MAY HAVE SAID SOMETHING TO THAT EFFECT TO HIM.

FORT INDICATED THAT HE HAD REACHED HIS FINAL CONCLUSION IN THE CASE APPROXIMATELY ONE WEEK PRIOR TO FEBRUARY 20, 1976,







7-1b

REPOI



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535

C. San Francisco (7-855)

March 11, 1976

FBI FILE NO.

7-15200

LAB. NO.

D-760310001 PF

HEARNAP

Specimens received

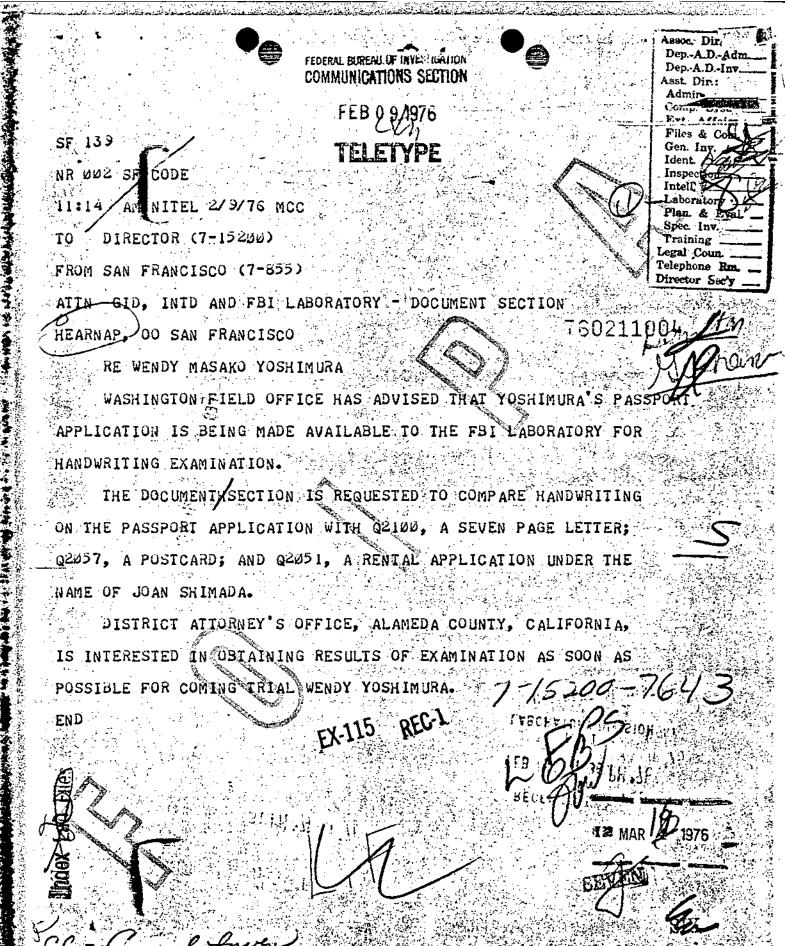
Request received 3/8/76

Request for comparison of writing on New Jersey Division of Motor Vehicles Application for Drivers License #2568544, signed "Joan W. Schimade," which was previously submitted for latent fingerprint examination

Result of examination:

A definite conclusion was not reached whether the questioned writing on the above-described application for drivers license was prepared by WENDY MASAKO YOSHIMURA, K130, K131 and K132.

The above-described application for drivers license was previously returned.



Caboratory Transmittal Form FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535 EX-115 March 2, 1976 SAC, San Francisco (7-855) From: Director, FBI LAB. NO. D-760211004 PP HEARNAP D-760217051 PP D-760225072 PP 00: San Francisco DO NOT INCLUDE ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE(S) INFORMATION IN INVESTIGATIVE REPORT Examination requested by San Francisco Teletype dated 2/9/76 and Airtels dated 2/13/76 and 2/23/75 Examination requested: Document - Fingerprint - Cryptanalysis Remarks You are being advised separately concerning the requested cryptanalysis examination of Q2320 and Q2321. Q2320, Q2321, Q2311, and Q2312 are being returned separately with the results of the fingerprint examination. The other submitted items are being personally delivered to San Francisco. Based on the use of K130 and K131, similarities dbserved indicate that the questioned "Gwen Jones" signature and the questioned hand printing except "SELF-EMPLOYED" in the applicant's statement portion of EQR312 may have been prepared by YOSHIMURA. The photocopies Qc2314 and Qc2315 are too indistinct for adequate comparison. If the "Anne Wong" signatures on Q2311 and Q2313 a compared with previously submitted Q2237 through Q2239 Liteould be said that some similarities were observed which would indicate that these signatures could have been prepared by the writer or writers of 02237 through 02239 BRG/pjm (4) ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE IL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

B 4 MAR 2 5 1976

REPORT of the



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535

AC, San Francisco (7-855)

March 2, 1976

FBI FILE NO.

-15200 - 7643

LAB. NO.

D-760211004 PF D-760217051 PP

D-760225072 PP

Request 2/10/76:

Re: HEARNAP

Request comparison of known writing of WENDY MASAKO YOSHIMURA with Q2051, Q2057 and Q2100, previously submitted

Specimens received 2/17/76:

Rental Agreement form dated 8/3/71, bearing the signature "Anne Wong"

02312 Rental Agreement form dated 5/20/71, bearing the signature "Gwen Jones"

Q2313 Rental Agreement form dated 1/1/72, bearing the signature "Anne Wong"

Qc2314 Photocopy of receipt #W807261, bearing the signature "Ann Wong"

Qc2315 Photocopy of receipt \$B890203, bearing the signature "W. Yoshimura"

K131 Thirteen sheets of paper bearing the writing of WENDY MASAKO YOSHIMURA

Specimens received 2/25/76:

02320 Portion of card bearing written notations beginning "1 Z 2J.

Page 1

g (Over)



(132 Five checks #3118, 3172, 3439, 3479 and 3491, bearing the known endorsements of WENDY YOSHIMURA

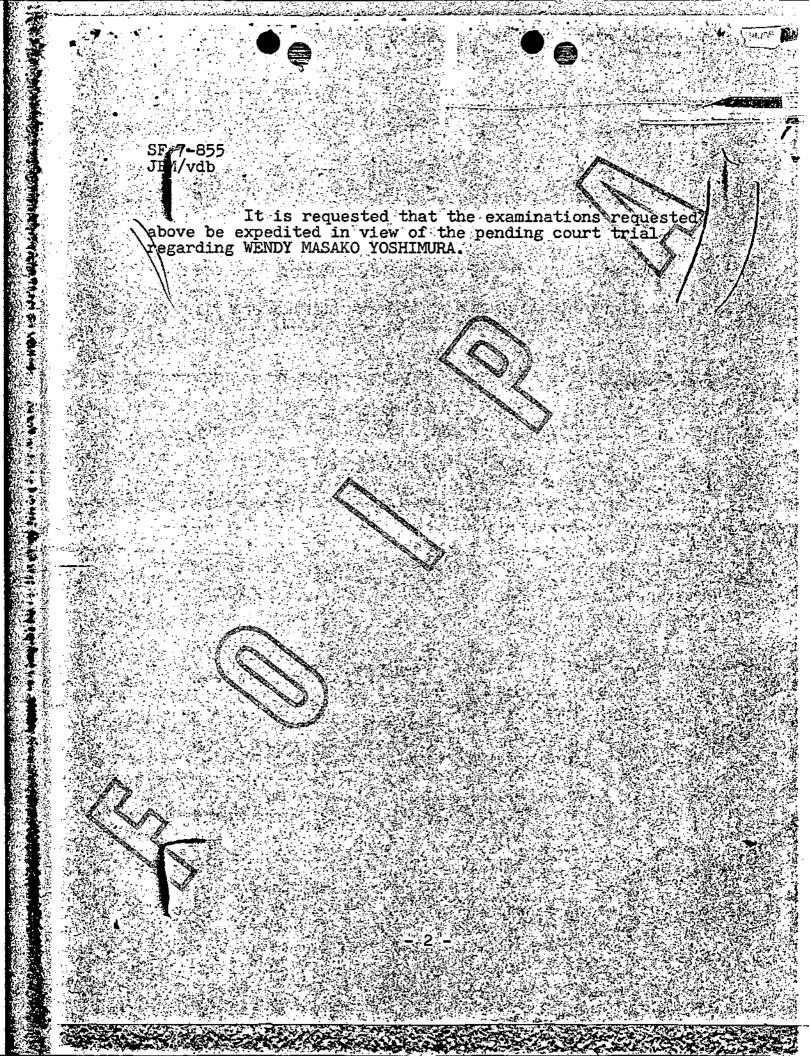
Result of examination:

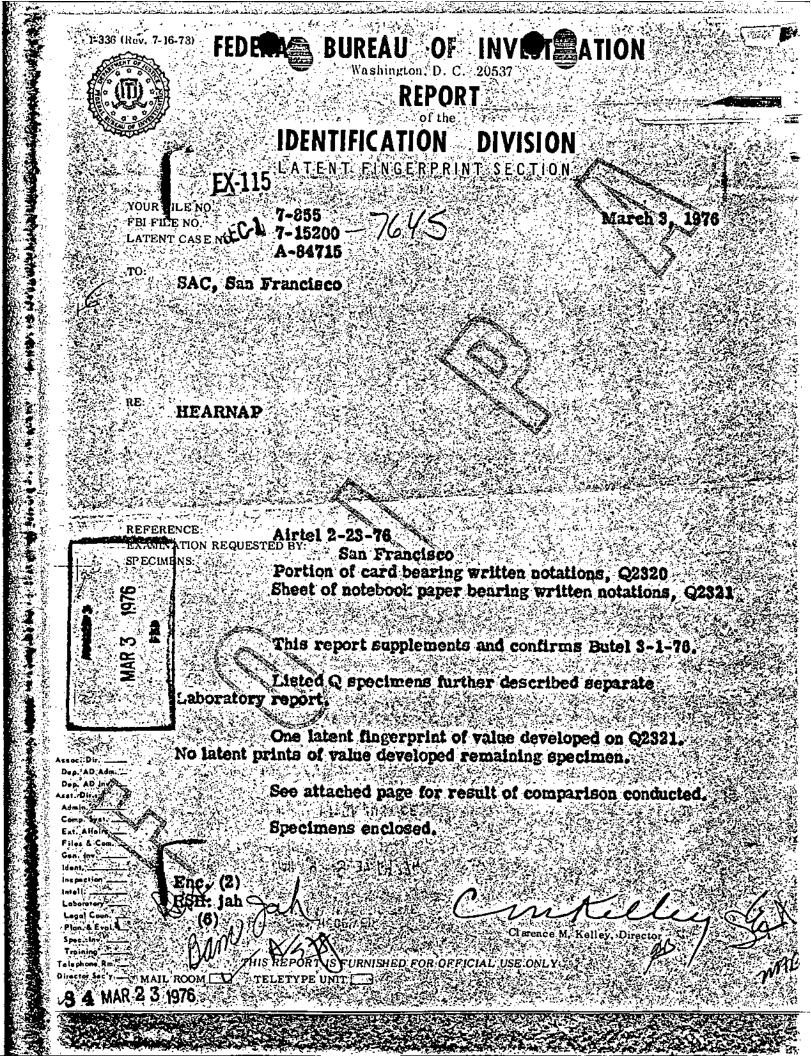
A definite conclusion was not reached whether the questioned writing on Q2051, Q2057, Q2100, Q2101, Q2175, Q2237, Q2238, Q2239, and Q2311 through Qc2315 was or was not prepared by WENDY MASAKO YOSHIMURA, K130, K131 and K132, due to the limited amount of known writing, the presence of unexplained variations, the lack of sufficiently comparable writing, and the lack of sufficient clarity in the submitted photocopies.

The submitted evidence is being returned separately.

Page 2: D-760211004 PF

Dep.-A.D.-Asst. Dir.: Admin. Comp. Syst. - Company Date: 32/13/76 Inspec Transmit the **S**llowing in Spec Telephone Rat DIRECTOR, FBI (7-15200)(ATTN .: GID, INTD, AND LABORA TO: DOCUMENT SECTION AND LATENT FINGERPRINT SECTION SAN FRANCISCO (7-855) 760217051 HEARNAI DO: SF WENDY MASAKO YOSHIMURA Enclosed for FBI Laboratory are two photostatic statement copies of credit cards signed in the name ANN WONG and W. YOSHIMURA; one rental agreement signed ANNE WONG, dated 8/3/71; one rental agreement signed ANNE WONG, dated 1/1/72; one rental agreement in the name of GWEN JAMES; ten statements signed WENDY YOSHIMURA which also bear figures placed upon them FBI Laboratory, Document Section, is requested to conduct handwriting comparisons of the enclosed against Q2175 and K130. (It should be pointed out that YOSHIMURA has been tentatively identified as the individual who utilized the name GWEN JAMES and ANN and ANNE WONG. Latent Fingerprint Section is requested to conduct latent examination regarding the 3 enclosed rental agreements and compare developed latents against known prints of WENDY MASAKO YOSHIMURA All examinations are requested to be expedited where possible as enclosed documents will be required for trial of YOSHIMURA tentatively scheduled for 2/23/76 EX-115 7-15200-7645 Burgau (Encls. 15- AM. REG) FEB 1 7 1976 TE MAN /4 197 7=855 * Approved: Special Agent in Charge MAR 2.5 1976





Your File No. 7-855
FBI File No. 7-15200
Latent Case No. A-84715

RE: MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN, FBI 4710110G

March 8, 1976

A latent print developed on sheet of notebook paper bearing written notations beginning RAG-OC1," has been identified with an impression of the right thumb of Bortin.

The sheet of paper has been designated Q2321.

RECORDED 2/25/76 ler



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Recorded 2-27-76

10:10 a.m. bjg Laboratory Work Sheet

Receiveed 2-27-76 LAB FILE LATENT

San Francisco (7-855)

FBI FILE NO. 1520o

LAB, NO.

HEARNAP

San Francisco 00:

YOUR NO.

Examination by: GILLHAM

Examination requested by: San Francisco Noted by: + P Ww

Reference:

Airtel dated 2/23/76

Examination requested:

Document - (Fingerprint) - Cryptanalysis

Specimens received:

2/25/76

Portion of card bearing written notations ~ Q2320 beginning "1 Z 25..."

Sheet of notebook paper bearing written Q2321 notations beginning "RAO-001...."

KJ32 Five checks #3118, 3172, 3439, 3479 and 3491 bearing the known endorsements of WENDY YOSHIMURA

Named subject: WENDY MASAKO YOSHIMURA

Examination completed

Time

Dictated 3

SF 7-855 LG#: 1mk On 3/3/76, USA BROWNING interviewed and has indicated that he does not believe he would use at this time but would like to "sleep on it" before making final decision USA BROWNING will be recontacted on 3/4/76 to determine if a final decision has been reached by him. Bureau will be advised if BROWNING intends to use as a witness. Above for information.



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

3	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.
X	Deleted under exemption(s) <u>470</u> with no segregable material available for release to you.
	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
	Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies), was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.
	Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies);
	Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
	For your information:
×	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 7-/5200 - 7646

XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX 1-417 (Rev. 5-30-74) MAY 1943 EDITION Dep. AD Adm. Dep. AD Inv. UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Asst. Dir.: MemorandumExt. Affairs MR. ASH 🥱 DATE: 3-8-76 FROM E. F. Johnson HEARNAP: SUBJÉCT: PATRICIA CAMPBELL HEARST LATENT PRINT TESTIMONY Name of Specialist(s) Donald F. McBride San Francisco, California 3-1-76 Testified: No (If no explain in Remarks:) Yes Type of Court: X Federal State Other (specify Oliver J. Carter Judge Prosecuting Attorney 15200-Lee Bailey Defense Attorney Trial by: Z Jury ☐ Judge Other (type None Specimen(s) retained by court To be returned by Results of Trial Still in progress at time of departure Will be advised by 3 - 5 - 7611:00 P. M. Date Arrived in Washington McBride recalled by USA Browning for rebuttal testimony concerning Remarks: latent print identifications with Hearst on items which Hearst had taken the 5th Amendment. In particular were the identifications effected on the "BAKERY" list, which is a list outlining things to be done in robbing a bank. After much discussion between Browning, Bailey & Bailey's assistant, Albert Johnson, and just prior to McBride testifying on 3-5-76, 8 4 MAR 23 1976 stipulation was agreed upon and read into the record by Browning. 7-15200

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

Dep.A.D.-Inv_

Asst. Dir.:

Admir Comp. Syst.

Ident Inspection Intell Laboratory

Spec Inv.

Telephone Rm.

Director Sec'y

MAR 1 11976

TELETYPE

SF 996

NR WWZ SF CODE

11:50 AM URGENT 3/11/76 MCC

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (7-15200)

SAC. NEWARK (7-1105) (INFO)

FROM:

SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (7-855) (P)

ATTENTION: LEGAL COUNSEL, INID, GID

HEARNAP.)00: SAN FRANCISCO

RE LOCAL TRIAL TRIAL OF WENDY MASAKO YOSHIMURA.

RE SAN FRANCISCO TELETYPE TO BUREAU, DATED MARCH 9,

1976.

ALAMEDA COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT JUDGE PULICH RULED MARCH 10.

1976. THAT HE WOULD REQUIRE PROSECUTION TO SUBMIT AN OFFER

OF PROOF REGARDING SEARCH WARRANTS ISSUED FOR SAN FRANCISCO

ADDRESSES.

EX-115 REC. 7-15200

INVESTIGATOR DON JONES, ALAMEDA COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S

OFFICE, ADVISED THIS DATE THAT IT IS LIKELY PULICH WILL RUES MAR 16 1976

ON SEARCHES BASED ON THE OFFER OF PROOF WITHOUT TAKING ADDITIONAL TESTIMONY. IF, HOWEVER, ADDITIONAL TESTIMONY IS REQUIRED, IT WILL BE IN THE LATTER PART OF THE WEEK BEGINNING

MARCH IS.

/8 4 MAR 2 3 1976

SF 7-855

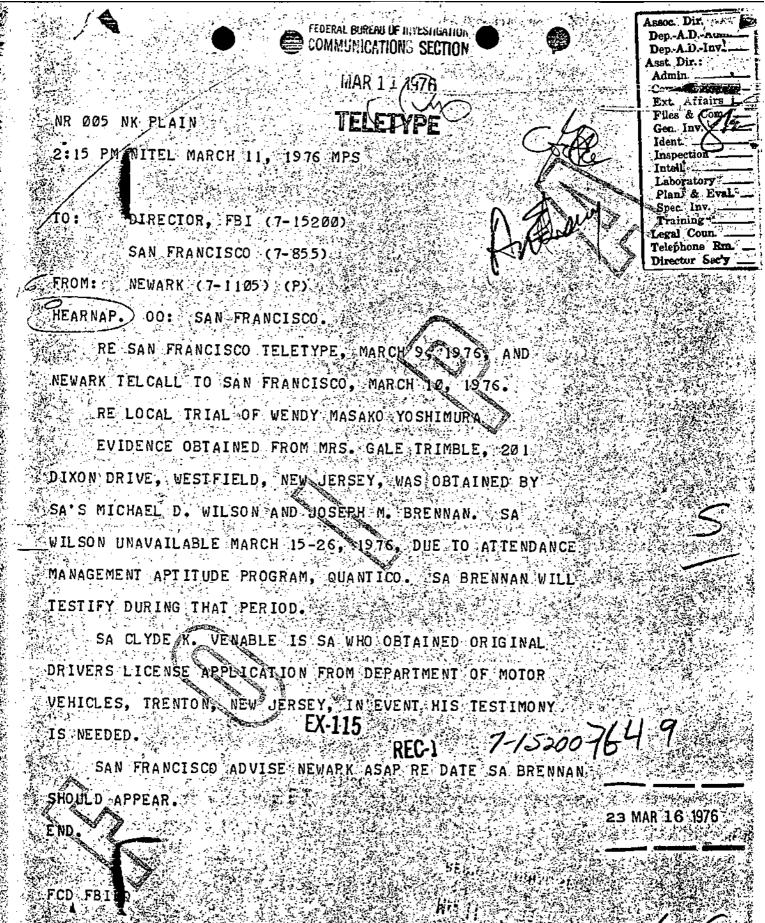
PAGE TWO

(P)

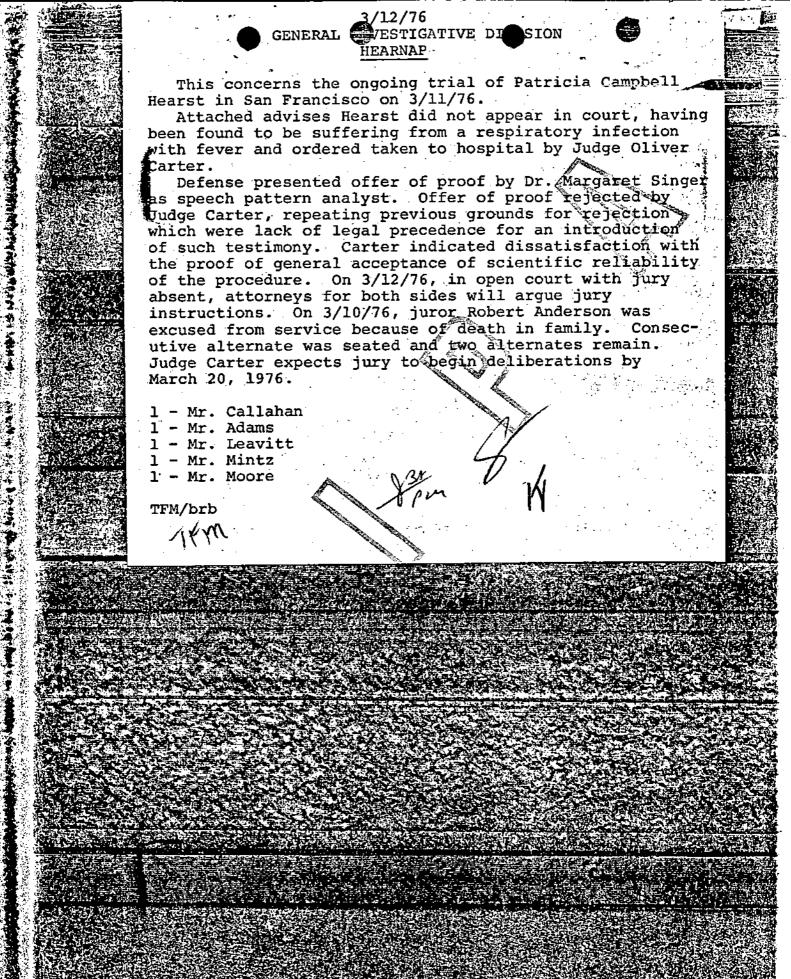
SAN FRANCISCO WILL CONTINUE TO FOLLOW CLOSELY AND ADV BUREAU AND INTERESTED OFFICES REGARDING APPEARANCE OF FBI PERSONNEL.

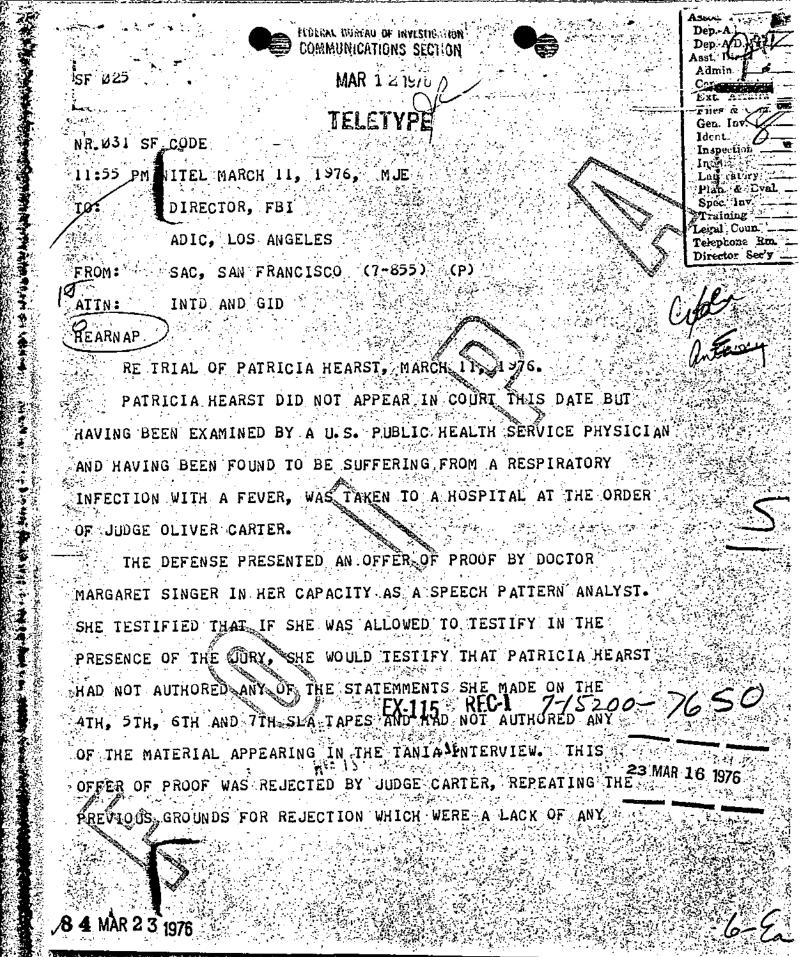
END

00-300 MV



8 4 MAR 2 3 1976





PAGE TWO

PRECEDENCE
LEGAL PROCESSATIST FOR THE INTRODUCTION OF SUCH TESTIMONY. CARTER
INDICATED DIS-SATISFACTION WITH THE PROOF OF GENERAL ACCEPTANCE
PROCEDURE
OF SCIENTIFIC RELIABILITY OF THE PROCESSARS.

TOM RROW, MARCH 12, 1976, IN OPEN COURT, WITH THE JURY
ABSENT, ITORNEYS FOR BOTH SIDES WILL ARGUE JURY INSTRUCTIONS:
AS MODIFICATIONS OF THE JURY INSTRUCTIONS BECOME APPROPRIATE
BY FUTURE TESTIMONY, SUCH MODIFICATIONS WILL BE MADE.

YESTERDAY, MARCH 10, 1976, XXXXXX ROBERT ANDERSON WAS
EXCUSED FROM SERVICE BECAUSE OF A DEATH IN THE FAMILY. THE
NEXT CONSECUTIVE ALTERNATE WAS SEATED. TWO ALTERNATES REMAIN.

END.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

MAR 0 9 1970

TELETYPE

LA: 518

NR 015 LAPLAIN

4: 15PM NI EL 3-9-76 DLB

TO DIRECTOR /(7-15200)

SAN FRANCISCO (7-855)

FROM LOS'ANGELES (7-1627) (P)

ATTN: GID, INTD & OFFICE OF LEGAL COUNSELS

HEARNAP . OO : SAN FRANCISCO .

LOS ANGELES TRIAL OF WILLIAM AND EMILY HARRIS

RE LOS ANGELES TEL TO THE BUREAU MARCH4, 1976.

ON MARCH 8, 1976, LOS ANGELES COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT JUDGE MARK
BRANDLER DENIED DEFENSE PRE-TRIAL MOTION TO SUPPRESS IN-COURT
DENTIFICATION.

BUREAU AND SF WILL BE KEPT ADVISED OF PERTINENT DEVELOPMENTS

END

Win a sent 1819

8 4 APR 6 1076

Gen Invillation
Inspection
Inspection
Intell
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Plan & Eval
Spec Inv.
Training
Lath Com
Telephone Rm
Director Sec'y

Dep.A.l. Dep.A.D.-Inv. Aust. Dir.:

Admin Syst

BAT

ELOP MENTS.

National Director, F.B.I. Washington, D. C.

Attention: Mr. Clarence Kelley

Dear Sir:

Enclosed is a newspaper with an account of a story on the Patty Hearst case, part of which deals with an account attributed to an unidentified source. I am that unidentified source. The only facts that I can add, as I reflect, are that they never asked It was a denim jacket with brass buttons and had this piece of stripe-lined tablet paper, with the name, I believe, Emily Harris (I didn't know her name at the time) on it and among to see the jacket. other things street numbers in the 60's or 80's, which I assumed could only refer to a major city like New York. There was also a packet of candy squares, wrapped individually (charms) with about three pieces remaining and grage flavored. As I look back, the jacket was not the type Patty work in the holdup. It could even have belonged to one of the other girls, the size being average for

what I assumed to be a female figure. I regret having to write this letter, inasmuch as, I have always had confidence in the reliability of the F.B.I. since I was a youngster. I shall be 62 years old on March 20. The least that they could have done was to write me a personal letter, acknowledging my appearance at their office and assuring me that they had denied the newspaper story for security reasons only. How can the public be involved in fighting crime, as you ask, if this is the kind of treatment you receive? As hindsight, I believe that I would have done better if I had given this information to the State Police in the Poconos. But, where else do you go with information of an interstate nature but to the honest, reliable and dependable F.B.I., with facilities and equipment to decipher and analyze even the min-I left the whole thing confidently(I utest bit of information? thought) in their hands.

When I entered the local F.B.I. office, in which I had never been before, and located in the post office building, Iwas met by one man, who led me to another man, which I believe was Mr. Fritz. They introduced themselves and led me to a partly secluded office, which They both had 🧽 tanthink was located in the middle of the room. colored holsters in front with pistols inside. I had left the jacket at home since, I reasoned 1 flothey wanted to see it, they have my name, address and phone number.

name, address and phone number:

They invited me to a seat and proceeded to interview Begin at least twenty-five minutes. When they began the questioning, I start to think that I was suspect instead of Patty, the Harris's and Miss Noshimura. They asked where I worked, what my job was, who my superwisor was and many other personal questions. I had even told them hat the whole episode might be a wild dream, but there were reports the newspapers at the time that she had recently been spotted at e gas station in western Pennsylvania.

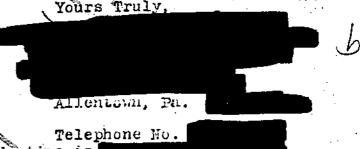
anteltoSACs PH(cnc2) CORRESPA)

When I remarked in a jocular vein, that I wouldn't even be bashful about collecting the \$50,000 reward which had reportedly been offerby Patty's father, for information leading to her wher eabouts, they looked at each other in a somber mood and there was a pause of several seconds.

Since it has been reported in the newspapers that the clue that led to the apprehension of the fugitives (namely the finderprints, excuss found in the Pa. farmhouse which they had temporarily occupied, I em claiming the \$50,000 reward.

I want to further state that Mr. George Joseph, our district attorney, is fully aware of all the facts and knows my identity.

I certainly hope that there will be no repercussions from your local office. I am ready to back up my story. When I came home with the jacket, my wife and a friend were packing as we were preparing to move to another address. They are ready to back up my story. I star on my reputation, which I believe to be commendable.



Phone No.

My working address in the daytime is

I am presently in the ervixor is

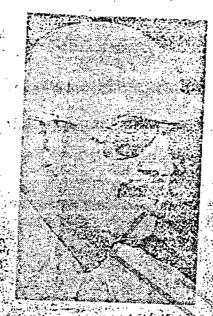
My sup-

P.S. My address at the time was Please return enclosed newspaper. Thank you.

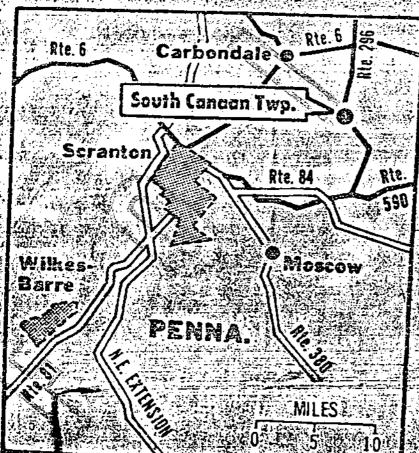


Sag tomorr

BILL WALTON ... cager linked to Patty?



JACK SCOTT my comrade Jack"



Map locates South Canaan Township (AP)

Daske In Da

By THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

Developments in the suddenly-revived Patricia Hearst case today included the questioning of a professional basketball star, curiosity about a Pennsylvania farmhouse where the fugitive heiress may have hidden out last fall and a newspaper report that the FBI has shifted its search efforts to Las Vegas in recent weeks.

Miss Hearst, kidnaped by the Symbionese Liberation Army Feb. 4, 1974, was last heard from June 7 after she had publicly joined her captors and gone into hiding with the last known survivors of the SLA.

Although there were hundreds of reports of sightings since then, her reported presence in Pennsylvania is the most solid lead yet to surface on her where abouts. One newspaper reported that her fingerprints were found there, and a federal grand jury Thursday launched an investigation into the matter.

Bill Walton, rookie star center for the Portland Trail Blazers of the National Baskethall Association, was questioned in San Francisco on Wednesday by the FBI in connection with the Hearst case, his attorney said today.

"Bill was cooperative; but he couldn't tell', them anything because he doesn't know anything "Charles Garry said. He and the Scotts are friends, but he hasn't seen them for several weeks and he knows nothing about the SLA or Patricia.

The Scotts are former collect athletic director Jack Scott and his wife, who had been living with Walton neaf Portland. Ore Published reports alleged that Scott had been in contact with Miss Hearst and may even he with her now

In Canaan, Pa., where Miss Hearst and force others were reported to have hid den out last fall, several neighbors said they had been questioned by the FBI

/5200-7/25 See Page 6. Column 1

MARCH 14, 1975

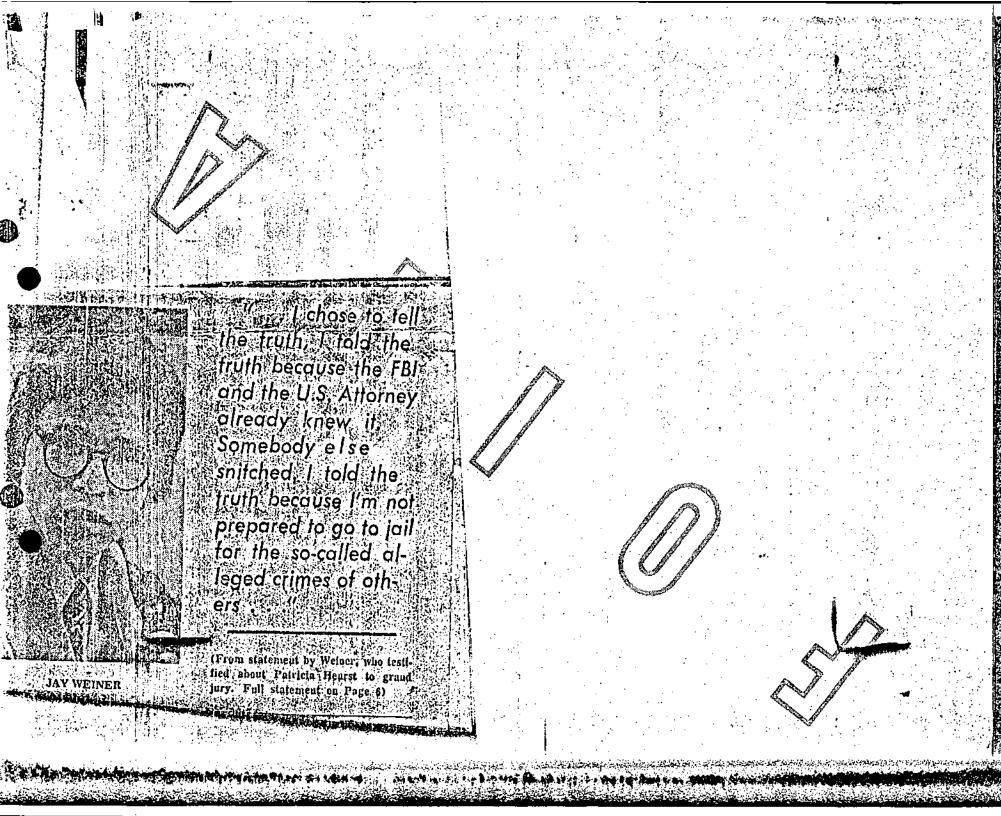
Tion A copy 60c Manday Through Friday

ball star grilled. By Hearst Case

EVILLE PULL



This is the form house where Patty Hearst reportedly hid. (AP)





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FBI silent on 'hideout' in Poconos

And RALPH ROSENIC GERNERD!

Reports circulating among Wayne County residents today, that fingerprints in a South Canaan Township I frintiouse substantiate it was a hideout for Patricia Hearst were neither confirmed nor denied by the FBI's Scranton office.

An agent in the office told the Evening Chronicle the Hearst case is an ongoing investigation and we can't make any other details known.

The suspected hideout, believed to have been occupied by fugitive newspaper heiress Patricia Hearst and Symbionese Liberation Army members William and Emily Harris, is located along a dirt road hear Lake Quinn, about 1½ miles from the village of South Canaan Corners.

Wayne County's Chief Assessor Walter Beck described the farmhouse as "a nice retreat," and he said, "I know the place well."

He said the property, consisting of 37.15 acres, plus a house and outbuildings, was sold by John and Olga Schott in 1971 for \$38,500.

The buyer and present owners are Timothy and Janice O'Sullivan of Callicoon R.2, New York and they ve paid the taxes up to date, said Beck.

Questioned further about the possibility of the home having been used by Miss Hearst as a hideout, Beck replied, We knew about this back in January, but we felt it was all a lot of malarky with now.

Beck was one who had heard reports of Miss Hearst's finger having been found in the farmhouse

Sec Page 6. Column

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rie said, too, he had heard the people using the house last fall "went into the South Canaan Corners store of Mr. and Mrs. Erwin Lockwood to buy food, but Mrs. Lockwood didn't recognize them."

The Lockwood's were questioned by the FBI about the farmhouse and its tenants.

It could not be learned today whether the present owners, the O'Sullivans, have been questioned by the FBI.

Wayne County Sheriff Henry Kalanowski confirmed he received an FBI flyer "about January 15th indicating Patty Hearst may be someplace in Wayne ल ५ हर्षेत्रेस्ट्रेस्ट्र County."

"We were advised to keep our eyes neeled and if we see anything, to report it to the FBI," said the sheriff.

sith "But we didn't see anything," he de clared, adding he hasn't heard anything med more from the FBI. ions

Beck said he observed "nothing out of the ordinary" at the farmhouse when he and his assessing team visited it last year for the annual reappraisal. "That's not to say there wasn't someone in it then, but we didn't see anyone," said Beck.

It was learned authoritatively that a day cottage owned by Dr. L.S. Wolfe, the Emmaus physician whose son William L. Wolfe was one of six SLA members killed een win the May 17, 1974, shootout with Los rior Angeles police, was not connected with the present investigation of a possible Patty Hearst hideout.

by A. Dr. Wolfe has a cottage on the Dela-ware River, about three miles south of the Portland Toll Bridge on the Pennsylvania side of the river, about 55 miles southeast of South Canaan. He also has a cottage next door which he rents but, he was added he has never lived there.

The Emmaus physician said he knew

statement

of dearest sieger Micki, I am with you source for the Pocono checking.

"Please ry to understand the terrible." Fritz said he also wanted to repudiate the pressure by family, friends and I have reports in a Reading newspaper that Pathad been under these past two weeks. I only by had been in an Allentown motel and had here in the love I feel for you and the was thought to be connected with the robate. I love you have always extended to me, is a been yesterday of the National Central, to be shared with you by others, and that you is branch bank in the Berkshife Mall. This are safe in or out of this monster's belly. I information is definitely incorrect." he are safe, in or out of this monster's belly information is definitely incorrect," he Thank you."

nothing new about the Hearst case. He told newsmen he had not harbored Miss Hearst or any other SLA members. He said he knew of no reasons, "why they should be near here, or up at Scranton. I don't think my son knew anyone up there, no communes or counterculture communities. This is the first time I've heard anything about it."

A report also was checked out, based on an anonymous telephone call to the Evening Chronicle this morning, that the current investigation of a hiding place for Miss Hearst and her friends in the Poconos all emanated from a tip coming into the Allentown office of the FBI.

The caller, who said he would not re veal his identity because he feared retaliation from the SLA, reported he had contacted the Allentown FBI office after he found a denim jacket along Route 6 near Greeley and Shohola Falls in Wayne County last August.

He said he thought the jacket looked just like the one Patty wore when she allegedly held up a California bank with other SLA members. In the jacket pocket he found a note containing the name Harris and a New York City address in the upper 80s, he said.

Asked what happened to the jacket, the caller said he had given it to the Rescue Mission before turning in the note to the FBI. He reported the FBI questioned him for half an hour, but since then has never contacted him.

Richard Fritz, agent in charge of the Allentown office, said he could not recall such an incident although the local office is receiving a constant stream of reports about Patty and or her friends being sighted locally. Every one of these is checked out, he added.

Last week he said they had one call that Patty had been spotted driving along Route 22. "We checked it out but never found anyone "/

Asked whether any information collected from the local office had instituted the or in prison. I hope you are safe and current investigation. Fritz said the local niert. To ply seemade Jack, and to my office had "definitely not been the



SO Patr When hous: stran Th

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come the a gir with beca For on t But ter i que:

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Airtel, SACs, PH & SF Re: Hearnap

This communication is in response to a letter received Allentown t FBIHQ on 3/11/76, from mennsylvania, in which he claims a reward of \$50,000 offered by Mr. Randolph Hearst for information he furnished leading to her safe return. Supervisor Philadelphia 2 office, telephonically advised on 3/16/76, that their indices were negative re and that there were no outstanding warrants for Supervisor however, advise that a check with employees where is a "flake," talks presently working indicates that to himself, and is a "troublemaker." He has been suspended from work in the past for excessive absenteeism. This communication advised Philadelphia to return newspaper clipping sent in by (as he requested) and to advise him no rewards remain outstanding.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 18 WAY 1942 ERFION GSA FRAN (4) CPEI 101—11.6 UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT $oldsymbol{M} emorandum$ 3/4/76 Mr. J. B. Adams DATE: Hearnap FROM ∍egal Counsel SUBJECT: LOS ANGELES TRIAL OF WILLIAM AND EMILY HARRIS Reference is made to Los Angeles teletypes to Headquarters dated 3/1/76 and 3/2/76, copies of which are attached. Referenced teletype noted that on 3/1/76. Los Angeles Superior Court Judge Mark Francler had ruled that the FBI Agents' initial entry into the apartment of William and Emily Harris at 288 Precita,/ San Francisco, was invalid. Judge Prandler's finding of invalidity was reportedly based on two considerations: 1. That approximately 1 1/2 years had passed without indication of violence by the Harrises and Hearst; Approximately 30 hours had passed between the initial sighting of William Harris near the Precita address and the Harris' subsequent arrest. Judge. Brandler reasoned, therefore, that the Agents had ample opportunity to obtain a search warrant for the premises. On 3/2/76, this matter was discussed between SA To Make After of the Administrative Division, and of the Legal Counsel Division. SA confession who at the time of the Harris' apprehension was assigned to the San Francisco Office, was in charge of the Agents who made the initial entry into the Harris apartment. SA schreicer advised that the original plan of the Agents seeking to arrest William Harris was that he would be apprehended, while jogging, at a point distant from the Precita address so as to avoid a shoot out such as occurred in Los Angeles. It should be noted that the 1 .- Mr. William Road SUV 5 1 00 7 1976 Mr. Fehl - Mr. Gallagher Mr. Wals (Attn.: Mr. Mintz 976jcr Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

Legal Counsel to Mr. Adams
RE: LOS ANGELES TRIAL OF WILLIAM AND EMILY HARRIS

Agents who made the arrest were not absolutely certain, based on their observations of the individual thought to be William Harris, that this individual was in fact William Harris. For this reason, the Agents were accompanied by a fingerprint technician so that, following the arrest, the individual thought to be William Harris could be fingerprinted for the purposes of positive identification. As it happened, both a man and a woman, later determined to be William and Emily Harris, left the Precita address and began jogging. These individuals were apprehended without incident, and their fingerprints taken thereby confirming that they were, in fact, the Harrises.

Schreiber s instructions were to wait until the apprehension had been made and a determination made as to whether the person apprehended was William Harris before moving into the vicinity of the Precita apartment. Following word that the apprehensions had been made, She confered and his men approached the apartment for the purpose of locating Patty Hearst and Wendy Yoshimura. Upon arrival at the apartment, the Agents observed that the door to the apartment was padlocked on the outside. The Agents then announced their identity and demanded entrance to the apartment. / Upon receiving no response, entry was gained by breaking a window with a shotgun butt. The entering Agents searched the apartment for the purpose of locating Hearst and Yoshimura who, as it turned out, were not there. When Hearst and Yoshimura were not <u>located. Agents were assigned to secure the premises while</u> SA returned to the field office for the purpose of preparing an affidavit in support of a warrant authorizing a general search of the premises. It must be emphasized that no search was conducted other than for the purpose of locating Miss Mearst and Miss Yoshimura prior to the issuance of a search warrant the following day.

It should be noted that the Precita address is located in a block of townhouses located directly across the street from a parochial school which was in session at the time of the Harrises arrest and subsequent search of the apartment for Hearst and Yoshimura. It is

CONTINUED - OVER

Legal Counsel to Mr. Adams REF LOS ANGELES TRIAL OF WILLIAM AND EMILY HARRIS

lso hard to understand how the Judge could find that either Hearst or the Harrises had gone for approximately 1 1/2 years without indication of violence on their part. Even if the Judge was correct in this statement, which he was not, we can find no law supportive of the fact that a person who has avoided apprehension following the commission of a violent crime(s) must be assumed to have given up his violent propensities if the period following the commission of the violent crime exceeds 1 1/2 years.

Motwithstanding the above, there are numerous cases which may be cited in support of principle that law enforcement officers may enter a dwelling without a search warrant for the purpose of making an arrest if there is probable cause to believe that the person sought to be arrested is in the dwelling, and the existence of exigent circumstances demand that action be taken immediately as opposed to delaying the entry for purpose of obtaining a search warrant. See Mc Donald v. United States, 335 U.S. 451 (1948); Warden v. Wayden, 387 U.S. 294 (1957); Dorman v. United States, 435 F. 2d 385 (D.C. Cir. 1970); Salvador v. United States, 505 F. 2d 1348 (8th Cir. 1974); and United States v. Williams, 385 F. Supp. 1400 (E.D. Mich. 1974). Particular attention should be paid to a California case, People v. Hill, 528 P. 2d 1 (1974), which noted that police officers, under California statute, are justified in entering a closed residence in order to make an arrest if the officers have reasonable grounds to believe that the person to be arrested is inside the residence and if the officers have demanded admittance and explained the purpose for which the admittance is sought. See also, in this connection, Miller v. United States, 357 U.S. 301 (1958), set forth in Vol. 1, Manual of Instructions, Section 2, page 5a attached.

Under the facts, as relayed to SA, Freiber, Judge Brandler's ruling of 3/1/76 is incorrect under both Federal and California law.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information. None.

GIKNA EL

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

MAR D 2 1976:

SF NR 741

NR-031 SF_CODE

7:44PM NEEL URGENT MARCH 2. 1976. MJE

TO:

DIRECTOR, FB1 (7-15200)

ADIC, LOS ANGELES (7-1627)

SAN FRANCISCO (7-855) (P)

ATTN: GID 44 INTD: OFFICE OF LEGAL COUNSEL.

HEARNAP; OO: SAN FRANCISCO.

RE LOS ANGELES TELETYPE TO DIRECTOR, MARCH 1, 1976, CAPTIONED AS ABOVE AND BUREAU TELEPHONE CALL (ADIC GALLAGHER) TO SAN FRANCISCO (SAC BATES), MARCH 2, 1976.

RE: LOS ANGELES TRIAL OF WILLIAM AND EMILY HARRIS. ON MARCH 2, 1976, ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY DING FULGONI TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED ASAC LAWRENCE G. LAWLER AND ADVISED AS FOLLOWS:

HE WAS EXTREMELY PLEASED WITH THE TESTIMONY OF ALL AGENTS DURING THE PRE-TRIAL MOTION TO SUPPRESS THE EVIDENCE. HAS RECEIVED NUMEROUS PRESS INQUIRIES AS TO WHETHER OR NOT IT WAS HIS OPINION THAT THE FBI ACTED IMPROPERLY BY ENTERING 288 PRECITA STREET. SAN FRANCISCO (RESIDENCE OF WILLIAM AND EMILY HARRIS). HE HAS RESPONDED TO THESE INQUIRIES INDICATING THAT HE FELT THAT THE AGENTS ACTED WELL WITHIN LEGAL LIMITS.

CARBON CORROSIRO NOT FILL

PROBLEM EXISTED.

DURING THE TRIAL, FULGONI ADVISED ASAC LAWLER THAT THE TESTIMONY OFFERED BY THE AGENTS ABSOLUTELY JUSTIFIED THE ENTRY MADE. FULGONI DID INDICATE, HOWEVER, THAT JUDGE BRANDLER WAS BROUGHT OUT OF RETIREMENT TO JUDGE THE HARRIS CASE AND THAT JUST PRIOR TO RETIREMENT HAD MADE SEVERAL JUDGMENTS CONCERNING THE ENTRIES OF RESIDENCES IN NARCOTICS CASES, A NUMBER OF WHICH WERE OVERTURNED SUBSEQUENT TO BRANDLER'S RETIREMENT. BASED ON THIS FACT, FULGONI FELT THAT BRANDLER WOULD BE EXTREMELY CAUTIOUS IN ADMITTING THE EVIDENCE BUT EVEN WITH THIS IN MIND, FULGONI FELT NO



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.			
	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.			
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XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX COMMUNICATIONS SECTION LA 931 MAR 0 1 1976 NR BIILA PLAIN 620 PM URGENT 03/01/76 SJS 10 DIRECTOR (7-15200) SANTERANCISCO (7-855) SACRAMENTO (7-203) FROM LOS ANGELES (7-1627) (P) ATTN: GID . INTO AND OFFICE OF LEGAL COUNSEL HEARNAP, OO: SAN FRANCISCO. LOS ANGELES TRIAL OF WILLIAM AND EMILY HARRIS. IN CONNECTION WITH DEFENSE PRE-TRIAL MOTION CONCERNING THE LEGALITY OF FBI ENTRY AT 288 PRECITA AND 25 MORSE. SAN FRANCISCO, ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY DINO FULGONI, LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, ADVISED AS FOLLOWS: ON THIS DATE, LOS ANGELES SUPERIOR COURT JUDGE MARK BRANDLER HAD RULED THE SEARCH OF 288 PRECITA, SAN FRANCISCO. INVALID . JUDGE BRANDLER BASED THE RULING ON BELIEF THAT ENERGENCY CONDITIONS DID NOT EXIST AT THE TIME OF INITIALS ENTRANCE INTO THAT RESIDENCE BY BUREAU AGENTS. THAT BELIEF IS BASED ON THE FOLLOWING : (1) APPROXIMATELY ONE AND ONE HALF YEARS HAD PASSED WITHOUT INDICATION OF VIOLENCE BY HARRISES AND HEARST. 110 11 12 6 12 AM

PAGE TWO LA 7-1627 (2) PPROXIMATELY THIRTY HOURS HAD PASSED BETWEEN INTIAL SIGHTING OF WILLIAM HARRIS AT THE PRECITA ADDRESS AND SUBSEQUENT ARREST DURING THAT TIME NO EFFORT WAS MADE TO OBTAIN A SEARCH WARRANT JUDGE BRANDLER HEARD ARGUMENTS CONCERNING LEGALITY OF THE 625 MORSE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, SEARCH HOWEVER NO RULING HAS BEEN MADE TO DATE END

should wear their badges in such a manner as to display immediate their authority if challenged either by a police officer or a citizen.

The first conversation with a person under arrest is extremely important and will enable such person to judge the ability of the Agent at the time of the arrest. A person under arrest should The made to understand that Agents will demand prompt and absolute obedience. Unnecessary conversation should be avoided. It is the responsibility of the arresting Agent to inform a person under arrest of the charges against him. The language used in explaining the charge and offense should not be in greater detail than the language appearing in the body of the warrant. Prisoners haves been known to use many ruses in an effort to destroy evidence or to effect an escape following their arrest. Prisoners should not be granted personal privileges immediately following arrest and immediate requests for water, cigarettes, and permission to go to the lavatory before being searched should be denied. If, due to the circumstances, prisoners are to be transported long distances common sense and good judgment should dictate the personal privileges granted.

Where a person is arrested in his home, office, or place of business, he should not be permitted to move about but should be required to sit in a chair in the center of the room. If it is necessary to obtain clothing for a person under arrest, Agents should inquire as to the location of the clothing so that it may be obtained by an Agent. Such clothing should be carefully searched prior to delivery to the prisoner.

Forcible entry

In making an arrest with a warrant Agents have authority to break outer and inner doors of a dwelling if the entry is made in good faith and with reasonable cause to believe that the person to be arrested is within the premises. But notice must first be given of authority and purpose, with a demand for admission, and a refusal. Miller v. U. S., 357 U. S. 301 (1958).

In making arrests without a warrant Agents have authority to break outer or inner doors of a dwelling, provided that (a) all the elements necessary to make a lawful arrest without a warrant are present, and (b) the same rule on notice of authority and purpose, and demand for admittance, as that described above for arrest with a warrant, is followed. A Federal officer making a forcible entry into a private dwelling to effect an arrest without a warrant must be prepared to show that there was probable cause to believe that the person to be arrested had committed a felony or was committing it, that there were reasonable grounds for believing that he was in the dwelling at the time, and that the emergency circumstances under which the arrest had to be made were such that there was no reasonable opportunity to apply for a warrant before making the arrest. Smith v. U. S., 254 F. 2d 751, 766 (1958); Johnson v. U. S., 334 U. S. 10, 14 (1948); McDonald v. U. S., 335 U. S. 451, 455, 460 (1948); Jones v. U. S., 357 U. S. 493 (1958). Every questionable situation must be resolved in favor of obtaining a warrant if the circumstances allow any practicable way of doing

In executing a search warrant an Agent has authority to break open any outer or inner door or window of a house, or any part of a house, or anything therein, if, after notice of his authority and purpose, he is refused admittance or when necessary to liberate himself or a person aiding him in the execution of the warrant. Title 18, USC, § 3109.

There is, unfortunately, uncertainty in the law in regard to the making of the required announcement of identity and purpose, and demand for entrance, before breaking and entering to make the arrest or search in the situations described in (1) above. The state of the state of the search in the situations described in (1) above.

> ENW VOUND 7-15200-7453 12-13-72

FEDIRAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION COMMUNICATIONS SECTION MAR 09/1976 , SF 935 NR 601 SF CODE 11:30 AMAURGENT 3/9/76 MCC Plan. & Eval Spec Inv. DIRECTOR, FBI (152007-15200) SAC, NEWARK Director Sec'y FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (7-855) (P) ATTENTION: LEGAL COUNSEL, INTO, GID, AND LATENT FINGERPRINT A HEARNAP -- OU: SAN FRANCISCO RE LOCAL TRIAL OF WENDY MASAKO YOSHIMURA PRE-TRIAL HEARING RE YOSHIMURA BEGAN MARCH 8, 1976 IN ALAMEDA CONTACT WITH ALAMEDA COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA. COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE REVEALED THAT HEARING MARCH 8-12. 1976 WILL DEAL PRIMARILY WITH MOTIONS REGARDING LOCAL SEARCH WARRANT ISSUED IN ALAMEDA COUNTY DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY JEFFREY HORNER ADVISED THAT HE ANTICIPATES TESTIMONY WILL BE REQUIRED FROM VFBI AGENTS REGARDING THE ARREST AND SUBSEQUENT SEARCHES AT 288 PRECITA AND 625 MORSE BEGINNING MARCH 15, 1976. HORNER ADVISED THAT HE ANTICIPATES CALLING THE FOLLOWING AGENTS TO TESTIFY AS ASAC LAWLERX SAN FRANCISCO), REGARDING INDICATED IN THIS MATTER: ARREST AND SEARCH AT 288 PRECITA; SA MONTE HALL TSAN FRANCISCO), REGARDING ARREST AND SEARCH AT 288 PRECITAL SA JOHN SCHREIBER MAR 16 1976 (FBI HEADQUARTERS), REGARDING SEARCH 288 PRECITA; SA THOMAS J. PADDEN (SAN FRANCISCO), REGARDING ARREST AND SEARCH AT 625 MORSE; SA JASON B MOULTON (SAN FRANCISCO), REGARDING ARREST AND SEAR 4 APR 1 3 4976

SF 7-855 PAGE TWO. AT 625 MERSE STREET.

THE FOLLOWING PERSONNEL WILL BE REQUIRED TO OFFER TESTIMONY IN THE TRIAL TO BEGIN IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE DISPOSITION OF THE PRE-TRIAL MOTIONS REGARDING YOSHIMURA: SA FRANK R. DOYLE (SAN FRANCISCO), REGARDING EVIDENCE AT 288 PRECITA; SA LARRY D. TERBUSH (SAN FRANCISCO), REGARDING EVIDENCE AT 401 IRVINGTON AND 625 MORSE STREET; SA JOHN J. REIKES (SAN FRANCISCO), REGARDING WEBB (SAN FRANCISCO) EVIDENCE AT 625 MORSE STREET; SA PATRICK J. REGARDING EVIDENCE AT 401 IRVINGTON; SA DANIED J. WILSON (SAN FRANCISCO), RE EVIDENCE AT 625 MORSE STREET; SA HENRY L. GAIDIS (SAN FRANCISCO), RE EVIDENCE AT 288 PRECITA; SA JAMES BRUCE DOUGLAS (SAN FRANCISCO), RE EVIDENCE AT 288 PRECITA; SA CLYDE K. VENABLE (NEWARK), RE EVIDENCE OBTAINED FROM MRS. GAIL TRIMBLE, 201 DIXON DRIVE, WESTFIELD, NEW JERSEY; FINGERPRINT EXAMINER RONALD S. HURT (FBI HEADQUARTERS), RE LATENT FINGERPRINT EXAMINATION; FINGERPRINT EXAMINER JACK D. ROBINSON (FBI HEADQUARTERS). RE LIFTING AND IDENTIFYING LATENT PRINT 1721 WEST STREET, SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA; LATENT FINGERPRINT EXAMINER DON MCBRIDE (FBI HEADQUARTERS), RE LATENT FINGERPRINT INVESTIGATION CONDUCTED AT FARMHOUSE NEAR HONESDALE, PENNSYLVANIA, AS WELL AS IDENTIFICATION OF LATENTS AT

SF 7-855 PAGE THREE SAN FRANCISCO ADDRESSES.

THIS MATTER WAS DISCUSSED WITH U.S. ATTORNEY JAMES L. BROWNING, SAN FRANCISCO, ON MARCH 8, 1976. HE ADVISED THAT HE HAD NO OBJECTION TO THE APPEARANCE OF THE ABOVE MENTIONED PERSONNEL.

SAN FRANCISCO WILL FOLLOW CLOSELY AND ADVISED BUREAU AND OTHER INTERESTED OFFICES AS APPEARANCE DATES OF PERSONNEL BECOME MORE DEFINITE.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENTS WILL APPEAR MACB.

BUREAU IS REQUESTED TO APPROVE APPEARANCE OF HEADQUARTERS AND NEWARK PERSONNEL.

7-126 (Rev. 10-6-75) UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Memorandum (Type or hand print.) Assi, Dir.s Ext. Affairs Section Chief y 3/8/76 DATE: C-G-T Section doby R. Gillham Document HEARNAP Spec. Inv. Training". Talachena Rm Director Sec CC 01 Examiner/s PF Symbol/s 20 Man Workdays 35 Court/Agency U.S. District Court 3/1-5/7650 City & State San Francisco 05 Date/s California 77 Testified X Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ No ¬ No ☐ No 05. Testimony Not Needed 79 Reason: 01. Guilty Plea 02. Case Continued 06. Mistrial 03. Case Dismissed 07. 04. Stipulation 77 Miscellaneous Commitments: (MC) 79 Reason: 01. Lecture/Training (Others) Field Examination of Evidence 02. Training (Self) 96. Research/Data Acquisition 03. Speech 04. Pretrial Conference 08. Investigative Support 09. Communication Support Results of Trial Pending Defense Attorney F. Lee Bailey James Browning Prosecuting Attorney 7-15200 -Details/Unusual or Interesting Circumstances: Gillham testified during prosecution rebuttal that twenty to twenty-five documents entered in evidence contained the writing of Patricia Campbell Hearst. The writings on these documents described Hearst's feminists views, her radical political outlook (the "Tania Interview") and even contained apparent partial instructions for construction of a bomb. This evidence was considered important in rebuttal as they were prepared after the defendant's kidnaping and tend to portray her as a freeminded person as opposed to the defense contention that Hearst was at all times motivated by fear. Gillham furnished direct testimony for about thirty minutes and underwent cross-examination for about ten minutes. 6 1975 4 APR 1 3 1976



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Ø	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 7-/5200 - 7655			

XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX OFFICHAL FORM NO. 18 MAY 1942 FORTION UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Memorandum (Type or hand print.) DATE: March 8, 1976 Ext. Affalse TO ' : Section Chief C-G-T Section S# 2.M. Fungerson be pection latell. . SUBJECT: FIEARNAP Tretning Telephone Ro. Director Sec'y 01 Examiner/s 25 File # 7-/5200 a\lodmy2 35 Court/Agency U.S. Dist 20 Man Workdays Count 50 City & State SAN Francisco 05 Date/s 77 Testified 🔲 Yes ☐ Yes ٦Νο ⊓ No 79 Reason: 01. Guilty Plea 05. Testimony Not Needed 02. Case Continued 06. Mistrial 03. Case Dismissed 07. 04. Stipulation 77 Miscellaneous Commitments: (MC) 05. Field Examination of Evidence 79 Reason: 01. Lecture/Training (Others) 06. Research/Data Acquisition 02. Training (Self) 03. Speech 04. Pretrial Conference 08. Investigative Support 09. Communication Support Results of Trial Gunty Verdict by Jury - all Counts Prosecuting Attorney US Afformey, Jas. Drowning Defense Attorney F. Lee Bailey Details/Unusual or Interesting Circumstances: Testimony introduced to Show that a cole found in possession of defendant, Patricia Hearst, at the time of to her arrest were some as the that testing one to prove that defendant was not ling against he wit. 7-15 208 MAY 10 1976 NOT RECORDED **8 4** May 1 7 1976

7-126 (Rev. 10-6-75)

LOMMUNICATIONS (LIGHTH)

NR 015 SC PLAIN

1218AM SENT MARCH 20, 1976 NITEL MARCH 19, 1976 WLW

TO DIRECTOR, FBI (91-56075) (7-15209)

SAN FRANCISCO (91-14357) (7-855)

FROM SÁCRAMENTO (91-7670)

ATTENTION: INTO, GID, AND LATENT FINGERPRINT SECTION

STEVEN FREDERICK SOLIAH, AKA; ET AL; CROCKER BANK, 5746

MARCONI AVENUE, CARMICHAEL, CALIFORNIA, APRIL 21, 1975;

WEARNAP: 00: SF.

RE SACRAMENTO URGENT TELETYPE TO BUREAU, MARCH 5, 1976.

RE LOCATION OF 1966 CHEWROLET STATION WAGON:

AS BACKGROUND, THIS VEHICLE PURCHASE FEBRUARY 26, 1975,

IN SACRAMENTO ONE DAY AFTER THE ROBBERY OF THE GUILD SAVINGS

AND LOAN ASSOCIATION, WHICH INVOLVED THREE HEARNAP SUBJECTS,

20 MAR 26 1976 JAMES WILLIAM KILGORE, STEVEN SOLIAH, AND WILLIAM TAYLOR

HARRIS. THIS VEHICLE, AT THE TIME BEARING CALIFORNIA LICENSE

TOC 315, WAS SEEN BY WITNESSES AT THE SACRAMENTO GARAGE WHICH

HOUSED THE STOLEN 1968 POUTLAC FIREBIRD, WHICH WAS USED AS A

GETAWAY VEHICLE IN CAPTIONED ROBBERY. STATION WAGON'S RELATION-

SHIP TO THE GETAWAY VEHICLE CONSTITUTES IT AS BEING A CRITICAL

PIRCE OF EVIDENCE.

-15200-0 1 1105

170 APR 1 1976

Telephone Ru Director Socia

8 4 APR 1 3 1976

PAGE TWO, SC 91-7670

ON MARCH 5, 1976, EXTENSIVE INVESTIGATION CONDUCTED

BY SACRAPENTO AGENTS RESULTED IN LOCATION OF A GARAGE

LOCATED AT 1409 F STREET, SACRAMENTO, WHICH HOUSED A TAN

CHEVROLET STATION WAGON. IT WAS DETERMINED THAT THIS VEHICLE

HAD BEEN IN THE GARAGE AND NOT MOVED SINCE APRIL, 1975. SEARCH

WARRANT WAS OBTAINED AND VEHICLE REMOVED AND STORED IN LOCKED

FBI COMPOUND, SACRAMENTO.

BUREAU LATENT FINGERPRINT EXAMINERS PROCESSED STATION
WAGON FOR LATENT PRINTS AND HAVE IDENTIFIED SEVERAL LATENTS
AS BELONGING TO STEVEN SOLIAH AND JAMES KILGORE. IT IS
NOTED THAT SOLIAH, PRESENTLY ON TRIAL FOR CAPTIONED ROBBERY
IN SACRAMENTO AND KILGORE ALSO CONSIDERED AS SUBJECT IN
CAPTIONED MATTER, IS PRESENTLY A BUREAU FUGITIVE IN SAN
FRANCISCO BOMBING MATTER.

INVESTIGATION HAS DETERMINED THAT OWNER OF GARAGE
HAD RENTED SAME TO AN ART PETERSON ON MARCH 19, 1975, AND
HAS NOT SEEN PETERSON SINCE THAT TIME. GARAGE OWNER HAS

PAGE THREE, SC 91-7670

RECEIVED MONEY ORDERS FOR \$15 ON A MONTHLY BASIS SINCE THAT TIME AND AS A RESULT THE RENT HAS BEEN KEPT CURRENT. ON INSTANT NATE, CONTACT MADE WITH GARAGE OWNER AND IT WAS DETERMINED THAT HE HAD RECEIVED THE MARCH PAYMENT IN TODAY MAIL FROM PETERSON. GARAGE OWNER PROVIDED ENVELOPE AND MONEY ORDER TO BUREAU AGENTS TO BE USED AS EVIDENCE AND BEING FORWARDED TO BUREAU LATENT FINGERPRINT SECTION, VIA SEPARATE COMMUNICATION.

ENVERE USED IN MAILING MONEY ORDER DESCRIBED AS A
LEGAL SIZE ENVELOPE, ADDRESSED TO VIC TAVALARO, 1469 F STREET,
SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA, POSTMARKED MARCH 17 P.M., 1976,
BERVELEY, CALIFORNIA. IN UPPER LEFTHAND CORNER OF ENVELOPE,
BUSINESS STAMP OF BANK OF AMERICA, BOX 5018, BERKELEY,
CALIFORNIA 94705, IS BLOTTED OUT WITH INK AND THE WORD
RENT WRITTEN BENEATH. THE ENCLOSED MONEY ORDER IS DESCRIBED
AS A BANK OF AMERICA NATIONAL TRUST AND SAVINGS ASSOCIATION,
BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA MONEY ORDER NUMBER 0553 04253 DATED
553 MARCH 17, 1946, MADE OUT TO VIC TAVALARO IN THE SUM OF

PAGE FOUR, SC 91-76 ST5. ON THE PURCHASER LINE IS PRINTED

\$15. ON THE PURCHASER LINE IS PRINTED THE NAME PETERSON.

LOCATED AT THE BOTTOM OF THE CHECK ARE THE FOLLOWING

COMPUTER NUMBERS: @@4253 1218-8935 85538-85888.

SAN FRANCISCO, AT BANK OF AMERICA, BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA.

CONDUCT INVESTIGATION IN EFFORTS TO DETERMINE IDENTITY OF

ART PETERSON AND/OR PURCHASER OF MONEY ORDER, NOTING THIS

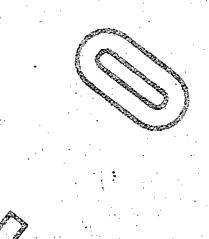
INDIVIDUAL HAS KEPT UP PAYMENTS ON THE RENTAL GARAGE SINCE

CAPTIONED BANK ROBBERY AND ALSO NOTE THIS INDIVIDUAL MAY BE

JAMES KILGORE.

ARMED & DANGEROUS.

EMD.



(Tornot

F1-50 (Nev. 5-22-64)	
	F B !
	Date: 3/17/76
Transmit the following in	
Vin	(Type in plaintext or code) AIRMAIL
	(Priority)
TO: DIRECT	TOR, FBI (ATTN.: GID, INTD, AND FBI LABORATORY)
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	RE: KATHLEEN ANN SOLIAH, JOSEPHINE SOLIAH,
.=	BONNIE J. WILDER, JAMES KILGORE
	SF teletype, 3/16/76.
Z captioned ab	losed for Bureau are six copies of LHM sub-
KGO-TV, San communique w	Francisco, 3/16/76, and one copy for LA. The was made available to SA
	KGO.
🧃 🤼 😘 Signatures o	FBI Laboratory is requested to compare the on page 3 of the communique with the signatures
available in	Hividuals that have been previously made that have been previously made that have been previously made
requested the communique b	lat the printing on the first page of the becompared with known printing exemplars
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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

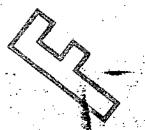
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Francisco, California March 16, 1976

RE: KATHLEEN ANN SOLIAH; JOSEPHINE SOLIAH; BONNIE J. WILDER; JAMES KILGORE

On March 16, 1976, KGO TV, San Francisco, California made available a xerox copy of a four-page communique hereinafter set forth. KGO advised that this communique had originally been received by KPFA, Berkeley, California, the same date.



7-15200 7656

ENCLUSURE

"Those to call us terrorists wish to prevent world public opinion from discovering the truth about us and from seeing the justice on our faces. They seek to hide the terrorism and tyranny of their acts and our own posture of self-defense. Yasser Arafat communique from four political fugitives

Let me tell you about the very rich. They are different from you and me. They possess and enjoy early, and it does something to them, makes them soft where we are hard, and equical where we are trustful, in a way that, unless you were born rich, it is difficult to understand. They think, deep in their hearts, that they are better than we are because we had to discover the compensations and refuges of life for ouselves. Even when they entered deep into our world or sink below us, they still think that they are better than we are. They are different.

F. Scott Fitzgerald

We are the four people Patricia Hearst claims are out to kill her. This is an outrage and a calculated political insult. We are not gun-toting militarists who are motivated by carrying out personal vendettas. We are serious political people with much important work confronting us as we try to help build the revolutionary movement in this country.

We are greatly saddened and angered that our one-time sister, Patricia Hearst, has not shown the political integrity nor personal strength to stand up to the reactionary forces of her family and the U.S. government. Still, it is not our individual wrath she has to fear. The most frightful task she has to face is living with herself for the rest of her life knowing she has violated every principle in which she believed and betrayed every person who she once held dear.

We never knew this woman who now calls herself "Patricia Hearst". The woman we knew went by the code name "Pearl" and was a dear friend and political comrade. We never met her before May 17th, 1974 (the date of the SLA massacre) but whenever she spoke of the 6 slaughtered Symbionese Liberation Army members, it was always with love, respect, and pride. The idea that any of them ever tortured or sexually assoulted her is completely absurd. White with such a limited arount of revolutionary practice, Patricia could never have become the great leader the media made her out to be, she

people to over him when U.S. ruling class. She was diligntly to improve he understanding of revolutionary ory, she made every effort to better herself personally so she could develop into a strong, self-rellant woman. She did those things because she believed it was absolutely the best way she could live her life. She was never forced or coerced to remain an underground revolutionary

THE POLITICS OF THE IRIAL OF PATRICIA HEARST

the trial of one ruling class woman has been made into a huge media forum for counter-revolutionary propaganda. It represents a multifaceted reactionary offersive by the combined political forces of the U.S. government and the Hearst Empire:

- It is an attack on revolutionary feminism. By repeatedly alleging to the notion that it was some form of "feminist" consciousness which enabled Patricia Hearst to reject her beliefs and actions will an SLA member, F. Lee Bailey and company are implying that collectration with the government is some basic component of feminist identicy. Feminists throughout the country have rejected co-speration with the government in the strongest of terms. Many have gone to jail rather than give up the smallest right of information about their sisters and brothers.
- encouraging Patricia to finger everyone she encountered while underground, the Hearst defense team is helping the government set up many people for long prison terms on a variety of trumped up charges.

 A prime example is Steve Soliah who faces possible life imprisonment for a bank robbery he never committed. The message of Steve's case is clear anyone who deres to assist people sought by the feds for political crimes, may themselves face many long years in some barred hellhole.
- It is an attack on all of us who dare to resist the tyranny of the people that rule this country. Every false account of sexual abuse, every inbricated tale of physical assault which Patricia Hearst utters is an attempt to stancer not just the SLA and their associates, but all revolutionaries in the U.S. The people running this judicial media curves want all of us to look perverted and foolish. We one should believe that because they have differences of revolutionary ideology with the SLA, that their ideas of revolution are being legitimized by the events of the Patricia Hearst trial. He matter how little credibility Patricia Hearst may have, the arount of coverage her bizarre lies have been given have had a subtle effect of undermining the validity of all revolutionaries in many people's eyes.

We are presently be treely tossed about as part of this media spectacle--one was is seen at San Simeon right to be a bomb go bise a bomb goes off, another of us is indicted for aftempting to blow up a police car (the indictment coincidentally coming only a few days before. her brother's trial starts). We are tired of this publicity game. But we are not demoralized. We are not ashamed. We are proud to be among those fighting against the U.S. empire. We are proud to have uncompromisingly supported people who have taken up arms against the enema. We will continue the struggle no matter what the personal consequence may be.

"Let the jackals bray while they still may for the wi of time are fashioning a sound and a song that must finally and inexorably drown out their ugly voices!"

Ethel Rosenbera

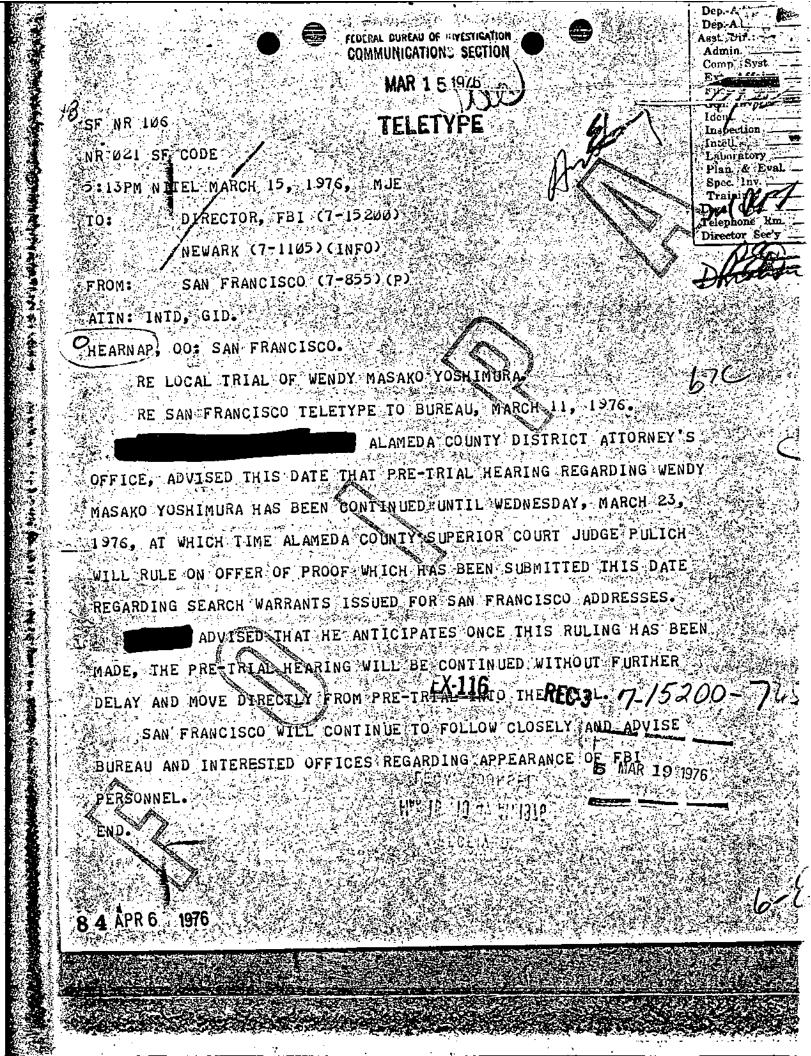
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VENCEREMOS

Kataleen Ann Sol Josephin Soline Bonnie J. Wilder Jim Kilgore

We send special greetings of love, friendship and political solidarity to Bill and Emily Harris, Steve Soliah, Wendy Yoshimura and all our friends and family who have been harrassed, imprisoned on driven underground as a result of the FBI dragnet in this case.

FREE ALL POLITICAL PRISONERS!!



MESSAGE RELAY

Immediate Date 3/17/76	
Transmit in Gode Via Teletype the Attached Vigent Message	
From: Director GBI	
To SACe San Francisco To: Legats	
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To Prince Dunity (57 ml. p	
To: RUEADWW/ The President The Vice President White House Situation Room Attn:	
RUEBWJA/ Attorney General Deputy Attorney General	
Attn: An alveis and Evaluation Unit	
RUEBWJA/ Assistant Attorney General, Civil Rights Division	
RUEBWJA/ Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division	
Attn: Internal Security Section Attn: General Crimes Section RUEABND/ Drug Enforcement Administration RUEANAT/ National Aeronautics & Space Administration	
RUEABND/ Drug Enforcement Administration RUEANAT/ National Aeronautics & Space Administration RUEBWJA/ Mational Security Agency	: C
RUEBWJA/ U. S. Marshal's Service (DIRNSA/NSOC (Attn: SOO))	
RUEBDUA/ Department of the Air Force (AFOSI) RUEBARE/ Naval Investigative Service	
RUEAUSA/ U. S. Postal Service (if Classified)	
RUEALIA/ Director, CIA	
RUEBJGA/ Commandant, U. S. Coast Guard	
RUEKJCS/ Director, Defense Intelligence Agency	
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COMMUNICATIONS SECTION	
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Subject (Text begins next page): WILLIAM TELLER HARRIS.	
EMILY MONTAGUE HARRIS; PATRICIA CAMPBELL HEARST	
VVICTIM, KIDNAPING; BANK ROBBERY.	A
Legal Coun.	
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ON 3/17/76 FBI LONACH ABVISED THAT:

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AND LOSAL ANTACKE'S SECTO

ANTOICAN FERRASY, LONDON, SHELAND, WILHER FR

THE TELEVISION COMPANY, MADE THE FILM AVAILABLE AND WAS PRESENT DURING THE SHOWING.

THE PROGRAM IS A DOCUMENTARY IN THREE PARTS, PRESENTING THE PRODUCER'S PERSONAL VIEW OF JAPAN. THE FILM IS IN COLOR AND WAS MADE IN JAPAN IN OCTOBER 1973: THERE IS ONLY ONE SEQUENCE IN THE FILM WHERE NONORIENTALS APPEAR AND THIS OCCURS AT THE SOKKAGAKI COMMENTATION IN JAPAN. THE SOKKAGAKI IS A BUDDHIST RIGHT-WING SECT AND THE COMMENTATION INDICATED THAT OVER THREE THOUSAND FOREIGNERS WERE IN ATTENDANCE AT THE CONVENTION.

THE THREE FBI PERSONNEL AND MR. SUMNER SAW NO RESEMBLANCE WHATSOEVER TO ANYONE IN THE FILM WITH PATRICIA CAMPPELL HEARST.

ACCORDING TO MR. SUMNER, THE PRODUCER OF THE FILM INDICATED THAT FEMALES FROM THE WEST COAST OF THE UNITED STATES WERE IN ATTEMPANCE AT THE SOKKAGAKI CONVENTION, AND IN THE FILM WERE

PASE THUS

CHRUSSIAN FAMALES THISSED IN THE UNIFORMS, WILDING A

AVAILATED THAT HIS CONCERN MOULD NOT MAKE THE FILM AVAILATED UNLESS THEY WERE REQUIRED TO DO SO BY A COURT ORDER.

TELEPHONE CALL FROM ONE A DENTISE IN AUSTRALIA.

SAW THE FILM IN BLACK AND WHITE, AND INDICATED TO MR. SUMNER
THAT PATRICIA HEARST APPEARED THEREIN. MR. SUMNER STATED SINCE THAT
DATE HE HAS RECEIVED A NUMBER OF CALLS FROM REGARDING
THIS MATTER. HE CONSIDERS TO DE "RATHER ECCENTRIC."

MR. SUMMER RELATED THAT UNITED STATES ATTORNEY JAMES L.

PROUNING OF SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA, CONTACTED JOHN FARLEY, THE

EXECUTIVE PRODUCER, ENDEAVORING TO OBTAIN A COPY OF THIS FILM. MR.

BROWNING WAS ADVISED THAT THE FILM WOULD ONLY BE MADE AVAILABLE IF

THE COMPANY WAS ORDERED TO DO SO BY A COURT.

ADMINISTRATIVE:

REBUTEL 3/16/76.

IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT THE ABOVE INFORMATION BE DISSEMINATED

ZATIORNEY JAMES AL BROWN NO SAL FRANCISCO

SAN FARNEISED ADVISE USA BROWNING

3/19/76

1 - Intelligence

Div.

SAC, San Francisco (7-855)

(7-15200) From: Director, FBI

1 - Mr. Fehl 1 - Mr. Mintz EMILY CHARRIS; WILLIAM HARRIS, PLAINTIFFS, V. CHARLES W. BATES, INDIVIDUALLY AND OFFICIALLY, 2 - Mr. Blunt SAC, FBI. SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA, et al. SAC, FBI, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA, et al. (U.S.D.C., C.D. CALIFORNIA)

CIVIL ACTION NO. CV 76 0034 ALS

A review of Bureau Special Indices indicates that a Bill Harris who may be identical with William Harris, the plaintiff in captioned civil action, was overheard on San Francisco TESUR SF 3215-Rt on 3/6/69.

San Francisco is requested to review its records to determine whether the Bill Harris overheard on the above telephone surveillance is identical with the plaintiff in this civil action, and to advise if and on what dates any additional overhears of the plaintiff took place. The requested information should be furnished to FBI Headquarters, Legal Counsel Division. Attention:

Captioned plaintiffs have alleged that they are entitled to injunctive relief and damages from the named Federal and state defendants based on what the plaintiffs contend was a conspiracy to leak source information and "innuendo" to the media concerning criminal activities said to have been engaged in by the plaintiffs and other Symbionese Liberation Army (SLA) members. Additionally, the plaintiffs allege that they were the subjects of illegal electronic surveillances. Review of Bureau Special Indices reveals that a Bill Harris, not otherwise identified, was overheard on a San Francisco wiretap on -15200-3/6/69.

Assoc Dir.

Dep. AD Adm.

Dep. AD Inv.

Dep. AD Inv.

Dep. AD Inv.

Asst. Dir.

Asst. Dir.

Comp. Syst.

Laboratory.

Plan. & Eval.

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Specially.

Asst. Dir.

Training. Dep. AD Asst. Dir.: 🕔 Est. Affaire

FILE DESCRIPTION BUREAU FILE

SUBJECT Hearnap

FILE NO. 7-15200

SECTION NO. 135

SERIALS 7660

to

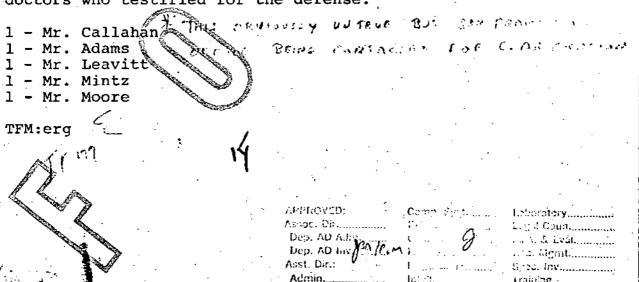
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This concerns the ongoing trial of Patricia campbell Hearst in San Francisco, California, on 3/16/76.

Attached advises that Seymour Wayne, private investigator, testified for the defense that he had been employed by Lenny Bruce (hoodlum) in 1963 and that while in Bruce's home he observed cartons of methadrine, hypodermic needles, and medicine bottles with Doctor Fort's (expert prosecution witness) name on label as prescribing physician. Richard J. Essen (Mihmi attorney) testified that he had defended Lenny Bruce in Florida and California and that Bruce had told him he had obtained prescriptions for drugs from Doctor Fort. Doctor James Malcolm Stuppelbine testified that he had fired Doctor Fort for several irregularities in his management of a department of health clinic and Doctor Fort was untrustworthy and not to be believed.

Patricia Tobin (school associate of Hearst) testified that she did not know Hearst to have any radical views prior to her kidnaping. She indicated that Doctor Kozol's (phychiatrist who testified for prosecution) testimony that Hearst was a rebel looking for a cause was "totally false." Tobin indicated that the tape of her conversation with Hearst in jail had been edited and that the FBI had been the ones who edited the tape. *

Randolph A. Hearst (father of Patricia Hearst) testified that the prosecution doctors were incorrect in describing an acrimonious relationship between the parents and Patricia Hearst. He described her as bright, strong-willed, and "fun to be with." He testified that Fort had urged him to inform himself on plea bargaining and possibly bring attorneys Bailey and Browning together to negotiate some arrangement to avoid a public trial. J. Albert Johnson (defense attorney) testified that on several occasions Doctor Fort had told him that he was not sure of his final opinion regarding Hearst. Johnson indicated that during Hearst's first interview with Doctor Kozol, she left the room on three occasions sobbing heavily and trembling. Johnson testified concerning fees and travel expenses paid to the doctors who testified for the defense.



MORAL CUREAU OF HIVESTICATION COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

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10:17PM URBERT 3/16/76 RRH

TELETYPE

AľÚ:

DIRECTOR, FBI (7-15200)

LOS ANGELES

FROM:

SAN FRANCISCO (7-655) (P)

ATTH GID, INTD.

REARNAP.

RE TRIAL OF PATRICIA HEARST, MARCH 16, 1976.

TESTIMONY BY MARGARET SINGER, A LETTER BY THE AMERICAN

ACADEMIC ASSOCIATION INDICATING IT HAD DRUPRED DOCTOR FORT

FROM MEMBERSHIP FOR REASON OF HIS FAILURE TO PAY DUES AND

THE COPY OF A JUDGMENT IN A SUIT INVOLVING THE UNITED NATIONS

INVOLVING DOCTOR FORT. CHATER DID NOT RULE THE ADMISSIBILITY

OF THESE TIEMS AT THE TIME BUT INDICATED THAT HE WOULD STUDY

THEM FURTHER. CARTER HAS PREVIOUSBY RULED ADMISSIBLE DOCTOR

SINGER'S TESTIMONY.

SEYMOUR WAYNE, A PROVATE INVESTIGATOR, TESTIFIED FOR BAILEY THAT HE HAD BEEN EMPLOYED BY LENNY BRUCE IN 1963 TO 1976 INVESTIGATE JURORS REGARDING A CRIMINAL MATTER WHICH HAD RESULTED IN FORT'S CONVECTION ON NARCOTICS CHARGES. WHILE IN BRUCE'S HOME WAYNE OBSERVED CARTONS OF METHADRINE,

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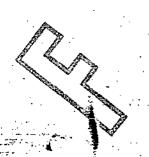
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HYPODELMIC MEEDLES, AND MEDICINE BOTTLES WITH DUCTOR FORT'S NAME ON THE LABEL AS A PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN. WAYNE TESTIFIED OVER HEARSAY OBJECTION THAT BRUCE HAD CALLED DUCTOR FORT IN HIS PRESENCE AND, WHILE THE PHONE WAS RINGING, CUFFED HIS RAND OVER THE RECEIVER AND TURNED TO WAYNE SAYING, "THIS GUY'S A REAL DALL BUSTER. HE REALLY KNOWS HOW TO FUCK UP PSYCHIATRIC TESTIMONY IN CASES".

JAYNE TESTIFIED (CONTRARY TO EARLIER TESTIMONY BY FORT THAT HE HAD NEVER BEEN TO LENNY BRUCE'S HOME) THAT HE MET FORT IN BRUCE'S HOUSE. FORT WAS LEAVING. LENNY BRUCE INTRODUCED THEM. THEY HAD A SHORT CONVERSATION WHEREIN DOCTOR FORT INDICATED THAT HE THOUGHT COURT PSYCHIATRISTS WERE "POMPOUS ASSES".

ON CROSS EXAMINATION WAYNE INDICATED HE HAD SEEN DUCTOR MOTTENBERG'S NAME ON THE BABBLES OF SOME OF THE BOTTLES.

RICHARD J. ESSEN, ATTORNEY, WHO RESIDES IN MIAMI,
TESTIFIED THAT HE HAD WORKED WITH LENNY BRUCE IN DEFENSE OF
CRIMINAL CHARGES IN FLORIDA AND CALIFORNIA. HE TESTIFIED
THAT LENNY BRUCE HAD TODO HIM THAT HE HAD OBTAINED PRESCRIPTIONS



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** SF 7-555

FUR DRUGS FROM DUCTUR FORT.

ELOOD ON AIRBURS AND WALLS AND SAW NUMEROUS USED HYPODERMIC NEEDLES. LENNY BRUCE SAID HE HAD HAD QUITE A PARTY THE PREVIOUS EVENING. ESSEN TESTIFIED THAT LENNY BRUCE WAS NAMED IN BED WITH A FEMALE AT THE TIME OF THIS CONVERSATION. BRUCE THEN LEFT THE BED AND HELD A NUMBER OF PAPERS UP TO ESSEN SAYING THAT AS LONG AS HE WAS ABLE TO GET THESE PRESCRIPTIONS FROM JOEL FORT HE WOULD HAVE DRUGS AVAILABLE.

UN CHOSS EXAMINATION ESSEN ACKNOWLEDGED THAT ALL HE KNEW ABOUT FURT'S ALLEGEDLY HAVING PRESCRIBED DRUGS FOR LENNY BRUCE WAS WHAT LENNY BRUCE TOLD HIM. ESSEN ACKNOWLEDGED THAT IT WAS POSSIBLE THAT LENNY BRUCE HAD LIED TO HIM.

DOCTOR JAMES MALCOLM STUPPELBINE TESTIFIED THAT HE HAD FIRED DOCTOR FORT FOR SEVERAL TRREGULARITIES IN HIS MANAGEMENT OF A DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH CLINIC AND FOR OTHER ACTIVITIES. HE TESTIFIED REGARDING DOCTOR FORT'S REPUTATION FOR TRUST AND VERACITY AND DOCTOR FORT WAS UNTRUSTWORTHY AND NOT TO BE BELIEVED.



3F 7-325

PATRICIA TOBIN TESTIFIED THAT SHE WAS A LONG TIME FRIEND OF PATRICIA HEARST, DID NOT KNOW HER TO HAVE, PRIOR TO HER KIDNAPPING, ANY POLITICAL VIEWS, ANY FEMINIST VIEWS, OR MAY RADICAL VIEWS. REGARDING THE TAPE RECORDING MADE OF HER VIST TO PATRICIA HEARST AT THE JAIL TOBIN TESTIFIED THAT HEARST'S SPEECH SEEMED SLOW AND DELAYED. SHE SEEMED WITHOUT VITALITY AND DISORIENTED AND SOME OF HER ANSWERS WERE NON-RESPONSIVE. ON DIRECT EXAMINATION SHE INDICATED THAT SHE NEVER HEARD MISS HEARST MAKE ANY COMMENT ABOUT USING A REVOLUTIONARY FEMINIST STATEMENT. SHE INDICATED THAT DOCTOR KOZOL'S TESTIMONY THAT HEARST WAS A REBEL LOOKING FOR A CAUSE WAS "TOTALLY FALSE".

ON CROSS EXAMINATION REGARDING HEARST'S STATEMENT AND THE TRANSCRIPT THAT SHE DIDN'T "WANT TO HAVE THE BAIL THING WHERE I'M A PRISONER IN MY OWN HOME", HEARST SUBSEQUENTLY STATED AS WAS NOT REFLECTED IN THE TAPE THAT "MY PARENTS DON'T EITHER". TOBIN INDICATED THAT THE TAPE OF HER CONVERSATION WITH MISS HEARST IN JAIL HAD BEEN EDITED.

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WHEN BROWNING ASKED HER ON CROSS EXAMINATION WHY SHE DIDN'T POINT THIS FACT OUT TO THE FBI SHE ALLEGED THAT "IT SEEMED OBVIOUS" THAT THE FBI HAD BEEN THE ONES WHO EDITED THE TAPE.

CARMEN R. LEVY, ATTORNEY, TESTIFIED HE HAD BEEN CO-COUNSEL WITH MR. ASHMAN DURING THE CRIMINAL PROSECUTION OF LENNY BRUCE ON NARCOTICS CHARGES IN 1963. HE TESTIFIED THAT PRIOR TO A HEARING REGARDING LENNY BRUCE HE HAD DISCUSSED WITH DOCTOR FORT HIS TESTIMONY IN THAT CASE AFTER WHICH DOCTOR FORT, AT SOME LENGTH, INDICATED WHAT QUESTIONS AND CROSS EXAMINATION PROCEDURES LEVY SHOULD USE IN EXAMINING PROSECUTION PSYCHIATRY.

LEVY TESTIFIED THAT HE SAW IN BRUCE'S HOME MEDICINE
BOTTLES WITH THE NAMES ROTTENBERG AND FORT ON THE LABELS AS
PRESCRIBING PHYSICIANS. IN MIAMI HE SAW SUCH BOTTLES CONTAINING
MEDICATION WITH DOCTOR JOEL FORT'S NAME ON THE LABEL. LEVY
WAS REFERRED BY BAILEY TO THE TRANSCRIPTS OF THIS CASE
WHEREIN FORT INDICATED THAT HE HAD NEVER PRESCRIBED MEDICINE
FOR LENNY BRUCE.

DUCTUR A. MICROLAS GROTH, EMPLOYED BY THE COMMONWEALTH

MASSACHUSETTS
OF MASSACHUSETTES IN THE DIVISION OF LEGAL MEDICINE TESTIFIED
THAT IN LATE SEPTEMBER HE HAD OBSERVED IN AN OFFICE NEAR
DOCTOR KEZOL'S A PHOTOGRAPH OF CATHERINE HEARST IN A NEWSPAPER.
KOZOL IN CONVERSATION WITH GROTH A WHILE LATER SAID THAT
"THE HEARSTS ARE VENAL AND DISGUSTING PEOPLE", "MRS. HEARST
IS A WHORE", "WHAT IS SHE TRYING TO DO, LOUK LIKE ZSA-ZSA
GABORE? AT LEAST ZSA-ZSA GABORE MAKES NO PRETENSIONS ABOUT
HER INTEREST IN MONEY".

DUCTOR KOZOL HAD PREVIOUSLY EMPHANICALLY DENIED ON THE STAND MAKING ANY SUCH STATEMENTS. GROTH TESTIFIED THAT WHEN KOZOL FIRED HIM HE ASKED FOR A PAYROLL OF SICK LEAVE TO LOOK FOR A JOB AND DOCTOR FORT SAID THAT WOULD BE DISHONEST. GROTH TESTIFIED THIS AMUSED HIM BECAUSE AT THAT TIME THERE WAS AN EMPLOYEE OF THE INSTITUTION WHICH DOCTOR KOZOL DIRECTED WHO WAS ON VACATION IN ROME ON SICK LEAVE.

HE TESTIFIED WITHOUT OBSERVATION THAT HE HAD HEARD THAT KOZOL DOCTOR FORT HAD GOME TO SAN FRANCISCO ON SICK LEAVE.

GROTH TESTIFIED THAT HE HAD LOST NO PAY AS A RESULT OF HIS DISPUTE WITH DOCTOR KOZOL AND HAD CONTINUED HIS EMPLOYMENT



PAGE SEVEN

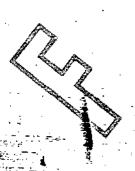
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BY THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTES IN ANOTHER FACALITY AT HIS REQUEST.

HE TESTIFIED THAT HE HAD DISAGREED WITH KOZOL'S METHOD OF EXAMINATION IN THAT HE IS SOMETIMES ACCUSATORY, DEMANDING; AND INTIMIDATING.

ON CRUSS EXAMINATION GROTH ACKNOWLEDGED THAT HE FEELS
THAT KOZOL TREATED HIM UNFAVORABLY REGARDING THE ATTEMPTED
SUSPENSION. HE DENIED THAT HE HAD EVER LIED ABOUT TRANSPORTING
A PATIENT. HE STATED THAT AT A HEARING REGARDING THE MATTER
HE ACKNOWLEDGED THAT HE HAD TRANSPORTED A FORMERLY COURT
COMMITTED PATIENT WHO HAD REPURNED TO THE CENTER ON A
VOLUNTARY ADMISSION BASIS AT GROTH'S REQUEST.

AANDOLPH A. HEARST TESTIFIED THAT HE HAD HEARD THE SLA COMMUNIQUES AND MADE EFFORTS TO SATISFY THE DEMANDS OF THE CAPTURS. HE STATED THAT PROSECUTION DOCTORS WERE INCORRECT IN DESCRIBING AN ACRIMONIOUS RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE PARENTS AND PARTICIA HEARST. HE DESCRIBED HER AS A BRIGHT, STRUNGWILLED PERSON, "FUN TO BE WITH".



PAGE EIGHT SF 7-630

HE TESTIFIED THAT FURT HAD URGED HIM TO INFORM HIMSELF ON PLEA BARGAINING AND PUSSIBLY BRING BAILEY AND BROWNING TOGETHER WITH PERHAPS A THIRD PARTY TO NEGOTIATE SOME ARRANGEMENT TO AVOID A PUBLIC TRIAL BECAUSE HE FELT A PUBLIC TRIAL TO BE BAD FOR PATRICIA AS SHE WAS DEPRESSED AND RUN DOWN.

HEARST TESTIFIED THAT HE HAD SAID TO FORT, "WOULD YOU RATHER I NOT TELL BAILEY AND JOHNSON" ABOUT FORT'S SUGGESTION.
FORT INDICATED TO HEARST THAT HE WOULD RATHER HEARST NOT SO
ADVISE THEM.

ON CROSS EXAMINATION HEARST STATED THAT HE HAD NEVER SPOKEN WITH JAMES L. BROWNING, JR., AND HAD NEVER BEEN IN THE SAME ROOM WITH HIM OTHER THAN THE COURTROOM. HEARST ACKNOULEDGED THAT FORT HAD NOT GEVEN HIM THE IMPRESSION THAT BROWNING HAD SENT FORT OUT THERE. DOCTOR FORT DID NOT SUGGEST TO HEARST THAT BROWNING WANTED TO BE A FEDERAL JUDGE.

J. ALBERT JOHNSON TESTIFIED THAT HE DID NOT GET ANY
DETAILED STORY FROM THE DEFENDANT REGARDING HER ACTIVITIES PRIOR
TO THE TIME SHE WAS EXAMINED BY COURT APPOINTED PSYCHIATRIST.



SF 7-633

JOHNSON TESTIFIED THAT ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS FORT HAD TOLD
HIM THAT HE WAS NOT SURE AS TO WHAT HIS FINAL OPINION WOULD
BE REGARDING HEARST. ON ONE OCCASION HE INDICATED HE HAD
"GRAVE DUBTS" THAT HE COULD TESTIFY FOR THE PROSECUTION.
JOHNSON ON THAT OCCASION EXPLAINED TO FORT THAT THE COURT HAD
RESTRICTED EACH SIDE TO THREE EXAMINING PSYCHIATRISTS AND THE
DEFENSE PSYCHIATRISTS HAD ALREADY BEEN SELECTED. JOHNSON
TESTIFIED THAT FORT HAD SAID TO HIM, "I SINGERELY BELIEVE
HER WHEN SHE STATES SHE IS AFRAID OF THE HARRISES EVEN NOW".
JOHNSON TESTIFIED THAT FORT HAD SAID TO HEM THAT PATRICIA
HEARST HAD BEEN COMPLETELY CANDID DURING HER INTERVIEWS WITH HIM.

HE INDICATED THAT DURING HEARST'S FIRST INTERVIEW WITH DOCTOR KOZOL SHE LEFT THE ROSM ON THREE OCCASIONS SUBBING HEAVILY AND TREMBLING. JOHNSON FOLD KOZOL THAT HE FELT HIS METHODS WERE DEPLORABLE AND KOZOL SAID TO JOHNSON THAT HE WOULD BE THE BEST JUDGE OF WHETHER THE EXAMINATION COULD CONTINUE AND THAT THE EXAMINATION WOULD IN FACT CONTINUE BECAUSE HE HAD APOURT URDER SO DIRECTING.

PAGE TEN

HE TESTIFIED THAT KOZOL HAD REFUSED TO HAVE A TAPE RECORDER IN THE EXAMINATION ROOM DESPITE JOHNSON'S SUGGESTION THAT THIE WOULD ALLEVIATE ANY PROBLEMS OF CREDIBILITY OR MISSTATEMENTS AS TO WHAT HAD BOOKRED DURING THE INTERVIEW ON CROSS EXAMINATION JOHNSON ACKNOWLEDGED THAT HE HAD ADVISED PATRICIA HEARST THAT DUCTOR KOZUL WAS RETAINED BY AN ADVERSE HE ACKNOWLEDGED THAT HE HAD NEVER COMPLAINED TO PARTY. BROWNING REGARDING FORT'S APPROACH TO THE ARSTS ON THE ISSUE OF AN OUT-OF-COURT SETTLEMENT OF THE CASE. HE INDICATED THAT HE HAD POINTED OUT HIS OBJECTIONS TO DOCTOR FORT BUT DENIED THAT HE HAD EVER SAID TO FORT THAT THERE WAS ONLY ONE PROBLEM WITH FORT'S ACTION AND THAT WAS THAT HE DIDN'T WANT THE DEFENDANT TO KNOW THERE WERE OTHER ATTORNEYS INVOLVED IN THE CASE. HE DENIED HAVING SAID TO SANCROFT THAT "THE REASON I'M SPENDING SO MUCH TIME WITH DOCTOR FORT IS THAT I'm TAYING TO SWING HIM".

HE TESTIFIED THAT DUCTOR WEST WAS RECEIVING NOTHING FROM THE DEFENSE DINER THAN EXPENSES AND DUCTOR WEST HAD

PAGE ELEVEN

SF 7-655

IN FACT ACCEIVED TRAVEL EXPENSES IN THE CASE. JOHNSON ABSOLUTESTIFIED THAT WEST HAD RECEIVED CERTAIN GOVERNMENT.

CONSULTATION FEES WHICH HE WAS ENTITLED TO RECEIVE FROM THE COURT.

REGARDING DUCTUR URNE, JOHNSON WAS AWARE THAT AN AGREEMENT HAD BEEN MADE TO PAY FOR DUCTUR ORNE'S TRAVEL EXPENSES AND TO PAY HIM SUCH FEES AS WERE NURMAL AND USUAL FUR TESTIFYING PSYCHIATRISTS IN SUCH CASES.

END.

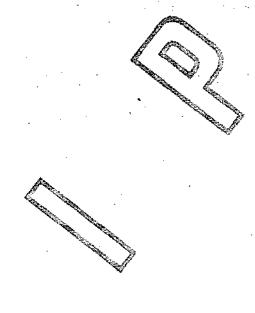
TENERAL BURLAU OF IN-COMMUNICATIONS SECTION Assoc. Dir. Dep.-A.L.-Ac. SF ## 537 Dep. A.D. In FFR 25 1976) Assa Dir. NR 654 SF CODE NITEL FEBRUARY 24, 1976, DIRECTOR, FBI (7-15200) Inteli. FROM SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (7-855) Plan & Spec. Iná Edhail da Training Legai Copp EXPERT TESTIMONY FOR GOVERNMENT REBUTTAL CASE. Telephone Rm. Director Seety USA JAMES BROWNING INDICATED FEBRUARY 24, 1976 THAT THE FULLOWING EXPERTS WOULD BE NEEDED TO TESTIFY IN THE GOVERNMENT'S REBUTTAL CASE REGARDING THE MATTERS INDICATED. BOB GILLAM, DOCUMENT ANALYSIS SECTION, FOR LABORATORY, REGARDING HANDWAITING ON THE FOLLOWING ITEMS: Q2096, A LIST OF NAMES AND ADDRESSES, Q2126, WRITING ON A NEWSPAPER CLIPPING, 92126, HANDWRITTING ON THE BACK OF A TYPEWRITTEN PAGE, 34007, CASING REPORT ON BANK OF AMERICA, SACRAMENTO, Jacton, Motebook with list of Books And Shopping Items,)22066, LIST OF GOVERNMENT AGENCIES, Q2192AND Q2194, MONEY ORDERS, Q2165, A-YELLOW SPIRAL NOTEBOOK, Q2096, MAP AND RESTAURANT DIAGRAM, 02165, DOCUMENT RE SEXISM IN SLA. 34165, A SHEET OF PAPER FROM A TABLET WITH NOTATIONS ECSTICS AND 1815. REGARDING THE BOLIVIAN CONSULATE "GENERAL SELL INFO", Q2124, A FOLDER RE "FUTURE ACTIONS CRYPTOGRAPHIC SPECIALIST RONALD FURGERSON, WHO 4 APR 1 3 1976

PAGE TO SF 7

€ುರ್ಯ A CARD, ಇವರುತ್ತೆ, WAICH WAS FOUND IN HEARST'S WALLET.

THE FINGERPRINT EXPERTS WHO IDENTIFIED HEARST'S PRINTS

DROWNING REQUESTED THE PRESENCE OF THESE PERSONS FOR A CONFERENCE ON SUNDAY AFTERNOON, FEBRUARY 29, 1976.



Copy male for Odentification Div.

NAS BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION 1-336 (Rev. 7-46-73) Washington, D. C. 20537 REPORT IDENTIFICATION DIVISION LATENT FINGERPRINT SECTION YOUR FILE NO. 7-855 FBI FILE NO. 7-15200 LATENT CASE NO. A-84715 TO: SAC, Sen Francisco REFERENCE: EXAMINATION REQUESTED BY COST POR 1 LFPE 3/9/76 San Frencisco SPECIMENS: Fingerprints and palm prints of Michael Alexander Bortin, Fal #710110G -15200 All latent prints previously reported and remaining unidentified in captionecase not identicalfingerprints or palm prints of Bortin. **5** MAR 10 1976 Specimens enclosed. MAILED 14 sac. Dir. Dep. AD Adm. MAR 1 6 1976 Dep. AD In-FB1 Enc. (5) 1 - Los Angoles (7-1627) - Sacramento (91-7670) = (1 - 7-203)SA Elroy Anthony, Rm 5048 JEH DFM:vls, Plan. & Eva Clarence M. Kelley, Director Spec. Inv. THE REPORT IS FURNISHED FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION LATENT FINGERPRINT SECTION WORK SHEET

Recorded:

3/11/76 8:11 a.m. ji Reference No: 7-855

Received:

3/9/76

FBI File No: 7-15200

Latent Case No: A-84715

SAC, San Francisco

Examination requested by:

Addressee

Copy to: 2-SAC, Sacramento (91-7670) (7-203) 1-5AC, LOS AUGILES (7-1627)

RE:

HEARNAP

Date of reference communication: Specimens received LFPS 3/9/76 Fingerprints and palm prints submitted for:

MICHAEL ALEXANDER BORTIN, FBI# 710 110 G

Result of examination:

Examination by McBride

Evidence noted by:

Service Se

LUCK ENVI NOT & TES BORTVILL

3:10-76 Al

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Examination completed 8 AM 3-12-76 Dictated 3-12-76

Time Date

3/16/6

Date



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

MAR 1 5 1970

TELETYPE

NR 004 SF CODE

3:20 PM URGENT 3/15/76 MCC

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (7-15200)

FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (7-855) (P)

ATTN: INTD. GID

HEARNAP, OO: SAN FRANCISCO

RE LOUK-ALIKE FOR PATRICIA CAMPBELL HEARST

USA JAMES L. BROWNING, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA, REQUESTED
BUREAU PERSONNEL REVIEW TV BROGRAM "JAPANESE EXPERIENCE" PART
111, ENTITLED "THE ABBOT OF HO KO KYO" FOR LOOK-ALIKE FOR
PATRICIA CAMPBELL HEARST. FILM AVAILABLE THROUGH MR. G. WORDTHOMAS, TELEPHONE 532-38283, YORKSHIRE T.V., LEEDS, ENGLAND.
FILM ALLEGEDLY DEPICTS WHITE FEMALE IDENTICAL TO PATRICIA HEARST
WILDLY WAVING ARMS IN SCENE IN WHICH CAMERA PANS LARGE GROUP OF
JAPANESE YOUTHS. SOURCE OF THE ABOVE CITING IS BBC VIEWER IN
AUSTRALIA. SOURCE HAS EXPENDED 116 GE RECORT OF PERSONAL MONEY
TO PURSUADE GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS TO TAKE THIS CITING SERIOUSLY.

B-15-76 Be 1971 1-1 APR 6°C 1976 Efterne again Assoc Dir.

Dep.-A.D.-Adm.

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5 MAR 19 1975



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	Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
	For your information:
Z	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 7-15200 - 7666

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GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION EARNAP

This concerns the ongoing trial of Patricia Campbell Hearst in San Francisco, California, on 3/10/76.

Attached San Francisco teletype advises of the continuing cross-examination of Doctor Joel Fort (physician, criminologist, and prosecution witness) by defense attorney F. Lee Bailey. Bailey asked Fort whether or not he knew that Mimi Swanton (Hearst school associate) had financial interest in Steven Weed's book (Steven Weed is previous fiance of Patty Hearst). Fort indicated that he did not know. Mimi Swanton had previously indicated to Fort that Hearst was "ammoral," willing to lie to get out of trouble, and not concerned with obeying laws she did not agree with.

Fort, in his study of 35 kidnaping cases, recalled case of a 14-year-old girl who had been kidnaped, horribly abused, and forced to commit felonies. Fort pointed out that this girl had attempted to escape on one occasion and had, on one occasion, hidden the gun of one of her captors. Fort testified that he had concluded that the SLA tapes made by Patricia Hearst "probably" represented her true feelings. Fort admitted that he had not sought the assistance of a speech analyst to confirm or deny authorship and that he had not called for school papers written by Hearst stating that he was not aware of any body of scientific experts who can claim to determine with scientific accuracy the authorship of papers based on strict scientific analysis.

Concerning Hearst changing her name to Tania, Fort testified that name changing generally signified (1) dissatisfaction with prior name and (2) allegiance or alliance with a group such as name changes which occur in converts to the Black Muslim Religion. Fort admitted his father had changed his Russian name "Freedman" to Fort upon immigration to this country.

Fort testified that he had never told Mr. and Mrs. Hearst that USA Browning wanted to be a Federal judge. USA Browning, on redirect examination, questioned Doctor Fort regarding period of residence at Herrick Hospital 20 years previous thus opening the door for recross-examination by Bailey. Bailey, on recross-examination, explored in detail the criticisms of Doctor Fort made by medical personnel at Herrick Hospital during his residency. After recross-examination of Doctor Fort, Doctor Harry Kozol was called to testify by the Government (Kozol is long-time director of a center for criminally dangerous sex offenders in Bridgewater, Massachusetts). Kozol listed his extensive qualifications and experience and listed materials he had examined regarding this case.

Court to reconvene 10:00 a.m., 3/11/76.

Mr. Callahan - Mr. Adams l Mr. Aeavitt

1 - Mr. Mintz

1 - Mr. Moore

TFM:era

K

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

MAR I I to a

SF NA 357

NR 024 SF CODE

11:39AM NITEL 3/10/76_RRH

TELETYPE

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI

DU

SAC, LOS ANGELES AA VIA FBIHQ--

FRUM:

SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (7-855)

ATTN:

INTO AND GID

HEARN AP)

RE: TRIAL OF PATRICIA HEARST, MARCH 13, 1976.

CONTINUING CROSS EXAMINATION OF DOCTOR JOEL FORT,
BAILEY ASKED FORT WHETHER OR NOT HE KNEW THAT MIMI SWANTON
HAD A FINANCIAL INTEREST IN WEED'S BOOK. FORT INDICATED
THAT HE HAD NOT KNOWN THAT AND STILL DID NOT KNOW THAT,
UNLESS BAILEY WAS TELLING HIM SO. FORT HAD PREVIOUSLY
INDICATED THAT MIMI SWANTON HAD CATEGORIZED MISS HEARST
AS "AMMORAL", WILLING TO LIE TO GET OUT OF TROUBLE, AND
NOT CONCERNED WITH OBEYING LAWS SHE DID NOT AGREE WITH.

BAILEY ASKED FORT ABOUT ANOTHER CONVERSATION IN

DUCTUR WEST'S NOTES WHICH WERE REFERRED TO BY DUCTOR

FORT WHERE SWARTON LAD INDICATED THAT SHE "USED TO BE

A SHOPLIFTER", AND HEARST REPLIED, "I WOULD NEVER STEAL".

FORT ACKNOWLEDGED THAT SUCH STATEMENT HAD BEEN REPORTED 23 MAR 16 1976



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Director Sec'y

IN WEST'S NOTES.

BAILEY QUESTIONED FORT REGARDING THE LIST OF BOOKS
HE HAD CONSULTED WHICH INCLUDED ALICE IN WONDERLAND.
FORT EXPLAINED THAT LEWIS CARROLL, THE AUTHOR OF ALICE
IN WONDERLAND, HAD BEEN A MATHEMATICIAN VERY MUCH INTERESTED
IN LOGIC AND THAT SOME OF HIS OBSERVATIONS ON LOGIC IN
THE BOOK ALICE IN WONDERLAND WERE THOUGHT TO BE APPROPRIATE
BY DOCTOR FORT IN EVALUATING SOME OF THE MATERIALS.

BAILEY REFERRED FORT TO HIS TESTIMONY IN THE TRIAL OF LESLIE VAN HOUTEN, ONE OF THE FEMALE MEMBERS OF THE MANSON FAMILY CHARGED WITH HOMICIDE IN LOS ANGELES. FORT ACKNOWLEDGED THAT HE HAD TESTIFIED THAT VAN HOUTEN'S MASSIVE USE OF MESCHALINE AND LSD, HER FORCED SEXUAL DEPRAVITY, AND HER ISULATION FROM HER FAMILY HAD CHANGED HER ATTITUDE TOWARD THE VALUE OF RUMAN LIFE AND SUCH PROCEDURE COULD BE REFERRED TO AS BRAINWASHING.

READING FROM THE TRANSCRIPT, BAILEY ASKED FORT IF
HE HAD TESTIFIED IN THAT TRIAL THAT INSTANCES EXISTED
WHERE SOMEONE HAD PROGRAMMED PEOPLE TO GO OUT AND COMMIT



PAGE THREE SF 7-855

ARMED ROBBERIES AND ASSAULTS. FORT, TESTIFYING WITHOUT ANY NOTES, RECALLED THE ANSWER THAT HE HAD GIVEN WHEN THAT QUESTION WAS POSED TO HIM DURING THE MANSON TRIAL, PROCEDURES WHEN THAT THE ARMY HAD USED SUCH PROGRAMMING PROCEEDURES WHEN PROPERTIES FOR WAR, THESE PROCEEDURES INCLUDING, "PEER GROUP PRESSURE". BAILEY THEN INSISTED THAT FORT READ HIS ANSWER FROM THE LOS ANGELES TRANSCRIPT, WHICH ANSWER WAS, AS FORT POINTED OUT AFTER READING IT, SUBSTANTIALLY AS HE HAD TESTIFIED IN THIS CASE.

REGARDING FORT'S STUDY OF 35 KIDNARPING CASES, BAILEY ASKED IF HE RECALLED THE CASE OF A 14 YEAR OLD GIRL WHO HAD BEEN KIDNAPPED AND HURRIBLY ABUSED AND FURCED BY HER CAPIDRS TO COMMIT SEVERAL FELONIES. FORT ACKNOWLEDGED HE RECALLED THE STUDY WHEREIN SUCH A PERSON WAS TAKEN ALONG BY HER CAPTORS IN THE COMMISSION OF TWO OR THREE BURGLARIES. BAILEY PRESSED ON ASKING IF SHE HAD BEEN GIVEN POSSESSION OF A LOADED WEAPON. FORT ACKNOWLEDGED THAT SHE HAD, BUT HAD A CAPTOR NEXT TO HER WHO ALSO HELD A WEAPON. FORT ALSO POINTED OUT THAT THIS GIRL HAD

PAGE FOUR SF 7-655

ATTEMPTED TO ESCAPE ON ONE OCCASION AND HAD ON ONE OCCASION HIDDEN THE GUN OF ONE OF HER CAPTORS.

TAPES MADE BY PATRICIA HEARST "PROBABLY" REPRESENTED HER TRUE FEELINGS. BAILEY ASKED IF FORT WAS AWARE THAT THE GOVERNMENT DID NOT OFFER THOSE TAPES IN THEIR CASE. FORT REPLIED NO, THAT HE WAS NOT AWARE AND HAD NOT BEEN PRESENT IN THE COURTROOM TO OBSERVE THE PRESENTATION OF THE GOVERNMENT'S CASE. (IN FACT, THE TAPES WERE NOT OFFERED BY THE GOVERNMENT IN ITS CASE ONLY BECAUSE DURING THE PROSECUTION CASE THE TAPES WERE OFFERED IN EVIDENCE BY THE DEFENSE.)

BAILEY ASKED FORT WHETHER HE HAD SOUGHT THE ASSISTANCE OF A SPEECH ANALYST TO CONFIRM OR DENY HIS OBSERVATIONS REGARDING THE AUTHORSHIP OF ANY OF THE MATERIALS. FORT INDICATED THAT HE HAD NOT, BUT HAD ASKED STEVEN WEED ABOUT HER CHARACTER PATTERNS OF SPEECH AND LOOKED AT JAIL LOGS, TRIAL DAILY, JAIL VISIT TAPES, SLA COMMUNIQUES, THE TANIA INTERVIEW AND HAD UTILIZED HIS EXPERIENCE REGARDING THE

ARGOT OF DIFFERENT GROUPS, INCLUDING DENIZENS OF THE GHETTO,
RADICALS AND REVOLUTIONARIES, HIPPIES, CHIMINALS, AND NORMAL
PEUPLE. AFTER ACKNOWLEDGING THAT HE HAD NOT CALLED FOR
SCHOOL RAPERS WRITTEN BY MISS HEARST, FORT WAS ASKED BY HE
DID NOT FEEL IT WAS IMPORTANT TO MATCH THE SPEECH PATTERNS
IN SUCH PAPERS WITH THOSE APPEARING IN LATER WRITINGS
ALLEGEDLY BY MISS HEARST WHERE HER AUTHORSHIP WAS IN QUESTION.
FORT TESTIFIED THAT HE WAS NOT AWARE OF ANY BODY OF SCIENTIFIC
EXPERTS WHO CAN CLAIM TO DETERMINE WITH SCIENTIFIC ACCURACY
THE AUTHORSHIP OF PAPERS BASED ON STRICT SCIENTIFIC ANALYSIS.

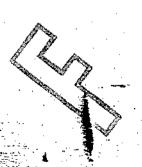
BAILEY QUESTED FORT REGARDING THE SIGNIFICANCE HE ATTACHED TO THE FACT THAT HEARST CHANGED HER NAME TO TANIA. FORT TESTIFIED THAT NAME CHANGE GENERALLY SIGNIFIED; 1) DIS-SATISFACTION WITH PRIOR NAME AND 2) ALLEGIENCE OR ALLIANCE WITH A GROUP, SUCH AS THE NAME CHANGES WHICH OCCURING CONVERTS TO BLACK MUSLIMISM OR HARI KRISHNA.

BAILEY THEN QUESTIONED FORT CONCERNING THE FACT THAT HE WAS BURN JUEL "FREEDMAN", AND BAILEY ASKED WHY HE HAD CHANGED HIS NAME. FORT TESTIFIED THAT HIS FATHER, A

FORMER RUSSIAN SERF, HAD A NAME WHICH WAS UNPRONOUNCEABLE BY THE IMMIGRATION OFFICER WHO PROCESSED HIM WHEN HE CAME TO THIS COUNTRY, AND THE IMMIGRATION OFFICER, REGARDING HIM AS A "FREED MAN", HAVING BEEN FREED FROM SERFDOM, GAVE HIM THE NAME FREEDMAN. FORT TESTIFIED THAT HIS FATHER SUB-SEQUENTLY CHANGED HIS NAME TO FORT.

THAT IF HE HAD FINDINGS FAVORABLE TO THE DEFENSE, HE WOULD MAKE THUSE FINDINGS AVAILABLE TO THEM. THIS CONVERSATION OCCURRED IN JANUARY, 1976. BAILEY ASKED IF FORT WAS AT THAT TIME COMPLETELY UNBIASED AND FORT TESTIFIED THAT HE WAS, IN FACT, AT THAT TIME SOMEWHAT BIASED IN FAVOR OF THE DEFENSE, OUT OF SYMPATHY FOR THE DEFENDANT AND TOWARD BAILEY. WHOM HE REGARDED AS VERY PERSUASIVE.

BAILEY ATTEMPTED TO DISCREDIT FORT'S ALLEGATIONS THAT HE WOULD HAVE TESTIFIED FOR THE DEFENSE IF HIS FINDINGS WERE FAVORABLE TO THEM BY POINTING OUT THAT BOTH SIDES HAD BEEN LIMITED IN THE NUMBER OF PSYCHIATRISTS THEY COULD USE. FORT POINTED OUT THE LAW ALLOWED THE DEFENDANT TO

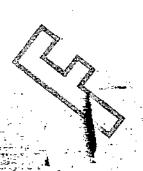


SUBPOENA GOVERNMENT EXPERTS AND THAT HE MIGHT HAVE BEEN CALLED TO SUPLANT ONE OF THE DEFENDANT'S DOCTORS. ON REDIRECT EXAMINATION, FORT TESTIFIED THAT A MAJOR PUBLICATION OF THE PSYCHIATRIC PROFESSION, REFERRING TO A DIAGNOSTIC AND STATISTICAL MANUAL, LISTED NO FIGURES OR STATISTICS REGARDING BRAINWASHING, THOUGHT REFORM OR COERCIVE PERSUASION.

PREVIOUSLY ON CROSS EXAMINATION, FORT TESTIFIED

REGARDING HIS KIDNAP VICTIM STUDIES THAT HE DID NOT KNOW OF
A SINGLE INSTANCE IN WHICH THE KIDNAP VICTIM HAD BEEN LATER
PROSECUTED. ON REDIRECT, HE TESTIFIED THAT THIS STUDY HE
CONDUCTED DID NOT SHOW THAT ANY VICTIMS COMMITTED ANY ANTISOCIAL ACTS OR UNDERWENT ANY PHILOSOPHICAL CHANGE. ALL OF
THESE VICTIMS, IN CONTRAST WITH HEARST, AHAD ESCAPE THOUGHTS
AND SOME HAD MADE ESCAPE ATTEMPTS.

FORT TESTIFIED THAT HE MAD GRADUATED FROM HIGH SCHOOL AT THE AGE OF 15 AND HAD RECEIVED A BA AT THE AGE OF 16. HE STUDIED IN GRADUATE SCHOOL TOWARD ATTAINMENT OF A PH.D FOR TWO YEARS UNTIL HE WAS ADMITTED TO MEDICAL SCHOOL AT THE AGE OF 26. HE GRADUATED FROM MEDICAL SCHOOL AT THE



AGE OF 24 AND FINISHED HIS RESIDENCY AT THE AGE OF 25.

BAILEY, ON CROSS EXAMINATION YESTERDAY, MARCH 9, 1976, HAD DISPARAGED A CLAIM IN AN OUTLINE FOR A BOOK THAT DOCTOR FORT HAIR WORKED ON THAT FORT'S TESTIMONY HAD AT ONE TYME SAVED LEWNY BRUCE FROM PRISON. BROWNING INTRODUCED THE CALIFORNIA SUPREME COURT REPORT OVERTURNING BRUCE'S CON-VICTION WHICH RULING WAS BASED EXPLICITLY ON FORT'S TESTIMONY. FORT TESTIFIED THAT HE NEVER READ THE REPORT OR REQUESTED THE OPINION OF ANY OTHER GOVERNMENT CONSULTANT AND HAD NOT MET WITH THEM SUCIALLY OR SAT WITH THEM IN THE COURTROOM IN ORDER TO PRESERVE HIS OBJECTIVITY AND AUTONOMY. SUCH FORBEARANCE WAS IN CONTRAST WITH TESTIMONY PREVIOUSLY ELICITED BY AUSA BANCROFT WHEREIN DEFENSE ATTORNEYS HAD ACKNOWLEDGED THAT THEY HAD CONSULTED TOGETHER EXTENSIVELY. SAT TOGETHER IN THE COURTROOM, DINED TOGETHER, AND STAYED INTHOTHE SAME HOTEL TOGETHER.

IN THE SAME HOTEL TOGETHER. FORT TESTIFIED THAT HE WAS TOLD BY MR. BANGROFT THAT HE COULD NOT BE PAID MORE THAN AND AN HOUR AND IT MIGHT NOT BE POSSIBLE TO PAY HIM MORE



THAN \$55 AN HOUR. FORT INDICATED THAT FEES GENERALLY CHARGED IN THE PSYCHIATRIC FIELD RANGED FROM \$65 TO \$125 PER 50 MINUTE HOUR. -HIS PAYMENT AND CONTINUED EMPLOYMENT WAS NOT CONDITIONED UPON ANY PARTICULAR CONCLUSION THAT HE MIGHT REACH. HE STATED THAT PRIOR TO CONSULTATION. HE HAD MADE SURE THAT THIS WAS SPECIFICALLY UNDERSTOOD BY THE GOVERNMENT.

REGARDING HIS CONVERSATION WITH KATHERINE AND

RANDOLPH HEARST WHEREIN HE SUGGESTED THAT THEY MIGHT SEEK

SOME MEANS OF RESOLVING THE PROSECUTION WITHOUT A PUBLIC

TRIAL, FORT TESTIFIED THAT IN THE APPROXIMATELY ONE AND

ONE HALF MONTHS FOLLOWING THAT CONVERSATION, HE HAD

RECEIVED NO COMPLAINT OR OBJECTION BY ANY DEFENSE ATTORNEY

REGARDING HIS CONDUCT IN SO CONVERSING WITH THE HEARSTS.

THE FIRST TIME HE HEARD ANY OBJECTION TO THAT CONVERSATION,

WAS WHEN MR. BAILEY "MADE A VIOLENT ATTACK" ON FORT IN

THE COURTROOM. FORT REFERRED TO BAILEY'S ACCUSATION THAT

FORT HAD "GONE BEHIND MY BACK TO FIX THIS CASE".

FORT TESTIFIED THAT HE HAD NEVER TOLD MR. AND MRS.